"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair Tuesday; Wednesday, fair, slightly cooler; moderate west winds.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,855. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 4, 1912.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

STRIKE CALL FAILS; WAITERS GOING BACK

Men in Ten Places Refuse to Quit and Entire Savoy Force Returns.

DISSENSION IN THE UNION

Rumor of Theft of Its Funds Worries Waiters—Hotel Men Raise a $107,000 Forfeit Fund.

The war of the waiters came to the close of another day last night with no sign of any intention on the part of the enemy to yield the coveted recognition of the International Hotel Workers' Union. On the contrary, most of the hotels and restaurants continued to serve their patrons with unexpected ease, while, with renewed confidence and with a unanimity that suggested a chorus, the proprietors proclaimed as their conviction:

"The strike is broken."

Although this verdict was scoffed at in the headquarters of the union, those who sit in council there were preoccupied yesterday with internal dissensions that did not look promising from the outside Finally the leaders ousted William P. Mueller, a member of the Executive Committee, who won the title of "a traitor in the ranks" when he announced his conviction that the men would soon go hungry if some settlement were not reached, that the strike could gain nothing for the waiters by being prolonged, and that for his own part he proposed to seek some basis for compromise.

The strained air of excitement among the waiters at union headquarters last evening was increased by the persistent rumor that some one had disappeared with a large part of the union's funds. Efforts to obtain a confirmation of this were fruitless.

The air was full of strikes and the threat of strikes. There were far more threats than there were fulfillments. The places that experienced the walkout yesterday were:

Mouquin's, (downtown,) 65 waiters and cooks.
Haan's Restaurant, Park Row, 79 waiters.
New Grand Hotel, large proportion of the force.
Hotel St. Denis, 70 waiters and cooks.
Hotel York, 36 waiters and cooks.
George Rector's, 1,845 Broadway, 40 waiters.
Hotel Clarendon, 284 Washington Street, Brooklyn, 11 cooks.
The Claremont, 126th Street, 50 waiters.

There were also a few minor desertions, some bus boys here, a cluster of chambermaids there, but nothing that would constitute even a slender walkout. On the other hand, for the first time there was a marked failure on the part of the restaurant forces to respond to the call to arms. For the first time the union list of the places to be struck did not tally with the list of the places struck, made up later in the evening. According to the plans made for last night, there were to have been fourteen places walk out. Only four were successful—Rector's, the York, the Clarendon, and the Claremont—and even Rector was able to retort that he had seen his men first and fired them. He lined them up before the dinner hour and bid them good-bye with gusto.

Later he was asked if he would join other restaurants in recognizing the union.

"Not on your life," said George Rector. "I'll close my place first."

Other Walkouts Fail.

But nothing happened in the walking out line at the other ten places on the schedule for the evening's slaughter. These were the Unter den Linden Restaurant, Broadway and Ninety-seventh Street; Union League Club, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-ninth Street; Louis Martin's, Hotel Imperial, where six chambermaids left; the Machinery Club of New York, Hotel Lucerne, Terrace Garden, the Grand Union, the Grand Central Hotel, in Third Avenue, and Lorber's, Broadway and Fortieth Street. Martin's and the Grand Union were to taste a second walkout, but they did not.

The whistle was blown twice in Terrace Garden, without effect. The sixty waiters said they preferred to stay with Mr. Susskind. The whistle was blown in the kitchen. It met with no response. A crowd of 200 strikers outside sent up a chorus of jeers and exhortations, but were driven away by the reserves without anything to show for their proselyting. Union headquarters was in no cheerful mood.

The walkout at the Claremont, at 126th Street and Riverside Drive, hung fire for two hours through the ruse of Ralph A. Gushee, the proprietor, who met the delegates when they called at dinner time, and, with his thoughts on the three hundred patrons in his dining-rooms, held them in artful converse over wine and cigars until every guest was served and the night's work was over. Then he said that he could not possibly sign the agreement, and fifty of his hundred waiters responded to the union call. He immediately sent word to his Hotel Longuevue at Hastings-on-Hudson that every waiter there should be fired unless he decided to stick by the management in the hour of the walkout. The other Harlem place stricken by the union was Pabst Harlem, which suffered a walkout on Sunday night. Eighteen of the waiters came back to their posts yesterday, and the restaurant suffered only temporary inconvenience.

Far more significant than the failure of these places to show the power of the union, was the fact recorded last evening at the Hotel Savoy. That hotel contributed 126 of its employes to the ranks of the strikers on Saturday evening. Last evening they sent a representative to Manager Ries, asking that they be taken back. They were ready, every one of them, to go to work at their old posts. He told them the Savoy would take them back to-day. This is the first wholesale return of the strikers, although in many instances there have been detachments seeking to regain their lost positions. Mr. Ries took them all back, but he did not grant recognition to the union.

Another threat that failed of fulfillment was the declared intention of some of the strikers to start trouble at the hotels where colored help has been employed since the walkouts. The Breslin, the Marseille, and Bretton Hall were to be visited, so the story ran, but nothing came of it. The hotel men were on their guard. President Reed of the Hotel Men's Association said that a carload of negroes that reached town on Sunday night was more than enough for all needs, and that telegrams were being sent to the recruiting points in the South to call off the sending of any more.

While there was no race riot at the Marseille there was a labor conflict that landed one striker in the workhouse for ten days after Magistrate McQuade heard the story told by Frazier, the hotel steward. The striker's name was Carlo Minno, a kitchen man until the walk out on Saturday. He is said to have given the signal for that demonstration. At all events he was back with his fellows for their pay yesterday. The fateful word "Scab" passed between him and a faithful kitchen man by the name of Mastri. Soon the air was full of flying dishes.

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FORMER AMBASSADOR HURT.

Robert Bacon Thrown While Playing in Practice Game of Polo.

Special to The New York Times.

WESTBURY, L. I., June 3.—Robert Bacon, who resigned his post as United States Ambassador to France to take up the duties of a Fellow of Harvard University, and who only recently returned from the scene of his former duties in Paris, was thrown from his pony yesterday and had his collarbone broken while playing a practice game of polo on Phipps Field. Mr. Bacon is doing well to-day, and hopes soon to be about again.

The accident occurred when Mr. Bacon with several other members of the Meadowbrook Hunt Club were practicing on the grounds of Henry Phipps here. It was here that the American team put in much of its practice for the international matches last year, which resulted in the winning of the cup by America.

Mr. Bacon and the others in the game were going at a fast pace, when Mr. Bacon turned his pony sharply to follow the ball. He was on a trained animal, used to quick shifts and sudden turns, but the turf was wet, and on it the usually sure-footed animal slipped.

The pony fell awkwardly to the earth, half pinning Mr. Bacon beneath its weight. The other players were off their ponies in a flash, and half a dozen were soon helping Mr. Bacon to his feet. He protested that he was uninjured, but presently he discovered the break in his collarbone when he endeavored to resume the game.

The fellow players and the spectators insisted that Mr. Bacon desist from further efforts at the game, and the contest was stopped while he was assisted to the home of Mr. Phipps and his injury examined by a physician.

That his injury was more severe than the player himself had believed was quickly discovered, and Mr. Bacon was conveyed to his own home in an automobile. There physicians were called and the break in his collarbone was quickly set. To-day it was said that Mr. Bacon was resting nicely and that he would soon be about.

It was only a few months prior to his departure for France, in November, 1909, that Mr. Bacon broke his collarbone before. He was schooling a horse on his own grounds for an amateur race meet when his mount slipped and fell while taking off for a fence jump, and he fell heavily on his shoulder. His collarbone snapped under the strain. As in yesterday's accident, his mount slipped then on a wet field.

BRANDT BACK TO DANNEMORA

Agent for Supt. Scott Will Take Him from Tombs To-day.

District Attorney Whitman announced yesterday that Foulke E. Brandt, the convicted servant of Mortimer L. Schiff, will depart for Dannemora Prison, at 8:45 this morning in the custody of W. A. McCabe, confidential agent of Joseph F. Scott, the State Superintendent of Prisons.

Mr. McCabe arrived in this city yesterday with the necessary papers for Brandt's transfer from the Tombs to Dannemora. At first it was thought Brandt would stay in the Tombs until to-morrow when his appeal will be argued in the Court of Appeals. The delay in Brandt's removal from the Tombs, it was explained, was because the necessary papers had not arrived at the prison.

Any new move to obtain Brandt's freedom which can be taken, if the Court of Appeals decides against him, will necessitate the issuance of a new writ of habeas corpus based upon the fact that Judge Rosalsky, who sentenced Brandt to thirty years reversed his own judgment and recommended a new trial. It is thought unlikely that such an action will be taken.

NO DOGS FOR VIVISECTION.

University of Pennsylvania Complains That Supply Is Cut Off.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., June 3.—Provost Edgar F. Smith of the University of Pennsylvania called upon Mayor Blankenburg to-day and complained that the medical research department of the university is unable to get dogs for vivisection purposes since the stringent regulations have been enforced by the Women's Pennsylvania Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. Mayor Blankenburg was unable to devise a method by which the university could be supplied.

The crusade against the university started some time ago, when it was discovered that valuable dogs from all parts of the city were disappearing. Investigation showed that many of the dogs had been purchased for vivisection purposes at the university. the purchasers not knowing that they came from blooded stock. The police received strict orders to watch for dogs being offered for sale at the university. The vigilance of the police stopped the sales and the university ran short of dogs.

MORGAN TO GIVE $150,000.

Will Aid University of the South, an Episcopalian Institution.

Special to The New York Times.

SEWANEE, Tenn., June 3.—It was announced here at commencement that J. Pierpont Morgan has promised the University of the South $150,000 to add to the limited and slowly increasing endowment fund of the institution. The gift was obtained through the influence of Bishop Thomas F. Gailor, the Chancellor of the university, and the announcement was made by him.

The present endowment of this, the largest Episcopal educational institution in the South, is only $110,000. Recently a campaign was begun to add $500,000 to the fund. The various parishes of the church in the dioceses patronizing the school have pledged various sums toward the total. How far the campaign has progressed will not be known until after the meeting of the Board of Trustees next week.

At that time all contributors to the fund will be made known and the gift of Mr. Morgan will be among others published. Bishop Gailor, who is here for commencement, has nothing to say regarding the Morgan gift, except to announce that the definite promise has been made to him and that the money will be available on demand without condition—that is to say, the contributions of others have no bearing upon his pledge.

KILLED BY AUTO IN BROADWAY

Henry Best Run Down by Richard Bohn, Who Is Held for Homicide.

Henry Best, 55 years old, of 57 Vandam Street, was hit by an automobile in Broadway at Spring Street about 11 o'clock last night, when he suffered injuries from which he died about half an hour later in St. Vincent's Hospital.

Richard Bohn of 222 Hudson Street, Jersey City, owner and operator of the car, was arrested. With James M. McDonald of 620 Riverside Drive and Arthur Nicholson of 170 West 156th Street, he was going south in Broadway when Best was hit. The injured man was lifted into the auto and hurried to the hospital. Best's skull was fractured and six ribs and his right leg were broken.

Bohn drove his car to the Mulberry Street Station, where a charge of homicide was lodged against him and he was sent to a cell. His friends then set out to find a Coroner to accept bail.

TO RESTORE VITALITY take Horsford's Acid Phosphate—especially valuable for the relief of that tired feeling during Spring and Summer.—Adv.

TAFT ADVISES OPEN CONTEST HEARINGS

Wants Widest Publicity Given to Sessions of the Republican National Committee.

TO SHOW FLIMSY OPPOSITION

Methods by Which Roosevelt Contestants Were Chosen from Southern States to be Exposed.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 3.—President Taft has taken his stand definitely for open hearings on all contests to be brought before the Republican National Committee when that body meets here on Friday.

The announcement was made this evening by Col. Harry S. New, who represents Indiana on the National Committee and is Chairman of its Sub-Committee on Arrangements. Col. New showed a letter from the President which he had just received, and in which Mr. Taft urges that while it may prove impracticable to admit the general public, provision be made at least to admit the newspaper correspondents who are gathering here from all parts of the country, in order that there may be the fullest publicity with regard both to the testimony adduced in support of the various contests and the rulings of the National Committee after the evidence is in.

If the committee, when it meets here on Thursday to map out a plan of procedure, should decide to act upon the President's recommendations, it would be a distinct departure. In other years the National Committee has transacted such business behind closed doors. Many members of the committee are known to be opposed to the proposed innovation, but it is regarded as more than likely that such members will yield to what virtually amounts to a demand from President Taft, and that open hearings will be held.

At any rate, Col. New said he would place the President's letter before the National Committee at its initial meeting on Thursday.

"Of course, I am not in a position to say what the committee will do in the matter, but I should imagine that the President's recommendation would have considerable weight with a majority of the members," said Col. New.

President's Plan Indorsed.

At the Taft headquarters here the President's recommendations are looked upon as both wise and timely. It was pointed out there that the agitation begun by Col. Roosevelt and his friends for open hearings on contests was purely for the purpose of enabling them to raise a rumpus in case the National Committee should decide to go about the contests in the manner established by precedent, as there was every prospect the committee would, until President Taft took his stand in the matter.

In this, it was pointed out, the Colonel would be perfectly consistent, as after every primary election which has gone against him the cry of "Thief!" has been raised with all the Colonel's friends and supporters joining in right lustily.

If the National Committee should act on the President's suggestion, Col. Roosevelt and his supporters would have no good excuse for charging unfair treatment on the part of their opponents or for appealing for popular sympathy on any such ground.

But it is believed here that even stronger reasons prompted the President in proffering this suggestion in connection with the pending contests. It was said here that nothing could be better adapted to make friends for President Taft and show up the true nature of the arguments which representatives of Col. Roosevelt are preparing to advance for the seating of their contesting delegates than publicity in regard to the manner in which many of these contests were organized.

Especially is that said to be true regarding the great number of contests filed by the adherents of Col. Roosevelt from the Southern States. In connection with this, it was explained, the recent Southern tour of Ormsby McHarg, one of the Colonel's chief aides, accompanied by a former Republican Assemblyman from New York City, probably will figure prominently in the testimony.

Fight on Southern Contests.

Taft leaders in the South are preparing to fight these contests most bitterly before the National Committee. A small advance guard is already here in the persons of Gen. Powell Clayton, the National Committeeman from Arkansas, and Henry S. Chubb, who represents Florida on the Republican National Committee. Both men conferred with Col. New this afternoon.

"There is absolutely no ground for the contests from Florida," said Mr. Chubb to a correspondent for THE NEW YORK TIMES. "The convention that elected the Taft delegates was regular in every respect. The Roosevelt conventions were not held until after a visit by Mr. McHarg. It is difficult to see how the National Committee can consider them at all and how they can serve any useful purpose except to create a feeling in the North that Taft's supporters in the South are weakening."

"Do you think there will be any considerable backsliding on the part of Southern delegates pledged to President Taft?" Mr. Chubb was asked.

"No, Sir," he replied. "We in the South have heard more about Northern delegates deserting than we hear about delegates in the South going back on their instructions. We still have some manhood and honor left in the South, and I have no misgiving about the course which the Southern delegates pledged to the President will pursue in the convention.

"When it is all summed up, the creation of doubt in the North regarding the Taft delegates from the South, and creating a similar doubt in the South with regard to the attitude of the delegates from the North, seems to have been part of a carefully prepared programme in connection with the peculiar propaganda which has been carried on in this anteconvention campaign."

"What do you believe will be the outcome?"

"There can be only one result if the National Committee does its work conscientiously and without fear, as I believe it will—President Taft will be nominated on the first ballot."

Thinks Colonel Will Fail.

Mr. Chubb said that in his opinion the attempt to gain control of the National Committee on which the campaign managers of Col. Roosevelt indicated yesterday that they would launch, would fail utterly. There were indications today that the same conclusion had been reached in the Roosevelt camp.

Ormsby McHarg, who arrived here this morning, said that the arguments made on behalf of R. D. Howell from Omaha that he be seated immediately in place of Victor Rosewater, the present Representative of Nebraska on the Republican National Committee, as well as other

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Electric fans in all inside two-berth $1 rooms on the Great White Steel Steamships Massachusetts and Bunker Hill. All-the-Way-by-Water to Boston. Metropolitan Line. See adv.—Adv.

SUMMER BOOKS.

The Summer Book Number of The New York Times will be issued next Sunday. It will contain many features of interest to all readers of books, including special articles by well-known authors and the views of publishers on the question of Summer books and Summer publishing.

BITTER WAR NEEDED AGAINST CUBA REBELS

President Gomez Asks Authority to Suspend the Constitutional Guarantees.

EVEN HAVANA NOW IN FEAR

Americans Take Refuge in the Capital—Santo Domingan General Arrested on His Arrival There.

HAVANA, June 3.—President Gomez sent a message to Congress this afternoon requesting the passage of a law empowering him to suspend the constitution and guarantees either throughout the republic or in such portion of the island as he may consider necessary.

No action on the request was taken by the House, in consequence of the lack of a quorum, but the message was referred to the Committee on Laws, and a call was issued for a special session to-morrow to discuss the momentous measure, which, it is believed, marks the crucial moment in dealing with the insurrection.

The President's action was taken in accordance with the urgent recommendations of Gen. Monteagudo, the Commander in Chief, now at Santiago, in the course of a long conference by telegraph with the President this morning, in which Gen. Monteagudo declared that it was absolutely necessary to suspend the guarantees in order to prevent the co-operation of negro conspirators in the towns in Oriente with those actually in arms.

The General declared that it was essential to take the severest measures in order to strike terror into the colored race. He intends to pursue the rebels mercilessly and to deal summarily with all suspected of giving aid to the insurgents in any form, should the suspension of the guarantees be authorized, which appears practically certain.

Reconcentrado Policy Likely.

The next step will probably be recourse to a rigorous policy of reconcentration throughout Oriente for the purpose of preventing recruits from the towns joining the insurgent columns. Steps will also be taken to denude the country of means of subsistence to the rebels, and to cut off their sources of information regarding the movement of the regular troops. President Gomez says:

"A grave disturbance of public order, which threatens the peace of the Nation, compels me to request Congress, in accordance with Article 68 of the Constitution, to pass a law authorizing me to suspend the constitutional guarantees in all the national territory or in any part of it. Opposed as I am to extreme measures, I have taken means to crush the seditious movements without being compelled to ask Congress to pass the law now requested. But the necessity of putting an end to the armed insurrection in a rapid campaign, thus avoiding the danger of foreign complications and saving the cause of order and civilization, forces me to appeal to Congress for permission to make recourse to methods which I will use with the moderation with which I endeavor to characterize all my official acts."

Because of the lack of a quorum the House failed to take action upon the repeal of the Morua law, prohibiting the organization of political parties on racial lines, bills for which purpose have been prepared by Gen. Andrade, the Conservative leader and ex-Speaker of the lower house, and Gen. Campos Marquetti, a leading negro representative. This law is the direct cause of the present revolt.

It is probable that Congress in extra session to-morrow will give the President authority as requested to suspend the guarantees.

Santo Domingans Arrested.

The Santo Domingan General, Victoriano Lopez, arrived to-day at Havana on a ship from Puerto Plata. He and his companions were immediately arrested by secret police on suspicion that they intended to aid the insurgents.

Gen. Mendieta reports skirmishing recently around La Gloria, where there are upward of 2,000 rebels. At Hatillo there are about 1,000 rebels, with still another corps of 800 under Zapata not far distant.

Skirmishing continues in the region between San Luis, Guantanamo, and Santiago, but no important results have been achieved. Gen. Monteagudo is evidently not yet prepared for a general forward decisive movement, although he insists that he does not need further reinforcements.

There does not seem to be any probability of serious fighting in the next few days, but the news of the President's request for permission to suspend the constitutional guarantees has caused a profound sensation, as indicative of the extreme gravity of the situation.

In Santiago conditions appear to be growing hourly more critical. At Havana there is a feeling of grave apprehension, the result of persistent rumors of a possible negro uprising here. Many Americans in Havana Province are taking refuge in the capital, and even residents of Vedado, a suburb, were greatly alarmed last night.

The police are taking extraordinary precautions, and the authorities are enrolling special constables. They are also holding all the reserves at the Station Houses, and are searching all wagons and automobiles entering or departing from the capital.

Many Arrests of Suspects.

All the towns within a radius of thirty miles of Havana are occupied by volunteer troops, who patrol the highways and hold up and search all persons to whom the least suspicion attaches. Many arrests of suspects are reported.

Except in Oriente, order prevails throughout the island, but it is known that there are small parties of insurgents roaming about in Santa Clara Province.

A school mistress who was attacked by negroes near Palma Soriano yesterday died to-day in a hospital at Santiago.

Additional Government reinforcements have been sent from Santiago to guard the mines at Daiquiri.

SANTIAGO, Cuba, June 3.—A resolution was presented by Cuban merchants at a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce this afternoon that the Government be

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GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER. 50c. per case of 6 glass-stoppered bottles.—Adv.

TAFT MEN CONTROL OHIO COMMITTEES

Adopt Taft Indorsement for Convention and Admit Contesting Delegates

BUT LOSE STATE CHAIRMAN

Bitter Fight for Delegates at Large Expected To-day — Burton's Opening Speech Praises Both Leaders.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 3.—Supporters of President Taft won in the first skirmishes of the State Republican Convention, which began its session here late to-day, but the great struggle for the six delegates at large went over to to-morrow morning.

President Taft gained control of all the committees, eleven of the twenty-one districts choosing adherents of the Ohio man. The chief blow to Roosevelt came in the Eighth District, which elected a full set of Taft committeemen, by a vote of 20 to 10.

The State Central Committee stands 11 for Taft to 10 for Roosevelt, but to-night it re-elected W. F. Brown, the Roosevelt manager, as Chairman, by a vote of 13 to 8, three Taft men supporting him for personal reasons.

The Resolutions Committee to-night by a vote of 12 to 9 voted to report an indorsement of the Taft Administration to-morrow, reading:

"We do heartily indorse the Administration of William Howard Taft."

Roosevelt members say they will introduce a minority report indorsing the former President.

The Committee on Credentials, with a Taft majority of one, to-night admitted contesting delegations from Lawrence and Crawford Counties, representing eleven delegates

Still Seeking a Compromise.

In an effort to prevent a bitter fight in the convention to-morrow, Senator Burton and Mr. Brown have been holding another conference to-night, but have reached no agreement on a compromise as yet.

Maurice Matschke, who controls the Cuyahoga delegation, informed Senator Burton that the delegation proposed a divided delegation of three Taft and three Roosevelt men, but Burton and Brown could not agree.

James R. Garfield said to-night that all compromise talk was off and the matter would be fought out in the convention.

Portraits of the President and the ex-President faced the delegates when they were called together for the afternoon session by Brown as State Chairman. In his opening speech he disappointed the Taft leaders by omitting all mention of the President and lauding Roosevelt in his speech opening the convention. In part he said:

"Representative Government is on trial in Ohio to-day. The issue is whether this convention shall represent the will of the people or whether it shall misrepresent them. At the primary election on May 21 the Republicans, in thirty-four out of the forty-two districts declared decisively for former President Roosevelt. Are you going to thwart the expressed will of the Republican voters of the State?"

Roosevelt's name brought forth the first demonstration. Pro-Roosevelt delegates and alternates, apparently approximating about half of those on the floor, cheered several minutes.

Senator Burton, the Temporary Chairman, had no reference to Roosevelt in his speech as originally prepared and shown to Taft leaders last night, but to-day, after reconsideration, he rewrote part of it and injected a reference to the ex-President. He was non-committal on the Roosevelt-Taft issue, and in praise of the Republican Party at large, paying tribute to both President and ex-President.

His mention of Roosevelt's name was loudly applauded, and there were cries from many delegates of "You're on the band wagon now." His mention of Taft's name received, however, a greater ovation, a majority of the delegates arising to their feet and indulging in wild and enthusiastic applause, lasting several minutes.

The delivery of the address was not made easy for him. He was repeatedly interrupted by calls from the delegates, but made no reply to numerous queries, and carefully read his speech, making only slight deviations from the document.

A National Awakening, Says Burton.

"We are involved," said Senator Burton at the outset of his speech, "in a mad race in which the weak are often forced to the wall and only the strongest are able to secure the highest prizes of fortune. The wheel or fortune is constantly changing. The inevitable result is that the genius of the time is industrial and commercial rather than political.

"Bald dishonesty has been proven against men who sit high in the realms of finance. Great business organizations have been conducted in such a manner as not only to secure dishonest gains from the people but at times in disregard of the interests of the stockholders. Men in high positions of public responsibility have shown dereliction in performance of their trusts. The greaty body of people, however, have been responsible in no small degree for existing evils.

"Fortunately, there has been a widespread awakening. The country has rarely been more prosperous and the keenest attention is given to the safeguarding of human rights and to securing equality of opportunity. There is a tendency to talk less about the growth of bank deposits, increased production of iron and steel, or excess of imports over exports, and more about those movements which pertain directly to human happiness and welfare."

Senator Burton deplored the spectacle of a vote barely half that of the total electorate in recent primaries in Ohio and other States. The absence of voluntary interest in the ballot box he characterized as alarming.

Senator Burton predicted that no radical changes looking toward civic betterment would follow such reforms as the primary, the initiative, the retendum, and certainly not the recall, unless there be a widespread awakening which shall arouse the citizen to a new and abiding sense of his responsibility to the State and to the community of which he is a member." He went on:

"Certain benefits, indirect in their nature, would no doubt result from the adoption of some of these changes; nor shall we fear that revolutionary or destructive changes will follow properly safeguarded methods for direct legislation."

He urged the adoption of the short ballot and expressed the view that the number of elective offices might be diminished and the appointive officers increased.

Rehearses Taft Achievements.

Passing by the record of the party's earlier achievements, Senator Burton discussed the doings of the present Administration, saying:

The last four years of Republican control of the Nation have been marked with an unprecedented amount of beneficent legislation. The work on the Panama Canal has been pushed rapidly until we are now planning the day when the first ship, carrying the Stars and Stripes, will ride gracefully through its locks, uniting the waters of the Atlantic Ocean with those of the Pacific.

The present Administration has been marked by an unprecedented number of successful prosecutions under the Sherman anti-trust law, and the most powerful corporations of the land have been haled into court and

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BIG FIRE IN CONSTANTINOPLE.

Two Thousand Houses Burned and Several Mosques Destroyed.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 3.—A great fire to-day swept over Stamboul, the Mohammedan section of Constantinople.

At 8 o'clock this evening the fire was still burning, but it was hoped that its further advance had been checked.

Two thousand houses and several mosques were burned. A wide lane was cleared by the flames from the walls of the old Seraglio grounds as far as the Little Aye Mosque, a distance of three quarters of a mile. This mosque escaped destruction, and the open space about it appears to have stayed the progress of the fire.

The advance of the flames toward the wealthier quarters was barred by the Hippodrome and the Sultan Ahmed Mosque, both of which were saved. From here the conflagration swept southward toward the Marmora shore, where the houses are smaller and for the most part built of wood.

Another outbreak of fire occurred in the Greek quarter of Tatavla, opposite Pera.

Great distress has resulted to the poorer people, and pathetic scenes were plentiful outside the line of the fire, where hundreds of poverty-stricken families wept over the remnants of their household furniture.

MILE OF WIRELESS SITE

Bought by Marconi Company at Port Monmouth, N. J., for "Experiments."

It was learned yesterday that the Marconi Wireless Company has purchased a large tract of land at Port Monmouth, N. J., for use in the near future as a site for an experimental station.

The tract is more than a mile long and 1,000 feet wide. It contains some 160 acres and was purchased for about $90,000. Wireless apparatus will be erected at the new testing ground as soon as officials, now abroad as witnesses in the English Titanic investigation, have returned to this country.

Port Monmouth is a little fishing village on the shores of Raritan Bay. At present the nearest testing station is at Boston, Mass.

An official of the Marconi Company said last night that it was not yet ready to reveal the nature of the tests to be conducted on the new tract. When asked if the experiments concerned transatlantic wireless he repeated that he could not discuss the plans of the company at this time.

POLL FAVORS SUFFRAGE.

Mrs. Winston Churchill Seems to Have Won Fight in New Hampshire.

Special to The New York Times.

CONCORD, N. H., June 3.—From a poll of the membership of the convention which meets in this city on Wednesday to consider amendments to the Constitution of New Hampshire it is believed by the leaders of the woman suffrage organization in this State that the convention will vote to submit to the people of the State for ratification an amendment giving to women the right to vote.

Anti-suffrage women have organized, however, and have secured thousands of signatures to petitions to the convention against a suffrage amendment.

ARREST THOMAS E. WATSON.

Postal Authorities Say His Magazine Article Was Offensive.

Special to The New York Times.

AUGUSTA, Ga., June 3.—Thomas E. Watson, delegate at large to the Democratic National Convention and one time Populist nominee for the Presidency, was arrested at his home at Thomson, to-day, on a Federal warrant charging him with sending obscene literature through the mails.

After stopping as Watson's guest at Thomson, United States Marshal George White brought the editor to Augusta this afternoon. A $500 bond was arranged and Friday morning was fixed for the preliminary hearing, after which Watson returned to his home.

Mr. Watson declared that the alleged obscene matter, which he is charged with circulating in connection with published attacks on the Roman Catholic hierarchy, are quotations from a copyrighted book, published in 1895 in Philadelphia.

$6 TO BATHE A SENATOR.

John Sharp Williams Says That Is What It Costs the Government.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Charging that it costs $6 to bathe a Senator in the luxurious bathrooms in the Senate Office Building, John Sharp Williams of Mississippi to-day renewed the agitation for the removal of the baths to make place for public documents.

The documents now occupy all the space in an abandoned car barn, and the discussion arose in connection with a provision in the Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Appropriation bill appropriating money to continue the payment of rent for that structure. Mr. Williams suggested that the documents should be removed to the basement of the office structure, but it was suggested that all the space had been appropriated.

"Let us move out the baths," said Mr. Williams. "There is no use to have the Government bathe us. The establishment arouses public criticism and is of little use. It is like going through a bull pasture with a red flag, which makes a bad impression on the bull. It gives the muckraker a chance to rake, and the graft is not worth while. There is no sense in it."

FOSS TO BE A LANDLORD.

Will Put Up Big Apartment House and Theatre in Boston.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 3.—Gov. Foss is to erect in the Back Bay the largest apartment house in New England. As the Governor has outlined his plans to his architect, he is to construct a building containing 1,000 apartments, a theatre, a garage and a restaurant.

The big hotel will be built on the corner commanding both the Riverdale Park and the Back Bay Fens. He has purchased 116,000 feet of land in Brookline Avenue facing the Back Bay Park, and this, with an adjoining 78,000 feet already owned by him, gives the control of a corner at the northerly side of Audubon Road and the westerly side of Brookline Avenue.

"I am doing all in my power to develop the city of Boston" said the Governor to-night. "Boston must wake up. It is true that I am planning this apartment house. I like to do big things for Boston. If we are to keep peace with other American cities we must develop all our facilities, docks, railroads and real estate."

Harvard or Oxford—the latest gold or shell eyeglasses, at Spencer's, 7 Maiden Lane.—Adv.

ROOSEVELT AGAIN TURNS ON ROOT

Sounds a Call to All Progressives to Defeat Senator for Temporary Chairman.

DECLARES BOSSES THE ISSUE

It Isn't Root, Personally, but the Representative of Barnes and Privilege He's After.

TAFT READ OUT OF PARTY

The Colonel's Proclamation Comes After Meeting His Counsel and Hearing from the West.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., June 3.—Col. Roosevelt came out with a long statement to-night in which he now declares that he will bitterly oppose the selection of Senator Elihu Root as Temporary Chairman of the National Convention. Late developments, he asserts, show that Root is only the tool of William Barnes, Jr., and as such cannot be countenanced for a moment by the Progressives. Two weeks ago Roosevelt first declared that he was opposed to Root, but after receiving a number of the delegates from Illinois and one or two from Maine and North Carolina at Sagamore Hill Saturday he intimated very strongly that the fight against Root would be dropped. A majority of the Illinois delegates, he told the newspapers, had expressed a desire not to contest Root's election, feeling that the fight over the Temporary Chairmanship was unimportant.

To-night the Colonel simply said that his statement "spoke for itself." It is understood, however, that the Progressive leaders from Western States have hurried messengers on to Sagamore Hill and showered the Colonel with telegrams protesting against any compromise. He has seen also that there was danger of his losing whatever hold he may have on the La Follette delegates in Wisconsin, and the Cummins delegates from Iowa. Then too, the ridicule and attacks of hundreds of newspapers, it is believed, by knowing ones, have had their effect in bringing about the latest change of face. The Colonel had tried to "feel out" the situation and found he had created a crisis that demanded quick action to avoid the loss of many delegates. Urged for a word of explanation the Colonel shook his head, and then said:

"When I speak of suggested measures now they must not be considered as matters decided upon. For instance, I don't expect to go to Chicago, but if circumstances should demand my appearance there I will be on hand, but I don't expect to go."

The statement to-night came out after a conference at Sagamore Hill, which lasted fully six hours and was attended by Senator Dixon, the Roosevelt campaign manager; William L. Ward, National Committeeman from New York; George W. Perkins, Gifford Pinchot, Medill McCormick, Truxton Beale, delegate at large from California; Frank Kellogg, who was Roosevelt's chief "trust buster," and Andrew Raubin, delegate from Minnesota.

After first discussing Root, the Colonel bitterly assails Barnes, and next proceeds, virtually, to read the New York State leader and President Taft out of the Republican Party, saying that he, Roosevelt, represents the beliefs of the great majority of the Republican Party, and that Mr. Barnes and Mr. Taft represent doctrines so bourbon and reactionary that every Northern State where primaries have been held have repudiated them.

The choice of Barnes as the Taft leader in Chicago he then declares is a "choice which casts an illuminating light on Mr. Taft's relations both to the bosses in politics and the special interests in the business world."

The Colonel makes the assertion that in the States where there have been primaries so far he has won 460 delegates to 55 for Mr. Taft.

He does not believe, he says, that the National Committee as a whole will follow the lead of Barnes.

Col. Roosevelt's Statement.

This is the statement Col. Roosevelt dictated to-night in opposing Senator Root for Temporary Chairman of the convention:

"In the past Mr. Root has rendered distinguished services as Secretary of State and Secretary of War. But in this contest Mr. Root has ranged himself against the men who stand for progressive principles within the Republican Party, that is against the men who stand for making the Republican Party in relation to the issues of the present day what it was in the days of Abraham Lincoln. He stands as the representative of the men and the policies of reaction. He is put forward by the bosses and the representatives of special privilege.

"What has recently come to my knowledge makes it clear that it is a question of the absolute duty of every Progressive Republican to oppose the selection as Temporary Chairman at Chicago of any man put forward in the interests of the supporters of Mr. Taft in this contest. I have before me a copy of the following telegram sent to a Roosevelt delegate from Pennsylvania, Mr. Philip K. Barber:

The National Committee has selected Senator Root of New York for Temporary Chairman of the convention at Chicago. It is reported that the Roosevelt forces will oppose the action of the committee. I am wiring you in behalf of the New York delegation, with the exception of a very few, to ask your support for Senator Root for temporary Chairman. We believe this contest is the most serious one which has afflicted the Republican Party, and that the attempt to nominate Mr. Roosevelt can lead only to disaster. The doctrines which he has advocated we declared at the Rochester convention to be subversive of our form of Government. Will you please wire me, New York City, collect, whether we can rely upon your support for Senator Root for Temporary Chairman?

WILLIAM BARNES, JR.

"Telegrams like this have been sent to a great number of the delegates, apparently to a great majority of them.

Makes Bosses the Issue Now.

"This telegram makes the issue perfectly clear. It is one of principles, not persons. Mr. Barnes demands Mr. Root's selection as the sign of repudiation of the principles for which I stand and as an indorsement of the doctrines enunciated at the Rochester Convention—doctrines not merely reactionary, but of such a character that no party professing them could carry a single State in the Union. These doctrines are so Bourbon

and reactionary that in every open primary in every Northern State since the Rochester Convention was held, after full discussion, the people have overwhelmingly repudiated them.

"This telegram of Mr. Barnes shows that the plan announced in the press is true, and that the leader and real head of Mr. Taft's canvass at Chicago is to be Mr. Barnes, whom Mr. Taft and his managers have chosen to represent and embody the principles for which Mr. Taft stands, a choice which casts an illuminating light on Mr. Taft's relations both to the bosses in politics and special interests in the business world. In the next place it makes it perfectly clear that Mr. Root is pushed for nomination only with the purpose to declare the defeat of the principles for which the Progressive Republicans stand—the principles for which the people have declared themselves by overwhelming majorities in those States where there have been popular primaries. Mr. Root's personality becomes unimportant in view of Mr. Barnes's telegram. Mr. Barnes stands as the representative of the very worst forms of bossism in politics.

Calls for Stand Against Barnes.

"No Progressive delegates can afford to vote for any man proposed by Mr. Barnes and his allies, for any such vote is against popular rule and against basic principles, not merely of the Republican Party, but of decent American citizenship. This is not a faction fight in the ranks of the Republican Party. It is a fight between the plain people, the rank and file of the Republican Party, making up the immense majority of that party, on the one side, and on the other the bosses with back of them the great sinister special interests, which are endeavoring to sustain the cause of privilege by perpetuating the combination between crooked politics and crooked business.

"There have been direct Presidential preferential primaries so far in the States of Illinois, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Ohio, New Jersey, North Dakota, Maryland, California, Oregon, and Nebraska. In those States the popular vote against Mr. Taft has been between two and three to one, and often over that, and he has secured only 38 delegates out of a total of 344. In certain other States, Minnesota, Missouri, Kansas, Maine, New Hampshire, Oklahoma, North Carolina, West Virginia, Washington, and Vermont, there were primaries, which, while not direct Presidential primaries, still give a rough approximation of the actual conviction of the States. In these States I secured 154 delegates and Mr. Taft secured 17, with 3 uninstructed. In those cases where the Republican voters have had a fair chance to express their convictions they have repudiated Mr. Taft so completely that he has been able to obtain less than one-eighth of the delegates, his popular vote being but one in three or four and in some cases only one in nine or ten.

"The great majority of the Republican Party have unequivocally repudiated Mr. Taft. If the wishes of the Republican voters could be given fair expression, Mr. Taft would have but a corporal's guard in the convention. Under these circumstances, it is fitting and appropriate that Mr. Barnes should be chosen to lead the Taft forces at Chicago in the effort to override the expressed wish of the rank and file of the party and to give the nomination to the candidate whom the party has explicitly and beyond all question repudiated. Mr. Barnes in the telegram above quoted states that the doctrines which I have advocated are subversive of our form of government. The doctrines that I have advocated are:

"First—The right of the people to rule, and,

"Second—Their duty so to rule as to bring about not merely political, but also social and industrial justice.

"These doctrines are subversive only of the form of government for which Mr. Barnes stands, that is, of government by the bosses for the special interests. Mr. Barnes has always been frank. He thoroughly distrusts the people and says so. He disbelieves in democracy. In his preaching and in his practices he advocates boss rule in its most offensive form. The kind of representative government he believes in is that in which the representatives shall represent not the people, but Mr. Barnes and the other bosses. Mr. Taft's nomination at Chicago can only be brought about by nullifying the will of the people and by fraudulently seating a sufficient number of boss-picked and boss-controlled delegates in the place of those who have been legally elected by the people themselves. Among all the bosses of the United States, among all the men who represent the combination of privilege in business and privilege in politics, there is probably no other man more eminently fit that Mr. Barnes to be intrusted with the carrying out of such a programme.

Patronage Delegates from the South.

The programme cannot possibly succeed if the convention is left to itself. Our opponents have shown that they will stop at nothing in the effort to subvert the will of the people, duly and deliberately expressed. From those Southern States where there is no real Republican Party, they have sent delegations secured by the most unblushing use of the Federal patronage. In States like New York, where the machine has deliberately declined to permit the people to participate in the nomination of candidates, Taft delegates have also been sent. Wherever it has been possible to choose Taft delegates in defiance of the popular will this has been done. At this moment such an instance is afforded by Ohio. In Ohio at the recent primary the majority against Mr. Taft's nomination was 30,000. High-minded and honorable men would under such circumstances refuse to accept delegates who would perforce represent not the majority, but the minority of the majority. Yet at this moment the Taft managers in Ohio are straining every nerve and using every means to upset the people's verdict and give the delegates at large of Ohio to the man whom the people of Ohio by an overwhelming majority have declared ought not to have them.

"But in spite of all these efforts the convention, if left to itself, will be heavily against Mr. Taft. His whole chance of winning depends not upon the vote of the National Convention, but upon his hopes and plans for securing improper action by the National Committee. The National Committee consists of men chosen four years ago. In theory their functions are merely to decide honestly and fairly election cases affecting the prima facie rights of delegates and to proffer for Temporary Chairman some man who will be acceptable to the convention. Mr. Barnes's telegram, quoted above, shows that in reality the purpose of certain men among them is to frustrate the will of the people and to secure such organization of the convention as will make the will of the bosses paramount over the will of the people. I do not believe that the National Committee as a whole will follow the lead of Mr. Barnes and his allies in this matter.

"The success of Mr. Barnes at Chicago, the possibility of his nominating Mr. Taft depends upon his ability to thwart the deliberate judgment of the people, to upset the popular verdict of the rank and file of the Republican party, given at the primaries and to substitute for it the decision of these political bosses, who have stood in the past and who now stand for the destruction of popular rights and the cynical abandonment of good faith and honesty in public life. In this contest I have stood unequivocally for the right of the people to rule themselves.

Popular Rule Involved, He Says.

"There are many honest men who have not agreed with me in this contest, and who do not believe that the people are fit to rule themselves. But surely these men must agree with us when we come down to a question of naked right and wrong such as is involved in the effort of Mr. Barnes and his associates on behalf of Mr. Taft, to reverse the popular verdict and to nominate at Chicago some man whom the rank and file of the Republican Party have declared that they do not desire to see nominated. The question of popular rule is involved in this matter. But there is involved the whole question of keeping faith with the people.

Mr. Barne can carry through hi plan only if a sufficient number of National Committeemen can be induced, in flagrant violation of every principle of fair dealing, to seat in the convention certain delegates who have not been elected by the people and who have not the slightest right to a seat, and if, furthermore, the convention is content to sit supine while this is done. I believe that the expectations of Mr. Barnes and his associates will be disappointed in both particulars. I believe that there are in the National Committee enough men who, although they have in good faith supported Mr. Taft, will decline to permit themselves to be made tools for the accomplishment of his nomination by unworthy methods.

"No man should be chosen as Temporary Chairman who is put forward by Mr. Barnes and by those men who represent the principles and practice of Mr. Barnes. Under those circumstances Mr. Root's own personality is not the issue. His victory would be the victory of Mr. Barnes; his defeat the defeat of Mr. Barnes."

THINK THE COLONEL IN PANIC.

Republicans Say He Retreats, Then Charges—Penrose Amused.

Republicans who could be reached last night were greatly interested in Col. Roosevelt's statement that he intended to continue his fight against Senator Root for Temporary Chairman of the Chicago convention.

"Well, well," said United States Senator Boies Penrose, who came over from Philadelphia last night, and will leave this morning for Chicago. "Mr. Roosevelt's latest declaration is very interesting, but I don't think I want to comment on it at this time. I want to get to Chicago first and look things over.

"The indications are," said the Senator, "that President Taft will have a slight majority on the first ballot. Of course, if there is a big break in the New York delegation there probably will be no nomination on the first ballot. I am not fully informed of the condition in New York. Col. Roosevelt is still shy 100 votes, and it is not reasonable to suppose that he can make up this number if the contests brought by delegates are decided on their merits."

Asked if he thought a compromise candidate was a probability, Senator Penrose replied:

"I would not care to make a prediction on that. The convention for all we know at this time may be short and sweet, but if there is no chance of a nomination on the first ballot there is no telling what the outcome may be."

"It shows that Mr. Roosevelt is in a panic," commented a member of the Republican Club after hearing of Col. Roosevelt's statement. "First he retreats and then he charges. Heaven knows what he will do next. His mind is vacillating. He doesn't know where he stands. It will be decidedly interesting to know what the Illinois delegates who journeyed to Sagamore Hill and laid down the law to the Colonel will think of his latest move. Mr. Roosevelt will lose in his fight on Senator Root, just as he is going to lose the nomination. It is just as well, probably, that the fight be made on the temporary Chairmanship. It will then be over all the quicker."

A memer of the Republican State Committee said last night that replies from delegates all over the country who were asked by State Chairman Barnes to declare just where they stood on the question of Senator Root for temporary Chairman indicated that 60 per cent. of the delegates would vote for Root.

"The indications show that Mr. Roosevelt is sure of only twelve delegates from Illinois," he said, "while the trend away from the Colonel on the same proposition is just as marked. Mr. Roosevelt is simply browbeating those Illinois delegates who came to see him just as he has tried to browbeat every one else. Chairman Barnes was the first to throw away eight-ounce gloves and tackle Mr. Roosevelt with bare fists."

TAFT LEADERS PLEASED.

Feel Colonel Has Blundered in Casting the Die on the First Ballot.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 3.—The news that despite his earlier pacific declaration Col. Roosevelt intends to oppose the election of United States Senator Elihu Root for temporary Chairman of the Republican National Convention, was received with great satisfaction in the Taft camp.

"This is as it should be," said Joseph Kieling, Republican leader in Indiana and manager of the Western Taft bureau. "Now we will have a test vote at the very start of the convention, and I have no doubt about the outcome."

"Good," said old Gen. Powell Clayton, the veteran Republican leader of Arkansas, who has risen from a sick bed to enter the fight for President Taft, preliminary to the convention. "This is good news, indeed. I had given the Colonel credit for some degree of political sagacity. I now predict that Col. Roosevelt will bolt before we reach nominations in the convention."

Col. Henry S. New said he was well pleased with the Colonel's revised plan.

Ormsby McHarg said to-night that Col. Roosevelt would have votes enough to defeat Root for Temporary Chairman.

ARIZONA REPUBLICANS SPLIT.

Taft and Roosevelt Delegates Chosen at Tucson Convention.

TUCSON, Ariz., June 3.—Taft and Roosevelt delegates held State Conventions in the same hall to-day, and each elected six delegates to the Republican National Convention.

An uproar developed immediately after J. L. Hubbell, Chairman of the State Central Committee, had called the gathering to order and J. J. Reddick, a Taft man, was chosen Temporary Chairman.

Joseph H. Kibbey, former Territorial Governor, protested against the methods used in making the temporary rollcall. The Roosevelt men escorted Thomas Molloy of Yuma to the platform and installed him as Chairman.

Reddick named a Credentials Committee which seated only Taft delegates. Ignoring this, the Roosevelt men named six delegates to the National Convention. The Taft forces then proceeded to name their delegates.

The Roosevelt faction named Thomas Molloy, Ben Daniels, Dwight B. Heard, John Redmond, E. S. Clark, and J. C. Greenway.

The Taft forces selected James T. Williams, Jr., J. L. Hubbell, R. E. Morrison, Dr. E. T. Wright, D. H. Freudenthal, and J. C. Adams.

Ralph Cameron, former Delegate in Congress, was named National Committeeman by the Taft convention.

FIGHT HARMON ON UNIT RULE.

Wilson Delegates in Ohio Oppose Instruction by the State Convention.

TOLEDO, Ohio, June 3.—Plans of party leaders to have the Democratic State Convention here to-morrow adopt resolutions to cast the State's 48 votes for Gov. Harmon for President at Baltimore under the unit rule appear certain to cause a bitter fight.

Although Gov. Harmon carried the State at the Presidential preference primaries by nearly 11,000, nineteen district delegates, pledged to Wilson, were chosen and they object to being bound by the State Convention. They declare that the plan of the Harmon supporters violates the letter and the spirit of the State primary law, and threaten to take the matter before the National Convention if necessary. On the other hand, the Harmon men declare that the candidate was the choice of the Democratic Party of the State at the primary and that Gov. Harmon is entitled to the vote of the Ohio delegation at Baltimore.

The anti-Harmon forces are said to be seeking a compromise by having the State Convention indorse Harmon and give him a complimentary vote for President on the first ballot. The Harmon leaders are unwilling to accept this suggestion and will, it is said, insist upon the application of the unit rule.

State Insurance Commissioner Moore said to-night that 620 of the 952 delegates would vote for the unit rule.

In addition to electing six delegates at large to the national gathering the convention will nominate a State ticket. Representative James M. Cox of Dayton, who arrived with several hundred friends Sunday, appears to be leading in the race for the Gubernatorial nomination. His only opponent is Gen. Oliver H. Hughes of Highland, who arrived to-night and opened headquarters.

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HOUSE STRENGTHENS NEW WIRELESS LAW

Passes Substitute for Senate Measure, Covering Vessels Carrying Fifty or More.

FIXES RADIUS AT 100 MILES

Auxiliary Power Plant to Run Wireless Four Hours in Case of Accident Required.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The Alexander substitute for the Hitchcock bill, which recently passed the Senate, amending the Wireless act of 1910 so as to take advantage of some of the lessons of the Titanic disaster, easily passed the House to-day without amendment. As passed by the Senate, the Hitchcock bill applied only to vessels carrying 100 or more passengers, and would not have affected cargo steamers. It would have excluded the vessels of the United Fruit Company and a number of other steamers.

When this bill reached the House it was referred to the Merchant Marine Committee, which substituted the Alexander bill, and this will now be sent to the Senate. Should the Senate accept the action of the House the bill will go at once to the President for signature. Otherwise it will be sent to conference for adjustment of the differences between the basic ideas of the Hitchcock and Alexander bills.

So far as it relates to the steamers on the Great Lakes, the Alexander bill would take effect April 1, 1913; as to cargo vessels on July 1, 1913, and as to other vessels on Oct. 1, 1912. The demand on makers of wireless apparatus is so great, and would be increased to such an extent after the enactment of the proposed legislation, that the committee, recognizing the justice of the appeal for time in which to obtain the apparatus fixed these dates later than was originally contemplated.

Under the terms of the bill passed to-day, after Oct. 1 it will be unlawful for steamers either of this or foreign countries and navigating the ocean or the great lakes, when carrying fifty or more persons, passengers and crew, to leave an American port unless equipped with efficient radio apparatus, capable of transmitting messages at least 100 miles, day or night, under all conditions of atmospheric disturbance, when it is safe for the operator to work. The bill as passed by the Senate was applicable only to vessels carrying over 100 persons.

The bill also requires these steamers to have an auxiliary power supply, wholly independent of a vessel's main electric power plant, to enable the sending of messages for at least four hours over at least 100 miles, day or night. For vessels capable of sending only 100 miles, and most of them are in this class, four hours is the length of time in which a wrecked vessel would have to remain afloat while waiting for assisting vessels to arrive.

The present radio law requires only one operator on a vessel. The bill passed to-day requires the radio equipment of each steamer subject to the act to be in charge of not less than two or more skilled operators, one or the other of whom must be on duty at all times, while the vessel is being navigated. The bill would not apply to steamers plying only between ports less than 200 miles apart.

OUR PROPOSALS AT LONDON.

Precedence for Distress and Weather Wireless Messages Urged.

LONDON, June 3.—The American delegation to the International Conference on Wireless Telegraphy, which will open here to-morrow, will extend an invitation to the congress to hold its next meeting in the United States.

It is stated that the Americans have been officially instructed to obtain the adoption of the following motions:

All ships carrying more than 100 persons must maintain a continuous watch for calls made on standard wave lengths distinct from all other wave lengths.

The wave length in commercial business to be increased from 400 to 800 meters.

Rigid restrictions against publicity in the case of intercepted personal and confidential messages.

Governments to be urged to insure the taking of regular meteorological observations on all ships, and their thansmission to central stations in Europe and America, while storm warnings are to be redistributed to ships at sea.

Distress messages, weather observations, and storm warnings to take precedence over all commercial and private messages.

Provision to be made for a systematic inspection of the installation and operation of all radio apparatus, and the various radio systems must be forced to co-operate in sending distress, weather, and storm messages.

The necessity for the control of all radio communication under the Berlin Convention.

Stations to be provided for the different systems for exchange between the shore stations operating under the Berlin Convention.

Land lines to be carefully regulated.

The Americans are ready to make a strong fight for the adoption of the rule giving precedence to distress, weather, and storm messages, which is opposed by certain wireless interests here.

TAFT ADVISES OPEN CONTEST HEARINGS

Continued from Page 1.

claims similar to Mr. Howell's would not receive the support of the Roosevelt committee.

"The grounds taken by Mr. Howell are utterly illogical and illegal," said Mr. Chubb. "The Nebraska Legislature cannot make any laws binding on the Republican National Committee, which is made up of members from every State of the Union. Under the circumstances the election of Mr. Howell at the direct primary must be regarded as merely advisory—on a par with the preference vote for United States Senator, which must be ratified by the Legislature in order to be valid.

"So, also, the election of Mr. Howell must be ratified by the delegates from Nebraska to the convention. These delegates, even if they were prepared to do so, could not possibly act in the matter prior to the convention, for until they are seated by vote of the convention they will be only delegates-elect in the strict interpretation of the rules which govern conventions."

Gen. Powell Clayton was equally outspoken in denouncing the Roosevelt conventions in Arkansas as sham affairs. The Colonel's managers have brought contests against the four delegates at large, as well as all the district delegates, with the exception of the two delegates from the Sixth Congressional District. There are in all eighteen delegates from the State.

Convention Met in a Street.

"Colonel Roosevelt has visited Arkansas three times in the last few months," said Gen. Clayton. "The State convention met shortly after his last visit. It went for President Taft overwhelmingly. Col. Roosevelt had only about 60 delegates—a disappearing minority in the convention. Nevertheless the Progressive Republican League held what it termed a convention and elected contesting delegates at large as well contesting delegates from six of the seven Congressional districts in our State. In Little Rock the Roosevelt convention met in the street."

Gen. Clayton when asked if he thought there would be a stampede of Southern delegates to the Colonel, laughed.

"Just before I started for Chicago," he said, "I received a telephone message asking me to meet two of the colored delegates from South Carolina. They told me that they had been instructed for President Taft, but would vote for Col. Roosevelt. I asked them the reason. Their answer was that they did not think there was a sufficient majority in the convention for the resolution instructing them to vote for Mr. Taft's nomination.

"In reply to other questions, they admitted that the resolution had been carried by a viva voce vote and that they had not demanded a roll call. When I urged upon them that by shifting to Col. Roosevelt they would lay themselves open to the suspicion that they had been bought they merely shrugged their shoulders.

"We would have no trouble in the South if Northern aspirants for office would keep their minions and their money out of the South. But they won't, and we get the blame."

Gen. Clayton added that he believed President Taft would be nominated on the first ballot.

Predicts Roosevelt Victory.

Alexander H. Revell, Chairman of the National Roosevelt Committee, who arrived here to-day, met all such suggestions with a carefully prepared statement, in which he declared that Col. Roosevelt surely would be nominated on the first ballot. Mr. Revell came fresh from a conference with the Colonel at Oyster Bay. The statement set forth:

Col. Roosevelt will be nominated on the first ballot. There is no other thought in the minds of the men who are in intimate touch with the status of the Republican National situation. No other condition has been or is now under discussion by Col. Roosevelt or by those who now represent him.

I am privileged to make this definite statement in view of the canvass of the pre-convention situation as it was made at Oyster Bay Saturday, when the representatives of the Illinois delegation were in conference with Col. Roosevelt.

We are assured absolutely that there will be a clear majority for Col. Roosevelt on the first ballot. The only thing left in sight is to develop the strength throughout the convention preliminaries which ultimately will be concentrated in the nomination of Col. Roosevelt.

Absolutely nothing else has or will be considered either by Col. Roosevelt or by his friends, prior to or during the convention.

Prior to the appearance of this statement there had been widely circulated rumors that the Roosevelt managers were preparing for a bolt and that an option had been obtained upon an armory here in which to hold a rump convention. Mr. Revell, simultaneous with denials from other sources, branded these rumors as utterly unfounded.

"There will be no bolt—at least no Roosevelt bolt; there will be no occasion for one," said Mr. Revell.

Edwin W. Sims, who is in charge at the Chicago Roosevelt headquarters, today received a dispatch from ex-Judge Oscar R. Hundly of Birmingham, Ala., to the effect that two uncontested delegates in the Third Congressional District in that State who have been instructed for President Taft had notified National Committeeman Barker from Alabama that they would vote for Col. Roosevelt in deference to the wishes of 90 per cent. of their constituency. The telegram did not give the names of the delegates, but they are understood to be J. B. Dougherty and Byron Trommell.

Mr. McHarg was asked to-day if he had anything to say regarding his change of attitude toward Col. Roosevelt, whose policies he bitterly denounced while Assistant Secretary of Commerce and Labor during the first years of the Taft Administration.

"I think my present attitude toward Mr. Roosevelt speaks for itself," he replied. "I believe it is apparent to everybody that I am sincere in my support of him, and that I am doing everything that I can do in a legitimate way to bring about his nomination."

Representative McKinley, active head of the Taft forces, and Senator Dixon of Montana, leader of the Roosevelt forces, are expected here to-morrow. They were preceded here to-day by a small army of workers sent out in advance from the headquarters in Washington and New York.

TO SUMMON A. B. HEPBURN.

Money Trust Committee Begins Inquiry Thursday in Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The investigation by the Money Trust Investigating Committee into the affairs of the New York Stock Exchange and Clearing House of that city will be opened in Washington instead of New York. This was the decision of the committee in an executive session held to-day. The hearing will begin on Thursday, June 6. Several members of the committee thought that this branch of the inquiry might be more conveniently conducted in New York City, and to-day's session was for the purpose of deciding whether it would be held in New York or in Washington. The witnesses to be called have not been announced, but it is understood that chief among them will be President A. B. Hepburn of the Clearing House Association.

In the opinion of Chairman Pujo, the inquiry into the relations of the Clearing House and Stock Exchange to the financial structure of New York, should be one of the most important phases of the inquiry. When Mr. Samuel Untermyer was before the House Rules Committee last Winter making his argument in favor of the Lindbergh resolution calling for an investigation of the Money Trust, he frequently mentioned the Clearing House Association and the Stock Exchange.

Among other things, Mr. Untermyer asserted that it was susceptible of proof that the arbitrary power of the Clearing House Association to close banks and trust companies by withdrawing their clearance privileges on a few hours' notice and without redress, as had been done in the last five years, was part of the dominant financial system. He asserted that the Money Trust dominated the New York Stock Exchange and the New York Clearing House Association, "both of which," he added, "are under the anomaly of existing law, above and beyond judicial and legislative control."

What was true of the Clearing House Association, he said, was equally true of the autocratic power of the Stock Exchange, which it had at times exercised, upon the request of great financial powers, to remove stocks from its official list, and thus destroy their value and marketability in cases in which it suited the purposes of financial leaders in order to force the holders to accept the substituted security which they offered.

In the demand for the Money Trust investigation it was also alleged that banks and trust companies, dominated by the so-called Money Trust, were subject to exploitation by financiers in conjunction with the New York Stock Exchange, to dislodge collateral of weak holders to suit the plans of certain financial houses, and that bank failures had accompanied or preceded the process of getting control of the securities.

25 FRIENDS GIVE $25,000.

Raise Fund to Help Bankrupt Lawyer Morgan Pay His Creditors.

Judge Hand confirmed the composition yesterday of Rollin M. Morgan, lawyer, of 38 Park Row, with his creditors at twenty-five cents on the dollar cash. A creditor with a claim of $414 appeared in opposition and asked for an adjournment but Mr. Morgan's counsel successfully pleaded with the Judge not to grant any further adjournments as creditors with claims of $100,000 wanted the composition to go through now.

Robert P. Levis, the Trustee of the estate also urged the Judge to confirm the composition. Mr. Levis said that this is a case of a rare exhibition of friendship. Mr. Morgan had no money to pay the creditors, but twenty-five friends came forward with $1,000 cash each and deposited the money with Mr. Levis to pay the composition. Mr. Morgan sank a fortune in trying to finance a suburban real estate proposition. He filed a petition in bankruptcy on August 8, 1911, and the schedules showed liabilities $115,302 and nominal assets, $75,779.

WEST VIRGINIA FOR CLARK.

He May Get the Entire Delegation Despite Wilson Men's Opposition.

Special to The New York Times.

WHEELING, West Va., June 3.—Five Democratic district conventions to-morrow will select ten of West Virginia's sixteen delegates to the Baltimore Convention, and on Thursday the State Convention at Parkersburg will name the other six. Indications are that Clark will get the entire delegation, although Wilson may win two, and perhaps four, delegates to-morrow. Of the instructed delegates to the district and State Conventions Clark has five to Wilson's one, but half the counties did not instruct, and a fight will be made in all the conventions by Wilson's followers, who realize the preponderance of Clark sentiment, to send uninstructed delegates.

If the conventions had been held two months ago Wilson would have swept the State, but he lost ground because he had no organization in West Virginia.

TWENTY-TWO STICK TO TAFT.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., June 3.—"We do hereby extend to President Taft our united and unshaken loyalty and will stand by him first, last, and all the time."

This was embraced in resolutions adopted here to-day by 22 of the 24 Taft delegates to the National Convention. The two delegates from the Third Alabama district, who were instructed for Taft, to-day announced they would vote for Roosevelt.

TITANIC MONUMENT DIVIDES NOTED MEN

Gaynor Urges Permanent Work of Art for City in Three Hours' Secret Conclave.

ONE MAN MADE 18 SPEECHES

Bishop Greer for Lofty Memorial—"No Poets Now to Write the Inscription," Dr. Butler Laments.

New York's Titanic Memorial Committee, which was recently appointed by Mayor Gaynor, dined at the Harvard Club last night and discussed for more than three hours plans for an appropriate tribute to the dead of the Titanic. Ralph Pulitzer acted as Chairman, and twenty of the thirty-two members of the committee, including Mayor Gaynor, attended.

Newspaper men were barred, and news of the diversity of opinions which were expressed reached them through one of the diners. Each man present engaged in this speechmaking, and one man, it was said, made as many as eighteen speeches in his endeavor to bring the others to his way of thinking.

In the end a motion that a permanent memorial to the Titanic's dead should be erected in New York City was passed unanimously, and this motion was supplemented by a second resolution that Mayor Gaynor should appoint a small executive committee from among the members of the general committee to draft a final plan for a memorial and to submit that plan to the general committee at a future meeting.

Mayor Gaynor was the first speaker. He favored the proposed memorial. He pointed out that in ancient times the acts of heroes were commemorated in lasting stone and bronze. Such permanent works of art, he said, were educations in themselves, and tended to inspire others to do heroic deeds. Near Utica, where he went to a country school in his boyhood days, he said, there was the battlefield of Ris-Kony, where one of the decisive battles of the French and Indian war had been fought. When he went to school, he said, he had not even heard of that battlefield, but later a man erected a monument on the field, and now every one in the neighborhood knew all about the battle. Thus, he said, the brave acts of men and women in the Titanic catastrophe should be immortalized.

Joseph H. Choate was of the opinion that the committee ought to delay all action relating to a decision on a memorial until after the conclusion of the British investigation. He voted, however, for the adoption of the resolution calling for the memorial.

Bishop Greer said that a great, lofty memorial ought to be built, one which would appeal to the imagination, and which would be distinctly artistic rather than utilitarian. Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler would also have a great monument, but regretted the fact that there were no poets living who could do justice to the inscription which such a monument should bear.

Henry Clews, it was said, came to the dinner with a rough sketch of a memorial which he had designed himself, depicting a large steamer and an iceberg. This, with the other suggestions, was referred to the executive committee for consideration.

Edmund L. Baylies and Frank Damrosch urged co-operation with the Women's dollar campaign for a National memorial. If the monument should be built in New York, Mr. Baylies said, it should not be in Central Park, but should take the form of a lighthouse far out in the bay.

Many others favored the lighthouse idea. Henry R. Towns, among others, suggesting that it should be the largest lighthouse in the world, one which might be seen from the lower bay for fifty or stventy-five miles.

TAFT MEN CONTROL OHIO COMMITTEES

Continued from Page 1.

taught that laws must be obeyed, that the rich are no more powerful than the poor, that before the bar of justice all men must stand alike. The Sugar Trust, the Tobacco Trust, the Oil Trust are but three among a score that have felt the strong arm of retribution.

Legislation has been enacted to regulate the abuses which have been practiced by the railroads; rebaters have been prosecuted, the railroads have been forbidden to charge more for the short haul than for the long haul, save under the strictest limitations and regulations; pools have been eliminated and additional powers have been conferred upon the Inter-State Commerce Commission, such, for example, as the power to forbid railroads to advance rates without notice and hearings to determine their equity.

To remove the question of tariff legislation from the influence of political considerations and to spare business the demoralization incident to constant tariff agitation, a Tariff Board has been established to study the whole question of import duties and frame reports upon which Congress could act with reliance upon their fairness and accuracy.

A law has been passed to compel the publication of campaign contributions, so that we may know what influences may be at work in advancing the candidacy of men who seek public honors.

Along the same line of correcting abuses which have from time to time crept into our system of elections Congress has adopted a resolution which will be submitted to the various States for their ratification to amend the Constitution so as to provide for the popular election of United States Senators.

Postal savings banks have been in operation for some two years, and have already justified the optimism of their proponents.

A bureau has been established for the better protection of those who are engaged in the hazardous occupation of mining, and another bureau has been provided to promote the welfare of children and to make impossible the evils of child labor.

Within the past two weeks the President has signed a law to mark once again the gratitude of the Nation to its defenders in the sanguinary struggle of the civil war. The welfare of the survivors of these long years of battle has been the particular care of the Republican Party, ever mindful of the promises of President Lincoln that in their declining days they might feel the sustaining hand of the Government and realize in a growing sense the love and affection of the Republic.

Senator Burton went on to urge monetary reforms and revision of the tariff, "in reliance upon accurate information and not under the pressure of local or personal interests." Tariff revision, he said, will include the lowering of some duties, but should at the same time afford adequate and permanent aid to American industry. He continued:

Even if existing tariff schedules are high, we have adjusted ourselves for many years to the present protective tariff system. Any immediate or serious change will cause a wrench which will involve our whole business structure in widespread disaster. All great economic changes should be made cautiously and slowly.

In this connection let me say that any anticipation of material increase in prices to the consumer under tariff reductions is sure to prove delusive. Transfer of the seat of manufacturing any product from our own country to foreign countries would, in view of the great extent of our markets, cause a material rise abroad as well as at home. The middlemen would still further be in evidence. The numerous toll-gates between producer and consumer are not found at the Custom House alone.

High Prices World-Wide.

Mr. Burton reviewed the present high cost of living as a cause of prevalent discontent, and exonerated the Payne-Aldrich tariff law from responsibility. He said:

The future will marvel at the inaccurate thinking or demagogical appeals which have fostered the idea that the present scale of prices results from the tariff legislation of this or any other Administration.

We are witnessing an upward movement in prices which is world-wide. It has caused bread riots in the provinces of Germany and Austria and in the Republic of France. It is attended by suffering and even threatens starvation in some of the settled countries of Europe.

The hardship is keenly felt in every household of limited means. People demand a larger abundance of the conveniences of life and a greater share of its luxuries. Farming population has largely held its own, while the cities of our own commonwealth and throughout the country have increased enormously. Consumers of food are increasing out of all proportion to producers, and there is a like increase in their average consumption.

Added to all these is the general rise in prices, due to the enormous increase in the production of gold, which was $118,000,000 in 1890 and $450,000,000 in 1910.

Still another reason for the present high prices is found in an imperfect system of distribution. The real contest which is pending to-day and which the people of Ohio little understand is not upon schedules but upon the principle of protection.

"The future will bring new issues. New questions must be solved," the Senator concluded. "The patriotic citizen will hesitate long before he turns over this fabric of government from that political organization, which has proved many times and in many emergencies its ability to meet the demands of a great people, which is becoming more and more the one mighty and progressive nation of the earth."

The committees elected at the district meetings held sessions to-night. The new State Committee and the generally accepted affiliations of the members are:

First District—Fred Bader, Taft; Second—Peter Durr, Taft; Third—Daniel Allman, Taft; Fourth—W. I. Parmenter, Taft; Fifth—William Kirtley, Roosevelt; Sixth—Howard Conover, Taft; Seventh—M. H. Fairbanks, Taft; Eighth—W. R. Wilson, Taft; Ninth—Walter F. Brown, Roosevelt; Tenth—Sherman Eagle, Roosevelt; Eleventh—I. M. Foster, Roosevelt; Twelfth—Malcolm A. Karschner, Roosevelt; Thirteenth—Alexander Kiskaden, Roosevelt; Fourteenth—A. L. Garford, Roosevelt; Fifteenth—S. N. Granger, Taft; Sixteenth—George S. Tinlin, Roosevelt; Seventeenth—George G. Hamilton, Taft; Eighteenth—J. H. C. Lyon, Roosevelt; Nineteenth—C. L. Knight, Roosevelt; Twentieth—Maurice Matschke, Taft; Twenty-first—A. N. Rodney, Taft.

Brown Admits Committee Is Taft's.

Brown's re-election as Chairman was due to his receiving the votes of Maurice Matschke and William Rodney of the Cuyahoga County delegation and S. N. Granger of the Fifteenth District. Matschke is Collector of Customs at Cleveland under appointment of President Taft and controls his delegation.

Sherman Eagle, a Roosevelt man, was elected Vice Chairman of the Committee, and Israel Foster, another Roosevelt man, secretary.

After the meeting Chairman Brown said: "Some of the men who voted for me for Chairman are against me in regard to choice for the Presidential candidate, and I expect them to be against me in the convention to-morrow. I consider my victory a personal one."

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MORSE GREETED AT HOME.

Citizens of Bath, Headed by Band, Serenade Banker in Evening.

Special to The New York Times.

BATH, Me., June 3.—Although Charles W. Morse and Mrs. Morse arrived in Bath this afternoon with less than a half dozen persons aware that they were coming, a noisy demonstration was made to-night in front of the Morse homestead, in Washington Street. A band was engaged and the residents formed for a procession to the Morse home.

Mr. Morse appeared, accompanied by his wife. They were introduced to the crowd by the Rev. Dr. Francis W. O'Brien of the People's Baptist Church of this city, after which three rousing cheers were given for both the banker and his wife.

"It seems good to me to return to my boyhood home and receive such a welcome," Mr. Morse told the crowd. "It makes me feel happy, and I only hope you are all feeling one-half as happy as Mrs. Morse and I to-night. I wish I could shake you all by the hand, but, as that is impossible, I thank you all for this kind demonstration."

Then the band played "Home, Sweet Home," and "Dixie," after which Mr. and Mrs. Morse shook hands with nearly 300 persons.

There was no demonstration on the part of the Board of Trade, which gave up its plans a week ago for a celebration. Mr. Morse says he has no plans for the future, but will spend much of his time in Bath, going to New York only when absolutely necessary.

UP-STATE ROADS COME HIGH.

An Average of $13,000 a Mile on Contracts for 174 Miles.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 3.—Proposals to build 174.65 miles of improved highways and a bridge at Main Street, Salamanca, were opened by the State Highway Commission to-day. The contracts for roads were divided into thirty-two lots, and 183 bids were received from contractors. The aggregate of the lowest bids is $2,270,840, which makes the average cost more than $13,000 a mile.

The longest stretch of road in the proposals was eighteen miles, from Boonville to McKeever, the low bid for which was $254,320, or more than $14,000 a mile. The second longest stretch is fifteen miles, Potsdam to Nicholville, and the low bid is $158,947, or something over $10,000 a mile.

The most expensive stretch will be the one and three-quarter miles in Penn Yan Village, at $77,891, or $44,500 a mile. Gowanda Village will have a road seventy-seven-one-hundredths of a mile long, the lowest bid for which is $27,475.

Proposals for thirty-two contracts will be received each day for five successive days.

KILLED BY HOSE TENDER.

Boy Struck by Wagon When Stone Is Thrown at Horse.

A stone thrown, it is believed, by one of the neighborhood youngsters was responsible for the death yesterday of three-year-old Bernard Gallia of 465 Sackman Street, Brooklyn, who was run over by the hose tender of Engine 151, while playing near his home. The tender was going to a fire at 891 Christopher Street. The team of horses was going at top speed and Driver Young was using all his skill to guide them. Suddenly a stone struck Carthage, one of the horses, on the neck. He jumped to one side jostling his mate. The tender swerved in its course and before the child could be rescued by his mother who was near by, he was knocked down. The boy died soon after being taken to St. Mary's Hospital.

Who the stone-thrower was has not been learned. The Brownsville police have received many complaints of boys who stone automobiles and other passing vehicles.

Grace Church Open-Air Services.

Services in the open-air pulpit in Grace Church are to be somewhat different this year. The meetings still will be on Wednesdays and Fridays at 12:30, but on Wednesdays there will be simply an address. On Fridays there will be a service consisting of hymns and prayers. The speaker at the service on Wednesday of this week will be the R

GANG LEADER SHOT AS HE LEAVES COURT

Battle of Rival Factions Waged at Coney Island, Chinatown, and Police Station.

STARTED OVER A WOMAN

"Big Jack" Zelig May Die of Wound —Three Assailants Held Under Arrest.

A gang fight in which pistols were freely used took place yesterday morning, beginning at Coney Island, shifting to Chinatown, and ending outside the Criminal Courts Building, where "Big Jack" Zelig, a notorious gun-fighter, was shot and seriously wounded just after he had left the court on the payment of $1,000 bail. He was taken to the Hudson Street Hospital and may not live, while Charles Torti, who shot him, and Victor Merino and Louis Bull, who interfered with Torti's arrest, were taken to the Elizabeth Street Station, and, later, before Magistrate Butts, in the Tombs Court, where they were held without bail until June 5.

The gun-fight began yesterday morning some time before daybreak, and the police assert that it was the result of the disputed claims of certain gangsters to the affections of a woman of the quarter, named Wanda Murphy. The fight started in Coney Island, but it was in an alley leading from Chatham Square to Doyers Street, when some roughs attempted to force an entrance to the rear of the café of Jack Poggi that it reached its climax. Here forty shots were fired, one man was wounded in the foot, and several arrests were made on charges of disorderly conduct.

Following the arrests there was another battle in the Elizabeth Street Station when the prisoners attacked one another with their fists and had to be subdued.

The only man shot in the first fusillade was Harris Baker, of 23 East 111th Street. He received a bullet in the right foot, and, after being taken to the station house, he was removed to the Volunteer Hospital for treatment.

The others who were arrested gave their names as John Doe, who, the police say, is "Big Jack" Zelig, Jacob Siegel, of 203 Second Street, and Harris Baker. A woman who said her name was Wanda Murphy, of 159 West Forty-fifth Street, was found near the scene of the combat suffering from bruises of the chest. She was treated by a surgeon from the Volunteer Hospital and then detained as a witness. When the case was called before Magistrate McAdoo in the Tombs Court yesterday morning it was found that the police had succeeded in rounding up these additional prisoners: Charles Murphy, asserted to be "Chick Trigger," of 159 West Forty-fifth Street, and James Martelli, of 168 Elizabeth Street. All five of the prisoners were held in $1,000 bonds for trial in Special Sessions and they were immediately bailed out by friends.

Fight at Court House.

It was after they had been led out of court that the building was thrown into great excitement by the shooting across the way. Centre Street was filled with lawyers, detectives, and others leaving the Criminal Courts Building, when three shots were fired at the gang leader, Zelig, from a point midway between the bottom of the long flight of steps at the Centre Street entrance to the court building and the middle of the street. The courtroom had been filled with members of the rival gangs. When Zelig left several men were seen to follow him. He descended the steps at the Centre Street exit, crossed and paused in front of the doorway leading to the stairs at No. 116. Lawyer Louis Stiegel, who represented him, was just behind him. Zelig had just stepped into the doorway when the three shots sounded behind the gang leader. Clapping his hand to his neck Zelig plunged through the door and up the stairs. Three men were seen to pursue him.

"Doc, I guess they got me that time," whispered Zelig, "but I don't do no squealing."

"I don't know who shot me and I don't care," he added.

Wanda Murphy's Part.

The tale of the early morning shooting and the row at the Criminal Court centres about Wanda Murphy, who, in the Elizabeth Street Station, joined in the fisticuffs. She had been the trusted friend of the Zelig gang until a little more than a week ago when, so the police have it, she skipped with "Chick Trigger," one of "Louis the Lump's" best gun-fighters and took up her abode with him at 159 West Forty-fifth Street. The tip passed through the devious alleys on the fringe of Chinatown that "Big Jack" Zelig was "out to get" Chick Trigger, Jack Poggi, and Louis Poggi himself, if the latter, now being sought by detectives for jumping his bail in Justice Crain's Court a few weeks ago, could be found. The Poggi gang had been lying low until they were surprised by the approach of an automobile early yesterday morning filled to the running boards with members of the Zelig gang. This trundled down the Bowery and into Mott Street.

Gangsters Arrive in Auto.

Shortly after the arrest of Torti, Marino, and Bull, a large gray automobile containing three men who were recently arrested for picking pockets in the Subway drove up to the Criminal Court Building and took a position directly across the street from the entrance of the Tombs Court. Shortly after this several pale-faced youths congregated near the same entrance and whispered in low tones. Detectives mingled with this crowd of twenty or more, and, upon learning that they had laid plans to block the arraignment of the three prisoners, and if possible effect their escape, rushed to telephones and reported to Police Headquarters.

Soon twenty-five plain clothes men took up positions near the gray automobile, while several men in uniform walked back and forth in front of the Tombs. Just before the automobile patrol wagon left Headquarters, a number of court attendants surrounded the crowd of gangsters and the policemen displayed their revolvers. When the patrol wagon drove up, a line was formed through the crowd, and it was noticed that every detective had his coat tail up in order to show his revolver, while two uniformed men who were sitting in front had their revolvers in their hands.

Two detectives left the wagon first, and then followed Torti, who was handcuffed to Bull, who, in turn, was handcuffed to Marino. As they left the wagon they were immediately surrounded by policemen and rushed inside the pen leading to the Tombs prison, and the big steel barred door guarding the entrance was slammed in the faces of the crowd outside. Shortly after the automobile drove away and was followed by several detectives.

MERCHANT BEATEN BY GANG.

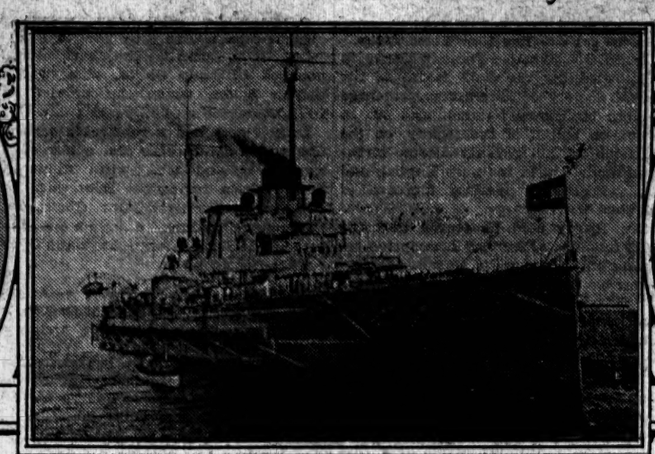
Atlantic City Man's Assailants Leave Him Unconscious in Fourteenth St.

After visiting friends in East Fifteenth Street last night Samuel Sabis, a young merchant of Atlantic City, living at 2,019 Arctic Avenue, was set upon by a gang of roughs at Fourteenth Street and Avenue C, and so badly beaten that he was found unconscious in the street and had to be attended by a physician. His nose was broken and from head to feet his body was bruised.

About 9 o'clock Policeman Bergila of the Union Market Station passed Avenue C and Fourteenth Street and his attention was attracted by the body of a man lying in the street. The man was covered with blood. Bergila sent in a hurry call to Bellevue Hospital for an ambulance and Dr. Holliday responded. The doctor advised that he go to the hospital, but he refused. Robbery was not the purpose of his assailants, apparently, for his valuables were intact.

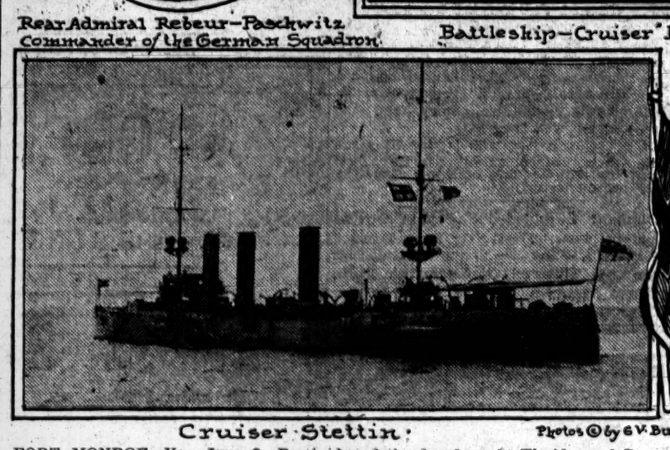
German Naval Visitors Welcomed By the President.

Rear Admiral Rebeur-Paschwitz Commander of the German Squadron



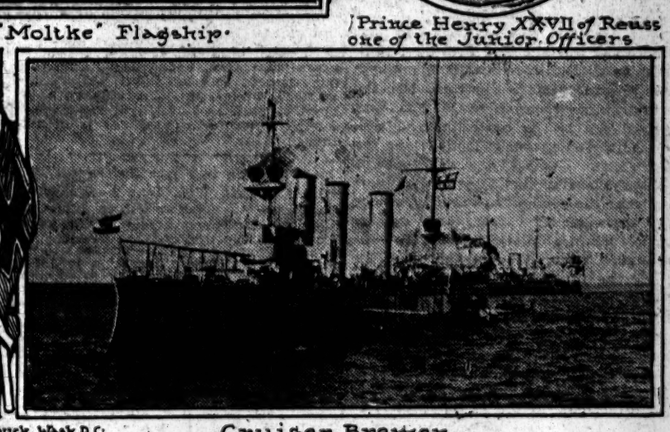
Battleship—Cruiser "Moltke" Flagship.

Prince Henry XXVII of Reuss one of the Junior Officers



Cruiser Stettin.

Photos © by C. V. Buck, Wash D C.



Cruiser Bremen

FORT MONROE, Va., June 3.—President Taft welcomed the visiting division of the German Navy to American waters to-day. While more than 1,000 brawny German sailors stood at attention on the decks of the giant Moltke, Germany's battle cruiser, the President boarded the vessel and was greeted at the gangway by Admiral von Rebeur Paschwitz and his staff. As the President stepped from the ladder that led over the side of the Moltke he extended his hand to the German Admiral and exclaimed:

"Admiral, I'm glad to welcome you and to have an opportunity of visiting the Moltke, one of the finest ships I've ever seen."

The President was escorted over the big German vessel. Every part of the battle cruiser was scrubbed and holystoned, every spar and line bore its quota of brilliant bunting, and every individual sailor was in trim holiday attire.

As the President left the Moltke the German warship's band struck up "The Star-Spangled Banner," and on the gun deck a six-pounder barked out the twenty-one guns of the Presidential salute.

No speeches were made during the visit of the President to the Moltke, but to-night the officers of the German fleet were entertained at a formal dinner on board the dreadnought Florida, and Rear Admiral Ward, commanding the American squadron, and Rear Admiral Reuber Paschwitz made speeches.

Besides the German Admiral, the guests were Capt. von Mann, Commanders Zebohm and von Wrosigk, Lieut. Commanders Roehr and Prentzel, Commander Boyde, Lieuts. Betz and von Grancy, and Capt. Severin, commanding the Moltke infantry regiment, especially invited to make the trip.

The American officers were Rear Admiral Ward, Rear Admiral Winslow, Capts. Benson, Clapp, Oliver, Wood, Snowden, Hoogewerff, Wilson, and Welles, Lieut. Commander Sellers, Lieut. Williams, and Col. Strong, and Capt. Howell, representing the army. Rear Admiral Ward, representing the guests in German, said:

"The German navy in its modern development is largely the result of the personal efforts of a single man, the present exalted ruler of that country. To his discerning influence we must add the efforts of your German navy league, also an inspiration of his, which with its magnificent membership of over 1,000,000, distributes throughout your country an intimate patriotic knowledge of the requirements of your navy and the necessity for its existence."

"But there is another cause which has contributed perhaps as powerfully to the present enviable efficiency of your great fleet. I do not refer to patriotic devotion, nor to the spirit of self-sacrifice, for those you share with other nationalities, but I do allude to the painstaking and unceasing efforts toward thoroughness, without which no good organization ever can be perfect. If it lay in my power I should suggest as a motto for every man of war the German phrase of which you German naval men are the living exponents: 'Learn to walk before you try to run.'

"With the wish that your visit to America may be made as pleasant and instructive as you made my own when in your country, I raise my glass and drink to the health of his Majesty, the German Emperor."

The American and German officers rose as they drank the toast.

Admiral von Paschwitz replied, speaking in English. He said:

"Three times I have had the good fortune to come to America; therefore I feel myself among friends. My first visit in 1898 is a delightful memory to me. Again in 1902 I had an opportunity to observe the great progress and rapid development of the American Navy. However much I had expected, I was greatly surprised to see such a splendid fleet assembled here. Progress in all directions in America has been great, but in the navy the advance has been greater than anywhere else. Your Admiral has spoken of the Emperor's interest in the German fleet, but your leading men also show great interest in yours, and they have forwarded its development to its present state of efficiency and perfection.

"The visit of your President to the Moltke shows that he also is interested in the navy, and every seamon is glad when the leading men display much interest. I thank you, Admiral Ward, for your sympathy and for Germany, and ask all to join in drinking the health of the President."

Again the officers drank the toast standing.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Preparations are well advanced for the entertainment on Wednesday of the group of naval officers from the German squadron now at Hampton Roads. Among the officers who accompanied Secretary Meyer to Hampton Roads last night were Rear Admiral Charles J. Badger, Capt. Frank F. Fletcher, Lieut. John W. Timmons, and Lieut. Leigh Palmer, all of whom while serving with the fleet, met the officers of the German fleet. Admiral Badger commanded the division that visited Kiel last year. The visit of the German squadron here is a return compliment for that cruise.

CHAINS GIRL TO TUBS AFTER BEATING HER

Father Goes to His Work Leaving His Young Daughter a Prisoner.

TIES UP HER HANDS, TOO

Found Fault with Her Housekeeping, She Tells Police—He Accuses Her of Waywardness.

After being beaten with a leather strap until her body was bruised and discolored and then chained to the washtubs in the kitchen of the little flat at 314 East 108th Street, where she lived with her father, and her young brother, Jennie Rampone, a fifteen-year-old girl, is now in the care of the Children's Society. Her father, William Rampone, was held for Special Sessions yesterday in the Harlem Court to answer to a charge of assault, and in default of $500 bail was sent to the Harlem prison.

Jennie's parents came from Italy, where she was born. About five years ago, soon after the birth of the boy, Antonio, the mother died, and since then, the girl said, she had been housekeeper for her father, and mother to Antonio, beside going to school. Her father left a small sum of money each day for the family needs, and the little girl, after getting breakfast and dressing Antonio, would tidy up the rooms and turn the boy over to a neighbor before starting to school. The father was hard to please and the girl told the officers of the society that he had often beaten her and at least on three occasions left her chained up while he went to his work. He was very angry with her on Wednesday morning, she told the police, and flayed her with a leather strap, using the buckle end of it to beat her with.

After beating her the father got out a chain, she said, and one end of this he fastened about her ankles and the other end he made fast to the tubs in the kitchen. He also fastened her hands, she declared, with a clothesline, which he wrapped about her waist, and this line he also tied fast to the tubs. Then he went to his work.

The girl managed to get her hands free and untied the rope from about her waist, and then, with the assistance of her brother, she broke the chain. She fled down the fire escape and went to the home of a neighbor. The Children's Society was notified and Agent Barclay was sent to investigate. As a result he got a warrant for the father's arrest.

When he went to the house there was only Antonio at home, and he took the boy to the society's rooms. On a second visit he found the doors padlocked. It was not until Saturday night that he found and arrested the father.

William Rampone is a laborer, but he had a lawyer in court yesterday, and they tried to bring out the fact that Jennie is wayward; that she neglected school and stayed out nights. All these things the girl denied. The father admitted that he had beaten the child and chained her to the tubs. He had been forced to resort to such measures, he said, to correct her wayward tendencies.

He had chained her up, he said, because he had left sixty cents home for household use and she had spent some of it for candy. The girl attends Public School No. 68 in East 104th Street. Later, in the Children's Court, the children were placed in the care of the Children's Society to await the outcome of the case against the father.

SAFEST and STRONGEST

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.

RICHARD M. HURD, President

Capital & Surplus, $8,500,000

No Loans Made on vacant land, factories or other special risks

59 Liberty St., Manhattan
184 Montague St., Brooklyn

Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms

Incorporated,
333-341 Fourth av., S.E.cor. 25th st.
HENRY A. HARTMAN, Auct'r.

To-day at 2 P. M.

and continuing daily throughout the week.

Closing Furniture Sale of the Season

Antique and Modern Household Appointments

suitable for city and country furnishing and consisting of consignments from estates and private sources and all goods left over from former sales.

On free view till hour of sale.

BLAZING LOFT ROCKS UNDER FIRE STREAMS

882,000 Gallons of Water Shot on Blaze That Destroys a White Street Factory.

BACK DRAUGHT AIDS FLAMES

Fireman Caught in a Shower of Glass —$60,000 Stock of Lace and Linen Ruined.

An early morning fire destroyed the shirt factory of I. Gitenstein, which occupies the five upper stories of the six-story brick loft at 12 White Street, yesterday, and water which was driven into the flames at the rate of 12,000 gallons a minute ruined a $60,000 stock of embroidered linen and lace on the first floor and basement, owned by Ireland Brothers, importers.

The first alarm was turned in by Policeman Murphy of the Leonard Street Station, who saw smoke rising from the roof. He started through the building with the watchman, but at the second floor he found the smoke too dense and was forced to return to the street. Battalion Chief King and several fire companies arrived and began to run hose up the fire-escapes and to the top of adjoining buildings.

As soon as they began to play streams of water on the floor a back draught was produced on the third floor which sent a blast of flame out of the windows, enveloping the three upper stories. The fire up to this time had been smoldering in bales of cloth on the third floor, closed doors and windows shutting off the draught.

Assistant Foreman Otto Klein of Engine 20 was on the sidewalk below when the back draught sent down a shower of broken glass from the windows above. He was treated at the Hudson Street Hospital for a number of small cuts on the hands and face.

The building was soon burning so fiercely that Battalion Chief King turned in a second alarm. Deputy Chief Martin responded and later sent in a third alarm, which brought Deputy Commissioner Oivanney to join the firefighting force. Sixteen high-pressure lines were soon playing from the adjoining roofs and in the windows at the front and rear. The men who ascended the fire-escapes were ordered down by Deputy Chief Martin because of the shaky condition of the front wall, which was succumbing to the battery of the powerful streams. Hundreds of bricks were washed out of place and the building after the fire looked as if it had been under bombardment.

The fire several times threatened to spread further. It jumped to one of the top windows of the five-story building at 14 White Street, occupied by the Castelisland Linen Company. Several lines of hose were switched to this point and in a few minutes the new blaze was out, but not till many thousands of dollars of damage had been done by water. The building on the other side, at 8 and 10 White Street, was also in danger at another time, when the fire spurted to one of the windows of its upper story. Here much damage was caused by water to Glendenning, McLeish & Co., manufacturers of handkerchiefs and linens.

ADVERTISEMENT.

WEEK-END REST FOR SHOP GIRLS

So much depends upon her. Her breakdown or illness is a calamity in any family. It threatens the independence and comfort of the home.

Recognizing the importance of keeping her strong and well both for her and her family's sake, the A. I. C. P. plans week-end outings this summer.

As many as can be accommodated will be sent to Sea Breeze, Coney Island. Others will go to some quiet place in the country.

Only the working girl who cannot have an outing at all, or who needs rest before her "vacation turn," comes will be selected by our visitors.

When planning your week-end outings, will you not consider the needs of the tired shop girl, whose pay envelope is the family's only income? They appeal to you through us for an opportunity to regain health and strength for future effort.

HOW MANY WILL YOU SEND THIS WEEK AS YOUR GUESTS? YOUR CONTRIBUTION WILL BE YOUR ANSWER.

Send gifts to Robert Shaw Minturn, Treasurer, Room 210, 105 East 22d St.

N. Y. Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

R. FULTON CUTTING, President.

STRIKE CALL FAILS; WAITERS GOING BACK

Continued from Page 1.

In no time the corridor was strewn with broken crockery. Out of the litter the two were plucked and later Minno was placed in the hands of the police.

Sure Strike Is Broken.

If the prominent hotel men spoke on Sunday as though they believed the strike was over, they spoke yesterday as though they were sure of it.

"The strike is broken," said William C. Muschenheim of the Hotel Astor last evening. "Let me prove it to you."

And he led the inquirer to the roof of the Astor, festive with a myriad lights. There sat no less than 2,800 women at supper. It was the reception of the New York City Federation of Women's Clubs. Waiters darted in every direction, and the service was so smooth it was hard to believe that less than two blocks away was a building swarming with strikers who contended that they would close every hotel in the city. Mr. Muschenheim waved his hands with an expansive and expressive gesture.

"I am running the Astor with a 100 per cent. force. The force has a 75 per cent. efficiency, and this is increasing daily."

All along the line of hotels this confidence in the satisfactory outcome of the strike was expressed with renewed emphasis, and for them all Mr. Reed of the Park Avenue said that the victory is already with the hotel men.

"We have stuck together," he said, "and we will stick together."

It was learned yesterday that the members of the Hotel Men's Association have reinforced their mutual defiance by having each of their 107 members put up a bond of $1,000 to back their agreement not to yield in any way to the strikers without the consent of the Executive Strike Committee of Thirteen.

Mr. Reed noted an increase yesterday in the movement of the men to regain their old positions. This is a steady movement, he said, each day bringing more reports of men shame-facedly reappearing after a stanch walkout. According to Manager Haan, 19 of the strikers from the St. Regis have tried to regain their old positions. They were told they could not be reinstated at this time, but they are not blacklisted. Mr. Sherry reported with a smile in the afternoon that 24 of his 80 strikers had been received back in the fold. And President Matson of the American Geneva, one of the allied waiters' societies, reported that 51 of the Knickerbocker strikers had petitioned for reinstatement. Mr. Matson resigned his office yesterday as a protest against what he considers a now fruitless prolonging of the strike.

Hotel managers in a chorus say that their dining rooms are only too apt to be run at a substantial loss, and that the new burden will have to be reflected on the menus.

"New York can prepare itself to pay just about five cents more for every dish," was the prediction of one hotel expert.

While there were many predictions that the strike will fail of its last and final purpose, the recognition of the union, there were many who foretold that the struggle will be renewed later when the hotel men will be less prepared than in a slack season to ward off the blows of the union. There is a conviction among many of the leading hotel men that another strike will be called in November.

Dissension in the Union.

Dissension among the union leaders, hailed with the greatest satisfaction by the almost unbroken ranks of the hotel proprietors, reached a climax in the ousting of William P. Mueller, an active member of the Executive Committee of the International Hotel Workers' Union and Chairman of its Press Committee. The quarrel between Mueller on the one hand and Blochlinger, Eltser, and Rudolph Miller on the other, had been brewing for twenty-four hours, and yesterday noon Miller, as Vice President of the union, suspended him, a verdict that was sustained by the roar of assent from 2,000 of the strikers when they met later in the afternoon in Bryant Hall and were told of Mueller's "treachery."

Mueller's candor on union subjects, his sympathy with the strikers, and his general inclination to compromise sowed the seeds of discord. The first evidence came late Sunday night, when he reported to his colleagues that a striker from the St. Regis had been offered a position as butler in the country home of one of the St. Regis patrons. He was a married man with a large family. The walk out was a heavy burden to him, and Mueller instantly told him to accept the position offered. When he so reported there was a torrent of abuse from Eltser. Mueller accused the other leaders of a blind disregard for patent facts, and declared that if they had their way the men would be eating out of the gutter in two weeks' time. For his own part, he voiced his determination to bring about an adjustment of the strike independent of their efforts.

Yesterday morning, bright and early, he was out with his proposal. It involved the acceptance of the revised wage schedule which the hotel men have already granted outright, and waived the question of union recognition. In return for this waiver, he asked for $10 a week for the waiters instead of $30 a month. He said that his proposal had the approval of the six allied waiters' societies with whom the hotel men have dealt from the first. "Traitor" was the mildest term which the other union leaders applied to Mueller when they heard of his yielding on the point of the union recognition, the one point around which all this battle is being waged.

Mueller Criticised Eltser.

"Eltser and Blochlinger are not conducting this strike in the right way," was Mueller's open criticism. "They are calling men out all over the city, giving opportunity for strikebreakers to be brought here, and in the end they cannot possibly win out on the question of recognition. And they know they can't. We have lost that point in every city that a strike has been tried. It was the case in San Francisco, St. Louis, and every city. It is wrong to keep the men idle all Summer in a hopeless fight when the real gain that the men are fighting for, the question of more pay, is within their grasp, and they can get it at once if they drop their insistence on the recognition of their union."

Many of the strikers were very bitter in their denunciation of Mueller, and in the midst of many ugly threats as to what they proposed to do with him he quietly went his way, confident that many waiters are with him. He was not the only one who was jostled at his post in the councils of the union yesterday. Eltser, organizer, leader, and most impassioned spokesman of the strikers, while not dethroned, is no longer to be official spokesman, according to the decision reached yesterday by Blochlinger, the cooler head of the two. He himself and Rudolph Miller, the Vice President, are to do the talking, said Mr. Blochlinger.

"Don't you pay any attention to what Eltser says," was Blochlinger's counsel.

The disfavor with which Mueller was viewed at union headquarters where the membership dues have been taken in as fast as a clerking force could receive them, was due to the fact that he based his argument on the premise that the strikers will fail in their endeavor to win the union recognition. By the same token, the newspapers which indicated yesterday morning that there were portents of failure in the air, were denounced vigorously at union headquarters.

The Union Broadside.

Late in the day a broadside was delivered in this circular:

THE CAPITALIST PRESS MISREPRESENTS THE STRIKE SITUATION.

This morning the capitalistic press is bringing out a lot of absolutely unfounded and lying statements regarding discontent in the rank and file of our union with our leaders, particularly with our business agent, Brother Elster.

Brothers and fellow-workers do not believe what a reporter writes, bribed by the bosses, who have the money to bribe them. We have no money for bribes.

There is no want among our fellow-workers as yet, and there will not be for a long time to come; and how can a reporter know anything about our financial standing.

Do you think we tell every Tom, Dick, and Harry all about our business? Don't be misled by these newspaper-articles. Read the Call, Forward, Proletario, and Volkszeitung, and you will know the truth.

You are 100,000 strong in this city; don't buy the papers which are lying about us.

There is absolutely no strife among your leaders and officials. On the contrary there is perfect harmony. Stick to your leaders as you have done up to now and don't believe newspaper lies, instigated by the hotel proprietors, our enemies.

Notwithstanding the falsehoods of those who are deliberately trying to discourage the strikers for reasons best known to themselves, the cooks, waiters and the rest of our fellow-workers, inspired by the spirit of brotherhood and humanity are surely marching to victory.

THE EXECUTIVE BOARD, INTERNATIONAL HOTEL WORKERS' UNION.

The same suspicion that the union in its present strike cannot succeed in unionizing the hotels led John H. Daschner, Vice President of the Elite Head Waiters' Association, to make arrangements for a conference looking to a settlement. He will meet the Executive Committee of the union this afternoon with the proposal that the question of recognizing and dealing with the union be left to the head waiters. They, he said, could have a tacit understanding with the union on the subject of the "closed dining room," and the hotel proprietors would not have to be bothered with the moot point.

The threat that the downtown business district would feel the power of the union yesterday was not an idle one. Haan's restaurant in Park Row and Mouquin's were the ones selected. Mouquin's uptown place had already known what it means to hang out the sign "Closed on Account of Waiters' Strike." The downtown place acquired that experience yesterday, and the place was closed a little before noon. The walkout had been forestalled by Henry F. Mouquin, who summoned his help about him, called for a declaration of unionism, got it from sixty-five of his waiters and cooks, and promptly shoved them to the door. When that same door had been closed to the usual heavy noon patronage, bottles of good wine were opened and circulated among the loyal staff that remained with the establishment and who will be the nucleus of the new staff with which the restaurant hopes to open shortly.

R. H. Haan, who had tasted the strength of the waiters at his St. Regis, had been squaring his shoulders for the blow at his place in Park Row. It came at ten minutes before the noon hour. When the whistle sounded seventy-nine waiters dropped their trays and departed, leaving forty-six loyal employes to join hands with the strikebreakers, who made it possible for the usual noon rush to be served.

CLOTHIERS IN CONVENTION.

National Association to Elect President to Succeed Marcus M. Marks.

The sixteenth annual convention of the National Association of Clothiers opened yesterday morning at the Royal Palace Hotel, Atlantic City, with more than 100 delegates in attendance. The sessions will continue to-day and to-morrow. The principal interest of the convention lies in the selection of a President to succeed Marcus M. Marks, who resigned last year, following his withdrawal from the clothing manufacturing industry.

Last night a dinner was given in honor of Mr. Marks, at which he was presented with 400 volumes of text and reference books on subjects which he proposes to study for the rest of his life. In thanking the members of the association for their token of esteem, Mr. Marks urged the organization to bring about closer co-operation and friendship among the clothiers and woolen manufacturers. He also told thtm that the association could do much to bring down the high cost of living, adding that "something terrible was bound to happen if the endless chain of higher and higher cost of living did not stop turning."

The New English Last

This new Crown last is a duplicate of a shoe made by the best custom made boot maker of the Burlington Arcade, London. It has been a great success in our Paris and London stores, and will be worn in New York by men who lead the fashion.

Hanan & Son

New Store for Men

Nassau cor. Liberty St.

Six Broadway Stores

Broadway, corner 31st St. | Broadway, cor. Canal St.
Broadway, corner 38th St. | Broadway, cor. Fulton St.
1095 Broadway, near 23d St. | 297 B'way, near Duane St.
In Brooklyn at 390 Fulton Street

Patch Pocket Suits

for Men—at Saks'

The average patch pocket is not a patch on the Saks patch pocket

¶ A nice sense of proportion in the placing of a regulation pocket has a great deal to do with the success of a garment. And when it comes to patch pockets, which by their very nature are thrown into such sharp relief, only the utmost skill can avoid a failure.

¶ A patch pocket is designed to have the appearance of a patch, yet it should be a part of the coat rather than a postscript, for a too literal interpretation of a patch pocket means a botch pocket.

¶ For present wear the patch pocket garment is a very popular choice, and some of our smartest models are patch-pocketed to perfection. Though affixed like a postage stamp, a Saks patch pocket is so smartly tailored that it would appear to have had inside information.

¶ Generally speaking, the patch pocket is confined to fancy fabrics, but we have also tailored it in plain color fabrics, and it is particularly effective in blues and grays. You may also be interested to know that in some of our patch pocket models the patch pocket idea is carried out in the waistcoat, too. Yet it is to be noted, that though this may seem to be radical, it does not appear extreme. One more of those many fine distinctions which separate Saks Clothes from the average.

20.00 to 45.00

Saks & Company

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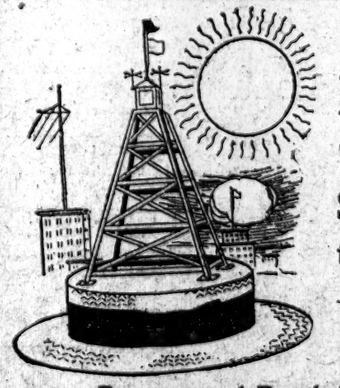


Indications are—for a good old-fashioned tropical Summer. Why worry? A Young Straw will "see you through" in comfort—and the best of style.

$2, $3 and $4

Panamas and Bangkoks at popular prices.

Young's Hats
HOME BETTER MADE

199 Broadway, 608 Broadway, 849 Broadway, 993 Broadway, 1197 Broadway, 500 Fifth Ave.

1359 Broadway, 6 Broadway, Only Store on Nassau St., No. 37. Only Brooklyn Store, 371 Fulton St. Opposite City Hall.

CROKER IN TRAINING, BUT BREAKS RULES

Taking a Course in Physical Culture Prescribed by Annette Kellermann.

EATS MEAT AND SUFFERS

Arrives in London for the Derby and Thinks Victory by the King's Horse Would Benefit the Sport.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 3.—Richard Croker, accompanied by Mrs. S. W. Bowman, arrived in London yesterday to attend Wednesday's Derby, where he is entertaining a box party, including Annette Kellermann and Mrs. Joyner, the wife of H. P. Whitney's trainer.

Mr. Croker has been enjoying fine health until to-day. For some time past he has eaten no meat. He is also undergoing a course in physical culture prescribed by Miss Kellermann.

Last night he fell a victim to a succulent quail, although I have it on the word of Mrs. Bowman that he ate hardly a forkful of meat. However, it was evidently enough to upset the former Tammany Chief, for he is going about telling his friends to-day that he is not feeling well because he ate meat yesterday.

Mr. Croker is divided in his hopes for Wednesday's winner. Naturally he wants an American horse to win, but he says it will be a fine thing for the turf if the King's representative is first home.

Many Americans are here for the Derby, but present indications point to fewer witnessing it than for years past. The irony of the situation is that an American horse is the favorite.

Tim Sullivan and his party are expected from Paris to-night, also H. B. Duryea, owner of the favorite.

KAISER'S HEIR AN AUTHOR.

"From My Hunting Diary" In the Press—Photographs by the Princess.

BERLIN, June 3.—Crown Prince Frederick William has made his début as an author.

"From My Hunting Diary," which is now being printed, describes the Crown Prince's hunting experiences in Germany and abroad.

Many photographs will appear in the book, some of them by the Crown Princess.

TAFT CONGRATULATES KING.

President Sends a Message to George V. on the Latter's Birthday.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—To-day being the forty-seventh anniversay of the birth of King Georve V., the President sent the following congratulatory message to him:

"On this anniversary of your birth, I extend to your Majesty, in the name of the Government and people of the United States, hearty congratulations and my own sincere wishes for your personal health and happiness and the continued prosperity of the Empire over which you reign."

MRS. GUMMEY SUES HUSBAND

Noted Philadelphia Horsewoman and Hostess Now a Stenographer.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 3.—Mrs. Sophia D. Gummey, society beauty, noted horsewoman, formerly hostess at entertainments in New York, Philadelphia, and Atlantic City, and friend of the Vanderbilts, has been earning her living as a stenographer for nearly two years. She was the wife of James McFarland Gummey, financier and real estate broker.

Mrs. Gummey has filed suit for divorce against her husband, charging him with "wilful and malicious desertion." He disappeared during the night preceding Thanksgiving Day, 1910. He left his wife with numerous creditors to face. She disposed of her jewels and paid as many of his debts as she was able.

Until one year ago, Mrs. Gummey refused to believe that she had been deserted. She declared that even though her husband had run away from his financial obligations, she did not think he had run away from her. She prepared to await the return.

After selling her jewels, Mrs. Gummey started on a hunt for a position. One of her family friends informed her that if she would learn stenography he would get a position for her. When Gummey disappeared, he was the head of J. H. Gummey & Sons, a real estate concern, which had been established in 1843 and had been considered one of the most suostantial concerns of its kind in the city. Following his disappearance the crash came, and it was found that he had manipulated his business so that he owed something more than $100,000 to his personal friends.

FUMES OVERCOME FIREMEN.

Carried from Murray Street Loft Building in Troublesome Fire.

While fighting fire in the five-story loft building, 79 Murray Street, last night, several firemen were overcome by the fumes of a chemical and had to be assisted to the street. The fire was beyond control for two hours. The loss is $15,000.

Deputy Chief King sent in a second alarm upon his arrival and that brought Chief Kenlon. The first floor of the building is occupied by Webb & Meyer, wine dealers, the second, third, and fourth floors by Nerdlinger Brothers, dealers in glassware and druggists' sundries, and the fifth floor by Armstrong Brothers, manufacturers of corks. The fire apparently started on the third floor, and it was working upward toward the roof when the fire fighters got to work. Chief Kenlon sent Capt. O'Connell and the men of Engine Company 29 upstairs to the rear of the third floor to fight it from that point.

The men noticed a pungent smell, which as the flames advanced, got stronger. Then Firemen Pritchard and Schneider fell and had to be carried out. Others took their places. Fireman Whales had hardly been assisted to the street before Capt. O'Connell fell. Lieut. Tighe took his place and he, too, had to be helped to the street. Firemen Kline, Powers, and Shea were also taken out. The men of Salvage Corps 10 had a hard time. Some of them were overcome and one man fell down stairs as he staggered toward the open air.

FARLEY VISITS THE BLIND.

Cardinal Makes an Official Call at Mount Loretta Home.

Cardinal Farley, accompanied by Mgr. Lewis, Mgr. Lavelle, and about 200 priests and city officials, yesterday paid an official visit to Mt. Loretta Home, founded by the late Rev. Father Drumgoole, at Pleasant Plains, Richmond Borough. Father M. J. Fitzpatrick escorted the Cardinal to the chapel, where he made an address of welcome.

After dinner the Cardinal visited the home, where 200 blind children of the institution are kept. He made a short address to them, and then chatted with them individually. He remained at the institution last night as the guest of Father Fitzpatrick. The rest of the party returned to New York.

COWLES-ELSOTT WEDDING.

Daughter of Sir Arthur Elsott Weds Edward B. Cowles To-day.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 3.—At the wedding to-morrow at St. George's, Hanover Square, of Lady Vera Elsott, daughter of Sir Arthur and Lady Elsott, to Edward Boles Cowles, son of the late David S. Cowles of Rye, N. Y., the bride will wear a cream satin dress, with shadow lace and diamante trimmings, with Court train hanging from the shoulder. Her only ornament will be a pearl and diamond pendant, the gift of the bridegroom.

The eight bridesmaids will include Elizabeth Fowler of New York.

EXTRADITION PAPERS ARRIVE.

Motley-Miller Depositions Reach London—May Reopen Case.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 3.—Following the discharge Friday of Clark A. Miller and Alfred H. Motley, arrested for extradition to the United States on a charge of larceny of $100,000 in connection with the United States Lithograph Company of New York, the papers in the case reached London to-day, having missed the mail by which it was intended to send them.

It was owing to the non-arrival of the papers that the Bow Street magistrate discharged the defendants, ignoring the warrant, signed by President Taft and brought by Lieuts. Barney Flood and Joseph Reilly of the New York police.

The envelope containing the depositions is postmarked "Washington—A. M.—May 21," and was delivered at the American Embassy here at 7 A. M. today. The papers have been sent to the Home Secretary, with whom the decision lies as to whether the case shall be reopened here. A decision is expected soon.

DENIES TURKEY'S CHARGES.

Italy Declares She Has Conducted the War in a Humane Manner.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—In a cablegram made public here to-day by Marquis Cusani, the Italian Ambassador, received from the Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs, the Marquis di San Giuliano, the conduct of the Turkish-Italian war by the Italian forces is vigorously defended. The telegram discusses the assertions by which the Ottoman Government sought to justify the expulsion of all Italians from Turkish territory.

The telegram denies that the Italians "massacred or banished" thousands of the inhabitants of Tripoli, that bombs had been thrown from aeroplanes on noncombatants, that Italian warships bombarded undefended cities, that a Turkish hospital ship was sequestrated, and that the liberty of Mohammedans in islands occupied by the Italians has been restricted.

FRENCH KILL 600 MOORS.

Situation in Fez Much Improved Owing to Rout of Tribesmen.

FEZ, June 3.—It is announced that the tribesmen were completely routed by the strong French column sent out on Saturday by Gen. Lyautey, the French Governor.

The tribesmen held positions six miles outside of Fez. They were shelled by artillery, and it is estimated that 600 of them were killed.

The situation in Fez has greatly improved.

TO BREAK OUR MONOPOLY.

Duma Plan to Test Agricultural Machinery from Other Countries.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 3.—The Agricultural Committee to-day submitted to the Duma a bill appropriating $60,000 to be used in testing British, German, Canadian and other agricultural machinery "with the aim of freeing Russian agriculture from the American monopoly."

Frick's Velasquez Shown in London.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 3.—H. C. Frick has lent his Parma Velasquez to Messrs. Knoedler & Co., who are exhibiting it in London, being shown with Rembrandt's "Portrait of a Man," which was recently sold by Lord Feversham. In connection with the latter The London Times understands that Mr. Frick is not the owner, "or, at all events, not yet."

ACT RALEIGH PART FOR WILHELMINA

But Gallant Soldiers at Review in France Use Boards Instead of a Cloak.

THE QUEEN IS DELIGHTED

Holds Out Her Hand and Maker of Improvised Road Kisses It—Her Visit to France Ends.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 3.—Queen Wilhelmina's visit to France terminated to-day, when one of the most charming incidents of her stay occurred.

Her Majesty was at Camp Satory, where she accompanied President Fallières to witness a review in her honor. The Queen, despite the rain, left the grand stand, escorted by M. Fallières, visited one of the batteries, and witnessed the operation of loading and firing a gun. Her Majesty was about to return when an artilleryman, observing that the ground was muddy, ran to the ammunition chests, and, seizing some boards, placed them on the ground. Thus, like Raleigh with his cloak, he improvised a footway along the muddy soil, and the Queen was able to advance without wetting her shoes. There were not enough boards to complete the path to the stand, so, as the Queen walked, soldiers lifted the boards behind her and ran and placed them in front.

The Queen was greatly pleased, and when she reached the end of the promenade, turned with a grateful gesture to the man who placed the last board and held out her hand. The soldier, removing his cap, bent over the Queen's hand and gallantly kissed it.

BELGIAN WORKMEN ANGRY.

Strike Owing to Result of Election—Several Rioters Wounded.

LIEGE, June 3.—Serious disorders occurred here this evening.

The worst clash was in front of the Socialist Club, where a meeting had just concluded. The gendarmes were forced to use their firearms, and three persons were killed and fifteen wounded.

A demonstration also occurred in front of the City Hall. A riotous mob demanded the relase of one of their number who had been arrested. Street cars were derailed and windows smashed.

The gendarmes and police charged repeatedly, and many persons were hurt.

BRUSSELS, June 3. — An industrial strike was inaugurated to-day at Charleroi and elsewhere in protest against the Government's victory at the polls. Several thousand miners and glassworkers are out. The streets are patrolled by gendarmes.

At Verviers practically all workmen in the town struck. In preserving order the gendarmes charged a body of strikers, wounding several of them.

More complete returns from yesterday's Parliamentary elections emphasize the victory of the Clericals—the Government Party—whose majority in the Chamber of Deputies is increased from six to fourteen or sixteen.

The Clerical newspapers accept the result as a triumph for their cause—the placing of free denominational schools on an equality with the State public schools, in which no religious instruction is given.

The Liberal organs, on the other hand, declare that the outcome was due to fraud and corruption and the system of plural voting.

The troops are kept in barracks throughout Belgium in order to cope with possible disorders.

OUR NOTE CAUSES DISMAY.

Nicaraguans Worried by Demand That $33,000,000 Be Accounted For.

SAN JUAN DEL SUR, June 3.—It is stated that the note which American Minister Weitzel is said to have presented to the Government at Managua asks an accounting for $33,000,000, and names the receivers of the same with the nature of their respective claims.

As before reported, the note was in response to Nicaragua's importunities for financial aid in order to meet the debts which far exceed the republic's resources. The American State Department suggested that the Government compel its partisans to return money received for claims of doubtful legality.

The note is said to have caused dismay on the part of those who would be affected if the American hint were acted upon.

HARDY ON HEADLINES.

Author Does Not Like This American Innovation in Journalism.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 3.—Thomas Hardy, in acknowledging the Gold Medal of the Royal Society of Literature, presented to him by Henry Newbolt and W. B. Yeats on behalf of the society, on the occasion of his seventy-second birthday, made a plea for pure English and deplored the "appalling increase of slipshod writing."

Mr. Hardy said he feared that the vast increase of hurried descriptive reporting for newspapers was largely responsible for this in England, adding:

"Then the increasing influx of American journals fearfully and wonderfully worded helps on the indifference to literary form. Their influence has been strongly apparent of late years in our English newspapers, where one often now meets headlines in staring capitals that are phrases of no language whatever, often incomprehensible at a casual glance.

"Every kind of reward, prize, or grant, therefore, which urges omnivorous readers and incipient writers toward appreciating the splendors of English undefiled and a desire of producing such for themselves is of immense value."

Women to Fight Suffrage.

LA CROSSE, Wis., June 3.—Women of Wisconsin have organized to fight the woman suffrage movement in this State. Clubs will be organized in Madison, Eau Claire, Oshkosh and La Crosse, to institute an aggressive campaign to defeat the suffrage referendum law to be voted upon next November. Opponents of the proposed law will raise funds to defeat the measure.

LADY SYKES DEAD.

More Than Once Prosecuted on Account of Financial Transactions.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 3.—The death is announced of Lady Sykes, wife of Sir Tatton Sykes, whom she married in 1874, when she was 18 years old.

Lady Sykes had a remarable career. She was an authoress and editor of a newspaper, and a hospital nurse in South Africa during the Boer war.

She was formerly Miss Christiana Cavendish-Bentinck, daughter of the late Right Hon. George Augustus Cavendish-Bentinck.

Lady Sykes, who was a relative of the Duke of Portland, was charged on Aug. 2, 1897, with obtaining by false pretenses checks to the value of $26,500. The prosecution was stopped when it was learned that Sir Tatton Sykes, who had been separated from his wife for twenty years, had agreed to meet her liabilities.

In October of the same year Lady Sykes was charged with forging her husband's name to bills for $50,000, but the charge was dismissed. Later, she was sued on a not for $79,700, purporting to be signed by her husband. The jury pronounced the signature a forgery. Friends came to the rescue, paid the money, and the prosecution was dropped.

Sir Tatton Sykes, who is now 84 years old, is notorious for his penuriousness, and his wife on one occasion sued him for pin money.

Clement Engaged for Boston Opera.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 3.—Henry Russell has engaged Edmond Clement, the Paris Opera tenor, as leading tenor of the Boston Opera next season.

LOWER SUEZ CANAL TARIFF.

Profits So Large Last Year That Another Reduction Is Ordered.

PARIS, June 3.—An increase in the receipts of $866,000 over the preceding year was reported at the annual meeting of the Suez Canal Company to-day.

The total receipts for the year were $27,762,000. This, it was announced, justified a reduction in the tariff on vessels, which will again be lowered next January.

Although business with China was hampered by political conditions, the export trade with India and the Dutch Indies showed an increase, while Japan extended her commericial relations with Europe.

Cotton Exchange Elects Officers.

There was but one ticket in the field at the annual election of the New York Cotton Exchange yesterday. President George W. Neville, Vice-President Edward K. Cone, and Treasurer James F. Maury, were re-elected. Of the fifteen managers who were elected nine are already members of the board. The newly elected managers were Adolf G. Hagedorn, Charles A. Kittle, Robert E. L. Lewis, Luitpold Mandelbaum, Elwood P. McEnany, and Gardiner H. Miller.

EXCESS COST

Excess cost on a building operation may be a direct excess in actual disbursements, due to the incompetence, negligence, or limited purchasing powers of the Contractor.

Or, it may be an indirect excess in the form of lost rentals and increased carrying charges due to delayed completion.

Yet, although excess cost on a building operation may be brought about in a number of ways, one way will suffice to avoid it—employ us.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

"Better Goods for the Same Money or the Same Goods for Less Money Than Elsewhere"

THE BIG STORE — BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE.

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.

18TH & 19TH STS. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. NEW YORK

IN NEW YORK'S SHOPPING CENTER

Great June Sales

Begin with Remarkably Big Attendance in All Departments of Both of Our Magnificently Stocked Buildings.

In this Announcement We Merely Hint at a Few of the Biggest

Sales for Today

MAIN BUILDING—*Devoted to Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Wearing Apparel, Groceries, Etc.*

A MOST EXTRAORDINARY DISTRIBUTION OF SLIGHTLY USED PIANOS AND PLAYER-PIANOS.
$12.50 to $35 PARASOLS, made of finest silks, shantungs and marquisettes; any costume can be matched; today's special prices are.....$6.25 to $17.50
WOMEN'S $6 to $8.75 SKIRTS, today at.....$3.95
MEN'S & WOMEN'S $3 to $4 FOOT-MOULD LOW SHOES, at....$2.65
MISSES' $7.50 SERGE DRESSES, at.....$3.95
MEN'S AND YOUTHS' GUARANTEED BLUE SERGE SUITS, at. $9.85
SEVERAL HUNDRED WOMEN'S HOUSE AND PORCH DRESSES, $1.50 value, at.....$1
THE GREAT CITY AND COUNTRY SALE OF GROCERIES OFFERS THOUSANDS OF ECONOMIES.
WOMEN'S $3 and $3.50 "LA FRANCE" LOW SHOES, IN SAMPLE SIZES ONLY, ARE FEATURED IN OUR BARGAIN-BASEMENT TODAY at.....69c
ANOTHER SPECIAL BARGAIN-BASEMENT OFFERING IS A CLEARANCE OF WOMEN'S $12.50 to $19.50 CLOTH SUITS, at..$4 and $6

The Greenhut Building

The Largest, Finest and Most Helpful Store in the World Devoted Exclusively to Furniture and Housefurnishings.

SAVING $10 on the price of a good rug.
A RICH LITTLE OFFER OF CURTAINS AND LACE BED SETS.
$6.50 IRISH POINT LACE CURTAINS, at.....$4.35
$6.75 MARIE ANTOINETTE CURTAINS, at.....$4.50
$8.50 MARIE ANTOINETTE BED SETS, at.....$5.50
$22.50 PRINCESS DRESSERS, at.....$15
GOLDEN OAK LIBRARY OR OFFICE TABLES, at.....$3.75
THE BARGAIN-BASEMENT SPECIALIZES BUNGALOW BRASS BEDSTEADS, regularly priced at $12.50; today.....$8.75
Also BARGAIN-BASEMENT Sales of excellent pictures; popular subjects, at.....29c
AND GOOD LAWN MOWERS, today at.....$1.95

60 EXTRA Y.H. GREEN TRADING STAMPS IN EVERY BOOK STARTED THIS WEEK. The regular sets of complimentary free stamps distributed each Tuesday in the Premium Parlor, on the third floor of our GREENHUT Building, will be given today. These are in addition to the 60 "Extra Free Stamps" given with every book started this week.

Double Y.H. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

Cool Fabrics
Do not Ipso Facto
Make Cool Suits

"Ipso Facto" means *"necessarily."*
Cool Suits are Cool fabrics *Plus.*
If your Summer Suit does not *fit you perfectly* it *won't* be *comfortable.*
Comfort—in Summertime—is, ipso facto, *coolness.*
If your suit is *too loose,* it will sag and chafe you.
If it is *too tight,* it will bind—and chafe some more.
In other words, a *cool fabric* plus *perfect fit,* plus—because the human animal is vain—the *top notch of style,* makes the sum total of Summer Suit *happiness.*

Smith Gray & Co.

Summer Suits are *cool* Suits.
The *first* try-on usually means a *fine fit.*
For every size *is divided into sub-sizes* to match your physical originality.
The style—*so far advanced* that your suit will be up-to-date for two seasons.
The fabrics—three hundred of them—each *exclusive and handsome.*
Irish homespuns and Donegals; Scotch flannels, silk homespuns, crashes, blue serges, Saxony cassimeres, velours and soft light mixture woolens.
Town and country models and business suits.
Light, semi-medium and tropical weights—full or half skeleton lined.
And *values*—by *actual comparisons* with offerings elsewhere—such as these:

20.00 & 22.50 value Suits..... 15.50
22.50 & 25.00 value Suits..... 18.50
27.50 & 30.00 value Suits..... 22.50
32.50 to 40.00 value Suits..... 27.50

Smith Gray & Co.

Home of Bates Street Shirts for Well Dressed Men.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.
Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

E. A. NEWELL
CHARLES E. HOLLISTER, President

CUSTOM-MADE
NEGLIGEE SHIRTS
$2.50

In exclusive patterns of finest grade madras and percale. An unusual opportunity to secure expensive shirts, at a popular price.

PURE SILK SHIRTS
The height of luxury and acme of coolness---$5.00

Fifth Ave. at Twenty-Eighth St., N. Y.

Vantine's
The Oriental Store

A Wedding Gift Special

Sale of Brasses from Every Country of the Orient at 25 per cent. off

LET us point to the desirability of these quaint brass urns and vases and jardinieres—these objects of Far Eastern Art which "reflect the shadowed livery of the burnished sun!"—rather than to the prices reduced in honor of the brides in June.

They are fashionable. They brighten up a room. They give the treasured touch of the mysterious Orient to their surroundings—for of all articles of virtu the Oriental himself prefers brass.

The prices are more than inviting—suggesting an easy way to a $5, or a $10, or a $25 gift which will be valued for life. The reduction is most unusual—designed to attract attention to Vantine's as the one great gift store of the metropolis, with literally thousands of articles not to be found elsewhere.

New Importations of Bulgarian Scarfs

Beautiful squares and strips of this unique embroidery—useful in many attractive ways; for table covers, window and couch cushions, fitting into every nook and corner of a bride's new home. Also used to make into Summer hand-bags or to trim pongee, linen and other Summer gowns.
From $1.50 to $7 each.

Vantine Rugs for Wedding Gifts

A specially selected assortment at $25, including silky Mousseouls, Kurdistans and Bokharas—typical Vantine rugs. Another appropriate assortment for country house use at $14.75. Vantine rugs from these prices up to $20,000.

Moradabad, Japanese, Ceylonese, Russian, Persian and Damascus Brasses—All Reduced

Including Vases, Urns, Incense Burners, Tea Services, Tea Pots, Jardinieres, Hot Water Kettles, Rose Jars, Fern Dishes, Candlesticks, Candelabras, Bonbon Boxes, Bowls, Chafing Dishes and Gongs.
These are examples of the reductions:
Large Japanese Vases, reduced from $45 to $33.75.
Candlesticks, reduced from $1.50 to $1.13.
Persian Finger Bowls, reduced from $6 to $4.50 a dozen.
Japanese Dinner Gongs, sets of five, reduced from $4 to $3. Others as low as $1.
All other brass articles in proportion.

Vantine Ivories, Sunshades, Motor and Voyage Baskets of Eastern Fruits and Condiments. Booklets Mailed

·A·A·VANTINE·&·CO·

Boston — Broadway and Eighteenth Street — Philadelphia

IN NEW YORK'S SHOPPING CENTRE

Arnold, Constable & Co.
FOUNDED 1827
Dry Goods-Carpets-Upholstery

Announce Their Greatest General
Clearance Sale
The First Since 1868
Commencing Wednesday, June 5
Continuing from day to day
First particulars will be given in this evening's papers

Broadway & 19th Street.

TWO STRIKERS SHOT IN RIOT IN KEARNY

Invaded Town from Newark to Stop Building Operations and Stoned Chief of Police.

ALONE HE FACED 200 MEN

Mortally Wounded One, Winged Another, and Fell Unconscious from Blow as Rescuers Arrived.

Special to The New York Times.

KEARNY, N. J., June 3.—This little city of homes on the outskirts of Newark was invaded by more than 200 striking Italian excavators this morning, and in the battle that resulted Chief of Police William E. Nolen had his skull fractured, Francis Carey, another policeman, was injured, and two of the strikers were shot, one of them being so seriously wounded that he is not expected to live. Chief Nolen is in the German Hospital in New York, and the doctors say that he probably will get well.

For more than five minutes Chief Nolen faced the mob of strikers alone, and it was not until he was driven to the wall and his head and body made the target for a bombardment of rocks that he drew his pistol and fired into the strikers. He fired only two shots, but both shots took effect. As he sank fainting to the ground with two bad wounds in the head the strikers started to rush him, and they might have added murder to assault had not several other policemen and a score of citizens who had been impressed into service arrived at that moment. Allesandro Carmine of 50 Jefferson Street, Newark, one of the strikers shot by Chief Nolen, is said to-night to be dying in St. Michael's Hospital here. Peter Denia, also of Newark, the other striker who stopped one of the Chief's bullets, has so far recovered that the police have taken him in charge and locked him up together with twenty-five other Italians who are accused of being concerned in the morning's riot.

The invading strikers assembled in West Hudson for the purpose of marching to Kearny and compelling workmen who were excavating for the foundations for buildings here to quit work and join their ranks. The mob got under way soon after 9 o'clock, and probably would have taken Kearny entirely by surprise had it not been for William Guenther, acting Inspector of the New Jersey Public Service.

Guenther overheard enough of their talk to understand that Kearny was the destination of the mob, and, jumping on board the first car that passed, he ordered the motorman to speed to the Town Hall here, and not to stop to let off or take on any passengers. The army of strikers was then on the outskirts of Kearny, and he realized that every moment was precious, for the mob was in an ugly mood. When the car stopped in front of the Town Hall Chief Nolen was just coming out of his office.

"Get all the men you can; there's trouble a-plenty coming," Guenther shouted to the Chief.

"What sort of trouble? Are you trying to josh me?" the Chief asked.

"Not a bit of it. There is a mob of at least 200 Italians in this town right now, and they have come to make trouble," Guenther replied.

Chief Nolen looked up the street, and, half a mile away, within a block of the Kearny Public High School, he saw the mob. Near the High School four men were at work digging a cellar for a new dwelling. Calling to Policeman Philip Bell, who was on post a block away, to follow him, Chief Nolen boarded a street car, and in less than two minutes was facing the mob, which was threatening the four men. He warned the strikers off, but the mob was in no humor to respect legal authority, and closed in on the Chief.

Policeman Bell had run to telephone for reinforcements and to send in the riot call, so the Chief faced the mob alone.

"I won't tell you again to stop," the Chief commanded, as he faced the strikers. "The very first man who comes into this excavation is going to get shot. Now take my hint and get out of Kearny or you will regret it."

The answer was a shower of rocks, one of which struck the Chief in the neck, and another on the head. Nolen pointed his pistol at the mob and fired. Carmine, one of the leaders, fell, screaming that he had been killed. The mob showered Nolen with another volley of rocks and bricks, and the Chief fired a second time, the bullet this time entering the left arm of Denia, who retreated back into the crowd screaming that he, too, had been killed.

Before the Chief could fire a third time another rock, this time a big jagged one, struck him on the head, and he fell unconscious. It was that blow which fractured his skull. Just then four policemen and a score of citizens came running up. At their head was Policeman Bell, who waved his revolver and shouted that he would fire at the first man that made a move in the direction of his wounded Chief. The mob hesitated, then drew back, and presently, as men were seen running toward them from both ends of the street, they broke and fled precipitately.

Bell had telephoned from the High School not only for all the police in Kearny, but for police help from Newark, and also had turned in a fire alarm that brought all the firemen in Kearny with their apparatus to the scene. By this time, too, the bells in the schools and churches of Kearny were ringing out the alarm, and from every direction citizens were hurrying to the battleground. Some were in automobiles, and these placed their machines at the service of the police for running down the rioters.

The reserves sent from Newark blocked the retreat of the strikers in that direction and captured seventeen of the strikers. Nine others who are said to have been leaders in the riot were caught by the Kearney police.

All the prisoners will be arraigned before Recorder Wimmer in the morning, and every one who is shown to have been concerned in the riot will be committed to the Essex County Jail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

Chief Nolen was carried into the drug store of Dr. E. H. Goldberg, where a preliminary examination of his head showed that his condition was serious and he was then hurried to the German Hospital.

Kearny is guarded to-night by all the police of the town, who are held in readiness to respond immediately to any call in the event that another demonstration is attempted by the strikers.

SCHOOLS FOR TURKISH JEWS

Ladino-Speaking Immigrants to Learn English in Evening Classes.

The work of Anglicizing 14,000 Ladino-speaking Jews, who have poured into this country from Turkey during the past year, segregated themselves in clan-like fashion, and all but lost themselves to the rest of the world, was begun for the first time last night in the evening schools of this city.

In spite of the fact that they speak four languages, and constitute a branch of the predominant racial type in New York, these 14,000 Jewish immigrants suffer an isolation which makes it practically impossible for them to become self-supporting, merely because no adequate medium hitherto has been employed through which they might acquire the English language and assimilate the customs of the English speaking peoples.

They are direct descendants of the Jews who were expelled from Spain by the edict of Ferdinand and Isabella in 1492. In Turkey they met with better treatment than elsewhere, chiefly on account of their intelligence. From among them was called the eminent Jewish scholar, Abrabanal, who was made confidential adviser to the King of Naples. These people speak the old Castillian Hispano-Portuguese dialect of Latin. In addition they have a conversational knowledge of Hebrew, modern Greek and Arabic.

The presence of this large band of strange people here was brought to the attention of the Department of Evening Schools, by Commissioner Abraham Stern of the Board of Education, and N. Taylor Phillips, ex-Deputy Controller, and arrangements were made with District Superintendent Shields for the evening schools to be opened for their instruction in English during the Summer months. Classes were organized for them last night in Public School No. 25, 330 Fifth Street, and others will be conducted later in Public School No. 62, Hester, Essex and Norfolk Streets.

A sufficient number of evening schools will be opened during the Summer to accommodate all who may make application for instruction, and teachers will be supplied accordingly. Already about 500 applications have been received, about 250 of these including the members of the class already in existence at 316 East Fifth Street, having been furnished by Mrs. Mortimer Menken, President of the Sisterhood of the Spanish and Portuguese Synagogue, Central Park West and Seventieth Street. Dr. D. de Sola Pool, Rabbi of the Portuguese Synagogue, has arranged to have placards printed in Ladino, Hebrew and Arabic, announcing the opening of the evening schools, and these will be displayed in the neighborhood of the two schools already opened.

HAVEMEYER LETTERS REVEAL TRUST PLANS

Those to Head of Great Western Sugar Co. Keep Witness C. S. Morey Busy Explaining.

REFER TO "OUR AGREEMENT"

And Caution Him to Keep Agent Sent to Philippines in the Dark as to His Real Employer.

Chester S. Morey, President of the Great Western Sugar Company, was kept busy during the whole of yesterday's hearing of the Government suit against the Sugar Trust explaining various passages in his correspondence with the late H. O. Havemeyer which seemed to show that there were agreements between the beet and cane sugar concerns which would restrain commerce. He denied that he ever had made an agreement for the division of the territory in which beet and cane sugar was to be sold, and was quite sure that he had no understanding with the California and Utah producers in 1905.

Assistant United States District Attorney Knapp then produced a letter from Mr. Morey to Mr. Havemeyer, dated Aug. 23, 1906, in which he referred to "our agreement of last year."

"In the light of this information," asked Mr. Knapp, "do you still insist there was no agreement?"

"Yes. It was an unfortunate phrase. I'm sure I never made an agreement."

"What do you call an agreement—a written contract?"

"Why, yes. If it was not in writing it would not be binding."

"Will you say there was no verbal agreement?"

"As I remember it," at last admitted the witness, "we were asked to keep out of the Missouri River territory in the Fall of the year, and we did so. From these letters it appears we did so for a longer period than I thought. I thought we kept out of the Missouri district for only one season."

"Isn't it a fact," persisted Mr. Knapp, "that you kept out till the California and Utah producers sold their output, and then the American Sugar Refining Company kept its product from New Orleans out till you had sold your production?"

"I don't know," said Mr. Morey. "The New Orleans factory makes cane sugar, and the only way beet sugar could compete with it was by selling for less. I don't know whether the New Orleans sugar was sold in that territory at the same time as ours or not."

Divided Their Supply of Labor.

Then the examination turned to the labor situation. In the early days, said Mr. Morey, sugar beets were raised by German and "so-called Russian" laborers who lived in the fields in "shacks." They had to be imported from Nebraska, and in one or two seasons their railroad fares had to be paid each way. A number of letters were introduced by Mr. Knapp, which purported to show that there was an understanding between the Great Western and its rivals as to the supply of this species of labor. Mr. Morey said he did not remember the correspondence, but that he did not doubt its authenticity.

Then Mr. Knapp took up the appointment of a single representative in Ilo. for the Missouri River territory for the Great Western and the American Sugar Refining Company. Mr. Morey said it was done at the suggestion of Mr. Havemeyer, and, though he did not approve of it fully, he decided to make the experiment.

"Was there any reason for the arrangement?" asked Mr. Knapp.

"I don't know of any."

"Wasn't it to fight the California and Hawaii Company, which had begun to invade the territory with an article 10 cents cheaper?"

Mr. Morey denied the imputation of fighting the California and Hawaii. They sold only 5 cents cheaper, he said, and they were still at it. There was no combine to fight them.

The joint agent, Mr. Lounsberry, was sent to Kansas City after Mr. Havemeyer's death, but Mr. Morey said that he had discussed this move with Mr. Havemeyer. His business, he explained, was to keep watch on the brokers, but he had no voice in fixing the prices. In a letter dated Nov. 25, 1907, Mr. Havemeyer wrote to the witness:

"Lounsberry is to keep hustling and ferreting out everything that may be of interest, and particularly of danger, to the Great Western interests."

In the same letter occurred a phrase which aroused much curiosity on the part of Mr. Knapp. Mr. Havemeyer wrote:

"I am under the impression that you wrote me that somebody there had marketed 30,000 bags in excess of what might be termed their 'proportionate amount.'"

Mr. Knapp wanted an explanation of the words "proportionate amount."

Mr. Morey replied that Colorado consumed 800,000 bags of sugar, and it was considered fair that the Great Western should sell 200,000 bags of this and should market the rest of its production elsewhere. Mr. Havemeyer, he said, alluded to the fact that the Grand Junction Company was selling too much in California.

The Courtesies of Competition.

"How did you determine what was the fair proportion for each company?" he was asked.

"I did not arrive at the conclusion," said Mr. Morey. "But it is not considered courteous for men competing for trade to take undue advantage of each other."

Mr. Morey placed the entire responsibility on the brokers. Orders were usually received for "beet sugar," without mentioning the special brand, and then the brokers divided the order between the different companies. He was content, he said, if he got his 200,000 bags ordered.

"How did you know that some one had sold more than his proportionate share?"

"I don't know. I suppose some one told me—maybe the brokers. Very likely the brokers."

Mr. Knapp could not induce Mr. Morey to be more explicit as to what "fair treatment" meant. He said that he would send along an order to a broker to sell so many bags, and he never had any difficulty in getting this done. Consequently, he had no complaint to make.

In 1907 Mr. Morey asked Mr. Havemeyer to loan $250,000 to the Grand Junction Company. "They were rivals," he explained, "but I wanted them to get through the panic without failing, and it looked as if they were close to it."

"Wasn't it to prevent them cutting prices further?"

"No; I was thinking of Colorado. I didn't want any failures to come her way."

Mr. Knapp took up at the end of the hearing the fight of the beet sugar men against the Philippine Free Sugar bill. Mr. Morey sent Aaron Gove, who for thirty years had been Superintendent of Public Instruction at Denver, to the Philippines to report on sugar conditions there.

"And to testify in Washington?" asked Mr. Knapp.

"I don't think there was anything doing at Washington at that time," said Mr. Morey.

Mr. Knapp then produced a letter from Mr. Havemeyer in which he said:

"If it is generally known that the American Sugar Company has a controlling interest in the Colorado companies, I fear that Mr. Gove's expedition will be of slight influence. I therefore recommend that you tell Mr. Gove that you personally are employing him."

"I will advise Mr. Gove as you recommend," Mr. Morey wrote in reply to Mr. Havemeyer, "but when he takes the stand at Washington I fear the real facts will come out."

The hearing will be continued to-day.

CHICAGO PRINTERS UPHOLD CONTRACTS

Will Not Be Stampeded Into Strike, They Tell the Local Federation.

ACCUSE THE SOCIALISTS

Resenting Charges, They Challenged the Central Body to Expel Them for Not Joining Stereotypers.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 3.—Resenting the attacks which have been made on union printers for refusing to violate their contracts and participate in illegal strikes of pressmen and stereotypers on the daily newspapers, delegates from Typographical Union No. 16 hit back at their accusers in the Chicago Federation of Labor to-day.

In a statement of facts, John C. Harding, organizer of the Printers' Union, told the Central Labor Body that the printers were not to be stampeded by "misguided enthusiasts," whether inside their own ranks or outside. Disregarding the sneers of some delegates, he declared that the path of the trades union movement was strewn with the results of blunders which are worse than crimes. He practically challenged the Central body to expel the printers, stating that if it did, it would be compelled to reinstate them by the American Federation.

He directly charged that the strike was engineered to increase the circulation of the Socialist newspapers at the expense of the men on strike and their families, and said the Socialist papers had printed false news and misstatements in an effort to discredit the printers, and incited the strikers to violence.

The statement was a calm review of the recent strike of the pressmen, stereotypers, wagon drivers, and newsboys. The Typographical Union expressed its belief in the inviolability of contracts with employers, and denounced those leaders who incited men to commit the crime of breaking contracts.

It was not without difficulty that the delegates from the union succeeded in having the statement placed before the federation. Socialist agitators bitterly attacked the statement and the conservatism of the Typographical Union. A motion was adopted, asking that the Board of Governors of the National Allied Printing Trades Council come to Chicago and endeavor to have the newspaper strike submitted to arbitration. The board consists of James M. Lynch, President of the International Typographical Union; George L. Berry, President of the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Union; James J. Freel, President of the International Stereotypers and Electrotypers' Union; Robert Glocking, President of the Bookbinders' International Union, and Matthew Woll, President of the Photo-Engravers' International Union.

How an effort was made to pack a recent meeting of the printers' union by crowding in radical members of other unions is shown in the statement.

Order This Beer for Your Table at Home!
Pure, Wholesome, Sparkling, Snappy,
Imperial Gold Label Beer
Bottled only by the Brewers,
Beadleston & Woerz,
New York.
Order from any dealer.
is a Superb Dinner Drink! Note Its "True Bitter Taste"!

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

Tuesday Specials
Omitted From Our Sunday Advertisement.

$18.50 to $24.75 **MEN'S SUITS $14.75**

This is a remarkable sale of pure, wool suits of correct Summer weight, style and tailoring.

Remarkable because the suits involved are standard $18.50 to $24.75 values.

Remarkable because a large number of these suits are known in the trade as "staples" which are rarely offered at any reduction at all.

We have unusually good reasons for doing the unusual—we want still more men to know of the excellence of Macy's clothes, and we purpose making it worth their while getting acquainted with this department.

In the lot you'll find silk-mixed worsted suits that other houses feature at $25.00.

Standard self-striped and shadow-striped blue worsted suits, sold elsewhere at $20.00 and $22.00.

Neat gray mixed and striped worsteds that other houses would not think of selling under $18.50 at any time.

About 250 suits in all, one-half of which were formerly in our regular stocked lines up to $24.75, supplemented by a lot of fine suits of equal value from one of our regular manufacturers.

Sizes 34 to 46, with special models for extra tall and extra stout men.

MEN'S STRAW HATS, $1.49

Prices Elsewhere for Identical Qualities Are $2.00 and $2.50.

The easiest fitting straw hats made may be obtained here to-day, and, until the supply is exhausted, at a price which affords a very large saving.

The assortment is made up of English Sennits with cushioned self-ventilated sweatbands, and American Split Braids, Milan and Mackinaw Braids. They have soft or stiff brims, pencil curl or straight brims. All the wanted widths of crown and brim are represented.

Fifth Fl. B'way.

Now These Good Gimbel
SUMMER SUITS FOR MEN
Are Paying Dividends of Comfort

Many a man who bought earlier, has already enjoyed his cool Suit during the first "hot spell."

But so perfect are our arrangements for maintaining our stock at its height of variety that the man who has been forcibly reminded that his Suit is too heavy, finds this morning a broad field for selection open to him.

At every price, from **$16.50** to **$45**, that a man feels inclined to pay, he can be sure of adequate return on his investment.

But it is of the Suits at $35, $37.50, $40 and $45 that we want to say a word, because of the unusually beautiful fabrics of which they are made—fine flannels and soft-finished worsteds that are hard to distinguish from them. Some in mottled weaves—blues, browns, grays, plums, greens; others enlivened with faint stripes, perhaps of white or red, light blue or lavender.

Suits that are eminently smart in every detail. Just enough lining to keep them in shape. Seams handsomely silk-bound. In short, the fine points of finish that characterize *gentlemen's* clothing.

Suits without a superior in all America, yet priced in most moderate fashion. Do stop in and see them. **Fourth Floor**

Men's Special Silk Shirts at $5

Buy them elsewhere ready-made, and you will pay $7.50 for them. Have them made to your order, and $10 will be the price. **$5** at GIMBELS, because we drove a hard bargain with the man who made them for us.

Pure silk of soft, but firm quality—not the transparent kind that often queers a specially-priced Silk Shirt. Handsome stripes in various combinations, in black and colors, on light grounds. Soft French cuffs—best for Summer wear. All sizes, 14 to 17.

You'll thank us for telling you about them the first time you wear one of these Shirts on a warm day. **$5** each. **Main Floor**

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

Stern Brothers

will continue to-day and to-morrow, their Specially Arranged Sales of

Women's Summer Dresses
At Extraordinarily Low Prices

Women's Summer Dresses,
of Cotton Voiles, Flaxon, Tissues, Dimity, Lawns and Ginghams, including models trimmed with satin and lace, two styles with Taffeta Silk Coats, $5.00, 11.75, 16.50

of French Linens, Ramie and Ratine in all desirable colors, with batiste and lingerie collars and leather belts, at 7.00, 11.50

Lingerie Dresses,
Imported and Domestic, of Batiste, Nets and Voiles, embroidered and lace trimmed, $9.50, 14.75, 29.75

Women's Tailored Suits,
of French, Irish and Cossack Linens, also Ramies, in white, natural, tan and desirable colors, at $8.75, 14.50

Women's Washable Skirts,
of Linens, Rep, Crash, Khaki, Terry Cloth, Cotton and Velvet Corduroy, at $1.95 to 5.00

Outergarments

Coats,
of Tussah and Satin, full length, lined throughout with Peau de Cygne in desirable colors, at $17.50

Sport Coats,
of Striped Flannel, Red, Green and White Serge, Paca Cloth and Mackinaws, at $6.75, 9.50, 12.50

Also Continuation Sale of

Women's Underwear

of Sheer Batiste, Nainsook and Cambric, trimmed with embroidery and laces, including many exclusive styles from their own workrooms,

Greatly Below Their Actual Values

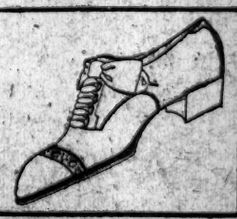
Gowns,	at	69c, 85c, 1.15 to 3.45
Petticoats,	"	90c, 1.10, 1.55 to 3.75
Drawers,	"	45c, 60c, 85c to 2.50
Corset Covers,	at	43c, 65c, 89c to 2.85
Combinations,	"	90c, 1.25, 1.55 to 3.65
Sacques,	"	95c, 1.25, 1.60 to 2.95
Princess Slips,	at	$1.50, 1.85, 2.55 to 3.95

West 23d and 22d Streets

Andrew Alexander

College Blucher $6

Tan, black and patent calfskin—hugs the arch and heel—a really distinctive low shoe. Lace oxfords also for those who prefer them on the same smart last.



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Fifth Avenue above Forty-fifth St.

Established 80 years
Balch Price Fur Storage
ENTIRE COST
TWO PER CENT
INCLUDING INSURANCE
Telephone 5900 Main
Balch Price & Co.
Fulton & Smith Sts., Brooklyn
15 minutes by Subway from Grand Central to Borough Hall Station

CARPET CLEANSING
BY COMPRESSED AIR IN FIRE-PROOF BUILDING
FIRE-PROOF STORAGE FOR HOUSEHOLD GOODS
T. M. STEWART
438, 440, 442 WEST 51st ST., FORMERLY 329 7th AVE.
TELEPHONE 5567 COLUMBUS FOUNDED IN 1863

Smoke Talk No 19

Don't Dull Your Intellect

with strong, all-Havana cigars at the start of the day. Smoke a mild cigar after breakfast, at your desk and during business hours. Don't light that Havana until after dinner. Here's a blend of light Havana and domestic leaf that's just as satisfying and not so harmful.

Robt. Burns

MILD 10c CIGAR

Get the Special size.

Ask your Doctor

College men facing the World realize they've got to buckle down and save.

Their course in Economics has opened their eye.

So naturally our sort of clothing is their logical conclusion.

They see the possibilities for savings in cost, when fine clothes are manufactured on a big scale.

The smart fit they see when they order.

Vacation clothes—two piece suits and jaunty Norfolks.

Business suits—English models.

At the Warren St. Store only—

600 pairs of pajamas.
$1.25 regularly.
85c. to-day.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY,
Three Broadway Stores

at	at	at
Warren St.	13th St.	34th St.

J. Ehrlich & Sons
Oculists' Opticians
Half a Century in Business.

Eyes Need Not Age, If Helped With Correct Glasses

The eyesight changes gradually and needs the help of glasses as you grow older.
Feeble vision and eyesight trouble are caused by neglect and delay.

Perfect Fitting Glasses, $2.50 to $12
With Bifocal Lenses, $4.50 to $18

217 Broadway, Astor House
223 Sixth Ave., 15th St. 350 Sixth Ave., 22d St.
101 Nassau, Ann St. 17 West 42d—New York
498 Fulton St., Cor. Bond St., Brooklyn

ADVERTISEMENT.

$12,000 MAN wants executive position

My merchandising ability and knowledge of advertising can be capitalized by some manufacturer who is seeking national distribution for his wares.

I can meet the most rigid tests touching upon the handling of salesmen and expenditures for advertising.

I am an analytical student of sales conditions.

Only a firm having a big sales problem to solve can pay my price. Address D. A. L., Box D 264 Times Downtown.

Road Maps of all sections of this Country and the principal touring districts of Europe; also maps for every other purpose; U. S. Coast Survey Charts, Hydrographic Office Charts, and Geological Survey Sheets. Globes and Atlases of every size and description. The largest assortment of geographical publications and the most conveniently located map shop in the city. Phone, Rector 1511.
Call and examine our stock or send for catalogue.
C. S. Hammond & Co. Hudson Term. Bldg. 30 Church Street N.Y.

AT ODDS WITH MAYOR OVER ROBIN'S ROAD

W. J. Schieffelin Insists Its Charter Is Forfeit and Arouses Gaynor's Ire.

TOLD NOT TO WRITE AGAIN

But Promptly Returns Message with Another Calling It an Insult and Promising Retaliation.

Mayor Gaynor and William Jay Schieffelin, Chairman of the Citizens' Union, had an interchange of acrimonious letters recently over the franchise of the South Shore Traction Company, one of the concerns formerly controlled by Joseph G. Robin, who was connected with the failure of the Northern Bank. The Mayor sent a tart letter to Mr. Schieffelin, saying that he did not care to hear from him again on any subject, and Mr. Schieffelin returned it with the remark that it was an insult and unworthy of the Mayor's office.

The trouble began when the recently incorporated Manhattan & Jamaica Railway Company applied to the Board of Estimate on May 2 for permission to buy the South Shore Traction Company's franchise in modified form. The Citizens' Union wrote to the members of the Franchise Committee of the Board of Estimate declaring that the franchise was forfeit because of the company's defaults, and asking the committee not to hold a public hearing on the matter, as it might be taken as an affirmative action recognizing the rights of the South Shore Company and thereby depriving the city of its right to declare the original franchise void. The Mayor then sent this letter to Mr. Schieffelin:

We are not in a hurry to revoke the franchise of the South Shore Traction Company. We intend to be entirely fair to those who have invested their money in that enterprise. I am not aware of any reason why you should be so anxious to have us act with severity in the case. It is not the custom of public officials to lightly destroy invested capital in this country.

Mr. Schieffelin Gives Details.

Mr. Schieffelin replied as follows:

I have your letter of the 8th. The public, as well those interested in the South Shore Traction Company, must absolve you from the charge of being "in a hurry" to revoke its franchise. The defaults in that company's contract with the city began as early as May 20, 1910, more than two years ago, and have continued ever since. Our complaint that irresponsible company was blocking real transit in Queens County was made as long ago as Feb. 2, 1911, and the Board of Estimate itself adopted a resolution on March 2, 1911, directing the company to show cause why its franchise should not be declared forfeited. The question of such forfeiture has been pending before the board or its Franchise Committee ever since, has been the subject of investigation by the Chief Engineer of the board, and has been variously considered upon the following dates: March 2, 9, 16, Oct. 11, 26, and Nov. 29, 1911, Jan 4, and May 2, 1912.

As long ago as Nov. 29, 1911, the hearing upon the matter of revoking the franchise was continued until Jan. 4, 1912, at the company's request, only upon a stipulation that the company should comply with certain conditions on or before Dec. 26, 1911. The company did not comply with these conditions.

You say that you are not aware of any reason why I "should be so anxious to have you act with severity in the case." I have no personal interest in the matter whatever. My only interest is that of the development of proper transit facilities in Queens Borough for the benefit of the public. If you have examined the facts laid before you by the Citizens' Union and by the boards' own engineer you have had presented to you many reasons for the proposed revocation of the defaulted contract.

Thinks Mayor Over-Solicitous.

I will repeat only the following:

The company has defaulted in respect of the performance of construction work, the filing of reports, the selection of routes, and the making of payments to the city; and its franchise was granted only on condition that the company should comply with the terms of the franchise as to all these matters. The records of the Finance Department show that during the period from November, 1909, to April, 1912, the company has paid to the city only $3,104.94, although it has become indebted to the city during this period for amounts aggregating $33,579.96. Although it appears in the complaint, and is admitted in the answer, in the receivership proceedings, that "the chief source of revenue of the defendant corporation at the present time is derived from the operation of the so-called bridge local service upon the Queensboro Bridge," and that the net earnings of the company are in excess of $36,000 a year, yet the company is in default to the city for the very rentals it agreed to pay for this bridge service. This is despite the fact that the company has been earning several hundred per cent. per annum net from its bridge local service, the investment being $8,000 for ten cars used on the bridge, and other equipment which probably does not represent more than $2,000 or $3,000 in value.

I am not aware of any reason why you should be over-solicitous of the interests of a franchise-holding corporation which is so far from prompt in meeting its obligations to the city.

Invited Not to Write Again.

Meantime the Board of Estimate passed a resolution setting a day for a public hearing on the application, but including in its resolution a clause reserving the city's right to declare the franchise void, and the Mayor sent this letter to Mr. Schieffelin on May 24.

Your letter of May 22 is at hand. I conclude from your letter that you either have a personal interest in the matter or represent some one who has. In any event I could not attach much weight to your letter, for your invariable course discloses a purpose not to help but to hurt. In fine, I do not care to hear from you on any subject.

Mr. Schieffelin was very indignant when he received this letter, and after a conference with the other officials of the Citizens' Union he sent this reply to the Mayor:

The accompanying letter is returned to you as unworthy of your office. If matters of public concern cannot be communicated to you without receiving insult in return, it is time the citizens of the city knew it; and I shall take pains to see that they are properly informed on the subject.

The matter is due to come before the Board of Estimate next week when, it is expected, the row will be renewed.

OROZCO HAS LOST SYMPATHY

Huerta's Victorious Army Being Received with Enthusiasm.

From a Foreign Correspondent of The Central News, London.

MEXICO CITY, June 3.—Orozco's forces are becoming increasingly demoralized and conditions in the City of Chihuahua, the revolutionary headquarters in the north, are going from bad to worse, according to official advices from the seat of war. The inhabitants are said to be rapidly losing confidence in the rebel leader, while many merchants have closed their stores in the rebel city and fled to El Paso. Public sentiment in the State of Chihuahua appears to be no longer with Orozco.

According to dispatches received by the War Department, Gen. Huerta's victorious army, is being received with enthusiasm as it advances. The people in Salle Allende, Santa Rosalie, Camargo, and other towns successively occupied by the Federals have greeted the troops with demonstrations of joy. When Gen. Rabago occupied Parral the inhabitants of that city tendered him a reception, and business, which had been completely paralyzed by the revolution, was resumed immediately.

While the Federals are continuing their march on Chihuahua, the main bodies of the opposing armies are still more than 100 miles apart. There is no reason to alter the opinion that several weeks more will elapse before the next battle. Huerta is proceeding with great caution. The further he advances the greater is the distance from Torreon, his base of supplies, so that the maintenance of an extensive line of communication is necessary. The rebels have destroyed big railroad bridges, and the tracks also, and even though the Federals make only temporary repairs, these require considerable time.

CHIHUAHUA, June 3.—Out of a normal foreign population of at least 2,000 this city contains exactly 106 foreign residents to-day. Of the 1,000 Americans who ordinarily live here, only 35 men and 12 women remain.

An official census issued to-day shows that fear of an attack on the rebel city by the advancing Federals has practically depopulated the town. Thirty thousand persons inhabit Chihuahua in time of peace, but to-day fewer than 20,000 are here, and the exodus is daily growing larger. Besides the Americans here, there are 26 British subjects and 33 Germans.

THREE BOMBS IN SUCCESSION

Exploded Early To-day at Alleged Gambling Houses—Several Reported Hurt.

Three bombs were discharged early this morning in front of three alleged gambling houses. The first explosion occurred at 85 Fourth Avenue at 12:20 o'clock. The windows of the building were shattered. The reserves of the East Fifth Street Station were quick to respond, but before their arrival there a second bomb had been exploded at 101 Fourth Avenue. Several persons are reported injured in the second outrage. Here the front of the building was blown out. This took place at 12:30 o'clock.

Less than two minutes later a third explosion was heard. This time the place selected was 8 St. Mark's Place. This was what is known as "Dollar John's Place." Several persons are reported to have been seriously injured here, one fatally. Ambulance calls were sent to three hospitals.

FOUND BRIDE AT NEWSSTAND.

Frank Bates, Manufacturer, Is to Wed Miss Corrigan of the Vanderbilt.

Miss Nan Corrigan, who worked as a newsgirl at the Hotel Vanderbilt from 6 A. M. until midnight, is to be married today to Frank M. Bates, a jewelry manufacturer with factories in Rhode Island and Massachusetts. The young woman exhibited a handsome engagement ring last night and told Manager Douglas Brown that she would have to leave his employ.

Bates appears to have fallen in love with Miss Corrigan as soon as he saw her, when the Vanderbilt opened recently. He paid her earnest court, and little by little won his suit.

The young woman, in telling of her engagement last night, said:

"Frank has given me an automobile. Anna Beegan, who lives at 249 West 115th Street, is going to motor to Providence with me to-morrow. We'll be met by Frank, whose home is in Attleboro, and we'll be married in the afternoon. Anna will be my maid of honor."

Miss Corrigan lives at 106 West Ninety-eighth Street.

W. B. DODDRIDGE WEDS AT 70.

Retired Railroad Man Makes Telegraph Operator His Bride.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 3. — Messages received in St. Louis to-day told of the marriage at Los Angeles of William B. Doddridge, former Vice President and General Manager of the Missouri Pacific Railroad system, to Miss Hattie L. Gann of St. Louis. She was a telegraph operator in Mr. Doddridge's office when he had his headquarters here. She is thirty-three years old and he is seventy.

Mr. Doddrigde has built a new bungalow for his bride. He has an orange grove at Riverside and owns considerable property in Los Angeles.

AT LEAST ONE NEW WARSHIP

Senate Naval Committee Votes for Two—Compromise Likely.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The Senate Committee on Naval Affairs to-day by a non-partisan vote declared in favor of two new battleships. This action is believed to insure the laying down of at least one new battleship this year, as a compromise in conference is expected to result between the Senate bill for two ships and the House bill for none. In the Senate votes enough are already in sight to make the passage of the battleship programme certain.

Senator Tillman of South Carolina, Democrat, was the only member of the committee who voted for the stand taken by his party in the House. A further amendment adopted by the committee was one proposed by Senator William Alden Smith appropriating $500,000 to be expended by the Secretary of the Navy in developing coalfields in Alaska for use of the navy.

Go Fishing in Maine
IF YOU NEED A REST

If you feel fagged out this spring, try a few-days' outing after big game fish.

Get on a train at 10.50 P.M. in New York, and have a guide meet you, next morning, with all arrangements made.

You'll come out of the big woods a new man.

Fine hotels and camps—5,000 lakes and streams full of the finest game fish in America.

Send for these Free Fishing Books

"I Go A-Fishing" and "Maine Guides" tell you how simple it is to go and how little it costs.

Address THE NEW ENGLAND LINES, Room 746, So. Station, Boston, or write or call City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, New York. Phone 5191 Cortlandt.

THE NEW ENGLAND LINES
Boston & Maine R.R. | New York, New Haven & Hartford R.R. | Maine Central R.R.

VOTE $150 A MONTH FOR SCHLEY'S WIDOW

Senator Rayner Declares Loop of the Brooklyn Saved the Day at Santiago.

MRS. SCHLEY'S INCOME $420

Senator Nelson Joins In Eulogies of the Admiral—Senator McCumber Calls Bill Discriminatory.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Recognition of the services of the late Admiral Schley was accorded by the Senate this afternoon, when, by a vote of 41 to 11, the pension of his widow was increased from $50 to $150 a month. The lower figure had been set by the committee according to its established rule of limitation, and the increase came as an amendment proposed by Senator Rayner of the Admiral's State of Maryland.

Features of the day were impassioned speeches by Senator Nelson of Minnesota and Mr. Rayner, declaring that in spite of all charges to the contrary, Admiral Schley was the hero of Santiago. He was in supreme command on the field of battle, said Mr. Nelson, and deserved all the credit there was for the American arms. Mr. Rayner read Admiral Dewey's findings to the same effect.

Senator Rayner said that the Government is now paying nearly $200,000,000 a year in pensions. He said that Admiral Schley's widow was in dire need of the pension, and lacked even the means for erecting a suitable memorial over the Admiral's grave. Referring to the Brooklyn's loop as saving the day at Santiago, he said:

"Then came the Viscaya, and she made a desperate turn toward the Brooklyn and the Oregon, that were pursuing her, but as she did this she was struck by a shell from one of the vessels, and, hauling her colors down, she was beached at Acerraderos. The Colon, the last of the ships, was then making toward the Torquino River.

"Schley signaled the Oregon, under the command of Clark, to try his thirteen-inch guns upon her, and with the combined fire of the Brooklyn and the Oregon upon the snip, and with no possible chance of escape, and with her human cargo doomed to certain death if the fighting continued, her commander ran his ship ashore at the mouth of the Torquino River, fired his leeward gun, lowered his flag, and the colors of Spain went down before the colors of the Union upon the Western Continent.

"The time has passed when Secretaries of War or Secretaries of the Navy, who have never perhaps observed any military tactics except a dress parade, and who could hardly tell the difference between a revenue cutter and a battleship, can fight battles with lead pencils and rulers and india rubber thousands of miles away from home."

A sharp colloquy occurred between Mr. Rayner and Senator Heyburn of Idaho. Announcing he would vote for the pension for Mrs. Schley, Mr. Heyburn said that he did not mean to indicate that he had sided with Mr. Schley in the controversy following the naval battle off Santiago.

Senator McCumber, Chairman of the Committee on Pensions, who had reported the bill for $50 instead of $150, as introduced by Mr. Rayner, objected to the increase as discriminatory. "To give Mrs. Schley $150 would be a rank injustice to the widow of every other officer who has served under the flag," he said.

The Senate agreed to $150 a month pension for Mrs. Schley, after it had first rejected by 42 to 10 an amendment proposed by the Pension Committee to cut the amount to $50 a month.

It was stated during the debate that Mrs. Schley's present income was about $420 a year.

FIGHT FIRE FROM BRIDGE.

Blaze Does $60,000 Damage and Stops Trolley Travel to Brooklyn.

A seven-story brick building at 10 and 12 Vandewater Street, occupied mainly by manufacturers of printers' and binders' supplies, was completely destroyed by fire last night. The flames were fought from the north driveway of Brooklyn Bridge, and were only extinguished after four alarms had been turned in. The damage is estimated at betwen $60,000 and $70,000. Traffic on the bridge trolley lines was stopped for several hours.

The fire was discovered by Edward Perry of 19 City Hall Place, who was walking along Vandewater Street about 8:15 o'clock, when he saw the flames through the windows of the first floor of the building. He turned in an alarm which brought Acting Batallion Chief King and several engine companies. A second alarm was turned in by Batallion Chief King, which brought Chief Kenlon from Murray Street, and Chief Kenlon turned in third and fourth alarms, which summoned additional apparatus to the scene.

Men from Engine Companies 7, 9, 13, 27, and 33, with lines of high pressure hose, reached the bridge driveway by a stairway leading from Vandewater Street up through one of the pillars of the bridge arch. From this position streams of water were played into the burning building, which almost adjoined the bridge. Two large signs, one about 15 by 16 feet and the other 15 by 60 feet, which obstructed the windows on the west and south sides of the seventh floor, made it difficult for the firemen to play hose where needed.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
$3.00 $3.50 & $4.00

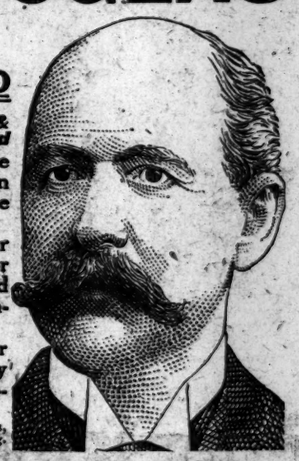
Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.00 & $2.50 Shoes. Best in the World

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. WHY?

BECAUSE he protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes, by stamping his name and price on the bottom and guaranteeing their value.

BECAUSE for style, fit and wear they are superior to ordinary makes of shoes. Don't take a substitute for W. L. Douglas shoes.

If your dealer cannot supply W. L. Douglas shoes, write W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass., for catalog. Shoes sent everywhere delivery charges prepaid.



Call at W. L. Douglas Stores in New York:

93 Nassau St.; 755 Broadway, cor. 8th St.; 853 Broadway, cor. 14th St. (Union Sq.); 1349 Broadway, cor. 36th Street; 1495 Broadway (Times Square); 984 Third Ave.; 1452 Third Ave.; 2202 Third Ave., cor. 120th St.; 2779 Third Ave., bet. 146th and 147th Sts.; 345 Eighth Avenue; 663 Eighth Ave.; 250 W. 125th St.—BROOKLYN 421 Fulton St., cor. Pearl St.; 708-710 Broadway, cor. Thornton St.; 1007 Broadway; 1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Ave.; 478 Fifth Ave., cor. 11th St.; 1779 Pitkin Avenue. NEWARK—831 Broad Street. JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.

B. Altman & Co.

FOR THIS DAY (TUESDAY),

A SALE OF MEN'S & WOMEN'S SILK UMBRELLAS

AT THE FOLLOWING SPECIAL PRICES:

TWILLED SILK UMBRELLAS
WITH NATURAL WOOD HANDLES . . AT $2.00
TAFFETA SILK FOLDING UMBRELLAS AT 3.00

A SALE OF WOMEN'S LISLE THREAD GLOVES

IN BLACK, TAN AND WHITE, AS FOLLOWS:

2-CLASP GLOVES . . . PER PAIR, 30c.
MOUSQUETAIRE, 16-BUTTON LENGTH . . 58c.

FOR THIS DAY (TUESDAY),

A SALE OF MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

IN DESIRABLE STYLES AND AT ONE-THIRD BELOW THEIR ACTUAL VALUE.

NIGHT ROBES . . . 90c., $1.10 & 1.25
PETTICOATS . . . . 90c. & $1.35
CHILDREN'S DRAWERS . . 35c. & 42c.
MISSES' DRAWERS . . . 48c. & 85c.

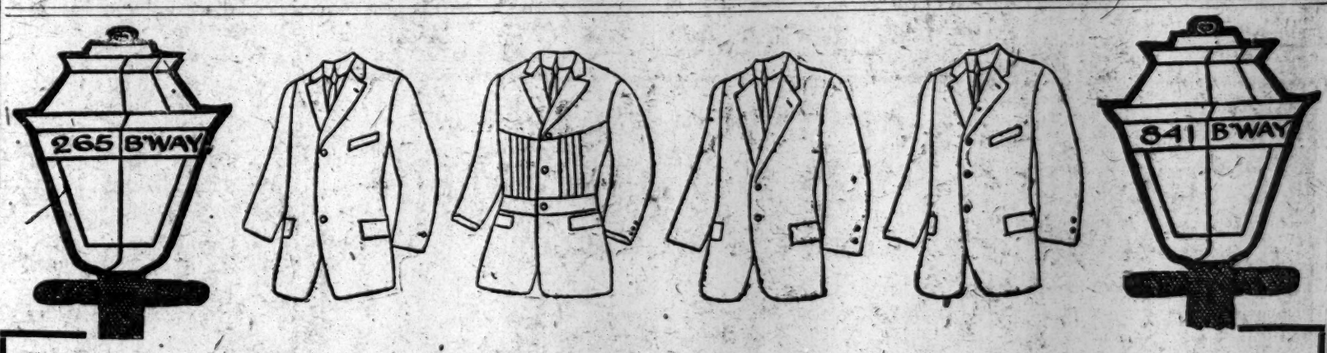
B. Altman & Co. ARE DEVOTING SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THEIR STOCK OF

CORSETS FOR WOMEN AND MISSES

IN FRENCH AND DOMESTIC MAKES. IT INCLUDES THE FASSO CORSET, MADE IN PARIS, AND THE ESNAH CORSET MADE IN WORKROOMS ON THE PREMISES; RIBBON CORSETS; CORSETS FOR ATHLETIC AND EQUESTRIAN USE; BATHING CORSETS; BRASSIERES; L'ENVELOPPANTE, HIP CONFINERS, CORSELETS, ETC.; ALSO JUVENILE BRACES AND EPAULIÈRES FOR MISSES AND GROWING GIRLS, AT REASONABLE PRICES.

CORSETS MADE TO INDIVIDUAL MEASUREMENT.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.



The Most Unusual Suit Sale In the History of Our Business at This Time of the Year

An accumulation of Summer Suits as a result of inclement weather has overburdened us. We are disposing of our Surplus Stock at Radical Price Reductions—in fact—"THE MOST UNUSUAL." This sale includes two and three button models, full or half lined, English or Conservative. Every new color effect—Blues, Browns, Tans, Greys, Blue-Greys, Chalk Mixtures, Herringbones, Pin Checks, Pencil Lines and Visible Stripes. Cool "Summery" fabrics of Serges, Cassimeres, Unfinished Worsteds, Black Thibets and Cheviots. To the men who buy their Summer clothes NOW, and the men who buy later in the season—Come!

Suits, made to sell up to $20.00 In This Sale	Suits, made to sell up to $30.00 In This Sale	Suits, made to sell up to $37.50 In This Sale
$12.50	**$16.50**	**$19.50**

Hackett, Carhart & Co. INC., RETAIL.

E. E. TURLINGTON, Vice-President

265 Broadway	841 Broadway	119 W. 42d St.	125th Street
Near Chambers St.	Cor. 13th St.	Near Broadway	Near 3d Avenue

Harlem and 42d Street Stores Open Evenings

THINKS COSTLY MEAT DUE TO DEAR CORN

Breakfast Food Men Compete in the Market for "Fattening" Products.

POULTRY ALSO AFFECTED

Beef Prices, for Housewives, About 10 Per Cent. Higher Than This Time Last Year.

The increased cost of beef, poultry, eggs, and all other food products depending upon the supply of corn is due in large part to the increased manufacture of breakfast foods, Carl A. Koelsch, President of the Washington Marketmen's Association, and a member of the advisory committee of Mayor Gaynor's Market Commission, said yesterday. He gave out a list of food prices, showing the advance in the cost of meat and poultry in the last three years.

All kinds of beef cost housewives close to 10 per cent. more last month than they did in May a year ago, according to Mr. Koelsch. Some produce dealers didn't agree with his explanation. But Mr. Koelsch's theory received support from dealers in corn, who say that the price of retail corn has increased 20 cents a bag, about 11 per cent., in the last six months.

Here are the prices at which, according to Mr. Koelsch, the best meats were purchased by the pound by housewives last month, as compared with those of May, 1911, and May, 1910.

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Roast beef	.25	.22	.24
Top sirloin	.22	.18	.18
Kitchen roast	.30	.25	.29
Porterhouse	.30	.28	.28
Sirloin steak	.25	.22	.24
Round steak	.24	.20	.20
Flank steak	.16	.15	.15
Rump corned beef	.22	.20	.20
Plate corned beef	.16	.14	.15
Leg of lamb	.24	.20	.25
Lamb, quarters	.23	.18	.22
Loin lamb chops	.32	.24	.28
Rib lamb chops	.30	.24	.28
Roast veal	.23	.23	.24
Veal cutlet	.28	.28	.28
Veal chops	.25	.25	.25
Shoulder veal	.18	.18	.18
Loin of pork	.20	.18	.22
Pork chops	.22	.18	..
Smoked ham	.20	.20	..
Smoked bacon	.24	.25	.25

Meat's Steady Rise in Ten Years.

"Some of these figures show that there has been considerable fluctuation in meat prices as in the prices of all other food products in the last three years," said Mr. Koelsch. "It looks as if in some cases prices were lower in 1911 than in 1910. But I can state positively that even when prices of meat in the last ten years started to go down, they never got down so far as the point from which they started originally. The price of meat has gone steadily up in the last ten years. The fact that the Government has been unable to obtain convictions when it has gone after the alleged Beef Trust makes me inclined sometimes to think that the prices of meat are not fixed as artificially as some folks think, and that they are still dependent on the natural laws of supply and demand.

"I believe that the increased manufacture of breakfast foods has a lot to do with the increased cost of beef, poultry, eggs and all other corn-depending food products. While I was talking to a Western farmer, who raised both grain and cattle, a few months ago, he told me something that surprised me.

"'The breakfast food manufacturers of Michigan and Wisconsin are so anxious to buy our corn in such large quantities that they actually are building railroad sidings right up to our farms so as to increase the transportation facilities,' the farmer said. 'And in many cases we would rather sell our corn to these breakfast food manufacturers instead of using it to fatten cattle of our own. Cattle raising is always a little of a gamble, and we always have to wait for our money while the cattle are fattening. The breakfast food manufacturer, on the other hand, pays us ready cash.'

"When the price of corn rises from 70 to 80 and 90 cents a bushel, as it has of recent years, the men who raise it think a little more carefully than they used to as to how they will dispose of it. Fifteen per cent. of the corn grown in this country to-day is being used for the manufacture of breakfast foods. Of course, my theory may be wrong, but we downtown market men near the ferries have practical examples of the increased cost of keeping corn eating animals every day from the Jersey commuters who pass by. One is an amateur poultry raiser. But he tells me that the price of corn has gone up so high that the cheapest thing he can do with his chickens is to kill them and eat them.

"You can see how the increased cost of corn would affect the cost of beef, poultry and eggs to city housewives under these circumstances. A friend of mine on Long Island told me, half jokingly, recently, that the cost of bran, hay and horse feed has gone up so much that it costs him almost a dollar a day to feed his horse. I don't mean to imply that bran and hay are being used in the manufacture of our celebrated national breakfast foods. All I want to do is to point out that there may be natural, but less obvious laws of supply and demand at work behind the increased cost of living, and that the cause may not be wholly an artificial fixing of prices by a trust."

Here are the poultry prices of the last three years for the month of May, according to Mr. Koelsch; showing an advance of nearer 15 per cent. than 10 per cent. since chickens, ducks and squabs are especially dependent on corn for their fattening, bearing out Mr. Koelsch's theory:

	1910.	1911.	1912.
Turkey	$0.25	$0.26	$0.29
Roast chicken	.25	.25	.28
Broilers	.22	.25	.28
Capons	.25	.32	.35
Fowl	.18	.18	.20
Ducks	.20	.22	.25
Squabs	4.00	5.00	5.50

Some dealers said yesterday that some of the figures showed the operation of a trust rather clearly.

"Veal prices, according to Mr. Koelsch's price list, have not gone up like the beef prices have," one remarked. "Veal is a nearby product and is not controlled by the trust. In my opinion the price of meats which are controlled by a trust have gone up steadily and the meats, like veal, which are not trust-controlled, have not gone up."

P. C. Urner, editor of The Producers' Price Current, whose testimony was regarded with particular weight by Gov. Dix's Food Investigating Commission, gave THE TIMES yesterday the average wholesale May prices for butter, eggs, cheese, and live and dressed poultry a pound in the last three years. Mr. Urner, like Mr. Koelsch, seemed to think that the cause of the variation in the price of these particular commodities in the last few years was due less to any artificial price fixing than to a number of complex factors affecting the natural supply.

Here are Mr. Urner's figures:

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Best creamery butter	30.43	27.96	31.18
Best State cheese	15.26	13.88	15.65
Best eggs (dozen)	20.89	21.59	25.30
Live poultry	15.56	14.32	16.81
Dressed poultry	15.07	14.87	17.24

Groceries More Expensive.

Mr. Urner said that the prices of butter, eggs, and cheese had not increased steadily in the last few years, but had merely fluctuated within certain apparently fixed limits.

Not only meats, but groceries, too, have gone up in price in the last twelve months. One prominent grocer, who talked to a TIMES reporter yesterday, said he had no explanation to offer for the increase in price.

"The wholesalers or manufacturers from whom we get our products merely charge us more," he said. "We add 20 per cent. to what we pay in order to cover our own expenses and we add an extra 5 per cent. for our profit. On some staples we don't even get 5 per cent profit. These include milk, flour, sugar, and potatoes. The finest old Java coffee, which we sold in 1910 for thirty and in 1911 for thirty-two, we are now charging thirty-six for. In other words, housewives are paying 20 per cent. more for their coffee than they paid two years ago. Condensed milk has gone up and so have syrups. Extra fine sifted peas, canned, which we sold in 1910 for $1.40 and in 1911 for $1.90, we know sell for $2.10. This is an increase to the housewife of 33 1-3 per cent. in only two years."

TO REPLACE MEAT WITH FISH.

Housewives' League Starts Another High Cost of Living Crusade.

There will be fish every day next week on the tables of loyal members of the Housewives' League. After reading in THE TIMES on Saturday that tons of fresh food fish are being shipped from Fulton Market to be made into fertilizer on Barren Island, Mrs. Julian Heath, President of the league, sent letters to the staff officers, representing the 175,000 members of the league, outlining the plan to take advantage of the low price of fish, and incidentally to beat down the high price of meat.

Wholesale fish dealers say that the waste of tons of fish is due to the retailers keeping the price up, and to the fear of housewives that when fish is below the usual price it is necessarily stale and unfit to eat. Mrs. Heath said last night that she had exacted promises from a large number of retail fish dealers to co-operate with her in the plan to replace meat with fish on the tables of members of the Housewives' League. They have agreed not to raise the price as the demand for fish increases. Mrs. Heath has also arranged to have information direct from the Fulton Market every morning on the wholesale price of fish, and members of the league by calling her on the telephone may learn the best varieties to buy.

METHODIST BISHOP ASSAILS CONFERENCE

The Rev. Dr. Neeley Protests to Ministers About His Retirement on Half Pay.

CLERCY DIVIDED IN OPINION

"Good for Twenty Years' Work," He Says—Was Not Consulted About Action in His Case.

Bishop Thomas B. Neeley, who was retired recently on half pay, delivered a scathing address to the Methodist preachers of New York and vicinity at their meeting yesterday against the Methodist General Conference at Minneapolis. It was this body which took action in his case much against the wishes of the Bishop, and, as he said yesterday, without consulting him.

The ministers gave the Bishop a great ovation. The cheering lasted five minutes when he was called upo nto speak. When he came into the room he was cheered, and applause interrupted his speech many times.

But the ministers were not undivided in sentiment. There were two parties, one saying the Conference did just right, the other that it did wholly wrong. Rarely have New York Methodists been more stirred, and this is the more remarkable since Bishop Neeley is not a New York resident Bishop. He has lived here, but was supposed to live in New Orleans.

Bishop Neeley declared he was "good for twenty years of work yet." In his many tilts with ministers of various Conferences in the last few years he said that he was always in the right, and as stoutly some ministers had argued that he was always in the wrong.

"It has always been my policy," he said, "when making Conference appointments, to work with the ministers. I hold that ministers have the right to say where they shall be sent."

"There were more new delegates in the General Conference just closed than in any yet held, and there were fewer who knew anything of Methodism, its traditions, and especially the laws governing General Conferences. It was an impulsive body. It swung from one thing to another in a short space of time. It could hardly be said to have been a deliberative body at all. It made more decisions in shorter time and knew less of the considerations on which the decisions were based than almost any Conference Methodism in America ever held, certainly than any General Conference it ever held.

"Some think it governed by politics in a larger degree than any Conference ever held. It did not give me opportunity to answer questions, either to defend myself from my enemies, to explain my position, nor to say anything about my health. I was sandwiched in between two others who were retired, and retired with them. Some say the proceedings were high-handed. My health is good. I am not an old man. In or out of the effective list, rightly or wrongly treated, I shall not stop work. May be I shall accomplish more on half pay than ever I have done on full pay."

Bishop Neeley paid a tribute to the Rev. Dr. A. B. Leonard, who was retired at his own request.

Dr. Leonard thought the General Conference an able body, and a deliberative one. He did not like, however, the coming up at each Conference of the amusement rule, and said he had tried to get the Conference to take a vote upon, and so end, its appearance one way or the other. He had failed, he said, and he believed the law would stay there till everybody now living was dead—"and some in heaven," he added.

The Rev. Dr. Eckman told what he purposed to do with The Christian Advocate. He will make it less a paper for ministers and more one for the average Methodist. He would make it more in touch with the times than it has been. Most Methodist periodicals, he said, were not paying propositions.

Bishop Wilson will came to New York to take up residence here at once, and Bishop Stunts will sail for Buenos Aires. The Rev. Dr. Eckman takes up editorial work, and the new popular style of The Christian Advocate will become effective. There is much interest in the fact that two laymen, members of the local Book Committee or Publishing Board Council, have been dropped and two ministers put in their places. The retiring laymen are Edgar J. Leaycraft and J. M. Washburn, and the ministers are the Rev. Dr. Ezra S. Tipple and the Rev. J. E. Holmes.

WIFE LOST BY BROKEN WORD.

James Davis Agreed to Have a Catholic Ceremony and Then Refused.

Special to The New York Times.

KINGSTON, N. Y., June 3.—Through her counsel, ex-Supreme Court Justice G. D. B. Hasbrouck of Kingston, Mrs. Mary A. Davis has established judicially her right to have her marriage to James E. Davis annulled because of the latter's refusal to keep his pre-nuptial promise that if she would allow a marriage ceremony by a Protestant clergyman, he would agree to have the marriage performed again by a priest of the Roman Catholic Church, to which she belongs.

The action was based on allegations that the marriage was procured by means of fraud. It was tried some time ago before Supreme Court Justice Alden Chester of Albany, who has just handed down findings, sustaining the plaintiff's contention.

Before her marriage, Mrs. Davis was Miss Mary A. Light of Kingston. She is a devout Catholic, and when Davis proposed marriage, she accepted on condition that the ceremony should be performed by a priest, in accordance with the rites of her Church. In December Miss Light was visiting in Schenectady, when Davis went there and proposed an immediate marriage. Miss Light agreed to return to Kingston with Davis and have the ceremony performed at St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church.

On the way to Kingston Davis again promised to have the ceremony performed according to Miss Light's religious belief, but said it would be pleasing to himself and his family if she would first be married by a Protestant clergyman. They accordingly left the train at New Baltimore and were married there by a Baptist clergyman. When they reached Kingston he refused to have any ceremony by a priest.

As a result of her marriage to Davis by a Protestant clergyman, and his refusal to be married by a priest, his wife was excommunicated.

Justice Chester finds that Mrs. Davis is entitled to an interlocutory judgment annulling the marriage.

Gilbey's EXTRA PURE LONDON DRY GIN

When you order a Rickey ask for GILBEY'S Extra Pure London DRY GIN and you'll get the best on the market. Distilled and bottled in London, England.

For Sale by Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., Charles & Co., Wine Growers Association, and all high-class cafes and wine merchants.

Summer Suits at $15
For Men and Young Men

Suits of unusual goodness for $15—unusual, not only because of the fine fabrics used, but because of the brains displayed in tailoring them. Good fabrics are not so unusual in suits at $15, but suits, into whose tailoring enough brains have been put, to give them the style and fit which every man wants, are mighty scarce; and that's what you get in Brill Special $15 suits.

Ready-to-wear—At Brill Stores.

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY at 49th St. 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125th STREET, at 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.
Harlem Store Open Evenings.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE AT 46TH ST.

Now in progress—our Semi-Annual

Clearance Sales

Offering extraordinary values in Outer-apparel of the very highest standard—values that the most critical, best-dressed women of New York and vicinity are taking prompt advantage of in completing their Summer wardrobes.

Everything is fresh and new—many of the lines having been made up but recently from our surplus materials and now put on sale for the first time.

Tailor-made Suits at Half Price

Of cloth and silk, including original Paris models—many of the latter being reduced to *less than half*.

$50 Suits at $25.00 — $85 Suits at $42.50
$65 " " $32.50 — $100 " " $50.00
$75 " " $37.50 — $150 " " $75.00

Motor and "Sport" Coats, Quarter & Third Off

Of white serges, pongee, Scotch and English mixtures, eponge; also White Coats with pastel linings.

Gowns at One-fourth to Half Off

Magnificent Gowns for afternoon, dinner and evening wear, of silk charmeuse, taffeta, net, marquisette, silk voile and novelty cloths.

Imported Hand-made Lingerie Dresses—Half

At $22.50 to $82.50 *Formerly $45 to $165*

In white and combination embroideries.

Wraps Reduced One-fourth to Half

Of charmeuse, taffeta, chiffons, crepes and novelty materials.

Millinery Reduced One-third to Half

For dress and semi-dress wear. Also White Hats for Summer wear.

Wonderful Values in Blouses at $5 *Values, $10 & $12.50*

Of striped and shadow voiles and French batiste, trimmed with shadow and Irish laces. Four styles are offered to-day at $5.

French Blouses, One-Third to Half Off

Of Summer chiffons, chiffon satins, nets, etc.

No goods sent on approval, reserved or exchanged.

Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

Is Coffee a Poison?

Read this

The average cup of coffee contains about 2½ grains of "caffeine"—the drug that you read about here

Coffee drinkers often suffer from headache, nervousness, indigestion, biliousness, heart irritation and other symptoms of ill health due to "caffeine," the drug in their coffee.

The cause is often not understood until expert medical test shows up the bald facts

One can get relief from the ills caused by coffee by quitting it for 10 days and using

POSTUM

A pure, palatable food beverage that tastes much like high-grade Java but is absolutely free from Caffeine or any other drug.

If the 10 days' trial shows you some facts, perhaps you may conclude it's worth more to be well than to drink coffee—it's up to you to decide.

"There's a Reason" for Postum

POSTUM CEREAL CO., LTD., BATTLE CREEK, MICH.

POISON SQUAD MEMBER COLLAPSES UNDER TEST

Philadelphia Student in Serious Condition for a Time, but Has Recovered.

COMPANIONS ARE SICK

Every Member of Band Suffers Nausea as Result of Caffeine Experiments.

PHILADELPHIA, May 11.—Serious results have followed the feeding of caffeine, a drug lurking in chocolate as well as coffee, to the eight student members of the "poison squad" of the Hahnemann Medical College here. All have been subject to severe headaches and serious attacks of nausea, while one member of the squad was in such a serious condition after taking the caffeine-laden water for the first twenty days that he had to be placed in a special ward in the hospital. He received constant attention, has recovered and at the college is said to have rejoined the squad.

The "poison squad" at the Hahnemann college was formed very quietly. It came into existence on March 1 and is under the direct supervision of Dr. Edmund T. Nesbit, director of the Hering laboratory of the college.

Dr. Nesbit called for volunteers from among the students. He said he wanted men who were willing to do something for the benefit of humanity at large, even though it might be to their own discomfiture. Twenty-five students volunteered. Of these fourteen of the most perfect physically were chosen, eleven as regular members of the squad and three as alternates. * * * * * * * * *

For thirty days the members of the squad were given doses of caffeine while Dr. Nesbit and his assistants made personal observations, taking the pulses and temperature of the members of the squad and making notes on their general physical condition. It was not until within the last few days that one member of the squad weakened under the experiment to such an extent that it was necessary to send him to the hospital. Dr. Nesbit refuses to reveal the name of the student who collapsed, but declares that through proper treatment immediately he soon recovered. * * * * * * * * *

The caffeine was administered in a solution and was mixed with the water the squad drank. The students did not know when they were getting the caffeine. There were no stated times for giving it in order to keep the mind of the student free from worry in order that the physical condition might not be changed materially through the action of the brain.

Before joining the "poison squad" each student had to sign a release against any action for damages against the college.

* * * * * * * * * *

The laboratory was organized about fifteen months ago with Dr. Nesbit as director, and almost immediately an exhaustive study was started to ascertain the destructive qualities of caffeine as used in food stuffs. * * * * * * *

The students continued to live at the dormitories or at boarding houses, but they were required to take their meals at the training table located in the hospital near the diet kitchen. Before each meal the temperature was recorded, the pulse and respiration were taken and the blood pressure was tested. During the period the drug was administered only Dr. Nesbit knew the amount apportioned to each man and when and in what quantity it was administered. —*New York Sun*—May 12, 1912.

BURGESS TO LEAVE HIS COLUMBIA POST

Professor of Politics and Law for 36 Years and Senior Officer Retires This Year.

HIS APPLICATION ACCEPTED

Prof. Woodbridge Appointed to Succeed Him—Other Positions Filled at Last Meeting of Year.

After thirty-six years of active service on the Columbia Faculty, the application for retirement of Prof. John W. Burgess, Ruggles Professor of Political Science and Constitutional Law, and Dean of the Faculties of Political Science, Philosophy, Pure Science, and Fine Arts, was granted yesterday by the Trustees of Columbia.

Prof. Burgess retires at the end of the present academic year. In recognition of his "long and distinguished service," the Trustees gave Prof. Burgess yesterday the title of Professor Emeritus of Political Science and Constitutional Law. The Trustees adopted the following resolutions full of praise for the services rendered by Prof. Burgess. The Trustees say in part:

In granting the application of Prof. Burgess, the Trustees desire to record their high appreciation of the manifold and eminent services which he has rendered to Columbia University and to higher education. As Professor of Political Science at Amherst College from 1873 to 1876, and since 1876 at Columbia, he has guided thousands of men, now in active life as lawyers, journalists, and teachers, to a correct understanding and a just appreciation of the spirit of American institutions.

In his published writings he has made intelligible to the civilized world the full significance of the constitutional organization and the judicial protection of liberty under the Government of the United States. First of American scholars in his field to insist upon the importance of the comparative method of study, he early drew to his side scholars like-minded with himself and established at Columbia an efficient and productive department of public law and comparative jurisprudence.

Prof. Burgess was one of the very first to see the coming in America of true universities, and he gave to the movement for their establishment and organization both inspiration and direction. To advanced studies and the training of investigators in every field of intellectual activity he gave the warmest encouragement. The scheme of university organization adopted at Columbia in 1890 followed in the main the lines which he had long before marked out and which he had tirelessly advocated.

Finally, in the support which Prof. Burgess gave to the exchange of professors between American and European universities, in the active part which he played in framing the permanent plan of exchange between this country and Germany, and in the distinction which he lent as first Roosevelt Professor to the new chair established at Berlin, he rendered conspicuous service to the republic of letters and helped to promote that better understanding between leaders of thought in different nations in which lies the strongest hope for the peaceful progress of the civilized world.

Resolved, That the Trustees accept with regret and with deep gratitude for his long, generous, and distinguished service the resignation of John W. Burgess, Ph. D., Jur. D., L.L. D., as Ruggles Professor of Political Science and Constitutional Law and as Dean of the Faculties of Political Science, Philosophy, Pure Science, and Fine Arts, to take effect on June 30, 1912.

Since the retirement of Profs. Van Amringe and Chandler, Prof. Burgess has been the senior officer in the service of Columbia.

Prof. Woodbridge His Successor.

To succeed Prof. Burgess as Dean of the Faculties of Political Science, Philosophy, Pure Science, and Fine Arts, the Trustees appointed yesterday Prof. J. E. Woodbridge, Johnsonian Professor of Philosophy. Like Prof. Burgess, Prof. Woodbridge is an Amherst College graduate. He studied also at the Union Theological Seminary and in Germany. After holding the Professorship of Philosophy and the Deanship of the Graduate School at the University of Minnesota, Prof. Woodbrige was called in 1901 to the headship of the Columbia Department of Philosophy, an office vacated by President Butler on his election to the Columbia Presidency. Ever since he became connected with Columbia, Prof. Woodbridge, it was said last night, has been "a powerful factor in the formulation and execution of the university policies."

In accepting the office of Provost of Columbia, Prof. William H. Carpenter resigned yesterday as Associate Dean of the Faculties of Political Science, Philosophy, Pure Science, and Fine Arts, and as administrative head of the Department of German. Prof. Calvin Thomas Gebhard, Professor of the Germanic languages and literatures was appointed to succeed Prof. Carpenter as executive head of the Germanic Department.

Appointments for Next Year.

As Roosevelt Professor at the University of Berlin for the academic year 1913-14, the Trustees named Paul Shorey, Professor of Greek at the University of Chicago. John R. Crawford of Harvard University was appointed an instructor in Roman Archaeology, to take up some of the work formerly in charge of the late Prof. George N. Olcott.

The Trustees named Dr. Francis Carter Wood, now Professor of Clinical Pathology, to be Director of the George Crocker Special Research Fund.

The Resignation of William H. Walker, Assistant Professor of Biological Chemistry, was accepted, and Paul B. Howe, instructor in chemistry in the University of Illinois, was appointed to the vacancy.

The Trustees announced a gift of $7,000 from the class of 1887, School of Mines, made in commemoration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the graduation of the class. The gift will be used to establish a loan fund for the aid of undergraduates in the Schools of Applied Science. Yesterday's meeting of the Trustees was the last of the present academic year.

COLUMBIA CLASS DAY.

Seniors Announce Their Opinions on Great Variety of Subjects.

Class Day was celebrated at Columbia University yesterday, the Barnard seniors in cap and gown lending their presence to the occasion. But they constituted only a small part of the invited guests, for Class Day always brings to the campus a host of the seniors' sisters and friends.

After a procession of the Barnard and Columbia senior classes across the campus the exercises in the gymnasium began with the President's address by Herbert H. Clyne. Fitz John Porter read the class history and recounted the many achievements of the 1912 class. Then H. H. Anderson recited the class poam, which he called "A Commencement Ode."

William A. Meikleham, '86, President of the Columbia College Alumni Association, presented the Alumni Association prize for "the most deserving member of the senior class" to Arthur Bearns Brenner, and Dean Keppel awarded the Charles Rolker, Jr., Prize for "the best all-around man" to Fritz Culman.

Eighteen seniors earned election to Phi Beta Kappa, the honor fraternity. Those chosen were: R. S. Bourne, A. B. Brener, C. B. Bridges, H. W. Elsasser, S. H. Hartig, J. H. Henle, O. C. Isbell, A. W. Macmahon, C. A. Manning, C. H. Meyer, H. H. Nordlinger, J. H. Park, W. E. Shrewsbury, P. W. Slosson, A. H. Sturtevant, J. W. Swain, J. P. Wilson, and M. L. Yates.

After these announcements the exercises were resumed, Edward S. Swazey predicting great things in the Class Prophecy, and Orring C. Isbell delivering the presentation oration. The valedictory address was rendered by Arthur Whittier Macmahon. This ended the exercises in the gymnasium, and the class ivy planting then took place at Hamilton Hall, Harold Augustin Calahan delivering the ivy oration.

Visitors were, as usual, much interested in the class statistics which were incorporated in the Senior Class Book. It appears that the 1912 men average 5 feet 7¼ inches in height, 147 pounds in weight and 22 years 6 months in age. The religious beliefs of the class are about as diversified as there are beliefs. In politics the class is not so overwhelmingly Republican as other classes at Columbia have been.

Prof. Beard retains his title as favorite professor, but there is a new incumbent of the "best teacher" distinction. He is Prof. Carlton H. Hayes, who was voted also the "hardest professor to bluff." His course, History A, is declared to be the "most difficult course." The easiest course, say the seniors, is Religion 3-4. History is the "best department," and French continues to be named as the "worst department."

So many successive senior classes at Columbia have voted THE NEW YORK TIMES the "favorite newspaper" that it has become almost a tradition. The 1912 class declares THE TIMES to be its "favorite newspaper." Kipling, Tennyson and Lincoln are the favorite prose writer, poet, and character in history, respectively. As the favorite novel Dumas's "The Three Musketeers" makes its first appearance in senior class selections.

Warfield is the favorite actor, succeeding Sothern, who has most often been the choice. Julia Marlowe is the best-liked actress.

The 1912 senior class answered affirmatively to the two queries: "Do you smoke?" and "Do you drink?" The 1911 class didn't drink, water being voted the favorite beverage of the seniors at Columbia a year ago.

A stadium is Columbia's greatest need, in the opinion of a majority of the seniors, but there is still the lurking feeling that football ought to be reinstated at Columbia. Barnard College is by all odds the "favorite girls' college" for the Columbia seniors. The choice of Barnard for this distinction is the one safe bet of every senior class' statistics.

Warner C. Pyne, President of the Student Board, received many bouquets from his classmates. He was voted the "best all-around man," the "most likely to succeed," the "most popular man," the "biggest politician," and "the most typical Columbia man." To M. A. Jagendorf went the honors of being "most eccentric" and "own best press agent." The "most brilliant man" and the "best student" is Arthur Bearns Brenner, in the opinion of his classmates.

After the class day exercises the senior tea was given at Earl Hall. Last evening three dances were going at the same time on the Columbia campus. In Earl Hall the Barnard senior dance was held, in the Thompson gymnasium the Teachers College seniors were having their dance, and the Columbia senior dance took place in the university gymnasium.

Owing to illness Owen Johnson, who was to have delivered the Phi Beta Kappa address at Columbia this evening, will be unable to do so. Prof. F. J. E. Woodbridge of the Department of Philosophy will speak in place of Mr. Johnson. His address, on the subject of "College Life," will be delivered at 8:30 this evening in Havemeyer Hall. The public will be admitted.

TITANIC MEMORIAL FUNDS.

Wireless Operator Takes Up Collection—The Lighthouse Fund.

Contributions amounting to $88.15 were received yesterday by C. C. Galbraith, Chairman of the Jack Phillips Memorial Fund for marine wireless operators, at his office, 42 Broadway. These bring the total amount so far received to $1,582.15. The greater portion of the $88.15 was collected on the Morgan liner Creole by Wireless Operator Kearney.

The names of the contributors are:

Herman Baker & Co.	$10.00
W. P. Kent, S. S. Esperanza	1.00
Mr. Otto Lederer, passenger steamship Hamilton	50
Mrs. Otto Lederer	50
"Unknown Friend"	50
W. S. Tont	1.00
S. W. Corman	1.00
H. B. Lawrence	1.00
Joseph E. Cockrell	1.00
L. Litt	25
S. H. Ettleson	1.00
W. M. Armistead	1.00
William C. Freeman	1.00
Beinberg	25
David D. Lee	1.00
R. M. Richter	1.00
Conrad B. Kimball	1.00
E. C. Hill	1.00
George L. Auer	1.00
Walter Buckingham Swan	1.00
W. B. Jones	1.00
Henry D. Wilson	1.00
Anonymous	1.00
John Paloraio	15
Roger Byrne	50
F. J. Sheridan	50
George W. Coleman	1.00
Cash	50
J. J. Byrne	50
E. V. Holland	1.00
Total	$33.15
Previously acknowledged	$1,549.00
Grand total	$1,582.15

J. P. Morgan & Co. announced yesterday that the sum of $47 had been received in contributions to the Lighthouse and Time-Ball Fund in memory of all those who lost their lives on the Titanic, which now amounts to $6,051. The committee expects that the complete sum needed, $10,000, will be collected in the next two weeks. The lighthouse and time-ball will be placed on the new Seamen's Institute, South Street and Coenties Slip. The donors of the $47 are:

Mrs. Geraldyn Redmond	$20
Col. Franklin Brown	10
Joseph Iken	5
D. K. Bayne	5
E. D. B.	5
Anonymous	2
Total	47
Previously acknowledged	$6,004
Grand total	$6,051

Contributions should be sent to J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street.

HEINSHEIMER LEFT $828,000

Deceased Broker's Estate All Invested in Bonds and Mortgages.

Charles J. Heinsheimer, formerly a member of the firm of P. J. Goodhart & Co., stock brokers of 57 Broadway, who died on Dec. 22, 1910, left an estate valued at $828,233, according to the appraisal made by John V. Coggey and filed yesterday in the Transfer Tax Office of the Surrogates by Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser. All this is in personalty, including mortgages, loans, stocks, an dbonds. He owned no realty.

Mr. Heinsheimer was a member of the New York Stock and New York Produce Exchanges. His seats in these were sold for $70,000 and $988 each, respectively. Loans of $100,000 each were made to W. E. Lauer & Co., Wassermann Brothers, and Halle & Stieglitz, and these, with the accrued interest, are included in his personalty. His other securities include mortgages to the amount of $193,000 on various properties and bonds of New York City worth $204,872.

According to the terms of the will, the beneficiaries and the amounts of the legacies are as follows: Blanche L. Heinsheimer of 21 East Eighty-second Street, his wife, $290,037; Charles J. Heinsheimer, Jr., his infant son, $400,151; Emma G. Heinsheimer, his mother, $18,220; Robert Heinsheimer and Walter D. Heinsheimer, his brothers, and Daisy Heinsheimer, his sister, $15,639 each.

FLOOD SUFFERERS GET TARDY RELIEF

Funds Coming In Slowly for Those Whose Troubles in the South Are Only Beginning.

FEAR OF AN EPIDEMIC

Red Cross Now Taking Care of 150,000 Refugees from the Flooded Districts.

Contributions received yesterday for the Southern flood relief fund amounted to $823. The response to the appeal for money for this cause has so far been discouraging. Ernest Bicknell, Director of the National Red Cross, states that the total fund received from all sources by the society is less than $50,000, while the relief work is greater than any undertaken by that organization since the San Francisco fire in 1906. To make provision for the sufferers from the San Francisco fire millions of dollars were raised in a few days. Sufficient funds for the purpose were raised in a few days after the Titanic disaster. The outpouring of money for the famine in China this Spring is in remarkable contrast with the poor showing in the case of the Southern flood. More than $100,000 was subscribed a few weeks after the call was issued for money for Red Cross work in China, and gifts of money for this purpose continued to be so liberal that the society recently gave notice that no more donations were needed.

The Red Cross is taking care of 150,000 refugees, scattered over a flooded territory thousands of square miles in extent, and is preparing for the task of fighting epidemics which are almost inevitable later in the season on account of the carcasses of drowned animals and the stagnating water and sewage which will surround towns in the flooded district.

The following contributions were received yesterday:

Mrs. Samuel G. Lawrence	$100.00
Leo Edward, and Joseph Kohnstamm	50.00
"K. A. O."	50.00
Jonas Kock	50.00
Paul Moore, Morristown, N. J.	50.00
Thomas Hale, Jr., Yonkers, N. Y.	25.00
Miss Eleanor Hague	25.00
Anonymous	25.00
P. Chesler	25.00
Mrs. Cornelius Low Wells	25.00
Everett J. Brett	10.00
Mrs. Joseph S. Stout	10.00
Miss Julia Lathers	10.00
M. E. Davis	10.00
Thomas P. Spencer	10.00
Howard R. Cummings	10.00
Mrs. Helen E. Smith	10.00
Lionel Sutro	10.00
Edward Jackson	10.00
Miss Harriet E. Clarke, Worcester, Mass.	10.00
M. Garsides, Cresskill, N. J.	10.00
Charles A. Goodman	10.00
A. C. Donaldson	10.00
Woodrow Methodist Episcopal Church	10.00
Mrs. John E. Leech	10.00
David Robinson	5.00
"A. B."	5.00
E. Misel	5.00
Howard Warner Clarke	5.00
Cash from Lampases, Texas	5.00
Mrs. I. Wilson and sister	5.00
Lewis Balch	5.00
Miss Clara Swetland	5.00
Edith Ellis Furness	3.00
Anonymous	2.00
In Memory of "C. C. A."	2.00
"C. K. E."	1.00
Total	$823.00
Previously acknowledged	$20,180.48
Grand total	$20,803.48

Contributions are being received by William D. Buckner, Treasurer of the Mayor's Committee, 889 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn; Jacob H. Schiff, William and Pine Streets, Treasurer of the New York State Red Cross Society; Red Cross office, 105 East Twenty-second Street, and the Mayor's Committee office, 51 Chambers Street.

WOMEN GIVE TO FLOOD FUND.

Surplus of Dolly Madison Breakfast Increased to $205.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—A committee of women, representing the organization which gave the famous Dolly Madison breakfast, visited the Washington office of THE TIMES to-night and asked its correspondent to deny the report that the breakfast resulted in a deficit. They said that counting the proceeds of the breakfast itself and the profit derived from the sale of "Who's Who" of the women attending, there was a surplus of $25.75.

At a meeting of the Dolly Madisons on Saturday, they say, it was proposed to present the surplus, which at that time appeared to be $15—the proceeds of the sale of the "Who's Who" not having been reported on at that time—to Mrs. Robert C. Wickliffe, the wife of the Louisiana Congressman, who had been active in the management of the affair. Mrs. Wickliffe declined the offer, and suggested that the money be devoted to relieving the condition of the children who were sufferers from the Mississippi floods.

It was then suggested that if each of the 85 women who had gotten up the dinner were to contribute $1 the $15 would be raised to $100; whereupon Mrs. Clarence Watson, wife of the West Virginia Senator, contributed $5. Mrs. Champ Clark followed with $50 which was promptly duplicated by Mrs. Wickliffe, and it was agreed that each woman on the committee should give $1.

"BILLY" NIXON'S WIDOW DIES.

Once a Beauty — Ill, Despondent, Ends Life.

Mrs. Nellie Nixon, widow of the bookmaker "Billy" Nixon, committed suicide at the home of Mrs. May Jones, 74 West Eighty-ninth Street, yesterday morning. Following the death of her husband seven years ago she had little money, and since then her life had been a constant struggle. Her health failed, and she became despondent.

Mrs. Jones noticed the odor of gas. She made her way to the kitchen, and there found her friend dead, with her head resting on a pillow that had been placed close to the gas range. The kitchen was filled with gas still escaping from the range.

"Billy" Nixon ran through a fortune. Mrs. Nixon in her youth was a woman of great beauty.

Herbert N. Straus on Sheriff's Jury.

Herbert N. Straus was appointed by Sheriff Julius Harburger yesterday to take the place of his father, Isidor Straus, on the Sheriff's Jury, second panel. The place left vacant by the death of Col. John Jacob Astor is being reserved for Vincent Astor, who will be of age in six months.

Franklin

Thirty

"Little Six"

Meets the demand for a small six-cylinder car—Franklin quality throughout.

Motor air cooled — the only cooling system that never requires attention — no working parts to get out of order — nothing to boil, leak, or rust — a cooling system that has made good for ten years.

Twenty-eight hundred dollars

Franklin Motor Car Company

GLENN A. TISDALE, Manager,

Broadway, Amsterdam Ave. & 73d St.,

New York City.

Bridgeport, Conn., Arthur L. Clark; Kingston, N. Y., Forsyth & Davis; Newburgh, N. Y., George Mason; Patterson, N. Y., A. L. Newcomb; Paterson, N. J., Hughes Garage Co.; Newark, N. J., E. D. Carlough.

THE LONG HORN

"The Never Failing Warning Signal"

Never Fails to Work
Costs Little to Buy
Costs Nothing to Operate
No Wires to Break
No Bulb to Wear Out
No Battery to Run Down

No signal can be heard further

Put on any car in a few minutes at

51 West 63rd Street

PRESS HERE

PRICE $18.00 Complete

The G. Piel Company
LONG ISLAND CITY

USED CARS FOR SALE.

THE BACKWARD SEASON SACRIFICE IN PRICES CONTINUES THIS WEEK ON OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF HIGH GRADE USED AUTOMOBILES: 4 cyl. PEERLESS, with two bodies, $2,000; CADILLAC roadster and touring, $300 to $350; STEARNS, 15-30, $850; PIERCE-ARROW landaulet, $500; HUPMOBILES, $300 to $450; REOS, $175 to $450; CHALMERS touring and roadsters, $400 to $800; CORBIN, $350; FLANDERS, $350; 1911 Fore door STODDARD, make offer; 1911 WHITE, make offer; BUICKS, all models, $250 up; HUDSONS, $400 to $600. 50 others on which we invite inspection and offers. Time Payments if desired. Trades made. SURPRISINGLY LOW PRICES on HOODES, all styles, also Rumble Seats and WIND-SHIELDS. MAGNETOS and a Big job in TRUCK TIRES. Made by Kelly, Springfield, both blocks and regular tires.

TIMES SQUARE AUTOMOBILE CO., 1,710-18 B'way, 54th St. Phone 7360 Col.

AUTO BARGAINS—Unmatched.
LARGEST STOCK—LOWEST PRICES.
Every car guaranteed—Demonstrations cheerfully given.
EASY TERMS ARRANGED.
RUNABOUTS $100 TO $1000
SMALL TOURING CARS $200 to $1000
LARGE TOURING CARS $350 to $1500
BARGAINS in ALL KINDS of BODIES
EVERY STANDARD MAKE REPRESENTED.
Before buying, exchanging, selling, or storing your car consult us.
CALL OR WRITE.
NEW YORK'S LARGEST AUTO BROKERS.
Green's Purchasing Agency
Corner 48th St. & Broadway.

AUTO BARGAINS—BEST QUALITY
LARGEST STOCK AND "SQUARE DEALS."
$100 TO $3,500
ONLY CONCERN OPERATING CITY FACTORY.
For Cash or Easy Payments
Demonstrations cheerfully given; examinations invited; everything as represented.
Jandorf Automobile Co.,
New York's Automobile Bargain Establishment "Par Excellence."
New Address 42 & 44 West 62d St. Entire Building.

Renewed Peerless Cars
No car better at any price.
All are overhauled and repainted, and carry the New Car Guarantee, all models on exhibition; ready for delivery at very attractive prices.
Peerless Motor Car Co. of N. Y.
1,760 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Brooklyn Branch, 1,884 Bedford Av.
Newark Branch, 37 William St.

A TIRE SALE "EXTRAORDINARY"
ALL LARGE SIZES NOW AT
—50%, 60% & 70% Discount—
OTHER SIZES, FRACTION OF VALUES.
Tubes, A1 and All Makes, $1.50 up.
Jandorf Automobile Co.,
TIRE DEPARTMENT,
229 W. 57th St. East of Broadway.

POPE-HARTFORD REBUILT CARS
Repainted, overhauled, and sold with written guarantee; have appearance of new cars; all types of bodies; prices from $350 up.
Also a number of other makes at attractive prices.
Pope-Hartford Auto Co.
Tel. 7141 Columbus. 1930 BROADWAY.

REBUILT GARFORD CARS
40 H. P. 7 passenger touring, 1910.
40 H. P. 7 passenger touring, 1909.
30 H. P. 6 passenger touring, 1909.
Also several limousines and landaulets.
All have been thoroughly overhauled and refinished and are guaranteed free of repairs for 6 months.
Call and look them over.
THE R. & L. COMPANY,
Garford Distributors.
Broadway at 62nd St., N. Y.

J. M. QUINBY & CO.,
NEWARK, N. J.,
Offer the following cars at low prices:
50 Simplex, 1910, like new.
45 Isotta, 1909, Victoria top, newly done up.
30-60 Stearns, fully equipped, $700.
De Luxe Limousine, fully equipped, $800.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

USED AUTOMOBILES
At Prices That Fit Your Pocketbook

Some of our competitors say we sell too cheap, but we sell ten cars while they are selling one. We sell cars at small profits giving the buyer the benefit. We do our own selling and buying. Our expenses are lower than others. Our space is valuable, and we do not hold out for large profit.

We guarantee if you buy a car of us this week we will save you from 25% to 50% on any late model, high-grade car. Hundreds of satisfied customers, who can be referred to, is our best advertisement. A call will convince you that this is the place to buy a car. All cars delivered free, and we teach inexperienced buyers to operate them.

Glidden Motor & Supply Co.
Authorized Exchange Agents for Buick Cars.
238 West 58th St., Near Broadway, New York

1000 AUTO BODIES—BARGAINS
SPLENDID ASSORTMENT NEW ALUMINUM BODIES.
Such makes as: Rothschilds, Alcos, Columbias, Mathesons, Packards, Pierces, Peerlesses; besides 100 other makes.
Swellest Light Weight; Whole Job to Suit.
PRICES THE VERY LOWEST
Our factory, (Eleventh Av. and 58th,) five stories, 100x100, guarantees perfection of output.
Jandorf Automobile Co.,
BODY DEPARTMENT.
1,765 Broadway One flight up.
Between 56th and 57th Sts., N. Y.

Automobiles
Ready Reference for Buyers

ABBOTT-DETROIT MOTOR COMPANY, 1670 Broadway, cor. 52d St. Telephone 7166-7167 Columbus.
ALL MAKES Bought, Sold, and Exchanged. Times Sq. Auto Co., 1710 Broadway.
BENZ Auto Import Co. of America, 244-6-8 West 54th St., N. Y.
BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th St. 'Phone 4040 Columbus.
CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 7700 Col.
EVERITT Self-starting cars. Shephard Motor Car Co., B'way, near 61st St.
FIAT. "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,776 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.
KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1968-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.
NATIONAL Poertner Motor Car Co. HERRESHOFF 1922 Broadway, (64th St.) 'Phone 8166-7 Col.

AUTOMOBILE REPAIRS.

REPAIRS
We make a specialty of repairing automobiles; in addition to our facilities for doing fine coach work, we have a well-equipped machine shop to overhaul motors; established 1834.
J. M. QUINBY & CO.
NEWARK, N. J.

AUTOMOBILE BODIES.
COMMERCIAL AUTO DELIVERY BODIES.
GET IN TOUCH WITH US.
ALBERT BROS., 11-13 Cannon St., N. Y.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.
GWILLIAM CO., BEARINGS, ALL TYPES. 253 W. 58th St., Cor. B'way. Col. 8356.

COMMERCIAL VEHICLES.
AUTOCAR. Autocar Sales Co., 433 West 19th St. Tel. Chelsea 6040.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.
Founded on Honesty
STEWART AUTO SCHOOL 233 WEST 54TH ST.
DAY AND EVENING CLASSES "PROSPERS ON MERIT"
WRITE FOR BOOKLET.
WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. Individual road work. Small Shop Classes. Booklet. 302 West 57th St.

Automobile Exchange

With a daily circulation greatly exceeding 200,000 copies The New York Times reaches the greatest automobile purchasing public. Used Cars advertised in the Automobile Exchange of The New York Times find ready purchasers.

Telephone 1000 Bryant.

ADVERTISING RATES per agate line: One insertion, 30c.; three insertions in one week, including one on Sunday, 75c.; seven consecutive insertions, $1.40.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

Highest grade cars, $800 to $1,500; fully equipped; many rebuilt, refinished, and guaranteed; prices positively 15 to 35% lower than usual sacrifice prices; every used car in our establishment is to be sold within next ten days. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

RENAULT.—For sale, at bargain price, limousine, (imported body,) 20-30 H. P., late 1906 model; four speeds, with extra touring body; recently overhauled and painted; in excellent condition. E. S. S., P. O. Box 1,193, New York.

Biggest garage in the world, capacity 800 cars; 58th St., west of C. I. and R. R. Terminal, Coney Island; 25 cents checks your car; monthly storage, $10 up; gasoline, lubricants, supplys; touring cars for hire.

Cole 1911 fore-door touring car; Cole 1911 torpedo toy tonneau; both in excellent condition; fully equipped; just rebuilt and painted; easy terms if desired. Colt-Stratton Company, Broadway, at 68th St. Telephone 6000 Columbus.

PIERCE-ARROW 1911, 48 H. P., SEVEN-PASSENGER TOURING, OVERHAULED, REPAINTED, GUARANTEED AND FULLY EQUIPPED. EXTRA LIMOUSINE BODIES. HARROLDS MOTOR CAR CO., Pierce-Arrow Agents for Metropolitan District, 233 WEST 54TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

100 H. P. racing car; capable 80 miles per hour; good condition; just machine for amateur on local tracks; low figure. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

Have three reliable used cars, priced from $500 to $1,200, that will give good service. These cars are worth investigating. Cash or installments. 300 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

Stearns; 1910; shaft-drive 30-60 touring; also 1910 and 1911 15-30 with toy tonneau or touring bodies; rebuilt and like new. C. A. Ackerman, 415 West 55th St. 7600 Col.

FOR SALE.
Bargain.—One three-ton Grabowsky auto truck in good condition; used only six months. Inquire Marin & Goldberg, Jersey City, N. J.

Locomobile toy tonneau, 40 h. p.; very stanch car; good for long service; in finest condition, having just been overhauled; completely equipped and very good tires; $1,100. Oldsmobile Co. of N. Y., 1,650 Broadway, 51st St.

GARFORD "40," 1910.—Will sell $4,000 car for $1,100 and personally guarantee its condition. Room 1,114, 90 Cedar St.

Mitchell 1911; with small limousine or touring body; overhauled and painted. C. A. Ackerman, 415 West 55th St. 7600 Col.

Pullman; 5-passenger; touring; rebuilt and painted. C. A. Ackerman, 415 West 55th St. 7600 Col.

Thomas 60 H. P.; 7-pass.; fully equipped touring car; rebuilt; guaranteed. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

Cadillac; 5-passenger touring; fully equipped; consider reasonable offer. C. A. Ackerman, 415 West 55th St. 7600 Col.

Buick, $3,200 model with limousine or touring body; this is a bargain for somebody. C. A. Ackerman, 415 West 55th St. Phone 7600 Col.

Pope-Hartford; 1910; fully equipped with limousine and touring body. C. A. Ackerman, 415 West 55th St. 7600 Col.

Stearns; 1908; 30-60 h. p.; 7-passenger; rebuilt and painted. C. A. Ackerman, 415 West 55th St. Phone 7600 Col.

Mercedes; 45 h. p.; with Demarest 7-passenger body; like new in every detail. C. A. Ackerman, 415 West 55th St. 7600 Col.

Thomas town car; refinished throughout; covered by new car guarantee. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

For sale, 1911 Velie, 5-passenger touring car, fully equipped; 40 H. P.; nearly new; owner needs money. 300 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

ALL MAKES—BOUGHT AND SOLD.
100 cars, $150-$2,000; bodies, $25 up.
20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, cor. 54th.

White 1911 fore-door, five-passenger touring; practically new. For particulars call or write Simms Magneto Co., 1,780 Broadway.

Packard, 30, touring, recently overhauled, painted, fully equipped. Folliot Automobile Co., 254 West 54th.

For Sale—Matheson car tonneau, 5-seated, 6-cylinder, in first-class condition. Apply H. C. Herbert, 31 West 27th St.

Oldsmobile, 1910, four cyl.; guaranteed same as new car; fully equipped; $1,100. Oldsmobile Co. of N. Y., 1,650 Broadway.

Oldsmobile; five-passenger; 35 h. p.; fully equipped and like new. C. A. Ackerman, 415 West 55th St. 7600 Col.

Thomas, rebuilt, 1911 touring car; guaranteed like new. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

Bodies.—Touring, runabout, limousine; big cuts in prices. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

'09, 6-cyl., 40 H. P., high-grade car, $450. Thomas, Broadway and 64th St.

Stearns; 15-30 toy tonneau; rebuilt and painted. C. A. Ackerman, 415 West 55th St. 7600 Col.

AUTOMOBILES FOR RENT.

AUTOS FOR RENT.
For hire, new cars: Packards, seven passenger, touring; special rates for monthly service during Summer. We send cars everywhere. Universal Taximeter Cab Co., 153 East 53d St. 'Phone, Plaza—2100.

AUTOS FOR RENT.
For Rent—Packard seven-passenger touring, late model; hour, day, or trip; very reasonable. Folliot Auto Co., 254 West 54th. 3423 Columbus.

Packards, open, closed; elegant; 7-passengers; regular customers, $3-$6 hour; monthly, $200-3600; theatre-dinners, $4-$10. Murray Hill 91.

For Rent—Private Peerless landaulet or touring. Inquire Clark & Kendrick, 148 West 51st St. Phone 8639 Columbus.

To hire for the Summer, new five-passenger touring car with careful chauffeur; everything complete. 300 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

Elegant seven-passenger Peerless and Packard cars for rent. Curt Schmidt, 4337 Riverside.

AUTOMOBILES WANTED.

AUTOMOBILES WANTED.
Spot cash for your automobile; any make; or will accept same on sale at 5 per cent. commission. Green's Agency, Broadway and 48th.

DEMOUNTABLE RIMS.
HOWARD "The rim that demounts them all" 1733 B'way. Col. 1343.

HOT DAY,
Father Knickerbocker,
but just the weather for a
REFRESHING RICKEY or FIZZ.
Yes, the bottle with the RED Label. That's the GIN.
"Make it with BURNETT'S."
First Distilled in 1770.
ENTER WITH MUSIC
Sir Robt BURNETT & Co's
London DRY Gin
Sir Robert Burnett & Company
632-634 W. 34th St., New York

An American Underslung

Used But Little

It looks as good as the day it was built. Snappy, daring lines with a fifty horse power motor. Seats low and comfortable. It is a 1911 model. The man who owned it has just gone to Japan. We will take a very low price because we need the room.

Used Car Department
AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY, Broadway at 62d Street
Builders of Alco Motor Cars, Alco Motor Trucks and Alco Taxicabs

FEDERAL "Extra Service" TIRES

Federal Tires are recognized by automobilists who know as the tires of "Extra Service." Their exceptional endurance, and the unusual service they render are due to their high quality.

Federal Tires are the tires you should select because of the *extra service* they deliver. The additional miles they give will materially reduce your tire expense.

Ask to see Federal Tires—their superiority will be apparent.

In all types, for all standard rims

Federal Rubber Mfg. Co. Milwaukee
NEW YORK BRANCH, 1737 Broadway
DISTRIBUTORS
Acorn Tire & Supply Co., Newark, N. J.
Aicheson & Royce, Bridgeport, Conn.

Moline 35

Long Stroke Motor For Hill Climbing

If you are contemplating touring the Berkshires, White Mountains or Adirondacks, let us give you a demonstration showing what the **Moline Famous 4x6 Long Stroke Motor** can do on big hills in and around New York.

MOLINE LONG STROKE MOTOR perfect through traffic. Five-passenger Touring Car, $1800. Two-passenger Roadster, $1700. F. o. b. Moline. Complete equipment.

Delamater-Byrnes Automobile Co.
10 WEST 60th STREET, NEW YORK

RUBE MARQUARD'S ELEVENTH VICTORY

Giants' Slim, Tall Pitcher Remains Undefeated in National League Race.

THE SCORE.

New York...	0	0	7	0	1	0	0	0	.—8
St. Louis...	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0—3

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	H	BB	SO	PO	A	E
Devore, lf	3	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Doyle, 2b	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Groh, 2b	1	0	0	2	0	2	4	1
Snodgrass, 1b	4	1	1	1	2	5	1	0
Murray, rf	3	1	0	2	0	3	0	0
Becker, cf	4	1	2	0	0	5	0	0
Herzog, 3b	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	0
Meyers, c	4	1	2	0	0	6	1	0
Hartley, c	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
Fletcher, ss	3	1	2	0	0	2	3	0
Marquard, p	4	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
Total	30	8	9	7	5	27	11	1

ST. LOUIS.

	AB	R	H	BB	SO	PO	A	E
Magee, 2b	5	0	0	0	3	1	5	1
Ellis, lf	4	1	2	0	0	3	0	1
Mowrey, 3b	4	2	3	0	0	0	1	0
Konetchy, 1b	2	0	1	0	0	6	0	0
Evans, rf	4	0	1	0	1	2	0	0
Hauser, ss	3	0	0	1	0	4	0	0
Oakes, cf	4	0	1	0	0	3	0	1
Bresnahan, c	4	0	2	0	0	5	2	0
Sallee, p	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Dale, p	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
*Smith	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Total	33	3	9	3	6	24	8	3

*Batted for Dale in the ninth inning.

Two-base hits—Fletcher, Ellis, Herzog, Konetchy, Mowrey, Bresnahan. Three-base hit—Mowrey. Home run—Meyers. Sacrifice flies—Devore, Konetchy, Fletcher. Stolen bases—Becker, Groh. First base on errors—New York, 1; St. Louis, 1. Left on bases—New York, 7; St. Louis, 7. Double plays—Herzog, Groh, and Snodgrass. Struck out—By Marquard, 6; by Sallee, 2; by Dale, 3. Bases on balls—Off Marquard, 3; off Sallee, 2; off Dale, 5. Hit by pitchers—By Dale, (Becker.)

Hits—Off Sallee, 6 in 3 innings, (at bat, 14;) off Dale, 3 in 5 innings, (at bat, 16.) Umpires—Messrs. Eason and Johnstone. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes.

Dick Marquard, the lanky Reuben of the cunning spins and the screeching speed, continuing his record-wrecking way against St. Louis at the Polo Grounds yesterday, tacked up his eleventh successive victory, humbling the Cardinals by a score of 8 to 3. When Dick climbs the hillock and starts to uncurl the mysterious tangents, with all the serpentine motions of a Salome dancer, stand back!

Yesterday's victory was easy for Rube, not only because he had the ball surrounded completely by the hazy smoke which goes with top-notch pegging, but also because his Giant teammates crashed the ball with a terrific impetus which leaves no doubt in your noodle about who's going to win.

The beanpole southpaw hurled a ball that assumed the shape of a pretzel as it dipped over the pan. Behind it was steam enough to run an engine. And Rube mixed 'em up. He lobbed over a slow one now and then, followed by a straight heave that whistled like a northeast wind. It was a strain on the back muscles of the Cardinal batsmen, for many of their terrific swings at the pill carried all the weight of their shoulders, churning the ozone about the plate into little whirlpools of air.

All of which means that Dick has it on the Cards seventeen ways. Famous men have lived before Rube, that's true. Caesar once showed up Gaul; Alexander hung up a few victories; when William the Conqueror got into the fray he saw only the backs of the fleeing enemy. Napoleon raised a lot of havoc in the European League, but not one of these—no, not one—ever pitched eleven straight victories in the regular league season up to the 3d of June. It is repeated—not one.

Slim Sallee, who has been pitching pretty good ball since his decision over old John Barleycorn, must be handed a lot of credit. Sallee is the one man who has played against the Giants in a month who has not been afraid to pitch the ball straight at Chief Meyers. All the rest of the twirlers on the circuit believed that the Indian needed exercise, and had him walking all the time. Not so with Sallee.

With the bases jammed to suffocation, Meyers came to the bat in the third inning. Sallee was up against it. He couldn't pass him without forcing in a run, so he dared to try to strike him out. Meyers gave the ball an awful slam, and it blazed its way into the left field bleachers for a home run. You can't beat that without blindfolding the other team.

Was Mr. Bresnahan of St. Louis pleased? Yes, just about as much as if his rich uncle had died and left his millions to the missionaries in Madagascar. He was so mad that he began to pick on poor Umpire Jim Johnstone. And the things he said about him. Listen, Rogers: "If we had an umpire like him in St. Louis we could win a pennant easy." And here's another one: "Why, he ought to be a hod carrier, he's big enough." Bet that made poor Johnstone feel awful—not.

The third inning was about all there was to this game. The third inning and Marquard. Fletcher opened with a two-bagger. Marquard was safe when Magee fumbled his grounder, allowing Fletcher to go to third. Devore's sacrifice balloon to Ellis scored Fletcher. Doyle fanned, and there's two out. Snodgrass riddled a hit to left, and then something funny happened.

Bresnahan signaled Sallee to pass Red Murray.

Red must have been highly flattered, because no one ever suspected before that Murray was a dangerous man in a pinch. Anyway, Sallee obeyed orders, and filled the bases. Becker laid down a neat bunt along the first base line and beat it out, Marquard scoring. Herzog walked, and the sacks were full again.

Meyers modestly walked to the plate, his warclub in hand. The primitive instinct of the Redman of the forest came back to him. A change came over his swarthy countenance. He held himself like a man about to lift 10,000 pounds. The great bat waved like a reed in his hands as he slashed it toward the revolving ball. It sailed into the left-field bleachers, lacerated and flattened, and made a crack in a two-inch plank.

Fletcher then came to the bat for the second time in the same inning, and after hitting to left he was caught stealing, ending the revel of seven runs.

St. Louis got its two runs in the fourth inning on Ellis's double, a triple by Mowrey and Konetchy's sacrifice fly. When the Cards hit Marquard, they hit him hard, but they could not do it often enough or bunch them, that was their only trouble. Herzog doubled in the fifth, went to third after Evans caught Meyers's long fly, and scored on Fletcher's sacrifice fly.

St. Louis got its third and last run in the sixth inning. Ellis singled and was forced by Mowrey. Konetchy doubled, sending Mowrey to third, and he scored while Groh was tossing out Evans.

The incentive for Manager Bresnahan's oratory was Johnstone's decision in the seventh. Magee hit into a double play, Bresnahan being out at second base, Herzog to Groh. Snodgrass at first dropped Groh's toss, but Johnstone called the runner out. That rocket you see going southward is Bresnahan. A nest of hornets were docile compared with him.

Phillies Rally and Win in Eighth.

PHILADELPHIA, June 3. A batting rally by Philadelphia in the eighth inning gave them the victory over Pittsburgh to-day by 4 to 3. Errors of both teams proved costly. Magee's catch, which robbed Byrne of a home run, was the fielding feature. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Paskert, cf	2	1	2	0	0
Titus, lf	3	1	2	3	1
Magee, lf	3	1	2	1	0
Ludr'rs, 1b	4	0	1	13	0
Knabe, 2b	4	0	0	1	6
Dwn'y, 3b	4	0	2	1	1
Doolan, ss	4	0	0	1	1
Dooin, c	4	1	1	6	1
A'x'der, p	3	0	0	1	2
Total	31	4	10	27	12

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b	4	0	0	1	1
Carey, lf	4	1	0	1	0
Hyatt, rf	4	1	1	1	0
Wilson, cf	4	1	1	1	0
Miller, 1b	4	1	2	10	3
Viox, ss	3	0	0	3	2
Gibson, c	4	0	1	4	0
Hendrix, p	3	0	0	0	5
*Wagner	1	0	0	0	0
†Kelly	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	3	5	24	16

*Batted for Viox in ninth inning.
†Batted for Hendrix in ninth inning.

Errors—Carey, Viox, Hendrix, Luderus, Knabe, Downey, Doolan, Alexander.

Philadelphia	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	—4
Pittsburgh	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	—3

Two-base hits—Wilson, Gibson, Miller. Sacrifice hits—Titus, Magee, McCarthy. Stolen bases—Paskert, Titus. Double play—Titus and Doolan. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 6; Philadelphia, 7. First base on balls—Off Hendrix, 2. First base on errors—Pittsburgh, 4; Philadelphia, 2. Struck out—By Hendrix, 3; by Alexander, 6. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Rush.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 8; St. Louis, 3.
Cincinnati, 7; Brooklyn, 4.
Philadelphia, 4; Pittsburgh, 3.
Chicago, 4; Boston, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit, 4; New York, 1.
Philadelphia, 8; Chicago, 4.
Washington, 13; St. Louis, 4.
Cleveland, 4; Boston, 3.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Newark, 9; Jersey City, 3.
Baltimore, 4; Providence, 2.
Rochester, 6; Montreal, 5.
Montreal, 4; Rochester, 0.
Buffalo, 13; Toronto, 9.
Toronto, 8; Buffalo, 4.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.ct.
New York	30	7	.811
Cincinnati	25	14	.595
Chicago	21	17	.553
Pittsburgh	19	18	.513
St. Louis	20	24	.455
Philadelphia	15	20	.429
Brooklyn	12	24	.333
Boston	12	27	.308

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.ct.
Chicago	29	14	.674
Boston	26	15	.635
Philadelphia	19	17	.528
Detroit	22	21	.512
Washington	21	21	.500
Cleveland	19	20	.475
New York	13	24	.351
St. Louis	12	29	.293

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.ct.
Rochester	24	13	.649
Jersey City	24	14	.632
Buffalo	18	13	.581
Baltimore	17	18	.486
Toronto	16	19	.457
Newark	16	21	.432
Montreal	15	22	.405
Providence	12	22	.353

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St Louis at New York.
Cincinnati at Brooklyn.
Pittsburgh at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Detroit.
Boston at Cleveland.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Washington at St. Louis.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City at Newark.
Providence at Baltimore.
Rochester at Montreal.
Buffalo at Toronto.

TRIPLE PLAY IN BROOKLYN.

Big Feature in Game Which Superbas Pulled Off on Cincinnati.

Brooklyn accomplished a snappy triple play against Hank O'Day's Cincinnati Reds at Washington Park yesterday, but they did not score enough runs to win the game. The Reds jumped to the front in their first turn with the bat, and showed their heels to the Superbas all the way, winning 7 to 4. In the eighth inning Brooklyn began to appear dangerous by picking up three runs, and in the ninth filled the bases after two were out. Zach Wheat had the chance of his life to be a hero, and he skied out to Bescher.

O'Day gave Brooklyn fans their first glimpse of his sensational southpaw, Rube Benton, and mebbe was the most important factor in the Cincinnati triumph. He had one bad inning—the eighth—when three successive hits were made off his delivery, but in the other chapters he held the Superbas under check. He also showed batting ability with a double to the right-field fence when the corners were clogged in the fifth inning, chacing in two runs.

The triple play arrived in the eighth inning after Cincinnati had filled the bases. Bescher was on third base, Marsans on second, and Hoblitzel on first when Mitchell grounded to Tooley. Tooley threw to Otto Miller, forcing Bescher at the plate. Miller faked a throw to first base, and Marsans turned third base at full speed. Miller shot the ball to Smith and Marsans was tagged out by Miller when Smith returned the throw. About that time Hoblitzel was hotfooting for second base, and Miller pegged to Hummel, getting Hobby at second base by two feet. That ought to be good for another session of the Ebbets Appetite Club.

Brooklyn used three pitchers, and the combination handed Cincinnati eight p...ses. This generosity, coupled with eleven safe slams and some ragged fielding by the Suprebas, kept the Reds from worrying at any stage of the battle.

The score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bescher, lf	3	1	0	3	0
M'rs'ns, cf	5	1	1	4	0
H'tzel, 1b	4	1	3	7	0
M'chell, rf	4	1	1	0	0
Egan, 2b	1	1	0	3	5
Phelan, 3b	3	0	1	2	1
Esmond, ss	4	0	1	1	4
McLean, c	4	0	2	5	2
Benton, p	5	0	2	2	1
Total	34	7	11	27	10

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moran, rf	5	1	1	1	0
Daley, cf	4	1	3	1	0
Smith, 3b	3	1	2	0	2
Daub't, 1b	5	1	3	7	0
Wheat, lf	5	0	1	4	0
Hum'el, 2b	4	0	3	2	3
Tooley, ss	4	0	2	2	4
Phelps, c	0	0	0	5	1
Miller, c	2	0	0	4	5
Kent, p	1	0	0	0	2
Knetzer, p	1	0	0	0	1
Stack, p	0	0	0	0	0
*Cutshaw	1	0	1	0	0
†Fisher	1	0	0	0	0
Total	36	4	17	27	15

*Batted for Knetzer in the seventh inning.
†Batted for Stack in the ninth inning.

Errors—Phelan, Esmond, Smith, Wheat, Tooley.

Cincinnati	2	0	0	0	3	1	0	1	0	—7
Brooklyn	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	—4

Two-base hits—Esmond, Benton, Wheat. Three-base hits—Mitchell, Smith. Triple play—Tooley, Miller, Smith, and Hummel. Sacrifice hits—Mitchell, Smith. Sacrifice flies—Egan, (2.) Stolen bases—Hoblitzel, Phelan, Daley. First base on errors—Cincinnati, 2; Brooklyn, 1. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 11; Brooklyn, 10. Double plays—Egan and Hoblitzel; Kent, Phelps, and Daubert. Struck out—By Benton, 5; by Kent, 1; by Knetzer, 1; by Stack, 1. Bases on balls—Off Benton 4; off Kent, 3; off Knetzer, 4; off Stack, 1. Hits—Off Kent, 5 in two and one-third innings, (at bat 9;) off Knetzer, 3 in four and two-third innings, (at bat 17;) off Stack, 3 in two innings, (at bat 8.) Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran. Time of game—Two hours and four minutes.

Cubs Win Lively Game.

BOSTON, June 3.—Chicago won from Boston, 4 to 3, in a lively game this afternoon. Houser's home run with two men on bases accounted for the locals' tallies. Brown was driven from the box in the seventh inning. Sheckard worked a double play in the sixth by taking Campbell's fly on the bound, although he could have easily caught it. Then he threw to Evers, who touched second base for a force-out on McDonald and tagged Hess, who had held the base. Kling's protest on the play caused his removal by the umpire. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sheck'd, lf	3	1	2	0	1
Schulte, rf	4	0	0	0	0
Tinker, ss	4	1	0	1	6
Zim'm'n, 3b	5	0	2	0	2
W.M'l'r, cf	5	1	2	3	0
Saier, 1b	4	0	1	12	0
Evers, 2b	2	1	1	4	4
N'dham, c	3	0	0	7	2
Brown, p	3	0	0	0	0
Lav'der, p	1	0	0	0	1
Total	34	4	6	27	16

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'D'ld, 3b	3	0	1	2	2
C'pbell, cf	4	0	0	3	0
Sw'ney, 2b	4	0	1	2	7
R.M'l'er, rf	3	1	1	0	1
Jackson, lf	4	1	1	4	0
Houser, 1b	4	1	2	10	1
Devlin, ss	4	0	2	1	2
Kling, c	2	0	0	4	0
Rariden, c	1	0	0	1	0
Hess, p	3	0	1	0	1
*Spratt	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	3	10	27	13

*Batted for Hess in ninth inning.

Errors—R. Miller, Jackson, Schulte.

Chicago	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	—4
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	—3

Two-base hits—Sweeney, Devlin, Sheckard, W. Miller, Zimmerman. Home run—Houser. Hits—Off Brown, 8 in six innings and no one out in seventh; off Lavender, 2 in three innings. Sacrifice hits—Rariden, Schulte. Double play—Sheckard and Evers. Left on bases—Boston, 6; Chicago 10. First base on balls—Off Hess, 5; off Brown, 1; off Lavender, 1. First base on errors—Chicago, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Hess, (Needham.) Struck out—By Hess, 3; by Brown, 2; by Lavender, 4. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Owens and Brennan.

Kehoe to Lead Fordham Nine.

The Fordham University baseball team before disbanding for the season yesterday elected Thomas P. Kehoe, '12, of Providence, R. I., as captain of next year's nine. Kehoe prepared for college at La Salle Academy in his home town and has played on the Fordham 'Varsity nine three years, being the maroons' mainstay in the box last season, but this year on account of a weak arm, he played in the outfield and was Fordham's best batsman.

JONES'S MUFF SAVES YANKEES A SHUTOUT

Pitcher Dubuc Keeps New York's Hits So Widely Scattered They Are Worthless.

THE SCORE.

Detroit	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	..	—4
New York	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

DETROIT.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Bush, ss	4	2	2	3	1	0
Jones, lf	3	1	1	3	0	1
Cobb, cf	4	0	2	2	0	0
Crawford, rf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Delehanty, 2b	2	1	1	3	2	1
Gainor, 1b	4	0	2	12	1	0
Moriarty, 3b	3	0	0	0	1	0
Stanage, c	2	0	1	4	2	0
Dubuc, p	3	0	1	0	6	0
Total	27	4	10	27	13	2

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Daniels, rf	4	1	0	0	0	0
Chase, 1b	4	0	0	13	0	1
Zinn, cf	4	0	2	2	0	0
Cree, lf	4	0	2	4	0	0
Hartzell, 3b	4	0	0	0	3	0
Gardner, 2b	4	0	1	4	5	0
Stump, ss	4	0	1	1	3	0
Sweeney, c	2	0	1	0	2	0
Warhop, p	3	0	0	0	3	0
Total	33	1	7	24	16	1

Two-base hits—Zinn, Cree. Three-base hit—Bush. Sacrifice hits—Moriarty, Sweeney. Sacrifice flies—Crawford, Stanage. First base on balls—Off Warhop, 4. Hit by pitcher—Delehanty by Warhop. First base on errors—New York, 2. Left on bases—Detroit, 7; New York, 6. Struck out—By Dubuc, 4. Double plays—Gardner and Chase; Delehanty, Bush, and Gainor; Hartzell, Gardner, and Chase; Dubuc, Stanage, and Gainor. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Hart. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., June 3.—The Yankees lost to-day because they were weak with the war club. Of their seven bingles, three were scratches. Never did they get two solid smashes in succession. They scored a run, but that was comedy, as will be explained further on. The score was: Tigers, 4; Yankees, 1.

Birdie Cree again flirted with the spotlights. He did not have as many opportunities to display his prowess as he did yesterday, but went the limit of what came his way. His best bit of work was in the fourth inning, when he grabbed a bounding single from Gainor's bat, out near the barrier, in the style of a star infielder, and shot it back to the diamond in time to prevent Delehanty, on first base, from taking more than one sack.

Jean Dubuc, the French pitcher from Montreal, was almost the whole show of the home boys. He never was in trouble, not even when the whole three bases were tenanted in the seventh with only one down. That was really the best chance in the entire afternoon that the Broadway men had to start something. Hartzell opened with a hoist to Jones, but Gardner won out in a guessing match with Frenchie Jean, sizing up a fleater just right and lining it to centre. The two following hits were accidents. Stump's took a queer bound just before it reached Bush and dodged to centre. Sweeney lifted a fluky loop back of second base, on which Cobb and Delehanty did very nearly what they did yesterday afternoon on the play that started the Yanks to victory, except that this time Cobb didn't get his hands on the ball. Each runner moved up one sack, and up comes Warhop. Jean sent up a little teaser, which Warhop tried to win his game on, but only sent a roller to the box. It started an easy double play.

That comic supplement tally of the first chapter came thusly: Daniels hit the ball plump into the mitts of Dave Jones, and just ran leisurely around the bases, leaving it to the ex-revels to do the rest. Jones muffed, then gave it a kick. Cobb chased it, and heaved to Bush, who was back of second, within easy pegging distance of the plate. But he made too much haste, throwing so high that Stanage had to jump for it. When Oscar came down with the ball Daniels was sauntering for the dugout.

Chase filed, but Zinn sent a nice double to left. Cree put up a Texas leaguer over the same territory, which Jones could not quite get to. It looked so much like a sure catch that Zinn stuck to second base, and when it dropped safe started for third. On Jones's throw to that sack, and Cree took advantage of the diversion to grab an extra base. Then Jean, disdaining trouble, breezed Hartzell and Gardner.

A muff by Delehanty gave Stump a two-base parade to open the second, and a sacrifice advanced him to third. Right here Jean worked that favorite specialty of making the batter tap to him. He caught Stump off third, and the latter was run down. Daniels popped.

Then for four innings it was just walk to the plate and walk right back again for the guests of the occasion. In the sixth Jean got Chase, Zinn, and Cree in succession on those miserable little taps to the box. In the ninth Cree opened with a single, but the next three were easy.

Warhop was hit hard always. The first three rebels un-sinoled, and with Crawford's sacrifice fly following, marked up two tallies. The one in the fourth was manufactured with singles by Delehanty and Gainer. Moriarty's sacrifice, and Stanage's sacrifice to Bush ended the fifth with a triple to the right field wall, and cashed on a drive by Cobb after Jones had hoisted.

Cleveland Beats Out Boston.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 3.—Boston started well with three runs in the first inning, knocked Blanding out in the second, and then was held by Baskette, Cleveland in the meantime doing good, steady work, and amassing four runs. Easterly put one over the right field wall in the second. Manager Stahl of Boston was put out of the game by Umpire Egan for protesting a decision. The score:

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney, lf	3	1	0	4	0
Olson, 3b	3	1	1	2	3
J'kson, rf	3	0	1	1	1
Lajoie, 1b	4	0	1	12	1
B'nh'm, cf	4	1	0	1	0
Easterly, c	4	2	3	1	0
Stanage, c	0	0	0	4	0
Bl'ding, p	0	0	0	0	0
Baskette, p	2	0	0	0	2
Total	31	4	7	27	16

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf	5	1	1	0	0
Yerkes, 2b	5	1	2	0	4
Speaker, cf	4	1	2	2	0
Lewis, lf	4	0	1	1	0
Gainer, 3b	4	0	2	2	1
Stahl, 1b	2	0	1	5	0
Wagner, ss	4	0	0	2	5
Carrigan, c	3	0	0	6	1
O'Brien, p	2	0	0	0	2
Total	33	3	9	18	13

Errors—Blanding, Baskette, Graney, Cleveland ..... 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 .. —4
Boston ..... 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 —3

Two-base hits—Speaker, Lewis. Three-base hit—Jackson. Home run—Easterly. Sacrifice hits—Lewis, 2; O'Brien. Stolen bases—Graney, Olson, 2; Peckinpaugh, 2; Ball, Stahl, 2; Carrigan, Gardner. Double play—Lajoie and Olson. Pitching record—Off Blanding, 5 hits in one and one-third innings; off Baskette, 5 hits in seven and two-thirds innings. First base on balls—Off Blanding, 1; off Baskette, 2; off O'Brien, 3. Hit by pitched ball—By O'Brien, (Olson.) Struck out—By Baskette, 1; by O'Brien, 5. Passed ball—Easterly. First base on errors—Cleveland, 1; Boston, 1. Left on bases—Cleveland, 7; Boston, 10. Time of game—Two hours and thirteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Egan.

Browns in Poor Shape; Lose.

ST. LOUIS, June 3.—St. Louis presented a patched line-up this afternoon and lost to Washington, 13 to 4. Lou Criger appeared behind the bat for St. Louis, the first time he had been in active service for two years. Waldon, a local catcher, made his debut with St. Louis. Score:

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moeller, rf	5	1	2	3	0
Foster, 3b	5	1	2	2	0
Milan, cf	5	2	2	4	0
Ganoll, 1b	4	2	2	11	0
Shanks, lf	4	1	1	1	0
Morgan, 2b	4	1	1	3	1
McBride, ss	5	2	3	1	4
Williams, c	5	2	3	4	1
Engel, p	2	0	0	0	4
Hughes, p	1	1	1	0	0
Total	40	13	17	27	10

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shotten, cf	3	1	2	3	2
Hogan, lf	4	0	1	4	0
Stovall, 1b	5	0	0	9	1
Laporte, rf	4	0	1	1	0
Pratt, 2b	5	0	2	4	2
Hal'n'n, ss	5	0	0	1	2
Wal'ce, 3b	4	2	1	0	1
Criger, c	2	1	0	5	1
B'g'er, p	2	0	1	0	2
C. Brown, p	2	0	0	0	1
Waldon, c	0	0	0	0	0
*Kutina	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	4	8	27	12

*Batted for Criger in the eighth inning.

Errors—Pratt, Waldon, Morgan, (2,) Williams.

St. Louis	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	—4
Washington	0	0	1	0	2	3	0	0	7	—13

Two-base hits—Foster, Williams. Three-base hits—Foster, Shanks, Moeller, McBride, Milan.

SPORTING EVENTS.

BASEBALL, Polo Grounds, To-day, 4 P. M. Giants vs. St. Louis. Adm. 50c.

Sacrifice hits—Hogan, Engel, Shanks. Double play—Stovall and Pratt. Stolen bases—Shotten, Foster, Milan. Hit by pitcher—By Engel, (Shotten.) Bases on balls—Off Baumgardner, 2; off Engel, 6. Struck out—By Baumgardner, 3; by Hughes, 3; by C. Brown, 2. Hits—Off Baumgardner, 9 in five and two-thirds innings; off C. Brown, 8 in 3 1-3 innings; off Engel, 8 in 7 1-3 innings; off Hughes, 0 in 1 2-3 innings. Left on bases—St. Louis, 12; Washington, 4. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Dineen.

Police Escort for Umpire Westervelt.

CHICAGO, June 3.—Philadelphia batted Chicago hard and at opportune times to-day and won, 8 to 4. Most of the visitors' hits were for extra bases. Plank pitched consistent ball until the eighth, when the locals started a batting rally, which netted two runs, and was stopped only on a decision which proved unpopular to spectators and players. Manager Callahan argued with Umpire Westervelt and was put out of the game. Because of a noisy demonstration, policemen walked to the clubhouse with Umpire Westervelt. No violence was offered him, however. Murphy in attempting to steal a base wrenched his ankle and retired. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
B. Lord, lf	4	2	2	0	0
Ef...s, 2b	5	2	3	2	0
Oldring, rf	4	0	2	2	0
E.C'lins, 2b	4	1	0	3	0
Baker, 3b	5	1	2	2	2
Murphy, rf	3	0	1	1	0
Strunk, lf	1	0	1	0	0
M'Innes, 1b	5	1	1	9	1
Barry, ss	3	1	0	1	5
Egan, c	5	2	2	2	4
Plank, p	3	0	1	0	0
Total	38	8	13	27	11

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Rath, 2b	4	0	2	0	3
Lord, 3b	3	0	1	2	3
Callahan, lf-4	4	0	1	5	0
M'Int're, lf	0	0	0	0	0
*Block	1	0	0	0	0
Bodie, cf	5	0	1	3	0
J. Collins, rf	5	0	2	0	0
Zeider, 1b	2	1	0	13	0
Weaver, ss	4	1	1	4	5
Sullivan, c	2	0	0	1	1
†Mattick	1	1	1	0	0
Mayer, c	1	0	0	1	0
Mosr'ge, p	0	0	0	0	0
Peters, p	2	0	0	0	2
White, p	0	0	0	0	0
‡Lange	1	0	0	0	0
Benz, p	1	0	1	0	1
Total	36	4	10	27	14

*Batted for Sullivan in the seventh inning.
†Batted for White in the seventh inning.
‡Batted for McIntyre in the ninth inning.

Errors—J. Collins, Weaver, Egan,

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y. Address all communications THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Publication Office.....Times Square
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....263 West 125th Street
Bronx.....149th St. and Bergen Av.
Staten Island...8 Richmond Tce., St. George
Long Island City.....47 Vernon Avenue
Hoboken.....94 Hudson Street
Newark.....810 Broad Street
Paterson.....159 Main Street
WASHINGTON.....Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO.....122 South Michigan Boulevard
LONDON.....2 Pall Mall East, S. W.
PARIS.....34 Rue du Sentier
BERLIN.....60 Friedrichstrasse

ONE CENT Greater New York, Jersey City, Newark. Elsewhere, Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates—by Mail, Postage Paid.

DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week	$0.17
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month	0.75
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year	8.50
DAILY, per Week	0.12
DAILY, per Month	0.50
DAILY, per Year	6.00
SUNDAY, with Pictorial Section and Review of Books, per Year	2.50
THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50)	1.00
TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50)	1.00

To Foreign Addresses—Daily and Sunday, $1.95 per month; Daily, $1.35 per month.
To Canadian Addresses—Daily only, 80c. per month; Daily and Sunday, 90c. per month.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

Readers of The New York Times may have the Daily and Sunday Editions mailed to them in any part of the Country at the rate of 75c. per month. Daily Edition, 50c. per month. Orders may be sent through newsdealers or directly to the Publication Office.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 4, 1912.

THE COLONEL AT CHICAGO.

By the steps he takes during the next two weeks Mr. ROOSEVELT will pretty clearly disclose what he intends to do at Chicago and after. It is possible that we shall have some highly interesting revelations, and that new aspects of the ex-President's many-sided character may be exhibited. We do not think that in his primary campaign he showed us anything new. We have long known that he was a great fighter, a hard hitter, that he was game. But in the proceedings preliminary to the convention and during the convention itself, we shall find out what is going on in the Colonel's mind. It may surprise the country.

The Colonel has decided, after all, to oppose the selection of Senator ROOT for Temporary Chairman of the convention. But he may again reconsider. That tone of confidence, these sweeping assertions that the convention was already in the hollow of his hand, have been much modified.

There are other plans. A new piece of political machinery is to be set up at Chicago. There is to be an "Executive Committee" named by the delegates in every State where one or more Roosevelt delegates have been chosen. This committee is to meet a week before the convention opens. Illinois, it is said, will lead the way "in organizing the convention." In the past that duty has been performed by the National Committee. The significance of this new Roosevelt organization, which will have its sittings and begin its work a week before the convention, can hardly be missed. It is, in effect, a second National Committee, a Roosevelt National Committee. Evidently it cannot supplant the regular National Committee of the party, it is an entirely separate organization. What its functions are to be will appear later.

We are told that Mr. ROOSEVELT will go to Chicago in person at the first indication that he is not getting "fair play," a "square deal." We may assume that Mr. ROOSEVELT will certainly go to Chicago. The decisions of the National Committee in the contested cases may be of the fairest and squarest, but they will be construed by the Colonel as unfair. Many of his contests are so flimsy that they will be promptly dismissed by the committee. That will be enough for the Colonel. What will he do when he gets to Chicago? His changed tone indicates that he does not now expect to control the convention, it would appear that he is much less confident that the nomination will be his, either on the first or on any other succeeding ballot. His temperament being what it is, his ambition being one not to be balked by even extraordinary obstacles, and with an improvised National Committee of his own, it may be conjectured that, failing to get the nomination from the regular convention, he will take his delegates and his committee to another hall and have himself nominated as an independent or bolting candidate. A bolt from a National Convention would be something quite new in the history of the Republican Party. If Mr. ROOSEVELT should take this course at Chicago, it would be proof of what has been often said during the primary campaign, that if the party will not take him he is quite ready to cut loose from it, to dispense with its support.

It may be considered still very doubtful whether Mr. ROOSEVELT will bolt. Such a step would confirm the belief of many careful observers that he is a victim of delusions of grandeur. He would put himself before the country as an independent or bolting candidate only because of his belief that he would draw to his support all of those voters of both parties who are called Progressives, and that he would be elected over the Republican and Democratic candidates. If Mr. ROOSEVELT would critically examine not only the numbers but the quality of his supporters, we may be sure that he would never entertain that foolish notion. Thus far in his career he has courted not destruction, but success, and he has courted it with remarkable ability, insight, and judgment. If he returns from Chicago a bolter and the candidate of his own convention, it will be necessary to conclude that his judgment has gone into eclipse.

MR. FAIRBANKS TO THE FORE.

It is a noteworthy fact that Mr. CHARLES WARREN FAIRBANKS of Indiana gained his newest honor, as amateur champion billposter, by pasting on a wall a three-sheet cartoon of himself. If his job had been to paste up a cartoon of some other eminent statesman doubtless he would not have performed it as neatly or as expeditiously. In the circumstances, though Mr. FAIRBANKS may have won the prize fairly, we must feel that his competitors were handicapped. If, for example, Mr. FAIRBANKS had been assigned to display on a billboard a poster of Mr. GEORGE ADE, one of his rivals in the competition, he might have got it all topsy turvy, that being Mr. ADE's own favorite way of representing himself and his convictions to the public. Or if Mr. FAIRBANKS had been called upon to post a cartoon of a rough rider or a pompadoured Wisconsin patriot, the hesitancy which would have been naturally engendered by the dubious quality of the subject might have left him with nothing better than the booby prize.

We say these things in all courtesy and kindness. In troublous times like these it is refreshing to find a foremost statesman so surely the captain of his soul and master of his fate that he can afford to take part in an amateur billposting contest. This should be rare fun, and doubtless will become popular. We also congratulate Mr. FAIRBANKS on his comparative failure as pitcher in the subsequent baseball contest at the Indiana picnic. He does not need the glory that belongs to a curved ball. He belongs to the old school and throws straight for his mark. Mr. FAIRBANKS is a man without curves. As he does not depend on baseball for his livelihood, we like him better for this deficiency.

DUAL SUBWAY STATIONS.

Wearisome discussion of the terms on which the dual subway shall be constructed will soon give way to the intensely interesting discussion of where the stations shall be placed, and what the character of the stations shall be at the places where it is settled that stations of some sort must be placed. The result of this discussion will materially affect the convenience of riders and the values of tributary real estate. Successful as the present system has been, it is not so entirely beyond criticism that there is no hope of improving upon it. More passengers would use the subway if only they could ride on the surface cars to and from the nearest station. A transfer of this sort has never seemed practicable, and yet a much more expensive form of transfer was provided. The local subway service is far more expensive to provide than any surface street car system; there was a waste of resources in providing a subway for slow trains. All subway trains ought to be fast trains, if it could be arranged, for it takes both time and trouble to transfer from one to the other. It would be an interesting study for the traffic experts to devise, perhaps, a double system of express services, making stops alternately along the route. Then at great central stations, where both expresses might stop, the passenger could select the express to his final destination without transfer. It would seem that a method might be devised for two fast services instead of for one fast and one slow. There is no question that this would be ideal if it were possible to arrange for surface feeders and distributers of express traffic.

When the triborough route was being planned it was argued that the new express stations should serve the streets which lacked them. It is obvious that Thirty-fourth Street should have an express station, and it promises to have an excess as remarkable as its present deficiency. The Broadway and Seventh Avenue lines clearly will want a station serving the Pennsylvania Station, and there is talk of a third express station on the present route at Thirty-fourth Street. The placing of express stations on Thirty-fourth Street would make it difficult to place another station so close as either Twenty-third or Forty-second, and yet both streets have conspicuous claims. The practice has been to multiply facilities where traffic is greatest, and there can be no sort of doubt that on this basis the claims of Forty-second Street are inferior to no other. No traffic centre has shown greater or more natural growth, and the omission of an express station there would inconvenience more riders than a similar omission in any other spot.

No doubt it would please the traffic managers to put an express station somewhere else, on the plea of not increasing the present congestion. But the convenience of the riders is at least as well worth consulting as the convenience of the traffic managers. It is the proper function of railways to take passengers where they want to go rather than where traffic managers, or even city planners, want them to go. It is this conflict of the practical with the ideal which suggests a double express service, with fewer transfers and more express stations. In no other way can the fair claims of the cross streets for express stations be satisfied.

Across the river, also, there is an interesting situation regarding the Heights section. It is understood that the Clark Street tunnel shall have a station between Fulton Street and the river. This section was prostrated by the fact that both the bridge and the subway penetrated further into the city, and gave easy access to wide regions which outstripped the Heights, to the loss of taxable values and the distress of owners. The decision regarding the Clark Street tunnel affords a precedent and an equality of argument for a similar convenience on the Montague Street tunnel. Both would require elevator services, and such accommodations are found to be money makers in many places on the present subway and elevated. It is not too early to consider these points, and those interested ought to make their wishes known.

MR. REDFIELD AND THE VICE PRESIDENCY.

There are several points of special interest in the announcement by the Hon. WILLIAM C. REDFIELD, Democratic member of the House of Representatives for the Fifth, Brooklyn, District, that he is a candidate for the nomination of his party for the Vice Presidency. It is, to begin with, a candid avowal of a perfectly legitimate desire and a recognition of the honorable character of an office too often treated in the past as a mere makeweight in contests for the Presidential nomination. When we reflect that in the sixty-four years following President TYLER'S accession the Presidential office was held for eighteen years by five Vice Presidents, it is plain that the office is of high importance merely from the right of succession attaching to it.

In the second place, Mr. REDFIELD bases his candidacy openly on the service he believes he can render to his party and to the country as a representative of an enlightened revision and reduction of our costly and oppressive tariff. It is a perfectly sound position. In our judgment, not forgetting the notable work of Mr. UNDERWOOD, Mr. REDFIELD'S advocacy of tariff reform has been the most able, thorough, wise, and effective that has been done in Congress or out of it in the last decade. No other worker in that cause has had such intimate and exact knowledge of the actual conditions prevailing in American and foreign industry, and none other has begun to show such a firm and ready grasp of the principles governing the effect of the tariff upon all the classes interested in it. Himself an extensive manufacturer in a highly protected industry, he has been able to show with convincing clearness and with obvious good faith how and why protection is needless to well-managed concerns and wholly unfair to the general public.

And Mr. REDFIELD presents one trait of singular importance in his advocacy of tariff reform. He is a very earnest and intelligent champion of the best interests of labor. He is utterly opposed to the short-sighted plan of trying to get the most out of labor at the least cost. He believes in the economic value as well as in the equity of high wages for good work, and he sharply condemns the practice of making good work, stimulated in any way, the standard of average work. He holds it as a basic principle that the workman should be treated not as an expense but as an asset, and that he should share fairly and permanently in the profit resulting from his labor. This broad spirit of humanity and this intelligent interpretation of the real interests of both employers and employed make him a most effective advocate among the working classes. It is a cheerful sign that the Democratic party can command the unselfish service of a man of this type in the contest on which it is about to enter.

THE COLLAPSING STRIKE.

It is obvious now that the managers of the waiters' strike chose the wrong time of year for their demonstration. If the strike had occurred in mid-Winter the hotels and restaurants would have been put to sorer straits. As it is, many of both, of course, have suffered more or less from the strike, but as many others have merely been slightly discommoded. The permanent residents of the hotels are already going to their Summer abiding places. In all the large apartment hotels apartments are either closed for the season or are in the hands of painters and decorators. In nearly all of the houses affected by the strike a small number of faithful servants, who have held their places many years, remain on duty, and a few substitutes for the strikers have been secured.

The disposition of the tenants of hotel apartments and customers of the restaurants has been cheerful, and they have submitted to delays and errors which in ordinary times would cause much complaining. Obviously the sympathy of the people is with the employers. The custom of feeing waiters liberally has been general, and each person who has been in the habit of dining and supping at public places feels that the complaints of the deserting waiters have been directed partly at him. As the employers have promised to meet all the demands of the waiters except that relating to the recognition of the union, the people by whose liberal support both the waiters and employers have lived are naturally resentful. The waiters should have foreseen this. Their strike was doomed to failure from the first. Their operations in the downtown district yesterday indicated merely that its force was not quite spent, but their organization is running short of money, and if the strikers do not return to work soon they will lack food and lodging. Indications of the speedy collapse of the strike were plentiful last night.

Probably a considerable number of the strikers will be able to get their former places, but many others will have a hard time to get any work. The union, however, should be strong enough, considering the remarkable demonstration of power it has given in the last week, to take care of these victims of a grave economic error until they can find some sort of life-sustaining employment. One memorable feature of this strike is the prompt and efficient action of the police. In almost every case a demand for protection has been anticipated in all the precincts to which the strikes have extended. Police guards have been on hand in all hours.

"SENNA, BROKEN, U. S. P."

We cannot wonder that a scientist like Dean RUSBY of the Columbia College of Pharmacy should protest at a judicial ruling which permits a bale of dried leaflets scientifically described on the label as "Senna, Broken," followed by the initials of the United States Pharmacopoeia, to be adulterated without penalty simply because the Pharmacopoeia names only "Senna" and not "Senna, Broken." We hope Judge HAND'S ruling will go to a higher court for review. Dr. RUSBY'S parallel, that under such a ruling a man might carry a "revolver, nickel plated," concealed on his person, or one stamped "not nickel plated," because the law forbidding it fails to include the qualifying words, seems to fit well enough. Judge HUMPHREY of Chicago last March instructed a jury to consider the case of adulterated "Belladonna, Powder," as though it were the "Belladonna" named in the Pharmacopoeia.

Whatever the merits of the case of "Senna, Broken," it bares a vital defect of the Federal pure food law. The American Druggist issued since its enactment a "Handy Guide Number 7," for the practical guidance of druggists and manufacturing chemists, which comments on the fact that the law recognizes only drugs explicitly named in the Pharmacopoeia and National Formulary, and other drugs branded to show a different standard. It says:

> It would seem to follow that if a drug is not sold under or by a name recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary, and is not sold according to any professed standard or quality, it shall not be deemed to be adulterated, no matter what its quality may be. Here seems to be a loophole large enough to permit the passage, not only of the traditional "coach and six," but of a whole procession of such vehicles, laden with spurious and adulterated products.

The Pharmacopoeia is now undergoing revision by a private board of eminent pharmacists and pharmacologists. It is the only book recognized by the Federal drug law. Dr. RUSBY has shown in interviews published in THE TIMES that important drugs in common use are not standardized, many not even named, in the official book. The work of standardization is costly. It is incumbent upon Congress either to publish a supplementary book of standards that shall be recognized, or that it appropriate funds sufficient to produce a Pharmacopoeia that will be correct and comprehensive. It is estimated that there is a constant number of 3,000,000 sick persons in the United States. These and their families and friends are all interested in precautions that will keep the channels of inter-State commerce clear of spurious and adulterated medicines.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Col. Roosevelt When at the University.

There is at least something of plausibility in the common assumption that a relation either exists or ought to exist, especially where the elective system prevails, between what a man studies in college and his work or career in later life.

Perhaps the choice of subjects made by him as a student only shows what his tastes or ambitions were at that time. Both, as we all know who have not become the policeman or the circus performer or the locomotive engineer we wanted and firmly intended to be on escaping from parental tyranny, are apt to change as years multiply and circumstances create a new bondage. Nevertheless it is interesting, just now, to learn from The Harvard Graduates' Magazine, dated June, 1907, these facts in regard to THEODORE ROOSEVELT'S undergraduate courses.

In his sophomore year, this authority reveals, he gave three hours a week to German, one to French, and six to natural history. The next year German was cut down to one hour, while Italian received three, but five hours were still devoted to natural history and three were found for political economy. As a senior, Italian continued to get three hours a week and political economy the same, but French and German were dropped and natural history was again raised to six.

In those days, evidently, the Colonel and-President-to-be considered linguistic knowledge desirable, but he wanted living languages, not dead ones, while his strongest bent was toward the studies which enabled him, afterward, to style himself "faunal naturalist" without exciting doubt or protest in any quarter. Political economy—then a very different and smaller thing than it is now—also attracted him, but the result of his labors in that field is curiously little evidenced in his books, messages, and speeches.

Like many another collegian, he most sedulously prepared himself for what was to be his avocation—his amusement or hobby—rather than for his finally chosen vocation, the holding of office and the conduct of public affairs. The term "natural history" is at present almost out of usage, nobody now pretending to cover a field so broad. Even "naturalist" is losing vogue, since it no longer tells what the wearer of the title does. They both reveal the amateur.

Mosquito Wars Profitable.

In the course of remarks on the mosquito problem printed in THE TIMES on Sunday, Dr. ALVAH H. DOTY, late Health Officer of this port, did something more than intimate the belief that here in the Eastern States people are wearying of the war on the insect that is, probably, the most dangerous and destructive of all wild animals, and are inclined to give up or at least to relax the fight as expensive and useless.

As Dr. DOTY said, this would be a grave mistake. Also, as he didn't say, though he might have done so with good reason, it would be a display of gross stupidity and a disgrace to American civilization.

There is no longer the slightest question that the mosquito can be conquered and exterminated anywhere by the use of measures perfectly well known and of often demonstrated efficiency. Once on the wing, the mosquito is practically invulnerable to attack, the few that can be killed making no appreciable difference in the size of the mosquito army, and only dubious safety from it can be secured by submitting to irksome imprisonment behind humiliating screens. In this case, as in many others, however, what can't be cured can be prevented as well as endured, and wherever sufficient intelligence and energy exist the supply of mosquitos is absolutely cut off by doing away with their breeding places.

It costs something to do this, much or little according to topographical conditions, but in any region at all thickly settled funds thus used are among the most profitable of investments. Of course, everybody at all enlightened now knows that the mosquito is not merely a nuisance—that it is a menace to health and life, being, as it certainly is, the chief, and probably the one, distributer of all the fevers in the class of the one still miscalled "malaria." No mosquito does breed or can anywhere except in stagnant water. On this fact is based the whole campaign against the miserable creatures, and to it is due the success of every battle which, like those in Panama and on the Roman Campagna, has been fought to or near a finish.

Fortunately, the same work that exterminates the mosquitos always has other highly desirable results in the way of adding to the quantity and value of both habitable and arable land. If this were remembered there would be less of foolish talk about the cost of mosquito wars.

Color Lines Among the Cubans.

One of our correspondents ventured on very delicate ground in giving his reason for thinking that anything like a real race war in Cuba is impossible. He has been there, it seems, and, like everybody else who has had like opportunity for observation, he noticed that between the Cubans really white and the Cubans really black there are innumerable gradations, and he could not see anywhere the drawing of the "color line" as we know it.

He could have seen it, always, had he looked far enough, for there never was a time when pure Spanish blood did not constitute in Cuba a well-recognized caste and distinction. The situation was confused, however, by the fact that the native of Spain claimed superiority to the native Cuban, even though the latter was unquestionably white. This naturally led to a close mingling of the natives, whatever their color, since in so many relations of life they had to unite against the common enemy.

With independence the old conditions changed, and almost at once the negroes and men obviously "of color" began to complain of their treatment in the republic for which they had fought just as bravely and well as did their white brothers in arms. Equality in war had been succeeded by inequality in peace, and especially in politics and office holding.

Hence the possibility of a race war, and of a race war of more than ordinary bitterness because of the number of Cubans who are now more and more frequently reminded that even a little black blood makes them ineligible for this, that, and the other honor or association.

MEN LESS MARRIAGEABLE

Or Is Woman Seeking the Man in Her Closer Competition?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With appreciation of the view of "A Suffragette," as set forth in the letter entitled "'Dewomanized' Involuntarily," I can say for myself that I am providing a home for one woman—all the law will allow me—so I plead "not guilty." But, seriously, I find it hard to believe that woman's condition is materially different to-day from what it has always been. And who will dispute the adage that "there is a Jack for every Jill," if Jill herself is found agreeable? Why, in the name of common sense, should man seek to "dewomanize" woman if woman remains content in her domesticity? Years ago when I came "downtown" a woman in Wall Street was a rara avis. To-day she about ranks with the men in numbers. Wherefore this change, if not of woman's own volition? Has not the attractive idea of feminine independence had something to do with it?

Are there less marriageable men in the world to-day than there were twenty-five years ago, proportionately, that is? Are men less fit for marriage than they were then? Is the tendency to bachelorhood greater to-day than then? Men are, seemingly, no less personally attractive to women than they were then. Perhaps here I hope "A Suffragette" will forgive me for the suggestion—woman is seeking the man more closely in her closer competition with him? At all events, whether is woman leading man in the race, if man is not pursuing her to make a home for him? That is somewhat mixed in metaphor, but I am no less mixed myself in contemplation of the subject.

Let me add, modestly, that my original letter has won for me some womanly and reassuring compliments. J. W. EDMONDS.

New York, June 3, 1912.

A Deserted Wife.

During her struggle to make a living for herself and family, a young mother's health gave way and her youngest child, a four-months-old baby, died. Her husband had deserted her and she has been supporting the home by washing. She was obliged to ask help, and the medical aid and lessened responsibility which resulted have been instrumental in greatly improving her health. She can now earn about $7 a week by doing laundry work, and keep the three children and herself neatly clad and the home clean and comfortable. Her earnings cover the cost of their everyday needs except the rent. This must be met at a cost of $11 a month if the mother is to continue in good health, and the children still have her oversight. The Charity Organization Society asks for $132 for this purpose in her behalf.

Gifts may be sent to the office of the society, 105 East Twenty-second Street, and will be acknowledged.

The Charity Organization Society acknowledges with thanks the following contributions received in response to previous appeals in THE TIMES:

Cash, 50 cents; Cash, $144; H. C., $15; C. T. G., $1; E. J. H. Norwood, $2; W. J., $1; C. O. Peacock, $5; and M. S., $1.

Recriminations in Politics.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There is a great saying of Cavour's that to-day ought to be proclaimed from the housetops: "Recriminations in politics are folly." It is also not without its application to the reckless denunciation of public men. The change from the Italy of 1851 to the America of to-day has not made it less true or pertinent.

HENRY A. STIMSON.

New York, June 1, 1912.

ACADEMY OF DESIGN.

Why Not Place Lenox Library for Its Use on Uptown Site?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

However unsuitable Central Park may be as a site for the Lenox Library, I think it should be recognized that Mr. Frick's offer is both disinterested and generous, and that the preservation of the building as a work of architecture will be a public service, especially if it can be made to supply a public need. Should the offer not be accepted by the city, it is greatly to be hoped that some other site can be found which will appeal to Mr. Frick sufficiently to induce him to renew his proposition with an assurance of its acceptance.

As a possible disposition of the building, I venture to suggest that it might be used to great advantage by the Academy of Design if placed upon the site now owned by the academy at Amsterdam Avenue and Cathedral Parkway, opposite St. John's Cathedral. This site, favorably situated on high ground, is large enough to contain the building, which could readily be adapted for picture galleries. Whether this disposition of the building would commend itself to Mr. Frick I have no means of knowing, but from the point of view of the academy it seems to me to offer exceptional advantages, since it would enable the academy, after many futile efforts, to secure a permanent and dignified home, far more dignified in its independence than a fraction of a twenty-story building, in a part of the city which enjoys a distinction all its own, and well within popular reach, if one may judge by the attendance at the Sorolla exhibition, at public lectures at Columbia University, and especially by the remarkable numbers attending the Cathedral. All the advantages which the property possessed when purchased nearly twenty years ago have greatly increased, and if through Mr. Frick's liberality the academy can now be enabled to utilize the site for its original purpose both the academy and the city will have cause to be grateful to him.

JOHN B. PINE.

New York, June 1, 1912.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I venture to question the wisdom of your including as objectionable in Central Park the sheep and the sheepfold building at Sixty-sixth Street? These grazing sheep give a particularly charming note to that section, and are most restful to the eye, in contrast to the bustling city.

It so happens I live in the vicinity; therefore I am well able to assure you that the sheep, if removed to the Bronx, would be missed by thousands of admiring men, women, and children. In this overpractical, sensible (?) age one is too apt to lose sight of the aesthetic and other necessities of life.

If new buildings deprive the people of valuable park space, let them be built elsewhere. But the sheep, the Zoo, the merry-go-round, the goat carts, &c., all help to give a little gayety, esprit, and charm to an otherwise serious park. Surely, too, the sheep are suggestive of rural landscape, much to be desired for those who must spend their Summers in the city. J. M. L.

New York, June 3, 1912.

DOCTORS' NOBILITY GROUP.

Regards Fee Splitting as a Betrayal of Trust.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You print an excellent article relating to the business side of medical work, which carries one idea that requires particular comment:

Of late there has been an outcry against the division of fees, or "fee-splitting," as it has come to be called. This means that the man who, on account of his reputation, can command a large fee for his services gives a share of it to his less fortunate brother who merely refers a patient to the specialist for diagnosis, medical treatment, or operation.

This might leave the impression that any man who commands large fees is likely to be a malefactor. Opportunist doctors, rather than expert holders of the reins of principle in the profession, are the only ones who make secret division of fees.

There is a nobility group as opposed to the opportunist group among doctors, engineers, statesmen, lawyers, and the clergy. The nobility group in the medical profession holds that secret division of the fee is betrayal, for purposes of money gain, of people who have put confidence in their doctors. The origin of this form of betrayal of trust lies in the conventional tradition that a physician should not charge as much for his responsibility as the specialist charges. The conventional victim of, fear-thought does not dare to charge properly for his services, but, desiring money nevertheless, becomes an anti-climax hero by asking for it through some opportunist specialist, who sees at a glance his chance to make a useful retrieving spaniel of the timid physician through subtle petting and reward.

In every community there are some discerning people who know the difference between types of professional men, but the "be-damned public" does not know which way to run. Does it even know the difference in affairs of state between a demigod and a demagogue?

ROBERT T. MORRIS.

New York, May 30, 1912.

Mr. Taft's Platform Handicap.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

After hearing both the Republican candidates at close range, and observing carefully the effect on the audience in each case, it is now perfectly clear to me why Mr. Roosevelt is carrying most of the State primaries and Mr. Taft is unable to stem the tide of Roosevelt popularity, notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Taft seems the logical candidate and Mr. Roosevelt appears to be the interloper.

The reason, to my mind, is in the widely different temperaments of the two men. Roosevelt possesses magnetism; he gains the goodwill of the crowd at the very beginning of his talk, and constant applause greets his vigorous sallies at his opponents. The meat of his argument counts for little; the manner of delivery is what wins him friends.

Mr. Taft, on the other hand, lacks this personal magnetism. He mounts the platform amid cheering, but the very dignity and impressiveness of the man soon dispel the applause. His speech, delivered in an even, calm voice, without gesture or emphasis, is received coldly, without enthusiasm. His argument, though sound and logical, seems to fall flat, because the manner of delivery is not convincing. To use a theatrical term, he does not seem to "get over" the footlights. Even Taft supporters must admit that this lack of magnetism, this inability to "get next" to his audience, is costing the President many votes in the State primaries. OBSERVER.

Englewood, N. J., May 27, 1912.

TO THE STRIKING WAITERS.

We'd always been told
That you wallowed in gold,
That you lived on the fat of the land,
That you owned bonds and stocks,
Even whole city blocks,
That taxicabs ate from your hand;
Mere customers we,
How we trembled to see
Your frown as our orders you'd bring,
It didn't seem fit
For a vassal to sit
And order poached eggs from a King!

You'd bring us ragout
A la mode de France (stew)
With the haughty aloofness of one
From whose calling list
Not a great name is missed,
Rare or medium raw or well done;
When we, shriveled small,
Tipping you with our all,
Would tremblingly try to set forth,
You'd sneer "Nothing more?"
With a manner next door
To the northernmost Pole (one door north).

But now that you've struck
All our terrors we'll chuck
To the realm of illusion and dream,
YOU, on strike!—for more pay!—
Shattered idols, away!
Even waiters are not what they seem!
Up, customers, up!
Let Us strike ere we sup,
Down with knife, fork and napkin—hip, hip!
Let's demand with a whoop:
"Shorter waits, warmer soup,
And ninety per cent. of the tip!"

THOMAS R. YBARRA.

PRIZE ESSAYS NOW IN JUDGES' HANDS

Competition for Owen Johnson's Awards, Offered Through The Times, Closes.

MAY GET DECISIONS SUNDAY

Novelist Invited Discussions by College Men of a University's Social Organization.

Competition for the two prizes of $150 and $100, respectively, offered by Owen Johnson through THE NEW YORK TIMES on Sunday, April 28, closed Sunday at midnight, and yesterday the twenty-five essays submitted were turned over to the three judges selected. Mr. Johnson, who is the author of "Stover at Yale," a story of college life which aroused considerable comment because of its attack upon the time-honored senior society system at the New Haven institution, decided to offer two prizes for the best papers received from an alumnus or undergraduate of an American college setting forth the best constructive plans for the social organization of a university. Announcement of the contest was made through the Sunday college section of THE TIMES, with the result that the offer was reprinted throughout the United States in the college magazines and newspapers, many of which commented editorially upon the competition and urged their undergraduate readers to enter the contest.

When the nature of the competition and the brief period of time allotted for the preparation of papers is considered, the result is extremely gratifying. The essays called for original thought and careful study on the part of the contestants, and the outcome of the contest is awaited with universal interest among college undergraduates and alumni throughout the country. It is expected that the Board of Judges, consisting of Otto T. Bannard, the banker; Norman Hapgood, editor of Collier's Weekly, and President Henry Fairfield Osborn of the American Museum of Natural History, will complete its task by the end of this week and will announce the prize winners in next Sunday's issue of THE TIMES.

The Remedies for Cliques.

In announcing his decision to invite suggestions from college men throughout the country as to possible remedies for curbing the social clique system in American college life, Mr. Johnson, who is a Yale graduate of the class of 1900, made it clear that the evils with which he dealt in writing "Stover at Yale" were not confined to his Alma Mater, but were to be found in various forms in all of the principal institutions for higher education in the country.

"The extraordinary thing," declared Mr. Johnson, "is that the social organization has developed a dozen different forms. There are four distinct variations—the closed clubs of Harvard, the open clubs of Princeton, the senior society system of Yale, and the general fraternity system of the State universities and the small colleges, such as Amherst, Williams, and Wesleyan. Beyond these four distinct manifestations are innumerable combinations and local evolutions."

Since the publication of "Stover at Yale" college men throughout the country have been asking themselves whether or not in American college life too great an emphasis is laid upon social distinction to the detriment of the intellectual community of interest which obtains in Continental universities. So widespread has become the discussion that a few weeks ago, following the observance of "Tap Day" at New Haven, when elections to the three senior societies are tendered to forty-five men of the junior class, the societies saw fit to point out that of the number chosen sixteen were "honor men"—that is, sixteen had received junior appointments for standing in all studies.

The Question of Scholarship.

This declaration is impressive to those outside of Yale who do not understand the manner in which appointments are bestowed. To receive an appointment for "standing in all studies" for the first two years' work does not necessarily imply that the student thus distinguished has shown exceptional ability. As a matter of fact, approximately a little less than two-thirds of each class is on the appointment list, but only those who achieve the three highest ranks of appointment can be regarded as extraordinary students. The passing mark at Yale is 200 on a basis of 400 points, and any one who achieves 250 or more as an average in all studies is entitled to an honor appointment. The students whose names appear on the junior appointment list are in the main those who have done conscientious work and have maintained a stand safely above the passing mark. In student parlance, men failing to secure an appointment are known as "disappointments," and are herded with the goats so far as scholarship is concerned.

The admission on the part of the three senior societies that only sixteen of their forty-five members have received junior honor appointments is nothing more than a confession that twenty-nine of the small band who have been given the highest social honors in college rank in scholarship with the lowest third of their class. This, by the way, is the usual average, so the senior societies declare in their announcement.

Similar conditions exist to a greater or lesser degree at Princeton, where membership in one of the exclusive clubs is the chief ambition of a majority of the students. Gov. Woodrow Wilson, when President of the university, aroused the rancor of certain members of the college Faculty as well as the hostility of a small portion of the student body and the alumni because of his strictures against the club system and his efforts to lessen the evil. President Wilson publicly stated that the growth in social importance of the clubs was becoming a menace to the old-time democracy of which the college was justly proud, and this declaration did not meet with the unqualified approval of those students or alumni who had attained the proud privilege of wearing the gaudy colored hatbands of the Ivy, Canon, Colonial, or Tiger Inn Clubs. The club system at Princeton is in some respects a greater menace to democracy than is the fraternity system at Yale, for the reason that the members live in the sumptuously appointed clubhouses to the detriment of dormitory life, and thus exclude themselves from the wider college life except so far as the classroom and athletic field are concerned.

Athletics as a Factor.

At such colleges as Dartmouth, in which there are more than a score of Greek letter fraternities, the number of non-fraternity men constitutes a minority of each class, with the result that inter-fraternity deals and politics decide class and college elections, and frequently impair athletics. In almost all instances, however, at Dartmouth, Yale, Princeton, and even Harvard, with its exclusive, closed club system, athletics remains the great leveling force, owing to a healthy undergraduate loyalty and a desire on the part of each institution to hold supremacy. The result has been that in American colleges athletic contests have assumed a relative importance as compared with other branches of extra-curricula activities out of all proportion to their real value.

All of these questions have been discussed pro and con since the tempest which followed the appearance of "Stover at Yale" has been raging. Doubtless they will all figure in the plans for an ideal college social organization which have been submitted in the contest which has just closed. It will be interesting to observe what solutions are offered by graduates of a generation ago, if any such have entered the competition, accustomed as they were to a much simpler and more intellectual college life. The undergraduate of the present time will also be heard with interest upon the subject, since he is called upon to meet existing conditions and observe their effect. At present it is impossible to state from whom contesting essays have been received, as the envelopes containing the manuscripts were signed in every instance with a nom de guerre and were delivered to the judges with seals unbroken. After the winning papers have been selected, accompanying envelopes inclosing the real names of the contestants will be opened and the result announced.

MISS KNOWLTON TO WED BUELL HOLLISTER

Daughter of Mrs. D. Henry Knowlton Engaged to Son of Late Henry H. Hollister.

VANDERBILT WEBB TO WED

Son of Dr. W. Seward Webb Engaged to Aileen Osborn, Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Osborn.

Two engagements of interest to society have been announced. Mrs. D. Henry Knowlton announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Louise R. Knowlton, to Buell Hollister, and the engagement of Miss Aileen Osborn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Church Osborn, to Vanderbilt Webb, son of Dr. and Mrs. William Seward Webb, was formally announced yesterday.

Miss Knowlton is the sister of Mrs. Allan A. Robbins, Mrs. J. Insley Blair, and Miss Madeleine Knowlton, whose marriage to John E. Cowdin is to take place at the Knowlton town residence in East Thirty-eight Street the latter part of June.

Mr. Hollister is the son of the late Henry H. Hollister, and is a graduate of Yale, Class of '05. He is a member of the Union, Racquet and Tennis, Yale and South Side Sportsmen's Clubs, also the Matamajaw Salmon Club, and is Treasurer of the East Side Branch of the Y. M. C. A.

Their marriage will be celebrated this Autumn.

Miss Osborn is a granddaughter of the late William E. Dodge, and Miss Grace H. Dodge is her aunt and Cleveland Dodge is her uncle. She is also a cousin of William Earl Dodge, who married Miss Jessie Sloane, daughter of Henry T. Sloane.

Mr. Webb is a senior at Yale, and is a grandson of the late William H. Vanderbilt and a nephew of George W. Vanderbilt, William K. Vanderbilt, and Frederick W. Vanderbilt. His sister was Miss Frederica V. Webb, who was married to Ralph Pulitzer. His brother, W. Seward Webb, Jr., married Miss Gertrude E. Gaynor, daughter of the Mayor of New York, and another brother, James Watson Webb, married Miss Electra Havemeyer, daughter of the late H. O. Havemeyer.

Their wedding will probably take place in the Autumn.

MISS CORA BRUHL A BRIDE.

Married to Leopold Friedrich by Justice Bischoff at Sherry's.

The wedding of Miss Cora Bruhl to Mr. Leopold Friedrich took place at 4:30 yesterday afternoon at Sherry's. Justice Henry Bischoff performed the ceremony.

The bride wore a gown of white satin with blouse and panier of white chiffon embroidered in lilies-of-the-valley and seed pearls, with yoke of rose point lace. Her veil, which was also of point lace, fell to the end of the train. She was attended by her sister, Miss Milly Bruhl.

The bride is the daughter of the late M. Bruhl, a pearl and diamond merchant, and one of the founders of the firm of Bruhl Freres in Paris and New York.

Mr. Friedrich is the Financial Manager and a Director of the American Smelting and Refining Company. For a number of years he was head of the Foreign Department of the National Bank of Commerce in New York. Before coming to the United States he was connected with the Ministry of Finances of Austria-Hungary, and acted also as one of the secretaries to the World's Exposition in Paris in 1900. For his services in this connection Mr. Friedrich was decorated by the French Government.

Owing to a recent death in the bridegroom's family, only relatives, and the Austro-Hungarian Consul General, Mr. Von Nuber, and staff were present.

After an automobile trip through Europe, Mr. and Mrs. Friedrich will live at 524 Fifth Avenue, this city.

MISS JONES'S WEDDING.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Jones to Wed W. B. Symmes, Jr., June 12.

The wedding of Miss Gladys Dwight Jones, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dwight Arven Jones of this city, to William B. Symmes, Jr., a graduate of Columbia, class of '98, and a member of the New York bar, will take place on Wednesday, June 12, at Erdenheim, the country residence of the bride's parents at Englewood, N. J. The ceremony will be performed at noon by the Rev. Robert Davis of the Englewood Presbyterian Church in the presence of the immediate families.

The bride will have no attendants. Dr. Edward H. Raymond, Jr., will act as best man.

An out-of-door reception will follow the ceremony for the relatives and friends. Mr. Symmes and his bride will sail for Europe shortly after their marriage.

WEDDED AT THE ST. REGIS.

Miss Beatrice Bauer the Bride of Henry Lahnstein.

The wedding of Miss Beatrice Bauer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sol Bauer of Brooklyn, to Henry Lahnstein, took place last evening at the Hotel St. Regis at 6:30 o'clock. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Alex. Lyons in the Louis XVI. reception room, under a bower of palms, white roses and white daisies. The bride wore a white satin gown trimmed with old point lace and pearls, and carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley and white orchids. Her tulle veil was caught up with a coronet of orange blossoms. Miss Amelia Kuh, her only attendant, wore pink satin with chiffon and lace.

Dr. Sigmund Cohn was best man, and the ushers were Edwin X. Davis, Milton Bauer, Sigfried Frolich, and Milton Weber.

Following the wedding ceremony a dinner was served in the marble banquet room for sixty.

Miss Estella a Bride at 18.

The wedding of Miss Elvira Estella to Hernando Latorre took place yesterday in the Church of Our Lady of Guadelupe, in Fourteenth Street, near Seventh Avenue, the Rev. Mr. Andirano officiating. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Epifanio Estella, who own large estates in Colombia, South America, and the bridegroom is the son of one of the wealthiest families in Bogota. The former is 18 years old, just graduated from a convent in Montreal, and the latter is aged 22. A bridal breakfast was given after the ceremony at the Hotel Chelsea, and on Thursday Mr. and Mrs. Latorre will sail for Paris on the Baltic.

L. E. Baldwin Weds Miss Moore.

Announcements were received in Flushing last night of the marriage of Lathrop Ely Baldwin, son of Henry W. Baldwin, President of the Washington Life Insurance Company, and Miss Mary Haines Moore, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph J. Moore of Washington, D. C. The ceremony took place last Saturday at the home of the bride's parents. Mr. Baldwin is in business with his father.

Monash-Robitscher Wedding.

The marriage of Miss Helen Robitscher, daughter of Mrs. Blanca Robitscher of 258 West 131st Street, to Charles Monash will take place on Thursday evening, June 27, at the Hotel Majestic.

RAFALSY—COHEN.

The engagement is announced of Miss Anna Rafalsy, daughter of Julius Rafalsy of 510 West 144th Street, to Benjamin Cohen. No date has been set for the wedding.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Doty Stowell (Miss Alice Fellowes) are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son on May 29 at their home, 820 Park Avenue.

Mrs. Philander Jennings has invitations out for a luncheon on June 7 at her country place at Merrick, L. I.

Ex-Justice and Mrs. Morgan J. O'Brien and their family will go to Good Ground, L. I., next week to occupy their cottage.

Mrs. Reynolds Hitt and W. F. Hitt of Washington are at the Ritz-Carlton; also Lieut. Gen. Schokalsky of the Imperial Russian Army, the latter for an extended visit.

The marriage of Daniel B. Fearing of Newport to Miss Charlotte Strong of this city will take place here this month, and will be a quiet wedding, owing to the bride-elect being in mourning for her mother. The couple plan to go afterward to the Cliffs, Mr. Fearing's home in Newport.

Mrs. Gustav Amsinck, who returned yesterday from the Sleepy Hollow Country Club, is leaving town again for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Ashton Rollins of 28 East Seventy-eighth Street are at the Hotel Gotham until after July 4.

Col. Robert M. Thompson is sailing for Europe, to join Mrs. Thompson on June 14, and they will go to Stockholm for the Olympic Games.

Judge and Mrs. Thomas C. T. Crain and Miss Ada Clarke sailed on the Carpathia and will spend the Summer touring through France and Switzerland.

Dr. and Mrs. Walter Eyre Lambert have removed from 47 West Thirty-eighth Street to their new home at 112 East Thirty-fifth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Orme Wilson are sailing for Europe to-day on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, also Mrs. George R. Sheldon.

Señor Don Manuel Calero, the Mexican Ambassador, will be the guest of honor at the Mexico Society of New York at its dinner at the Hotel Astor on Thursday evening. Justice James W. Gerard is President of the society.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Henry Palzer (Miss Grace Ives Washburn) are being congratulated on the birth of a daughter yesterday at their residence, 333 Central Park West.

Mr. and Mrs. Jabish Holmes have taken a house at Davenport Neck, New Rochelle, for the Summer, and will occupy it this week.

Members of New York society will dance this evening at the vaudeville entertainment to be given on the roof of the Hotel Astor for the benefit of the Committee on the Reduction of Infant Mortality, a branch of the New York Milk Committee. Mrs. J. Borden Harriman has arranged the programme, which will begin at 9:30 and which will be repeated to-morrow evening.

JOINS EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

G. M. Flamingo Received in Paris Before Marriage to Vleva Fisher.

The Marquis Rudini is to be the best man at the wedding of G. M. Flamingo and Miss Vleva Fisher on June 29. Mr. Flamingo was received into the membership of the American Episcopal Church, Avenue de l'Alma, Paris on May 22.

Mr. Flamingo and his bride will not go to Rome until after November, but will spend some time in Great Britain and on the continent, motoring part of the time, with Mrs. Joel Ellis Fisher and J. E. Fisher Jr.

EX-COUNSEL DELAYS SUIT.

Holds Papers in Lesster Will Contest Under Attorney's Lien.

A dispute between Willis T. Gridley, ex-counsel for William C. Lesster, 3d, and D. E. Lynch, who now represents Lesster, held up hearings yesterday before Surrogate Fowler on the contested will of William C. Lesster, whom the contestant asserts was his grandfather. Gridley is holding the papers in the case subject to an attorney's lien, which is now before the Appellate Division. Lynch told Surrogate Fowler he could not proceed without them.

Ex-Justice Morgan J. O'Brien, who represents Grace Felix Lesster, the widow, and two infant children of Mr. Lesster, declared that Mrs. Lesster had not received one dollar from her husband's estate, and that the delay owing to the dispute between the rival attorneys of the contestant approached a public scandal.

The Surrogate said that this dispute should not prevent a speedy trial and that he would seek to unravel the situation on Wednesday.

NORTHERN BANK SUIT BEGUN

Mulligan Brings His Counter Claim for Organization Claque.

Supreme Court Justice Davis began the trial yesterday of a $17,500 suit by the receiver of the Northern Bank against William G. Mulligan, husband of Agnes K. Murphy Mulligan, and of a counter suit by Mulligan for $22,135 for services and disbursements. The bank's suit is based on notes signed by Mulligan. His counter claim is for his organization of a claque to save the Hamilton Bank, and for the services of himself and his wife to stampede meetings of depositors.

The Hamilton Bank failed later, in spite of the efforts of the Mulligans. William R. Montgomery, its President, who hired the Mulligans, went to Sing Sing for his part in looting it. The Mulligan notes were turned over to the Northern Bank by the Hamilton Bank. The Northern Bank soon followed its sister institution into bankruptcy. Mulligan in a bill of particulars set up the claim that he had hired seventy-five men to cheer for Montgomery at a depositors' meeting and had defeated the proposition to apply for a receiver by speeches of himself and Mrs. Mulligan.

"Two Little Brides" Moves to Lyric.

James T. Powers in "Two Little Brides" moved from the Casino to the Lyric Theatre last night to continue the Summer run of the Gustave Kerker musical comedy. Several new musical numbers and specialties were added on the occasion of the transfer. Mr. Powers's supporting company now consists of Anna Wheaton, Lelia Hughes, Flavia Arcaro, Melissa Ten Eyck, Ida Fitzhugh, Arthur Clough, Walter Lawrence, George Paunceforte, Harry McDonough, Jr., Oscar Schwartz, and Louis London.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Ray Samuels, an eccentric comedienne and singer, made her first appearance in "A Winsome Widow" at the Moulin Rouge last night.

Reginald De Koven has composed a new intermezzo, "Sherwood Forest," in honor of the twenty-second anniversary of the first production of "Robin Hood," which will be observed at the New Amsterdam Theatre next Monday night, when Mr. De Koven will conduct the orchestra.

The New York Giants and the Cincinnati Reds will occupy boxes at the Winter Garden to-morrow night as guests of Al Jolson of the Winter Garden Company. The players of both teams are expected to be present.

Gustav Luders has completed the score for "Somewhere Else," the new operetta by Avery Hopwood, that will be the first of Henry W. Savage's new productions next Fall.

Philip Bartholomae, author of "Over Night" and "Little Miss Brown," will sail for Europe this morning on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. He will make an automobile trip of France and Germany and return to New York the last of July.

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JOYFUL NIGHT WITH PIRATES AND POLICE

In a Gilbert and Sullivan Revival That Provides Gorgeous Fun and Melody.

BOON TO STAY-AT-HOMES

For "The Pirates of Penzance" May Be Seen Many Times Without Exhausting Its Possibilities.

THE PIRATES OF PENZANCE, a comic opera in two acts. By W. S. Gilbert. Music by Arthur Sullivan. Casino Theatre.

Richard	Eugene Cowles
Samuel	Richard Temple
Frederick	Arthur Aldridge
Major Gen. Stanley	George J. MacFarland
Edward	De Wolf Hopper
Mabel	Blanche Duffield
Kate	Alice Brady
Edith	Viola Gillette
Isabel	Louise Barthel
Ruth	Josephine Jacoby

A confirmed stylist—even one who is always in good humor—might object to the use of the word "gorgeous" in connection with something in which music is of prime importance. One speaks, for instance, of a gorgeous gown, of a gorgeous pageant, of something that pleases the eye rather than the ear. And yet, when all is said and done, it is difficult to think of a better word to describe Gilbert and Sullivan's "The Pirates of Penzance."

So let it go at that.

There was a revival at the Casino last night that was gorgeous.

And that, too, despite the fact that for the first two or three numbers, before the singers warmed up, and while the orchestra was still in that somnolent state which warm weather sometimes produces, it looked as though matters were going to be just a bit dull for a comic opera in which zip and go and spirit are not the least essentials. But the fault was only temporary. For, from Blanche Duffield's entrance song, sung in a lovely fresh sweet voice, the proceedings became extremely animated. And "The Pirates" from looking like a doubtful proposition, became an assured success.

It would be too much to say that all of its satire has as much significance in detail as it had at the moment of its writing. But in a general way a pirate king who takes pity on orphans, and makes awful puns on the word, and a policeman whose lot is not a happy one, are as deliciously ludicrous and to the point as ever they were.

The Gilbert humor, with its whimsical seriousness about impossible things, and the Sullivan music with its wonderful variety and rich melodiousness are things to rejoice over now as they were in the days when they were accounted novelties.

There is more real music, in fact, in either of the two acts of "The Pirates of Penzance" than in half a dozen of the average musical shows rolled into one. And it is the kind of music that leaves one refreshed, but begging for more.

Taken in the entirety last night's performance was a very excellent one with three conspicuously successful individual performances. Blanche Duffield, to begin with, has an exceptionally well-trained and pleasing voice. Moreover, her personality is charming, and, wonder of wonders, she not only sings well but speaks English in a manner to make it something very pleasant.

It is a curious fact that even our native artists, though they may sing well, have a surprisingly poor method of diction and enunciation when it comes to the spoken word. Mr. Aldrich, for instance, is an example of that. And Mr. Aldrich is a very poor actor. But his singing has added a share of pleasure to each of the Gilbert and Sullivan revivals. Again last night, as that unlucky pirate's apprentice, who wanted to turn good, and who eventually discovered that, instead of being 21, he was only 5¼ years old, Mr. Aldrich helped greatly in the lyric end of the performance.

Nor can too high praise go to George J. Macfarlane for his characterization and singing as the Major General. It is the best thing he has done. And, profiting by a previous experience, he had become glib enough in the quickly articulated Gilbert lyrics to carry them off so that they are spirited without being unintelligible. His opening song roused the house. Again, to add much joy there is De Wolf Hopper as the Sergeant of Police, a very Hibernian member of the force, with a heavy foot and a hirsute nasal adornment, and a sad, sad, tired way with him that suggested fixed posts were known even in 1879.

Eugene Cowles appeared moderately happy as the Pirate King, and Josephine Jacoby not at all so in the rôle of the maid-of-all-work, but there were splendid male and female choruses to bring the big concerted numbers up to the rich, ringing climaxes that are required.

The "mugging" at mention of the late Queen's name ought to be eliminated.

Summing it all up, "The Pirates of Penzance" revival is something to rejoice at. There oughtn't to be any dull Summer evening for anybody as long as the "run" is on. For merely having seen and heard this Gilbert and Sullivan opera once doesn't by any means exhaust its possibilities. It may be taken in nightly doses for some time to come, and ought to prove an effective tonic.

NEW FIRE CHAPLAIN.

The Rev. Joseph H. Ivie Appointed to Succeed Rev. Mr. Knapp.

The Rev. Joseph H. Ivie, assistant to Dr. George R. Van de Water, rector of St. Andrew's Church, 127th Street and Fifth Avenue, was appointed chaplain of the Fire Department yesterday for an indefinite period by Fire Commissioner Johnson. He succeeds the Rev. E. M. Knapp, who resigned the place to devote his entire time to his duties as vicar of the Chapel of the Incarnation.

The Rev. Mr. Ivie was formerly chaplain of the Fire Department at Fishkill, N. Y., where he was rector of Trinity Church. He was graduated from Stephen's College in 1892, later studying theology at the Philadelphia Divinity School. He was once a member of the staff of the Cathedral of the Incarnation, Garden City, L. I., and came to New York in 1908 to take charge of St. Bartholomew's Parish House.

WEEK'S BILLS AT THEATRES.

The offering of the stock company at the Academy of Music this week is "The Fatal Card," C. Haddon Chambers and B. C. Stephenson's old melodrama.

The Manhattan Stock Company at the Manhattan Opera House appeared in "The Wolf" yesterday, which will be the attraction for the week.

"The Blue Mouse" is the attraction offered by the Corse Payton Stock Company at the West End Theatre.

Mabel Hite and company headed the bill at the Colonial Theatre, and included in the rest of the programme were Mme. Besson and company, Conroy and Lemaire, Barnes and Crawford, the Primrose Four, the Six American Dancers, the Sutcliffe troupe, Hawthorne and Burt, and De Witt, Young, and sister.

Hale Hamilton and company appeared at Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre in a one-act sketch, and among the other entertainers were Belle Baker, Charles Hart and J. Rosamond Johnson, Crouch and Welsh, Madden and Fitzpatrick, El Cota, the Three Emersons, and the Wood brothers.

At the Alhambra Theatre the programme consisted of Nat Wills, Master Gabriel and company, A Son of Solomon, La Titcomb, Keller Mack and Frank Orth, Nowers, Walters, and Crocker, Elida Morris, the Grazers, and Brenner and Radcliffe.

The attraction at the Columbia Theatre for the last week of the regular season is "The Bowery Burlesquers," in two one-act burlesques. The Texas Tommy dancers appear as a special attraction.

The Black Patti Musical Comedy Company is the week's attraction at Hurtig & Seamon's Music Hall, presenting "In the Jungle."

At the New Brighton Theatre, Brighton Beach, the programme yesterday included Mme. Olga Petrova, Joseph Howard and Mabel McCane, the Eight English Rosebuds, the Four Huntings, Raymond and Caverly, the Royal Italian Opera Company, Carl McCullough, Winslow and Stryker, Corine Francis, and Romalo and Delane.

The programme at the Orpheum Theatre, Brooklyn, consisted of Irene Franklin, Jessie Busley and company, Jones and Deeley, the Frey Twins, the Six Brown brothers, Keno and Green, the Four Londons, and Rem-Brandt.

ICESKATERS ON ROOF GARDEN

Realistic Winter Scene Disclosed at Hammerstein's Summer Opening.

Summer and Winter intermingle at Hammerstein's Roof Garden, that opened for the season last night. The auditorium is flower decked and hung with festoons of vines, while the old farm that has been a part of the roof garden for so many seasons is snow-covered and icy. The icy part is real, for the duck pond of last year is now a skating pond on which skaters disport themselves during the intermission in the vaudeville programme.

To keep up the floral effect of the auditorium, the people in the audience last night wore roses and carnations supplied by pretty flower girls at the elevator doors. And the new scenery, a drop curtain and some folding curtains, were painted in floral designs. The vaudeville bill contained nothing new, as vaudeville goes, but was made up of acts of head-line rank and, although it was sixteen numbers long, the audience stayed for all of it.

The ice skating during the intermission was the real novelty of the evening, and it is going to be a popular attraction during the Summer. Grace Helene and Edward Basset give a good exhibition of fancy skating and there is a chorus of six pretty girls in musical comedy skating costumes who assist, as well as a West Indian orchestra that is largely clarinet and Creatore's band of eighteen pieces to furnish the music. This part of the show was an attractive sight, with the ice pond lighted by soft blue lights that flickered through innumerable banners and flags. The only trouble is lack of room for all who wish to watch the skaters.

OLD POLICY AT UNION SQUARE

Theatre Again Given Over to Vaudeville After Motion Picture Experiment

The old Union Square Theatre, after almost five years of motion pictures and "small time" vaudeville, was put back into the rank of vaudeville houses yesterday, when B. F. Keith re-established his old policy there. The Union Square was the first theatre in New York to house modern vaudeville, and in yesterday's audience were many of the old patrons.

Up until 11 o'clock Sunday night the motion pictures prevailed, but as soon as the audience had been dismissed a force of men was put to work, tearing up the old carpets, removing the old seats and scrubbing and scouring the walls and floors. By daylight a brand new carpet was being laid and brand new opera chairs were being installed, so that everything was in readiness for the matinee opening.

The bill selected by Mr. Keith for his first week is headed by Gus Edwards and his company in his "Song Revue of 1912." The rest of the programme consisted of Isabel D'Armond and Frank Crater, Edmund Hayes and company, Howard's ponies and dogs, Lyons and Yosco, Bert Melrose, the Flying Martins, and Miller and Lyle. The theatre was crowded at both performances.

KLEIN GOING TO LONDON.

Will Rehearse Arthur Bourchier's Company in "The Third Degree."

Charles Klein will sail for Europe on the Baltic on Thursday to be present at the final rehearsals of "The Third Degree," which is to be produced by Arthur Bourchier at the Garrick Theatre in London. George Wright, who was stage manager of the original production of the play in this city, will accompany Mr. Klein.

Immediately upon his return to this country Mr. Klein will begin rehearsals of "The Ne'er-Do-Well," the first of the productions to be made by the Authors' Producing Company this season.

'Milestones' to be Seen Here Sept. 16

Klaw & Erlanger have decided to make the New York production of "Milestones," the new play by Arnold Bennett and Edward Knoblauch, at the Liberty Theatre on Sept. 16, and the Chicago production at the Blackstone Theatre on Sept. 23. Two companies will be recruited in London and rehearsed by Frank Vernon, to whom the authors give credit for suggesting and putting on the play in London. Mr. Vernon and the two companies will call for the United States on Sept. 5. The three acts of "Milestones" are laid in 1860, 1885, and 1912, and concern one family. All of the scenes are laid in one room, where the furniture and decorations change to suit the periods of the acts.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers on Three Steamships—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those leaving by them are:

KAISER WILHELM DER GROSSE (Bremen)—Mr. and Mrs. Mervin Ash, Mrs. B. Bachrach, Philip Bartolomes, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Beck, Harold E. Beckman, Miss Margaret H. Behr, Mrs. J. J. Branwell, Mr. and Mrs. M. Brower, Mrs. Stuart Brown, David Bruce Brown, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Cinsholm, Mr. and Mrs. Justin L. Cobb, Miss Lynn Darcy, Ralph De Palmer, Mrs. M. C. Eddy, Mrs. T. E. Foraton, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur G. Francis, Hon. Curtis Guild, United States Ambassador at St. Petersburg; John S. Hale, Mrs. Logan Hay, Miss Alice Hay, Mrs. D. J. Hennessy, Capt. D. L. Hough, William Jarett, Arthur Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Bennett J. King, Mrs. H. Long, Alexander Mm. Martin, Mrs. M. Morton, E. S. Newman, E. Overbeck, T. H. Powers, Miss L. L. Price, Henry Randall, Mrs. J. L. Richmond, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Rogers, Mrs. R. G. Rose, Mrs. G. R. Sheldon, W. Thompson, M. Orme Wilson, Mrs. Wilson, Dr. S. W. Woodhouse, Miss M. R. Woodhouse.

POTSDAM (Rotterdam.—Mrs. W. F. Adam, Mr. and Mrs. Walton J. Aims, Mrs. Leigh Baker, J. B. Barney, Mr and Mrs. A. Becker, Miss Ethel Blanchard, Miss Carolyn Bebe, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Caldwell, Mrs. L. A. Case, Leslie C. Davis, Miss Ellen S. Dickinson, J. F. Dilworth, Halburton Fales, Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Grimes, Mrs. Olive Harper, Miss C. Grace Hay, Miss F. Haywood, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Heller, Mrs. M. B. Johnson, Miss Elizabeth Kimball, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Lawrence, Mrs. A. Linde, Mrs. E. A. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Froment, Alfred S. Northrup, Miss Phyllis Page, Miss K. L. Parsons, Miss A. M. Pateen, Mrs. W. Roe, Mr. and Mrs. M. Vernon Simpson, Miss E. C. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Somer, Mr. and Mrs. Seamon Sylvester, Miss Marion Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. J. Webb, Miss Luna W. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. E. Bennett Young.

CARPATHIA (Naples)—Mrs. G. H. Allen, Miss A. A. Allen, Mrs. H. L. Ayres, Miss M. Bates, H. D. Bates, Mrs. J. E. Booth, Prof. D. G. Bunage, Mrs. Frederick M. Butler, Miss M. Cannon, Miss A. Clarke, Miss A. L. Cobb, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Collier, Mrs. C. Connell, Dr. A. S. Cooley, Mrs. H. D. Cook, Judge and Mrs. T. C. T. Crain, Mr. and Mrs. R. V. Davey, Prof. Dey, and Mrs. H. M. Dyckman, Miss A. Edgerton, Mr. and Mrs. S. K. Evans, Miss L. Geer, Mrs. R. W. Goode, Mrs. E. A. Green, Miss E. B. Guild, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Hallock, Dr. and Mrs. F. O. Hall, Miss Dorothy Hall, Miss M. F. Hawley, Mr. and Mrs. R. Holden, Prof. A. B. Holt, Mrs. Holt, Miss E. B. Hopkins, Miss B. M. Irvine, G. H. Kendall, Miss M. E. King, D. M. Lasher, the Rev. A. Lyons, Miss L. Maret, P. Merriam, Mrs. W. R. Neal, Mrs. E. F. F. Oates, J. R. Page, Miss T. Paine, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Patterson, Miss C. Perry, Miss K. Porter, Mrs. A. B. Porter, Mr. and Mrs. H. Pell, Miss E. E. Randall, Mr. and Mrs. G. Ray, George Rogers, Miss H. Rowland, Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Russell, John K. Speed, Mrs. M. Stevens, Mrs. G. St. Stewart, Miss B. A. Terrill, Miss B. Thomson, Miss A. Tyson, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Vaughan, Miss M. Walker, Miss F. A. Ward, Edward Wilgus, Mr. and Mrs. S. Woodward, Miss F. M. Wolfe.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

NIEUW AMSTERDAM (Rotterdam)—Mr. and Mrs. J. Appleton, Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Bogert, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Carey, A. C. Burnett, Miss Kate B. Crowley, Mr. and Mrs. S. P. S. Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Frost, M. S. Goldsmith, Mrs. R. Hayward, Miss Lydia Hayward, Mr. and Mrs. Howard W. Lang, Miss Dorothy Mack, C. A. Marsh, Mrs. W. C. Miller, Miss M. Moran, Miss J. Oakley, Miss F. E. Oakley, Mrs. C. H. Pew, Dr. and Mrs. C. Phelps, Mr. and Mrs. Porter Atlee, Miss J. M. Rowell, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Ryan, Miss Julia C. Ryan, S. Saks, Miss Jeanette Scott, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Upton, the Rev. W. B. Waller, Mrs. H. A. Webster, Mrs. K. R. Winslow, Miss R. Winters, Dr. and Mrs. Lightman Witner.

CHICAGO (Havre)—R. H. Catlett, Mrs. Justin Cordier, Mrs. A. Dubois, Mrs. A. L. Fontana, Francisco Gomez, Mrs. M. Heath, Henry May, C. Mitchell, Miss A. Payen, Miss C. Rau, Mrs. L. Edwards, M. Jackson, Cecil Wright, Miss C. Wheeler, W. C. Thompson.

Oliver C. Davis.

Oliver C. Davis, former campaign manager of William J. Bryan and of counsel for the International Harvester Company, is dead at his home, Pilot Knob, Manitou, Col. He had gone to Colorado for his health, and succumbed after a walk on Sunday afternoon. He had business connections in Lincoln, Neb.; Pittsburgh, and Chicago. He was 62 years old.

Swift & Company's sales of Fresh Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, June 1, averaged 11.33 cents per pound. —Adv.

'OTHER GIRL' FILLS MR. KENNARD'S HEART

Jilted by Miss Manierre of Chicago? Not a Bit, He Stoutly Declares.

HAS PORTRAIT OF THE CAUSE

"If I'm Tied to Mother's Apron Strings," He Declares, "It's a Good Place to be Tied."

His prospective father-in-law's declaration that the engagement of Reginald P. Kennard, son of Mrs. W. P. Kennard of 197 Bay State Road, Boston, and brother of Victor Kennard, the famous Harvard half back, has been broken by Miss Wilhelmina Manierre of Chicago, for the reason that he was "too much tied to his mother's apron strings," was branded by young Mr. Kennard as "absolutely foolish" at his New York home, 14 East Sixtieth Street, last evening.

Young Mr. Kennard did not seem upset. Walking to the mantlepiece, he took down a photograph of his mother, which he showed to his visitor, remarking:

"Well, if they say that I'm tied to her apron strings, the best I can say is that she's a pretty good person to be tied to. The fact is that my mother had nothing to do with the breaking off of the engagement. She allowed me full sway in the matter, not trying to influence me in either way."

Miss Manierre is the daughter of William R. Manierre of 1,407 Dearborn Avenue, Chicago. Mr. Manierre is a customs broker and an extensive operator in real estate. A news telegram to THE NEW YORK TIMES from Chicago last night quotes Mr. Manierre as saying:

"Yes, it is true, my daughter has broken the engagement, but she and Mr. Kennard are still friends.

"When she returned home from Boston yesterday she told me that Reginald was still 'tied to his mother's apron strings.' She said that she wanted to marry a man, and not a mother-in-law.

"Mr. Kennard and my daughter are not temperamentally, constitutionally, or financially mated. Mr. Kennard is a ten-dollar-a-week dry goods clerk in New York, and he receives an allowance from his mother."

The Chicago dispatch also said that Mr. Kennard and Miss Manierre met at a dinner at the Blackstone Hotel in that city last Winter while he was in Chicago studying the dry goods business with the firm from whose New York branch he is now connected with.

"Miss Manierre and I became engaged while I was working in Chicago," young Mr. Kennard went on to say last night. At that time it was understood that we were to wait at least five years, until by my own efforts I could support her—free from any dowry she might receive or from any money I might get—as she has been accustomed to live. She was East about ten days ago, visiting here and also at another in Boston, and at that time we mutually agreed that we had better call the engagement off.

"We both came to the conclusion that we had made a mistake, and that we had both failed to find a 'soul mate.' Personally, at least, I can say there is absolutely no misunderstanding or hostility between us. We are still the best of friends.

"At this point Mr. Kennard went into another room and brought forth the picture of a young woman, whom he said was his real affinity.

"My mother 'phoned me this afternoon from Boston, saying that she had read an interview given out by Wilhelmina's father in Chicago to the effect that I was hardly her equal socially," he continued. "All I have to say in reply is that if he did give out this statement, or any other such sort of statement, it places his daughter in a quite unenviable position, and is really below the dignity of a gentleman to answer.

"It is true that I am working here for a small salary, but it is far greater than $10 a week. In that respect, I am a Yankee and a true American—I believe in working and learning a business. My private income is amply sufficient to support me without working, but I don't care to grow up a nonentity and mental weakling like most of the idle rich. Her father never worked in his life, and believes it below the dignity of a gentleman to work. In that respect I differ with him.

"As to her marrying a mother-in-law. Well, she may get a worse one. That's the least conceited manner in which I can reply to that."

Mr. Kennard's brother, Victor, the former football player, who was home nursing a painful case of sunburn which he got while out rowing Sunday, here chimed in to say that Miss Manierre had tearfully implored him to bring about a reconciliation and a re-engagement, saying that she would settle on Reginald Kennard $200,000 if he would reconsider and marry her at once. He said his brother had refused, as he was unwilling to "marry a father-in-law."

"I guess she did find us rather Puritanical at that, when she visited Boston," Reginald Kennard laughingly continued. "But then—well, those are our ways, and I certainly don't intend to change them. Anyway, the truth is, I love another girl."

The Rev. Aaron Hall Dead at 95.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 3.—The Rev. Aaron Hall, the oldest member of the Troy Methodist Episcopal Conference, died to-night at the home of his son, the Rev. Charles L. Hall, in Rensselaer, aged 95 years. Mr. Hall began his career at Stowe, Vt., in 1840. He was born at Bristol, Vt. He is the last of a family of fourteen children. His mother was Polly Priest, a sister of the Rev. Zadok Priest, who was the second ordained Methodist minister in New England. Several handsome churches are now monuments to Mr. Hall's work, he having served in about thirty-five fields of effort.

$500,000 Needed to Help Cancer Patients

We have reached a crisis in our work. With money we can purchase an addition to our present well-equipped plant that would give us double our present capacity.

This Hospital is supported by voluntary contributions, and all of its 100 beds are occupied. Will you not help us to receive the scores of sufferers who come to us for treatment, and for whom we have no room?

The recent purchase and installation of the most advanced apparatus for the treatment and relief of cancer have brought a flood of cases to us demanding care.

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2d Ave., Cor. 19th St.,
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W. R. SHEFFIELD, Secretary.
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Loans to any amount on Pledge of Personal Property.
We have a large assortment of Diamond Rings, Diamond Pins, &c., at prices which will satisfy careful purchasers.

BISHOP SHEEPSHANKS DEAD.

Noted Ecclesiastical Writer Was Bishop of Norwich, 1893 to 1909.

LONDON, June 3.—The Rt. Rev. John Sheepshanks, Bishop of Norwich from 1893 to 1909 and a noted writer, died to-day.

Bishop Sheepshanks was born in 1834 and educated at Christ's College, Cambridge. He became Rector of New Westminster and Chaplain to the Bishop of Columbia in 1859. He was subsequently Vicar of Bilton, Yorks, 1868 to 1873; Vicar of St. Margaret Anfield, Walton-on-the-Hill, Liverpool, 1873 to 1893. In 1893 he was made Bishop of Norwich. He was the author of "Confirmation and Unction of the Sick," "Charge, Eucharist and Confession;" "My Life in Mongolia and Siberia" and "The Pastor in His Parish."

Obituary Notes.

HENRY S. DICKINSON, for many years one of the best-known paper manufacturers in New England, died at his Summer home in Hull, Mass., on Sunday night. He was formerly Mayor of Springfield and President of the American Writing Paper Company. Mr. Dickinson was 49 years of age.

JAMES BLISS NEWTON, a retired merchant, died on Sunday night at the home of his daughter, Mrs. F. W. Raynor, at Yonkers, aged 70 years. Mr. Newton was the son of Isaac Newton, a prominent steamship man.

ELMER PRENTISS, for twenty years proprietor of the Hotel St. Nicholas, Joliet, Ill., and prior to that a horseman of National reputation, is dead of Bright's disease.

Mrs. WILDA ROLFE BARRON, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Hubert Clifford of Nutley, N. J., died in that town on Sunday at the age of 27 years. She is survived by her husband, Chester Gerard Barron of this city.

J. FRANK WILLIAMS of West Orange, N. J., a Newark hat manufacturer, while driving his automobile near Rahway, N. J., on Sunday was stricken with acute indigestion and succumbed within a few minutes after he had been taken to the

THE BUSINESS WORLD

POLITICS ARREST BUSINESS.

Bankers Say Four-Year Term Keeps Us at 75% Efficiency.

While many bankers and brokers in Wall Street have declared they see no menace in the present political situation and have asserted that no disturbance to business is threatened by the coming fight at the polls, Spencer Trask & Co. have issued a letter to their customers in which they say the custom of holding quadrennial Presidential elections holds back a considerable volume of business.

"The fact that sales on the New York Stock Exchange fell from 16,000,000 shares in April to 13,000,000 in May, of which 8,000,000 was in the first half and 5,000,000 in the second, is in itself substantial proof, although we are perfectly willing to admit that the months of March and April had seen prices advance to a point where a period of rest was both natural and desirable," say the bankers. "We do not, moreover, see how the unfortunate situation in which the Republican Party finds itself could help but arrest the attention and activities of the business world, as the principles for which the rival candidates are contending are in the main, essentially different, and in many cases strike at the roots of republican institutions.

"It is certainly most unfortunate that this country, which is first of all a business country, should be upset every four years by political upheavals, which invariably affect the free course of trade. With primaries in elections—which settle nothing—six months and more in advance of the final election, and with the skirmishing which precedes these primaries, the spectre of unrest throws its shadow anywhere from nine to twelve months ahead of the actual settlement of the issue.

"In other words, it has now come to a point where we are free from electioneering activities for only three years out of the four, or, expressed in per cent., we are operating, year in and year out, on an average of only 75 per cent. of efficiency. This great waste is as unfortunate as it is unnecesary, and we hope that the day may not be far distant when a President will hold office for no longer than four years without a fresh election being forced on the country."

LIGHT DRY GOODS TRADING.

Sheer Summer Fabrics Receive Most Attention Owing to Hot Spell.

Trading was generally light yesterday in New York dry goods markets, being affected to a considerable extent by the lack of activity on the part of important buyers that usually marks the beginning of the week. Shoppers were active in the principal retail sections of the city, and following one of the hottest days experienced in early June for several years, sheer Summer fabrics received a good share of the attention of purchasers. Lightweight underwear and hosiery were also in good demand, and an excellent wholesale business is expected this week.

As a general rule, Monday is an excellent mail order day in wholesale centres, and judging from reports received from the most prominent distributors, yesterday was no exception. Orders were spread over many lines, and were generally distributed over the country. Coast orders are said to have held to former levels, and the demand from other parts of the country, with the possible exception of the South, showed material improvement over that of a week ago.

Business in the South shows signs of gradual improvement, according to advices received by a prominent wholesaler, but the retarding effect of the Mississippi floods is playing an important part in the dry goods situation in that part of the country. The greater part of yesterday's mail orders reflected a marked improvement in retail trading throughout the rest of the United States, a condition that leads to the opinion that a good deal of seasonable merchandise will be sold between the present time and July 1st.

Spot trading in wash goods was rather dull yesterday, although mail orders were received in good number and of fair size. Silks were active, considering the lateness of the season, and ribbons moved in a fair way. Laces, embroideries, white goods, dress linens, underwear and hosiery were generally slow.

BUSINESS BETTER IN MAY.

Improvement General as Shown by the Bank Clearings.

Growth in general business in May is shown in an improvement in bank clearings, which totaled $14,096,605,577 during the month as reported by Dun's Review from the returns of 127 centres. This is an increase of 4.7 per cent. over May, 1911, and of 7.2 per cent. over the same month in 1910. Dun's mentions seasonable weather and more favorable reports of agricultural conditions as having had "a stimulating effect in numerous directions." Dun's says:

It is worthy of note that practically every section of the country shares in this satisfactory showing, and, while some cities still report more or less decrease as compared with one or both years, due mainly to local conditions, the gratifying expension at most of the important industrial and commercial centres indicates the prevalence of considerable activity. New York City reports a gain over last year of 1.1 per cent, and over 1910 of 3.1 per cent.

SOHMER ANSWERS SCHOENER

Suggests How Mayor of Syracuse Might Improve His City.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 3.—State Controller Sohmer has sent a letter to Mayor Edward Schoener of Syracuse, answering the criticisms and statements the Mayor made on the report of the examiners of the Municipal Accounts Bureau of the State Controller's office into the fiscal affairs of Syracuse, and recommending certain remedies in existing conditions. In his answer Controller Sohmer says:

After you have given the report of the examiners more careful consideration, and have discovered, as you will, that every statement therein is founded on fact, you will without doubt be willing to co-operate with this office in making the recommendations contained in the report the basis of some changes in the administration of the affairs of your city which will be of permanent benefit to your community.

Whether accusations of bad faith and insinuations of partisan motives directed against the examiners are dignified in an official letter, or whether an ill-tempered attack upon the Controller of the State of New York is a fitting answer to the conclusions reached by the examiners in their report, is a matter which concerns only yourself and your standing among your fellows. But in so far as you question in your letter the statements and conclusions of the report, you are entitled to all information which can be furnished by this office.

The facts and conclusions of the examiners in relation to the payment of interest upon public funds in your city are absolutely true.

In your reference to two State laws containing ambiguous provisions, and the fact that of their amendment in 1911 construing the conflicting provisions in the manner in which Syracuse had interpreted them, you write that if the examiners had kept in touch with the Legislature of 1911 they would have known "that before their report was written Gov. Dix had signed" these laws.

I assume that your intention was to refer to amendments made in 1912, and not 1911, as your letter reads, and that you refer to Chapters 408 and 40, Laws of 1912.

The report was completed and verified by the examiners on Feb. 20, 1912.

Chapter 409, Laws of 1912, to which you refer as a "construction" of the law, was Senate bill, introductory number 840, introduced in the Senate by Senator Walters of your county on March 6, 1912, and became a law on April 16, 1912, some fifty days after the completion and verification of the report by the examiners. Chapter 408, Senate bill, introductory number 850, introduced on the same day as the other, and became a law on the same day as the other.

Chapter 409, Laws of 1912, was introduced by the representative of your Senatorial district, and became a law with the approval of the Mayor of Syracuse, and amends the laws (Chapter 75, L. 1906) referred to in the report by adding words expressly providing a fee of 25 cents for each parcel of land on the City Treasurer's list, and cuts out and repeals that part of the law which authorized the City Treasurer to collect the fifty-cent fee referred to.

Controller Sohmer takes up the statement that Mayor Schoener that the Controller's criticism of the fact that the charitable and religious societies were allowed to pay the lowest rate for water was purely to discredit the policy of his administration, with the advice that the consideration shown the several charitable institutions should be provided for within the law. "So good a cause ought to be served in a legal manner without difficulty," he says. In conclusion, Controller Sohmer says: "Permit me to express the hope that after calm consideration you will make use of the examination for the purpose of improving the condition of affairs in your city."

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Pate de Foie Gras Rated as Meat—Other Tariff Decisions.

In denying claims filed by F. H. Leggett & Co., and others, the Board of United States General Appraisers has decided that pate de foie gras is to be regarded for customs purposes as "meats not specially provided for" under Paragraph 286 of the Tariff act of 1909. The protestants objected to Collector Loeb's classification carrying a tax of 25 per cent. ad valorem. Several claims for duty at rates lower than assessed were made, but they are deemed without merit by Judge Waite, who writes the decision for the board. Other than Leggett & Co., the firms concerned in the litigation are the Acker, Merrall & Condit Company, Park & Tilford, Reiss & Brady, Von Bremen, Asche & Co., Austin Nichols & Co., and the Cresca Company.

A claim submitted by George Borgfeldt & Co. was sustained in part. The merchandise consisted of memorandum books with a pocket for holding papers, and calendars composed of metal and paper, of which paper is the component material of chief value. Duty was assessed on both classes of articles at 35 per cent. ad valorem under the provision in the present Tariff act for "manufactures of paper." The importers alleged that the books are dutiable at 25 per cent. as "blank books" under Paragraph 420, and that the calendars are dutiable at the same rate also under the above named provision. In finding for the importers, Judge Fischer says that the fact that the books have pockets for holding paper does not alter their character as blank books. He sustains the protest, but holds that the Collector properly classified the calendars.

The board took adverse action on claims filed by Kronfeld, Saunders & Co., in which it was alleged that certain musical instruments are more than 100 years old, and thus entitled to enter free of duty. The customs tribunal holds that the regulations provided by the Secretary of the Treasury relative to antiques were not complied with. The importers failed to submit affidavits attesting to the age of the instruments at the time of entry. For this reason the protests are overruled. Recently, however, the Treasury Department has provided for the giving of a bond by importers for the later production of affidavits affecting antiques.

The following importers' protests were unsupported by evidence, and therefore overruled: American Express Company, Clapp & Wilton, J. Chadwick & Co., R. F. Downing & Co., Davis Collamore & Co., W. & J. Sloane, A. L. Tuska & Co., McKesson & Robbins, C. B. Richard & Co., Cyril Carmichael, Dearbergh Brothers, Simons, Shuttleworth & French Co., International Despatch Company, Accursic & Sclafani, M. C. Merguerian, Alexander Murphy & Co., F. H. Petry & Co., Batjer & Co., John G. Welford, and the United States Express Company.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Prof. Joseph F. Johnson, Dean of the School of Commerce, Finance, and Accounts, New York University, has been made Chairman of the Merchants' Association Committee on Taxation and Public Revenue. The other members of the committee are H. A. Metz of H. A. Metz & Co.; Prof. E. R. A. Seligman, Columbia University; F. A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank; W. J. Schieffelin of W. J. Schieffelin & Co., and E. J. Levey, President of the Title Insurance Company of New York.

Commenting on alfalfa crop conditions in the current number of The American Hay, Flour and Feed Journal, C. W. Wright, Secretary of the National Alfalfa Millers' Association, says: "The first crop of alfalfa is probably larger than has ever been known in the history of the Western States. The first cutting has commenced, which means that new hay and new hay meal will soon be on the market."

A meeting of the domestic buyers of the Dry Goods Alliance will be held to-day at 75 Spring Street. A meeting of the carpet buyers of the Dry Goods Union will also be held to-day at 55 White Street.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

WILEY-HARKER LUMBER COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the Wiley-Harker Lumber Company of 200 Fifth Avenue by these creditors: Coharie Lumber Company of Belair, Md., $5,091; Watson & Pettingill, Brooklyn, $299, and Eugene J. F. Coleman, New York, $651. A financial statement of the company issued on Oct. 31 last showed, it is said, assets of $105,226, and liabilities of $49,487.

MARKILL & CO.—A petition has been filed against Marcus and Bertha Markill, composing the firm of Markill & Co., women's tailors at 9 East Forty-eighth Street, by these creditors: H. B. Claflin Company, $351; Leo D. Greenfeld & Co., $357, and James McCreery & Co., $932. The liabilities now are estimated at $10,000.

LOVEJOY COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the Lovejoy Company, electrotypers, of 444 Pearl Street, by Edward J. Maroney for these creditors: Columbia Smelting and Refining Works, $193; Frank P. Dies, $283, and the Du Pryes Manufacturing Company. The company made an assignment on April 18 and the schedules showed liabilities of $28,847 and actual assets of $16,538.

ISAAC URDANG, clothing manufacturer of 130 and 132 Bleecker Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $8,007 and assets of $1,057.

JOHN DIETRICH of 753 Tremont Avenue has filed a petition, with liabilities of $9,017 and assets of $3,565.

JAMES A. BOVEY, grocer, of Middletown, has filed a petition here, with liabilities of $4,667 and assets of $1,104.

E. DREIFUS & CO.—Judge Hough has appointed W. H. Willis referee in bankruptcy to take charge of the composition proceedings here of Emanuel Dreifus & Co., dealers in scrap iron in Philadelphia. Joseph A. Arnold, their attorney, said yesterday that the composition offer provides for the surrender of all the assets of the firm to W. Vernon Phillips and Hubert E. Rogers, Trustees, and the firm, in addition, will give notes for 17½ per cent. of all the claims allowed, the notes to be six in number, the first payable twelve months after the settlement is effected, and the other five yearly thereafter, without interest. Arnold said that in order to keep their name they had mortgaged their future earnings to pay the notes. The total liabilities are $628,598 and nominal assets of $753,747. The actual assets will depend upon the way they are handled by the Trustees.

SUNNY DRESS COMPANY.—Schedules of the Sunny Dress Company of 63 East Eighth Street show liabilities of $9,368 and assets of $1,850.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 3.—Referee Olmstead, in the United States District Court, to-day appointed Benjamin Dollheim of Brookline receiver in the case of John A. Sullivan of Boston, a liquor dealer doing business at 321 Tremont Street. A voluntary petition in bankruptcy had been filed previously by Sullivan disclosing liabilities of $29,803.

Benjamin Dellheim was appointed receiver today by Referee Olmstead in the case of the American Clothing Company of Boston and New Bedford. The company filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy last Friday, disclosing liabilities of $23,000 and assets of $6,900.

The Joyce Company of Lowell has been petitioned into involuntary bankruptcy at the instance of four creditors, whose claims amount to $5,898.

Grace Du Tremblay, Treasurer of Mme. Du Tremblay & Co., incorporated, 3 Temple Place, has made an assignment on behalf of the company for the benefit of its creditors of its stock and fixtures to Arthur W. Coolidge.

Discharges in Bankruptcy.

Judge Hand in the United States District Court yesterday granted discharges to these bankrupts:

CORNELIUS A. CRYAN, liquors, 2,473 Broadway; liabilities, $2,102.

SIMON FRANKEL, 223 Rivington Street, formerly furniture; liabilities, $1,932.

CHARLES GROSS, 222 East Sixty-eighth Street, formerly dry goods; liabilities, $800.

W. W. KUHOUPT, general store, St. Remy, N. Y.; liabilities, $1,352.

EDWARD MELTZER, engineer, 55 East 118th Street; liabilities, $1,908.

DR. ALBERT G. POHLY, 14 East Sixtieth Street; liabilities, $5,580.

REQUA GIBSON CO., engines, 225 West Forty-ninth Street; liabilities, $7,857.

LEO. SCHOSBERG, furs, 122 West Thirty-fourth Street; liabilities, $2,858.

ISMAN SCHNAPP, furs, 55 East Ninety-eighth Street; liabilities, $12,430.

DR. HENRY J. SCHREIBER, 740 East Sixth Street; liabilities, $768.

KALMAN J. SMITH, suits and cloaks, 51 East Eighth Street; liabilities, $4,512.

SOL. STERN, tailor, 102 East 125th Street; liabilities, $5,145.

MAX TISHMAN, 201 St. Nicholas Avenue; liabilities, $2,107.

HENRY WELDON, insurance agent, 277 Broadway; liabilities, $804.

JOHN YONG, florist, 54 West Twenty-eighth Street; liabilities, $17,004.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Abel, Louis—National Reserve Bank of City of New York, costs, $584.

Aue, Ferdinand—J. Fomayal, $1,100.
Baumgritter, Morton—M. Halpern et al., $224.
Brew, William—J. V. Van Pelt, $484.
Bloch, Gabriel—C. Lazansky, $107.
Becker, Louis—S. F. Jones et al., $204.
Belmont, Frank A.—Henry Lederer & Brothers, Inc., $153.
Bassen, Adolph—Oriental Metal Bed Co., $181.
Brand, Claude Z.—Diamond Rubber Co., $192.
Barons, Frank S.—R. R. Ragette, $274.
Bevey, James A.—Clark, Chapin & Bushnell, $214.
Becher, Nathan, and William Livingston—I. Blumberg, $140.
Carroll, Mary E.—D. Quinn, costs, $152.
Same—D. Carroll et al., costs, $117.
Casselman, Charles and Julius—A. Felt, by guardian, $200.
Calagnino, Antonio—F. A. Baker, $300.
Chamberlain, William J.—Browning, King & Co., $1,027.
Davidson, Charles—Metropolitan Bridge and Construction Co., costs, $112.
Depew, Mitchell—J. W. C. Carroll, $1,104.
Duff, John S.—Chatham and Phenix National Bank of New York, $252.
De Leo, Michael, (not summoned,) and James H. Slater—J. S. Murray, $356.
Edwards, Richard L., Jr., and Robert S. Walker—National Newark Banking Co., $585.
Flaven, Nellie—Lord & Taylor, $455.
Garone, Martin—East Side Lumber Co., $289.
Graziano, Joseph J., and Rocco Graziano—Abendroth Brothers, $135.
Goodman, Abraham—W. Hauerstein, $145.
Horowitz, Morris—J. Krises Co., $270.
Hans, Arthur and Richard, (not summoned)—J. Ruppert, $155.
Henry, Ralph, Jr.—H. Poert, $477.
Harrington, Mary, adm.—Old Dominion Steamship Co. costs, $283.
Irvine, Robert—M. Holstein, $514.
Jungman, Julius—Harriman National Bank of the City of New York, $1,816.
John, George C.—D. L. Martin, $5,342.
Joline, Adrian H., and Douglas Robinson, receivers—G. Gordon, $591.
Kahn, Jacob, (not summoned,) M. German, and Solomon, (not summoned)—J. Metz, $500.
Keterba, Charles, Jennie Keterba, and Matthew J. Hansen—E. H. Jube et al., $782.
Lowe, Charles, and Max Jerrisch—F. Cortese, $271.
Luhrs, John and Richard, (not summoned)—Hannis Distilling Co., $148.
Loope, Michael, adm.—Erie Railroad Co., costs, $155.
Mack, William H., and George, (not summoned)—Hudson Mechanical Rubber Co., $210.
Miller, Adolph S.—G. Van Ness, $788.
Mendelson, Alter—C. Spicehandler, $224.
Muller, Conrad, and Margaret—R. Anderson, $132.
Madden, Thomas—H. P. Hayes, $203.
McKibbin, John C.—G. P. Stevens, $1,963.
Mitchell, Donald—J. L. Murray, $467.
Nussbaum, Philip—J. Schiesinger, $118.
MacPherson, Jeanne—H. Karger, $113.
Miller, Hugh G., and William J. Atwood—R. A. Pope, $1,837.
Robinson, David—Defender Photo Supply Co., $137.
Reisman, Hermann—O. Reissmann, $2,492.
Rabinovitz, Frank, and Isaac, (not summoned)—Trenton Foundry and Machine Co., $151.
Rosenfeld, Ernest—University Alliance, $254.
Raabe, Herman, and Henry—L. Darn et al., $347.
Richmond, Sarah E.—R. P. Goodwin, $3,160.
Richmond, Sarah E.—R. P. Goodwin, $1,411.
Schaefer, John V., Jr.—Hudson Trust Co., $17,127.
Spear, William D.—T. E. Bullevant, $537.
Sheffield, Edward R.—V. Carabone Construction Co., $242.
Torrisi, Michael A., or Michael A. Torrisi—National Surety Co., $338.
Titomaglia, Sabino—M. Scimeca et al., (costs,) $113.
Wilner, Leon—H. Fischel, $7,066.
Wechsler, Harry—H. P. Friedman & Bro., $180.
Wilmore, Albert H.—J. F. A. Clark et al., $352.
Wolfson, Benjamin, Herman I. Wolfson, Abraham W. Wolfson, and Joseph Goldman—B. Radzik, $206.
Weill, Leroy—Ellas Gusseroff Realty and Construction Co., $285.
Wagner, Stephen S.—Lincoln Mortgage Co., $149.
Wulff, Siegfried—W. H. Oliver, $178.
Wayburn, Ned—R. & L. Co., $366.
Zivern, Morris—M. J. Mulhall, $106.
John V. Schaefer & Co.—Hudson Trust Co., $17,121.
City of New York—D. Rootman, $500.
Same—W. Rootman, $200.
Beth David Hospital—H. L. Herbst & Co., $125.
B. Miller Co., Inc.—Goldsmith Bros. Smelting and Refining Co., Inc., $144.
Long Island Heating Co.—Master Steam and Hot Water Fitters Assn' of N. Y. City, $224.
Madison Construction Co.—J. Levenson, $817.
N. Y. Railways Co.—L. Weiner, $129.
Medford Fancy Goods Co. and L. Medford Bromer—Market and Fulton National Bank of New York, $272.
Aeolipyle Co.—R. H. Burns, $767.
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—C. Greene, (costs,) $111.
Stanley Gollick Co.—N. Barasrcyski, $803.
Consolidated Gas Co. of N. Y.—P. O'Leary, $287.
Merida Realty Co., Milton M. Bluman, H. Seymour Eisman, Israel Lippman, and Louis Levy—A. Robinson, (costs,) $128.
Consolidated Gas Co. of N. Y.—S. Harrington, $277.
Leon Realty Co. and Samuel Wilner—H. Fischel, $7,009.
Grove Piano Co., Inc., and Gustav B. Grove—Union County Trust Co. of Elizabeth, $1,039.
Madison Building Co. and Hugh J. Lawler—M. Cadmus, $1,913.
Hudson River Realty Co.—A. V. King, (costs,) $114.
Kurlandzik & Alpert—F. W. Crane Lumber Co., $268.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Stickney, Chas. L.—James McCreery & Co., Feb. 24, 1911, $303.
Same—Same, Feb. 24, 1911, $438.
Peavy, Henry—Nassau Elec. R. R. Co., Oct. 19, 1911, $109.
Redmond, Wm. F., Samuel G. Redmond, and Andrew J. McCormack—Chas. G. Meyer, May 17, 1910, $4,081.
Stern, David F.—F. A. Hobbs, March 18, 1912, $277.
Kelly, James J.—J. De Beauller, Jan. 20, 1910, $352.
Mack, Joseph S., and Fred W. Korth—Pictorial Review Co., Dec. 21, 1911, $1,702.
Miles, Caroline E.—B. Selitzsky, Feb. 19, 1912, $1,568.
Brown & Root Co.—City of N. Y., Jan. 6, 1911, $1,094.
Buckley, John J.—H. Sugarman et al., Feb. 1, 1911, $363.
Carley, Earle E.—A. H. Meyer, Aug. 9, 1911, $319.
Christie Iron Works—M. R. Machol, Aug. 22, 1911, $1,127.
Faerber, Karl—F. W. Ehrsam, Oct. 11, 1911, $300.
Marsh, John E. and William L., executors—City of N. Y., May 14, 1912, vacated, $1,354.
Gregor, Elmer R.—Am. Blue Stone Co., Aug. 1, 1908, $146.
Hynes, Thomas W., and Lorenzo Cutler—E. M. Cutler, July 21, 1898, $2,857.
Same—Same, July 21, 1898, $1,265.
Same—Same, July 21, 1898, $952.

THE COURTS.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J. Jury calendar. 357—Simon v. American Tob Co. 358—Harkness v. Schall. 359—Crossley v. Lehigh Val R. R. 360—Proctor v. Penn R R Co. 361—Baker v. same. 362—Noot v. Int. Mer. Marine Co. 363—Montgomery v. Spencer Optical Co. 364—Danzig v. Hillox. 365—Baldwin v. Eidman. 366—Blakely v. Merchants Mfg. Exch. 367—Vizoari v. N Y, N H & H R R. 368—Seidl v. Great Atlantic Pacific Tea Co. 370—U S v. 25 cases champagne. 371—Slavin v. N Y, N H & H R R. 372—O'Conneli v. Bordens Cond Milk. 373—Rivers v. La Campagnie G T. 374—Lippman v. Uranium S S Co. 375—Lambert v. Oceanic Steam Nav Co. 376—McKenzie v. Oceanic Steam Nav Co. 377—Ferguson v. Stevens. 378—Weihtraub v. Penn R R. 379—Same v. same. 380, 381, 382—Jensen v. Boston & Maine R R. 383—K W Ignition Co v. Green. 384, 385—Olive v. N Y, N H & H R R. 386—Powers Fruit Co v. Rae.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—APPELLATE DIVISION—Ingraham, P. J.: McLaughlin, Laughlin, Clarke and Scott, JJ.—Enumerated motions. 749—Migel v. Heller Hirsch & Co. 795—Pedrole v. McCarthy. 683—Lehmaier v. Bettman, Johnson Co. 813—Veltheisen v. Union Ry. 755—Flick v. Wyoming Valley Trust Co. 730—Taylor v. Bankers Loan & Ins Co. 742—Rosenblatt v. City of N Y. 718—Kiernan v. McDonald. 757—Mayer v. Monzo. 677—Conway v. Fitzpatrick & Coombes. 759—Leahy v. City of N Y. 760—Sleeper v. Joline. 761—Cullen Friedland v. Nelson Co. 762—Brosnan v. City of N Y. 763—Wright Co v. Aero Corp. 387—Davis v. Clark. 309—O'Reilly v. Oceanic Steam Nav Co. 317—Walcott v. Panama R R Co. 204—McGrath v. Oceanic Steam Nav Co. 224—Winn v. Carpenter. same.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Giegerich, J. Litigated motions. 1—People ex rel Gross v. Court of Special Sessions. 2—Matter of Ceramic Imp Co. 3—Corsari v. Corsari. 4—Matter of Maitland. 5—Breuner v. Allegretti Chocolate Cream. 6—Matter of Mahoney. 7—Wolf v. Wolf. 8—Connolly v. Hofheimer. 9—Ginsburg v. Wolf. 10—Same v. same. 11—Matter of Fiss. 12—Michelson v. Michelson. 13—Kenilworth Holding Co v. N Y Edison Co. 14—Riley v. Richards. 15—Matter of Richards. 16—Bedell v. Bedell. 17—Fabiano v. Fabiano. 18—Eisenstein v. Schneider. 19—Youngs v. Goodman. 20—Gearon v. Bruce. 21—People ex rel La Chicotte v. Stevenson & Martin. 22—Salomon v. Farrell & Co. 23—Matter of Wieler. 24—City of N Y v. Mullon. 25—Same v. same. 26—Central Bldg and Imp Co v. J. P. Thomas, M D. 27—Pakas v. Mead. 28—Clover v. Sheafer. 29—Gillett v. Brown & Bros. 30—John v. Happel. 31—Hodges v. L I R R Co. 32—Murray v. Filmberg. 33—Maneual v. Lizzo. 34—Ronaldson v. Irwin. 35—Mase Realty Co v. Y M C A. 36—Deutsch v. Herman. 37—Meyer v. Randenbush. 38—Flanagan v. Milo. 39—Same v. same. 40—Stocky v. Int R T Co. 41—Malatzsky v. Malatzsky. 42—Zeglio v. Robinson. 43—Mott v. Hanover Estate. 44—Hutton v. Holmes. 45—Reilly v. City of N Y. 46—Kaplan v. Penn Steel Co. 47—Zimmerman v. Blumenthal. 48—Miller v. Joline. 49—Critcher v. Bishop. 50—Kaufman v. Siegelstein. 51—Kilsheimer v. Eckert. 52—Hutton v. Cornetan. 53—Windsor Trust Co. v. Norton. 54—Anderson v. Berkeley. 55—Alexander v. Cambridge Tile Mfg Co. 56—Schmidt v. Schmidt. 57—Bazmajian v. Eninge. 58—Condon v. U S Electro Galv Co. 59—Slavis v. Gillespie Co. 60—Epstein v. Kipp Wagon Co. 61—Germania Life Ins Co v. Pearnall. 62—Taylor v. N Y City Mining Co. 63—Martin v. Wallace. 64—Fletcher v. 416 West 32d St Realty Co. 65—Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co v. N Y Taxicab Co. 66—Lawton v. McGee. 67—Manton v. Furlong. 68—Slavis v. L R R R. 69—Matter of R. Fuller Co. 70—Lesbro Co v. Smith. 71—Peters v. Peters. 72—Seaman v. Guardian Trust Co. 73—People v. Goldman. 74—Mosbiech v. Brinkworth. 75—Same v. same. 76—King v. Broadhurst. 77—Matter of Grote & Co. 78—Grumba m v. Bauman. 79—Grady v. Tarbox. 80—Matter of Martin (Ormiston). 81—De Bost v. De Bost. 82—Matter of Ruddy (Whitney). 83—Hart v. Mortgage Co. of America. 84—Same v. same. 85—Wood v. Fiske. 86—Miller v. Woodruff Co. 87—Spellman v. Terminal Warehouse Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Gerard, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Gerard, J. Motions. Demurrers. 446—Grady v. Tarbox. 449—Turner v. Boehmann. 456—First Com Bank v. Valentine. Preferred causes. 5439—Beckley v. Turney. 4124—Davis v. Davis. 5441—Levy v. Huldane R Co. General calendar. 5056—Coleman & Krause v. Board of Education. 3104—Kaufman v. Weil. 4506—Raymond & Co v. D'Ambra Const Co. 5052—Ormond Realty Co v. Kinsella Const Co. 2348—Kiely v. Shipman. 4976—Blaustein v. Blaustein. 4742—Greenwald v. Doepner. 4364—Williams v. United Wireless Tel Co. 4694—Stumpf v. Robin. To be called at 2 P. M. 5029—Holmes v. Holmes. 3748—Crooker v. Elec Protection Co. 3635—Bobek v. Bobek. 4520—Housch v. Hamberger. 2907—Brand v. Driggs. 1648—Belasco v. Washington Theatre Co. 4038—Bowman v. Bowman. 132—United Bldg Material Co v. Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Co. 4092—Kalvin v. Smethurst. 4739—Buchalter v. Manhattan Island Realty Co. 4939—Havens v. Havens. 4948—Yoursditzky v. Yoursditzky. 4957—N Y Gas Appliance Co v. Propp. 4993—Levy v. Levy. 5037—Eilers v. Baggett. 4759—Zeggio v. Robinson. 4066—Tucker v. Bowers. 3155—Shire v. O'Donnell. Restaurant Co. 3861—Akin v. Van Pelt. 4637—MacDonald v. MacDonald. 2979—Stevenson v. Stevenson. 4492—Van Nest Woodworking Co v. Church of St Brendan. 4670—Stephen Merritt Burial & Cremation Co v. Stephen Merritt Co. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV. case on; Part V., case on; Part VI., clear; Part VIII., clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Greenbaum, J. 6730—Hess v. Tanenbaum. 5967—Colwell Lead Co v. Manneschmidt. 6590—United Merchants' Realty & Imp Co. v. Glassheim. 5793—Kopp v. Donnelly. 6735—Lowenthal v. Deuel. 6377—Bloch v. Sweeney. 6669—Garland v. Romaine. 5455—Weeks v. Reich. 6401—Planco v. Tekulsky. 5705—Clark v. Clark. 6001—Tallman v. Tobin. 6002—Same v. same. 6624—Kindgren v. Aitken. 6737—Carnegie Trust Co v. First Nat Bank. 6849—Rosenthal v. Horowitz. 6109—MacDonald v. MacDonald. 6631—Goodrich v. Albro. 6271—Alexander v. Johnson. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Gavegan, J. 2805—Stern v. Opry. 779—Sugarman v. Dennett's Sur Coffee Co. 3120—Klein v. Frankel. 7487—Keegan v. N Y C & H R R. 4097—Bourdon v. Plaza Operating Co. 7402—Magee v. N Y Tel Co. 7502—Corbett v. Northern Union Gas Co. 1834—Bodenheim v. Koller. 7436—Feingold v. L I R R. 7430—Burrieci v. Pelham Operating Co. 2715—Martin v. Anglo-Am Authors' Assn. 4241—Levy v. Beck. 2345—Eukene v. Buckler. 4506—Seaman v. Keystone Const Co. 4761—Gurr v. City of New York. 481—Gels v. same. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Platzek, J. 4058—Evers v. Hentschel. 445—Cohen v. Roger. 4603—Crowley v. Murray & Hill Co. 6784—Brunnerhoy v. Shubert-Lincoln Co. 4068—Cahill v. City of N Y. 4822—Hoeninghausen v. Sayre. 4255—Fay v. Mulvihill. 4202—Heiser v. Cinn Abattoir Co. 9534—Weinbaum v. Bklyn Un El R R. 3519—Pantorno v. Foundation Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Cohalan, J. 1022½—Senior v. Bklyn Hts R R. 4823—Cirasolla v. Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins. 4234—Boguslan v. N Y Edison Co. 4603—Leichman v. The N Y Butchers Dressed Meat Co. 2424—Cooperman v. Hopper. 4815—Hutner v. Kranz. 4615—Strybos v. Schaefer. 2674—Micolo v. Krotenberg. 190—Bryan v. Safir. 95½—Addis v. N Y C & H R R R. 4153—Devereaux v. Curran. 4863—Whitner v. Provident Sav Life Assn Socy. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Guy, J. 3699—English v. Bates. 2208—Donoghue v. Callanan. 4830—Friend v. Borden's Cond Milk Co. 4714—Murphy v. City of N Y. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—Erlanger, J. 1501—McConnell v. Thomas & Buckley Operating Co. 4748—Bartolicus v. Weisbecker. 4749—Somar v. Gordon. 4339—Geller v. City of N Y. 3127—Mandel v. Robbins. 4481—Zuckerman v. City of N Y. 4483—Same v. same. 4240—Metzger v. Campe. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term.—Part VIII.—Delany, J. 4574—Spector v. Feldman. 4770—Kadonsky v. City of New York. 4799—Gordin v. Sulaberger & Sons Co. 4813—McCarthy v. Otis Elevator Co. 4814—O'Gorman v. same. 9485—Borman v. Interborough R T. 2441—Landers v. Eichberg. 4552—Wallace v. Wells. 4807—Pietrantonio v. City of N Y. 4883—H Fuchs v. City of N Y. 4884—E Fuchs v. City of N Y. 2176—McCarton v. City N Y. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Ford, J. 4594—Reid v. Weurfeld. 3116—Behrens v. City of N Y. 4595—Cushing v. McIntyre. 4498—Condron v. Carr. 1010½—Sedwards v. L I R R Co. 4790—Granger v. Holland. 4641—Allison v. Straus. 4796—Crowley v. Doelger. 6611½—Trainor v. Linch. 7595—O'Brien v. Centl Park, &c. R R. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—Amend, J.—Case on. 905½—Marzocca v. Penn R R. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—Brady, J. 4840—Pasinkow v. Sanders & Barnet, Inc. 4842—N Y County Nat Bank v. Herrmann. 4862—Perrington v. Lumin Realty Co. 4800—Roth v. S S McClure Co. 4870—Greenbaum v. same. 4887—Young v. Armstrong. 4883—Rachelson v. Goldberg. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Pendleton, J. 4265—Jackson v. N Y Const Co. 4437—Stark v. Freel. 8125—Grohman v. Joline. 3203—Paine v. Rusking. 4060—Haig v. Vaccarelli. 3381—Wasserman v. Bierman Realty Co. 4653—Reid v. Plaut. 4662—Albert v. Fargo. 4649—Fleming v. Universal Taximeter Cab Co. 4825—Wertheimer v. Buehre. 4668—Bilkovic v. Loeb. 4191—Ludner v. Gross. 4820—Ptacle v. Hertzfeld. 55—Anderson v. Lozier Motor Co. 4841—Reilly v. City of N Y. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII.—Bischoff, J. 4628—Franklin v. Hoadley. 3975—Coleman v. Lincoln. 3154—Morales v. Klopsch. 3841—Ackley v. Maitland. 3458—Boehm v. Bagot. 663—Lavino v. Foundation Co. 4159—Long Branch Banking Co v. Fisk. 4145—Furness v. Shubert. 4277—Schencke Piano Co v. Phila Cas. Co. 2664—Konheim v. Harris. 4755—Clark v. Jackson Bros Rlty Co. 4758—Donovan v. Donovan. 4765—Schlossberg v. Brody. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Davis, J. 4329—Gaspard v. 14th St Store. 6630—Springs v. Taylorville Cotton Mills. 4082—Dunn v. City of N Y. 3100—Stanford v. Castle Square Opera Co. 4251—Katz v. Marks. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XV.—Dugro, J. 119—Donegan & Swift v. Patterson. 3159—Gordon v. Ellinger. 135—Quinn v. Wolfe. 6537—Schmidt v. Simpson. 476—Royal Live Fish Co v. Central Fish Co. 5414—Cholakis v. Gottlieb. 2586—Perkins-Goodwin Co v. Post & Davis Co. 3508—St Clair v. Klaw. 4425—Clarke v. Ruthrauff. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVI.—Goff, J. 4725—McDermott v. Fletcher. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVII.—Hotchkiss, J. 4303—Levy v. Internat Trust Co. 1099—State Bank v. Aachen & Munich Fire Ins Co. 4143—Schuchart v. Baker. 4155—Luke A Burke & Sons Co v. Flynn. 4316—Gilbert, Mr. v. Adams. 1725—Raphael v. Stern. 4687—Lenz v. Wallace Wall Paper Co. 4688—New Paltz Highland & Poughkeepsie Traction Co v. Thorn. 4730—Ely v. Interstate Securities Co. 4742—Johnson v. Autopress Co. 4751—Heumann v. Penn R R. Case on.

SURROGATES' COURT—

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Favorable Copper News Results in Good Advances in Several Boston Issues.

There was a good undertone to yesterday's markets at other cities, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, although the increase of trading was small.

The Baltimore market was lifeless yesterday.

At Boston a distinctly better tone prevailed, and although activity was by no means pronounced, the list, particularly the copper shares, showed a disposition to get out of the rut into which they had fallen and to move on to better prices. The news on the coppers was decidedly favorable.

Calumet and Hecla moved up 7 points to 500, the first time it has sold at this figure for many moons. Ahmeek made a new high record at 328. Calumet and Arizona was up 1½ to 76¼, while Isle Royale moved up 1¼ to 29. Butte and Superior was easily the most active and strongest issue around 40. East Boston Land showed a further strength, rising to 16¾.

Sears-Roebuck common followed the lead of New York and advanced from 183¼, the closing price Saturday, to 185½ on the Chicago Exchange. Top prices were well held. The dealings, apart from large trading in the shares of the mail order concern, were moderate. Title and Trust on small sales set a new high record of 195. The sale of a 1,000-share lot of Canal and Dock at 62 attracted attention, and there were gains of around a point each made by Union Carbide and Booth Fisheries preferred. Swifts, People's Gas, Hart-Schaffner preferred, and Can common advanced fractionally. Harvester followed the Eastern market with a 2½ point rise. Trading in bonds was diversified, and for the most part at small concessions from last week's closing prices.

Narrow fluctuations and a light volume of transactions marked the resumption of business on the Philadelphia Stock Exchange. The firmness of the arbitrage group was not reflected in purely local securities, several of which were inclined to sag. Fractional declines occurred in the morning in Pennsylvania Salt warrants, Pennsylvania Steel preferred, Philadelphia Company, and General Asphalt preferred. But offerings were extremely light in most cases. Cambria Steel, Tonopah-Belmont, and United Gas Improvement scored small gains. Lake Superior was about the only Philadelphia issue to show any modicum of activity. There was a subsidence of the recent relatively heavy dealings in bonds. Houses which make a specialty of this class of securities say that there has been some little liquidation on the part of investors in the older lines of railroad and industrial bonds who are seeking some of the newer recently issued securities that give a higher income yield.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Hous. Oil com. tr. cfs.	12¾	12¾	12¾
60	Hous. Oil pf. tr. cfs.	68¼	68¼	68¼
10	Internat. & Gt. Nor.	55	55	55
400	Penn. Water & Pow.	67	66½	67
25	Seaboard Air Line	26	26	26
35	Seaboard Air Line pf.	55	55	55

BONDS.

$3,000	Atl. Coast L. con. 4s.	95¼	95¼	95¼
3,000	Atl. Gen. St. Ry. 5s.	105	105	105
17,000	Balt City 3½s, 1940.	93½	93½	93¼
4,000	Cotton Duck 5s.	75¼	75	75
10,000	Carolina Central 4s.	92½	92½	92½
3,000	E. & Charles. 5s.	100¾	100¾	100¾
5,000	G. B. S. Brewing 4s.	85¼	85¼	85¼
4,000	G. B. S. Brewing inc.	15¼	15¼	15¼
8,000	Houston Oil div. cfts.	85	85	85
1,000	Norf. Ry. & Lt. 5s.	100¼	100¼	100¼
2,000	Norf. & Ports. tr. 5s.	89¾	89¾	89¼
1,000	United Railways inc.	65	65	65
6,000	United Rys. 4s.	85	85	85
8,000	United Rys. 5s.	90¼	90	90¼

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2	Atchison	105¾	105¾	105¾
102	Atchison pf.	103¾	103¾	103¾
5	Boston & Albany	215¾	215¼	215¾
2	Mass. Electric	20½	20½	20½
2	Mass. El. pf. warrants	78	78	78
750	Mass. El. pf. fract.	19¼	19	19
87	N. Y., N. H. & H.	136¼	136	136¼
87	Old Colony R. R.	175¼	175¼	175¼
115	Union Pacific	167¼	167	167¼
25	Union Pacific pf.	90¼	90¼	90¼

TELEPHONES.

580	Am. Tel. & Tel.	145¾	145¼	145¼
100	Mexican	6¾	6¾	6¾
100	New England	152	152	152

MISCELLANEOUS.

165	Am. Agr. Chem.	61	61	61
65	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	100¼	100¼	100¼
15	Amoskeag	82	82	82
83	Am. Pneum. Service	4¼	4¼	4¼
46	American Sugar	126½	126¼	126¼
20	American Sugar pf.	122½	122½	122½
35	Amer. Wool pf.	92¼	92¼	92¼
116	A. G. & W. I.	7¾	7¾	7¾
37	A. G. & W. I. pf.	14	13	13
355	East Boston Land	16¼	16	16¼
85	Edison	285	283	283
5	Georgia Pow. & Elec.	125	125	125
63	General Electric	164¾	163	163
10	Mass. Gas.	90¼	90¼	90¼
47	Pullman	160	159½	160
100	Swifts	106	105½	106
52	Torrington	28¼	28¼	28¼
65	United Fruit	190¼	190	190
824	United Shoe	40¾	40¼	40¼
185	United Shoe pf.	20	20	20
1,416	U. S. Steel	67⅛	66¾	67⅛
5	U. S. Steel pf.	111¼	111¼	111¼

MINING.

10	Adventure	8¼	8¼	8¼
51	Ahmeek	335	325	335
300	Algomah	7	6¾	6¾
45	Allouez	43	41	43
1,565	Amalgamated Copper	83¼	82½	83
720	American Zinc	20¼	18¼	20¼
10	Anaconda	42¾	42¼	42¼
1,065	Ariz. Commercial	5½	5	5½
200	Boston & Corbin	7½	7½	7½
25	Butte & Bal.	4	4	4
8,051	Butte & Sup.	40	37	39⅝
1,934	Cal. & Ariz.	76¼	74	74⅝
52	Cal. & H.	500	495	500
110	Chino	30	29¾	30
1,950	Consol. Mercur.	6c	5c	6c
100	Copper Range	58¼	58	58
50	Daly-West	5¾	5½	5¾
200	East Butte	13¾	13½	13¾
155	Franklin	12¼	12¼	12¼
175	Giroux	5½	5½	5½
230	Granby	54¾	54	54
230	Greene-Cananea	10⅛	9¾	9¾
215	Hancock	33	32¾	33
100	Indiana	19¼	19	19
475	Inspiration	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
1,474	Isle Royale	29	28	29
630	Kerr Lake	2 15-16	2¾	2 15-16
150	Keweenaw	1¾	1¾	1¾
485	Lake	39	38½	38
235	Mohawk	71¾	71¼	71¼
375	Mayflower	10¾	10	10¾
150	Miami	26¼	26¼	26¼
100	Michigan	3	3	3
10	Mohawk	62¼	62¼	62¼
30	Nevada Con.	21¾	21¾	21¾
50	New Arcadian	4¾	4½	4¾
167	North Butte	28¾	28¼	28¾
100	North Lake	6¼	6	6
320	Old Colony	8	7¾	7¾
200	Old Dominion	56¾	56½	56¾
130	Osceola	120	119	120
103	Pond Creek	17	16¼	16¼
10	Quincy	88	88	88
400	Ray Consolidated	18⅝	18¼	18¼
225	Santa Fe	3¾	3½	3½
54	Shannon	15	15	15
50	St. Mary's Land	60	60	60
50	Superior & Boston	2¼	2¼	2¼
30	Superior Copper	83¼	83	83¼
5	Trinity	6¼	6¼	6¼
25	Tuolumne	3¼	3½	3½
100	Union Copper Land	2¾	2¾	2¾
45	U. S. Smelters	38¾	38	38¾
21	U. S. Smelters pf.	49	48¾	48¾
120	Utah Apex	2¼	2¼	2¼
400	Utah Consol.	13	12¾	12¾
70	Utah Copper	63¼	63	63¼
4	Victoria	4	4	4
115	Winona	6¼	6¼	6¼
1	Wolverine	100½	100½	100½
50	Wyandotte	2¾	2¾	2¾

BONDS.

$44,000	Amer. Tel. 4s.	90¾	90¾	90¾
2,000	Atl. Gulf 5s.	68	63	63
8,000	C., B. & Q. Jt. 4s.	96½	96½	96½
5,000	C., B. & Q. Jt. 4s reg.	96¾	96¾	96¾
10,000	C. & A. & C. Y. 5s, 1913.	101¼	101¼	101¼
5,000	E. & C. Cot. Yarn 6s.	66	66	66
1,000	Torrington 5s.	100¾	100¾	100¾
6,000	Western Pone 5s.	100¾	100¼	100¾

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.
500	American Can	35¾	35¼	35¾
50	American Can pf.	115¾	115¾	115¾
15	Booth Fisheries pf.	94	94	94
1,800	Canal & Dock	62¼	62	62
60	Chi. Title & Trust	195	195	195
20	Diamond Match	107	106¾	107
25	Hart, S. & M. pf.	101	101	101
100	Illinois Brick	66¼	66¼	66¼
100	Int. Harvester	120	120	120
28	Knick. Ice pf.	71	71	71
800	National Biscuit com.	132	127	128
22	Public Service pf.	100	100	100
55	People's Gas	112¼	112¼	112¼
2,055	Sears R. common	183¼	183¼	185½
20	Street's Sta. Car com.	81	81	9
200	Swift & Co.	105¼	105¼	106½
225	U. S. Steel common	67¼	67	67¼

BONDS.

$2,000	Armour 4½s	91¾	91¾	91¾
14,000	Chicago Rys. 5s.	96¼	96¼	96¼
3,000	Chicago Rys. B.	87¼	87¼	87¼
5,000	Chicago Rys 5s.	100¼	100¼	100¼
10,000	Chicago Tel. 5s.	101¾	101¾	101¾
1,000	Chi. Ry. 5s.	85	85	85

PHILADELPHIA.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Baldwin Locomotive	108	108	108
11	Cambria Steel	43	42¾	42¾
50	Fair Park Transp.	8	8	8
225	General Asphalt	20	20	20
55	General Asphalt pf.	63½	63¾	63¾
281	Ins. Co. of N. A.	21¼	21¼	21¼
100	Inter-Met.	10¾	10¾	10¾
1,063	Lake Superior	31¾	31	31½
25	Lehigh Nav. ctfs.	89¼	89¼	89¼
3	Lehigh Nav. stock	89	89	89
323	Lehigh Valley	85¼	85¾	85¾
80	Lehigh Valley Trans.	13	13	15
10	Lehigh Val. Tran. pf.	20¼	20¼	20½
4	Norristown	119	119	119
613	Pennsylvania R. R.	61 11-16	61¼	61¾
18	Penn. Salt Mfg. Co.	103½	103½	108¼
20	Penn. Steel pf.	99¾	99¼	99¼
1,566	Philadelphia Co.	51¾	51	51
50	Philadelphia Co. pf.	43¼	43¼	43¼
34	Philadelphia Elec.	21¾	21¼	21½
800	Phila. Rap. Tran. ctfs.	23	23	23
200	Phila. Rap. Tr. stock	23	23	23
36	Philadelphia Traction	84¼	84¼	84¼
1,655	Reading	83¾	83 1-16	83¾
85	Rock Island	24¾	24½	24½
450	Tonopah Mining	7	7	7
250	Tonopah Belmont	10¼	10	10
377	Union Traction	51¾	51¼	51¼
270	United Gas Imp. Co.	88¼	88	88¼
1,580	U. S. Steel	67½	67	67⅝
110	West Jersey & S. S.	53¼	53	53

BONDS.

$500	Am. Gas 5s.	87¼	87¼	87¼
1,000	Elec. & Peo. 4s.	88	88	88
5,000	Fort Wayne 5s.	85½	85½	85½
1,000	Inter-State 4s.	62¾	62¾	62¾
1,000	Jamestown, F. & C. 4s	94½	94½	94½
1,000	Lehigh V. Tran. 5s.	102¾	102¾	102¾
1,000	Newark Pass. 5s.	108¼	108¼	108¼
2,000	Phila. Co. con. 5s.	97	97	97
5,000	Phila. Co. 1st 5s.	103¼	103¼	103¼
3,000	Phila. Elec. 4s.	83¾	83¼	83¼
8,000	Reading gen. 4s.	98½	97¾	97¾
2,000	Reading C. & I. 4s.	97¼	97¼	97¼
5,000	Standard Gas 6s.	101½	101½	101½
2,000	United Ry. 4s.	77⅞	77⅞	77¾
5,000	United Ry. 5s.	84	84	84

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
60	Am. Sewer Pipe.	10	10	10
455	Crucible Steel	12⅛	12¼	12¼
65	Crucible Steel pf.	84	83¾	83¾
100	Ind. Brew. pf.	25¼	25½	25½
585	Mfrs. L. & H.	39	38¾	39
10	Nat. Fireproofing	5¾	5¾	5¾
60	Nat. Fireproofing pf.	26½	26¾	26¾
20	Ohio Fuel Supply	46¾	46¾	46¾
145	Ohio Fuel Oil	17¾	17½	17½
25	Pitts. Oil & Gas	7	7	7
1,940	Pure Oil	14	13¾	13¾
175	Pitts. Brew.	8¾	8¾	8¾
100	Pitts. Brew. pf.	37½	37¼	37½
400	Ross. M. & M.	10	10	10
250	Union Switch & Sig.	102½	102¼	102½
25	U. S. Steel	67	67	67
277	Westinghouse A. B.	171	170½	171
80	Westinghouse Elec.	36	36	36
30	West. Elec. pf.	59	59	59

BANKS.

5	Bank of Pittsburgh	123	123	123
50	Farmers' Dep. Nat.	117	117	117
1	Pittsburgh Trust	195	195	195

BOND.

$7,000	Pitts. Coal deb. 5s.	90	89¾	89½

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.08	Julia	.18
Alpha Con.	.05	Justice	.07
Andes	.07	Kentucky Con.	.10
Belcher	.05	Mexican	.70
Best & Belcher	.14	Occidental Con.	.55
Bullion	.05	Ophir	1.20
Caledonia	1.30	Overman	1.10
Challenge Con.	.07	Potosi	.04
Chollar	.03	Savage	.14
Confidence	.61	Sag Belcher	.24
Con. Cal. & Va.	.50	Sierra Nevada	.20
Con. Imperial	.07	Union Con.	.32
Crown Point	.55	Utah Con.	.03
Gould & Curry	.03	Yellow Jacket	.60
Hale & Norcross	.17		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	10.00	Daisy	.10
Jim Butler	.53	Diamondr'd B. B.	.08
McNamara	.26	Goldfield Con.	2.22½
Midway	.55	Goldfield Merger.	.52
Montana	2.75	Great Bend	.04
North Star	.03	Jumbo Exten.	.36
Rescue Eula	.21	Florence	1.12
Tonopah Exten.	1.85	Lone Star	.05
West End	2.05	Red Hills	.03

GOLDFIELD.

Adams	.01	Sandstorm Kend.	.02
Atlanta	.28	Vernal	.14
Blue Bell	.01	Silver Pick	.13
Comb. Fract.	.17	Nevada Hills	1.95
Booth	.10	MANHATTAN.	
		Manhattan Con.	.24

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	6½		Jackpot	6	
Elkton	64¾	65	McKinney	71	71½
El Paso	80½	80¾	Old Gold	3¼	4
Findlay	4½	5	Portland	89	90
Gold Dollar	17	18	Vindicator	79½	81
Isabella	10½	11	Jen. Samp.	4	6½

YOAKUM SEES GOOD TIMES.

Finds Business Prospects Fine in Southwest and No Political Worries.

B. F. Yoakum, Chairman of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad system, said yesterday, upon his return from a trip through the Southwest, which lasted several weeks:

"The people are too busy at present looking after their fine crops to give politics even a little thought. Prices are good on most all foodstuffs. Beef cattle are being bought at the pastures at record-breaking prices.

"The business interests of the Southwest are not alarmed over which one of the Presidential candidates may be elected. They have grown tired of political discussion, and feel secure in the business and prosperity of the country, regardless of who stands at the head of the Administration. What candidates for office say during a campaign for support is soon forgotten, and their attitude after election, when they must assume a responsibility which may mean adversity or prosperity to the people, is quite a different story.

"We are headed for a big business, one that will be on a solid foundation, and different in that respect to the unsound overspeculated condition that existed when the disastrous slump in business overtook us in 1907.

"The entire Gulf Coast country, along the Gulf of Mexico to the Rio Grande River, constitutes the most fertile and prosperous country in the world. This is true for three reasons:

"It shows the largest production per acre.

"Its climatic conditions are such that crops can be produced every month of the year.

"Its nearness to the large markets of the country, giving it an advantage over other sections for early marketing, which always insures good prices.

"Another thing that is going to add greatly to the advantage of the South and Southwest is the opening of the Panama Canal. That new water gateway places that section on the map in a stronger position than it has ever occupied before, and nothing can check the rapid growth, which is now under way.

"You can be sure of one thing: Politics, so far as it affects business, is going to be pushed aside, and with the continuation of present crop conditions we are on the eve of the best and most substantial business the country has ever experienced."

$2,707,620 RUBBER IMPORTS

13,602 Packages Came In in the Week Ended May 25.

The outcome of to-day's crude rubber auction in London, at which 170 tons of plantation rubber will be offered, is being watched with particular interest by dealers in the New York market. Because of the strike of the London dock workers, which prevents the unloading of supplies from the steamers in port, the offerings this week are unusually small. This condition, it is believed, will be conducive to higher bidding than that which characterized the last two London auctions, with an ultimate showing of reflected strength in the local market.

Shipments of Mexican rubber have been seriously affected of late by the resumption of fighting in the vicinity of Torreon, and stocks of Guayule rubber in the local market are reported to be nominal. The efforts of the Acre rebels to hold up shipments into and out of Manaos, Brazil, are apparently not very successful, as consignments of up-river rubber continues to come into New York. Importations of crude rubber received during the week ended May 25 aggregated 13,602 packages, valued at $2,707,620, and 2,201 packages waste, valued at $53,350.

Trading in the local market continues in a listless manner, and was practically devoid of feature yesterday. Prominent buyers continue to show little interest.

NEW FRUIT MERGER HALTED BY LINDOS

Suit Against Costa Rican Plantation Owners Begun There by Atlantic Fruit Co.

PROJECT NOT ABANDONED

Shipments from Colombia and Costa Rica Will Be Kept Up, It Is Declared.

The defection of Lindo Brothers, owners of the largest banana plantations in Costa Rica, reported from Port Limon, has halted, at least for the present, plans that were on foot for the formation of a fruit combination that was expected to equal in size the United Fruit Company.

The Atlantic Fruit & Steamship Company of this city was to be the nucleus of the combination, which was also to include the Lindo interests. The Atlantic Fruit Company is a merger of several importing concerns that was formed shortly before the first of the year. At that time the contract of the United Fruit Company with the Hamburg-American line for the use of a number of its ships in the banana trade expired and the United Fruit Company, which has a small fleet of its own, declined to renew it. The Atlantic Fruit Company contracted for the use of these ships and a block of its bonds was taken by the steamship line.

This company continued the business of its constituent concerns, importing fruit on a large scale from Jamaica and other tropical countries. Its plans contemplated its entrance into the Costa Rican field, where the United Fruit Company has had a monopoly for years, and into other Central American countries. An option was obtained from Lindo Brothers for the purchase of their plantations for $3,500,000. A new corporation was to be formed to take over all the properties involved and a syndicate to underwrite the securities of the new company had been arranged, including, it is said, Kuhn, Loeb & Co., Hallgarten & Co., the Bank of Montreal, the Bank of Nova Scotia and other financial institutions.

The Atlantic Fruit Company has sued Lindo Brothers in the Costa Rican courts for $3,000,000 and it is said that the project for a fruit merger has by no means been abandoned.

Plans had already been completed for beginning shipments from Costa Rica, in reliance on the Lindo option, and the first steamer in the new service, the Prinz Joachim of the Hamburg-American line, was scheduled to sail from Port Limon on June 12. Joseph di Giorgio, President of the Atlantic Fruit Company, said yesterday that there would be no change in this respect and that the Prinz Joachim would inaugurate the new service on the date set.

"We are going to stick, no matter how much fruit we get," he declared. "The facts in connection with the Lindo option are not what they have been made to appear in dispatches from Costa Rica. The negotiations which resulted in the option by which the Atlantic Fruit & Steamship Company would acquire the Lindo properties for $3,500,000 were eagerly entered into by Mr. Lindo. According to his own statement, he had determined to have no further dealings with the United Fruit Company on the expiration of a contract that was then running. He had decided if he could not make an arrangement with the Atlantic that he would start an independent company to ship his own bananas. It is untrue that at any time a letter was handed to Cecil Lindo by the President of the Atlantic Company or by any one else, declaring the old contract annulled."

In the meantime the Atlantic Fruit Company has actually begun operations in Colombia, hitherto dominated by the United Fruit Company. The first cargo of bananas from Santa Marta was sold here last week and the event was considered of such importance in the trade that the first bunch sold went at auction for $20. Before the Prinz Joachim sailed with this cargo, the United Fruit Company attempted to prevent the loading of the ship through court proceedings, alleging control of the fruit. The petition was denied and shipments by the Atlantic Fruit Company from Colombia, it was said, will continue.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

Wheat Heads Advance of Domestic Staples—Coffee Easier.

Influenced by reports of deteriorating conditions in Kansas and Nebraska, wheat advanced rapidly, closing at the extreme. Corn also advanced, although weather conditions were very favorable. Oats were excited with reports of crop deterioration and anxiety of July shorts. Provisions advanced with decreasing movement of hogs. Cotton advanced slightly on buying by spot interests. Trade was restricted, due to the Government report scheduled for noon to-day. Weather conditions continue good. The foreign market was very steady over the holidays. Cottonseed oil rose sharply with only moderate trade. Speculative demand was improved. Consuming inquiry, however, is not active. Coffee scored with little aggressiveness noted on either side. Spot demand was slow.

WHEAT.

The wheat market closed at about the best point of the day, 1¼ to 2c up from the low and at a net gain of 1 to 2c a bushel. The early market showed some indications of heaviness, but it was only momentary. Buying orders developed in volume and shorts were stampeded. The market is a narrow one, and seems to be easily over-sold. The crop experts, Inglis, Le Count and Snow, now in the Southwest, were sending in serious reports regarding the crop condition in Kansas and Nebraska. While such advices exert a very unsettling effect on the market, milling and flour interests do not report conditions of a serious character. Two well-known flour merchants of New York, L. Viviano and E. G. Broenniman, who have made extensive trips in Kansas, report very promising conditions. Mr. Viviano, who has just returned from Kansas, states that the consensus of advices indicates 80,000,000 bushels, minimum, and Mr. Broenniman, now in Kansas, wired Monday that the conservative and reliable reports indicated from 80,000,000 to 90,000,000 bushels; weather conditions perfect. Oklahoma indications, 25,000,000 bushels, and Texas, 12,000,000 to 15,000,000 bushels. The Missouri State report was rather disappointing, showing a condition of 62.4, against 83 last month. Fear that the soft Winter wheat States may not have improved as reported, and apprehension of damage to hard Winter wheat create an extremely nervous feeling. Spring wheat reports continue good. The visible supply decreased 1,379,000 bushels of domestic wheat, bonded stocks increased 53,000 bushels, and the Canadian visible decreased 3,079,000 bushels. World's exports were 9,068,000 bushels, against 13,536,000 bushels the previous week, and 16,584,000 bushels last year. The amount afloat for Europe decreased 3,888,000 bushels. Spot wheat was nominal, with No. 2 red, $1.22¼, free on board; No. 1 Northern, $1.27; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.21¾; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.15¾.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.
June	10.83	10.83	10.86@10.88	10.83
July	11.00	11.00	11.00@11.01	10.97
August	11.06	11.04	11.05@11.07	11.02
September	..	..	11.12@11.14	11.08
October	11.21	11.14	11.19@11.20	11.14
November	11.18	11.18	11.22@11.24	11.17
December	11.30	11.23	11.28@11.29	11.23
January	11.33	11.19	11.22@11.23	11.18
February	11.28	11.27	11.26@11.28	11.23
March	11.34	11.30	11.34@11.35	11.28
May	..	..	11.40@11.42	11.32

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—The market was influenced by the excitement in wheat and oats, and after early weakness, during which prices declined ¼ to 1c, the market rallied and closed at a net advance. Weather conditions were favorable. Completion of corn planting is being rushed and with recent weather conditions reports are improving. The Missouri State report makes the condition of corn 87, against 86 last year, and 61 last August, when the crop turned out 191,000,000 bushels. The amount to be planted is 19 per cent. The visible decreased, 98,000 bushels. World's exports were 5,191,000 bushels; the amount on passage increased 3,069,000 bushels. Spot corn was nominal, with No. 2 quoted at 81¼c.

OATS.—The market was extremely nervous with fluctuations wide. The opening was weak with selling general, owing to favorable weather conditions, but buying orders appeared in large volume, and prices advanced to 2c a bushel, July leading on the stampede of the shorts. There were some crop complaints, and owing to the late seeding the market is very sensitive over these reports. The Missouri State report makes oats condition 83.4, against 86 last month, and 82 last year. Spot oats were nominal, with standards and No. 3 white, 60¾c, elevator; No. 2 white, 61c. The visible of domestic oats decreased 685,000 bushels; bonded stocks increased 234,000, and the Canadian visible decreased 1,098,000 bushels.

Chicago Future Market.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	1.10¼	1.08	1.10¼	1.08¼
September	1.06¾	1.04	1.06	1.04½
December	1.06¼	1.04¾	1.06¼	1.04⅝
Corn—				
July	73¼	71⅝	72⅞	72⅝
September	70⅞	70⅜	72	71⅝
December	62⅝	61¼	62½	62⅛
Oats—				
July	49⅝	47½	49¼	48
September	41¼	40¼	41⅝	41
December	42½	41⅝	42½	42
Lard—				
July	10.95	10.72½	10.95	10.82½
September	11.12½	10.87½	11.12½	10.82½
October	11.17½	10.95	11.17½	10.87½
Ribs—				
July	10.50	10.30	10.50	10.22½
September	10.65	10.42½	10.65	10.37½
Pork—				
July	18.80	18.45	18.75	18.40
September	18.85	18.50	18.85	18.45

COTTONSEED OIL.

Material enhancement of values occurred during yesterday's session. Demand from commission houses was fairly active, with the buying credited to Western and Southern interests. Buying was also noted for a prominent operator conspicuous on the bull side of October oil in 1910, with a Wall Street following claimed. The strength in lard had a great deal of influence in restricting offerings, although the advance of about 25 points over night there was moderate profit taking, with some selling credited to the early buyers. Favorable cotton weather seems to attract meagre attention, and there was only passing interest manifested in to-day's Government report, although generally climatic changes at the South are being closely scrutinized. Consuming demand for oil is reported quiet, with some advices from the compound lard trade in particular extremely pessimistic.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	6.85	6.63
June	..	..	6.90	6.73
July	7.10	6.90	7.06	6.85
August	7.17	7.02	7.13	6.95
September	7.25	7.07	7.20	7.00
October	7.15	7.05	7.10	6.93
November	..	..	6.66	6.53
December	6.58	6.57	6.60	6.42

COTTON.

The movement of values was again contrary to weather news and crop information, with a very steady undertone displayed throughout the day. First quotations were from 1 to 4 points higher, and, while the prospects of a continued seasonable condition over the South brought about scattered liquidation, there seemed sufficient buying power, largely emanating from prominent spot interests, to remove the surplus of contracts from the market. There was undoubtedly further evening up before the Government report to be issued to-day at noon, although many adhered to the opinion that the effect of the document will only be short-lived, with the probability that the figures will be overshadowed in the near future by weather developments from day to day. Moreover, the fact that there will be no acreage statistics officially given will lead to hesitancy.

Several private crop estimates made their appearance yesterday, but as they varied considerably their influence seemed detrimental to business rather than otherwise. The trade was inclined to anticipate a condition of somewhat under 80, which compares with official figures of 87.8 a year ago, and a ten-year average of 81.5. The acreage will not be reported upon until early in July. The area planted last season was 36,061,000 acres, of which 36,045,000 were picked.

The Journal of Commerce report and the New York Commercial replies were published yesterday, the former showing an average condition of 76.9, against 88.8 last year, with the acreage reduction of from 5 to 7 per cent., and the latter 77.4, and the acreage reduction 8.33 per cent. The Gliddens report given out showed a condition of 80.8, against 86.3 last year, with the curtailment in acreage of 7.7 per cent. Other reports during the day were the Memphis Commercial Appeal's, placing the condition at 81 to 83, and the area at 9 per cent. under last year, with advices to Clement, Curtis & Co. indicating an average crop condition of 80.7 per cent. The average of nine private reports made public to date points to a showing of about 79.3 per cent to-day, while acreage estimates vary from a 5 per cent. reduction to nearly 9 per cent., although it is evident that there will be a revision in some of the estimates late in the month, due to the backward season.

In reflection of the rains in many parts of Texas and sections of Oklahoma over Sunday, also in parts of Alabama and Georgia yesterday morning, the tenor of crop advices was still optimistic. Moreover, showers were predicted for practically the entire Eastern belt, and unsettled weather for the Western States. Most advices are indicative of rainfall being quite sufficient for the time being, although if the showers should materialize they would be regarded as of benefit. A favorable weekly Government weather report is anticipated to-day.

The Liverpool market reopened following a three days' adjournment, and showed a steadier tone than had been looked for, being partly instrumental in the early firmness locally. Spot sales were not large, amounting to only 7,000 bales. Manchester continues to report quiet conditions. Exports to date aggregate 10,091,000 bales, against 7,225,000 bales to this time a year ago. Southern spot markets were unchanged to ⅛c lower yesterday; New York spot cotton unchanged; middlings, 11.40.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	10.83	10.83	10.86@10.88	10.83
July	11.00	11.00	11.00@11.01	10.97
August	11.06	11.04	11.05@11.07	11.02
September	..	..	11.12@11.14	11.08
October	11.21	11.14	11.19@11.20	11.14
November	11.18	11

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Show Firmness as Trading Again Drops Back Into Dullness.

Had public selling contributed in any large measure to the decline in prices which occurred on Wednesday and Friday of last week, it is most likely that a continuation of this liquidation would have appeared yesterday. As it was, trading fell back into dullness, and prices showed firmness which was in keeping with the moderate readjustment upward which began on Saturday. There were some signs of further pressure upon the stocks upon which had been centred much of the speculative activity of the later stages of the recent upward movement, but the few stocks to show net losses yesterday were greatly outnumbered by those which closed at an advance. The quick return to dullness after the short-lived activity which accompanied last week's reaction in prices, read in conjunction with the extreme dullness into which the market fell a week ago, may, perhaps, suggest that the real temper of the market at the moment is to rest on its oars, so to speak, until some new market current is formed sufficiently pronounced to give traders, in whose hands the dealings on the Stock Exchange have in very large part rested for some time past, an incentive to enter upon new commitments.

It will be particularly interesting from now on to watch the indications of the volume of general business with a view to determining the importance of the tendency toward a decline in general trade which recently has begun to manifest itself. Preliminary summaries of the commercial failures during the month of May became available yesterday, and it appears from these that last month saw a larger number of commercial casualties than any May in recent years, not excluding 1908, when credit was still much strained as a result of the financial disturbances of the Fall of 1907. In that year, however, the liabilities of the failed concerns were more than double those represented by the large number of failures in May this year. It appears from these returns, and the same holds true as a whole of the record of the other months of this year, that commercial casualties among retailers have been abnormally numerous. This may well prove to be another result of the restriction of profits which has been the feature of much of the business which has been carried on during recent months. Bank clearings for May, according to the compilation of one of the commercial agencies, showed in the daily average an increase of 4.7 per cent. over the same month last year. In each previous month this year the increase reached a higher percentage than during the preceding month, but the falling off which occurred during the last week in May materially reduced the gain which the total for the month showed over a year ago. Both these records point to some decline in the forward movement which was under way in business. If general trade escapes some further contraction during coming weeks it will prove that the underlying factors, making for betterment, are sufficiently strong to outweigh the normal tendency toward lighter trade in Summer as well as the restriction of politics. The more likely supposition, however, is that the signs of a letup which are appearing suggest a tendency which is likely to make itself felt for some little time to come.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2½@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 3@3¼ per cent. for sixty days, 3¼@3½ per cent. for ninety days, and for four months; 3½@3¾ per cent. for five and six months, and 4@4¼ per cent. for seven to twelve months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3¼@3¾ per cent. for prime four to six months' maturity.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $308,150,137; balances, $80,188,100; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $221,186.

The local banks have lost $1,843,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 2¾ per cent. for short bills and 2 13-16 per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 2 13-16 per cent.; and Berlin, 4 per cent. The money rates were 2½ per cent. in London, and 4 per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25f 23½c, and the Berlin check rate on London 20 marks 45 pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8730; demand, $4.8705.
Paris—Cable, 5.17½ less 1-16; check, 5.18⅛.
Berlin—Cable, 95⅝; check, 95¼ less 1-64.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.18¾; check, 5.18¾ less 1-16.
Holland—Cable, 40.36; check, 40.34.
Belgium—Cable, 5.20 less 1-16; check, 5 20⅝.

SIXTY ND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London.—Bankers'—Sixty days, $4.8440; ninety days, $4.8335.
London. Commercial — Sixty days, $4.84¼; ninety days, $4.83¼.
Paris.—Bankers'—Sixty days, 5.21¼ less 1-16; ninety days, 5.22⅛ less 1-16.
Paris.—Commercial—Sixty days, 5.21¼ less 1-32; ninety days, 5.22⅛.
Berlin.—Bankers'—Sixty days, 94¼ less 1-32; ninety days, 94⅛ less 1-16.
Berlin.—Commercial—Sixty days, 94 7-16 plus 1-32; ninety days, 94⅛ plus 1-32.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10@20c premium; St. Louis, 40c premium; St. Paul, 35c premium; San Francisco, 20c premium; Montreal, 31¼c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted 1-16d lower in London, at 27 15-16d per ounce, and ⅛c lower in New York, at 60¾c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 47c.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

		—Maturity.—		Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Apr.	1,'13	100⅜	100⅝	4.14
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June	1,'13	100¼	100½	3.98
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June	1,'14	99⅝	99¾	4.70
C.,H. & D., purchase money	4	July	1,'13	99⅝	99⅞	4.24
Chi. & Alton	5	Mar.	15,'13	99¼	99⅜	5.31
Chi. Et. Rys.	5	July	1,'14	98⅜	98⅝	5.71
Erie	6	Apr.	8,'14	100⅝	101¼	5.37
Erie	5	Oct.	1,'14	99⅝	99¾	5.17
Erie	5	Apr.	1,'15	98⅞	99⅛	5.38
Gen. Motors	6	Oct.	1,'15	99¾	100	6.00
Gen. Rubber	4½	July	1,'15	97¾	97⅞	5.28
Hudson Co.	6	Feb.	1,'13	99⅜		
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug.	1,'14	98	98⅜	5.81
Int. Harv. Co.	5	Feb.	15,'15	100⅜	100⅝	4.78
Minn. & St. L.	5	Feb.	1,'13	90	95	
Mo., K. & T.	5	May	1,'13	99¾	99⅞	5.45
Mo. Pacific	5	June	1,'14	95	95¼	7.46
M. C. of Mex.	4½	Sep.	1,'13	97⅛	98½	5.80
N. Rys. of M.	4½	June	1,'13	97⅝	98¼	6.80
N. Y. Central	4½	Mar.	1,'14	100¼	100⅜	4.20
N. Y. Central	4½	May	1,'15	99⅝	100¼	4.50
Pac. T. & T.	5	Jan.	5,'13	100⅜	100⅝	3.86
S. L. & S. F.	5	June	1,'13	99⅝	100	5.00
Southern Ry.	5	Feb.	1,'13	100⅜	100⅝	5.94
U. S. Rubber	6	Dec.	1,'18	104½	104⅝	5.11
Westinghouse	6	Aug.	1,'13	101¼	101⅝	4.50

Copper Range Declares Dividend.

BOSTON, June 3.—A quarterly dividend of 50 cents a share was declared to-day by the Directors of the Copper Range Consolidated Company. This is the same rate as that of three months ago, although a year ago the rate was 75 cents a quarter.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Stocks Dull Again.

The promise of a renewal of some measure of activity in the stock market, which Saturday's short session seemed to hold out, was not fulfilled in yesterday's market, the day's total transactions being only 276,831 shares, or more than 50,000 shares less in the five hours of trading than the business done in the two hours on Saturday. With the exception of Monday and Tuesday of last week it was the dullest day since early in March.

***

Many Small Business Failures.

An interesting deduction from the compilation of failure returns during May, showing an extraordinary number of small business troubles, is made by Bradstreet's, which concludes that the effects of floods, bad weather, backward crops, and political excitement have been concentrated on retail traders and other branches of final distribution. The compilation of commercial failure returns made by this agency shows the remarkable contrast of the largest number of individual casualties on record for that month, the total even topping that of May, 1908, when after-panic effects were in full swing, with an aggregate of liabilities comfortably below that of April last or of May last year, and less than half as great as that of May, 1908. In number the failures reported are 1,100, which is an increase of 7.6 per cent. over May, 1911.

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Lawson Wrong Again.

That part of a once large following which is still a believer in Frenzied Finance Lawson and his omniscience, passed an uneasy day yesterday. Houses with private wires to Boston received word Saturday morning that Lawson had privately told his friends that Monday would see a bad panic, during which at least two prominent financial institutions would fail. Most of the active issues scored good gains in yesterday's trading, and that was not a ripple of news which might be called alarming.

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Fewer New Enterprises.

New enterprises as measured by statistics of incorporations in the Eastern States showed a sharp falling off in May, particularly among concerns with a capital of less than $1,000,000. The figures compiled by the Journal of Commerce show total incorporations of $145,284,000 of companies having $1,000,000 or more capital, which is $186,173,000 smaller than the figure for April and $17,911,000 smaller than May a year ago.

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Effect of Shoe Machinery Suit.

President Winslow of the United Shoe Machinery Company charges the action brought against his company by the Department of Justice to the machinations of the big shoe manufacturers, and he hints that the public is going to suffer. He explains the leasing system under which the machinery is put out to manufacturers at a rental with the option of purchase, but with the restriction that none of the machines of the series may be used in connection with others of the company's make, and protests that it was a system of great benefit to the manufacturers with small capital. The discontinuance of the system, he says, "must seriously retard the development of the business of all small shoe manufacturers, and prevent the establishment of new factories. This radical change in the trade is desired by the group of shoe manufacturers, who have instigated the Government suits and are promoting restrictive legislation in order that they may benefit by driving many small manufacturers out of business and preventing the establishment of new factories."

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Peaceful Mexico.

An impression that Mexico is being torn asunder by its revolution and that all business there is paralyzed has been gained by many people from a casual reading of the war news. Quite a different account of affairs across the border was given yesterday by D. P. Bennett, Vice President of the National Railways, on his return from a six weeks' visit to the City of Mexico, Vera Cruz, San Luis Potosi, Monterey, and Tampico, in none of those cities did Mr. Bennett find any outward evidence that the country was in the throes of a revolution. The trouble has occurred mostly in the Northwestern and Southern sections, and has had little effect on the more thickly populated districts on the eastern coast. Sentiment in the capital was depressed by the early victories enjoyed by the rebel forces, but the people have since regained confidence, and business is nearly up to normal in all but the disturbed sections.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The twenty-five typical active railroad stocks yesterday averaged about a tenth of a point above Saturday's record, both at the mean of the day and at the close, which was a tenth higher than the mean. The twenty-five industrials did better. They swung at a gain of about two-fifths all day, holding this at the close, which was about a fifth above the mean average of the day. The averages were:

1912.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Sat., June 1	92.06	91.58	91.82	91.92
Mon., June 3	92.14	91.69	91.92	92.01
	Open.	High.		Low.
	Jan. 2.	Apr. 26.		Feb. 1.
†Year's range	91.43	96.34		88.74

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Sat., June 1	69.00	68.48	68.74	68.88
Mon., June 3	69.40	68.87	69.17	69.28
	Open.		High.	Low.
	Jan. 2.		May 20.	Feb. 1.
†Year's range	64.00		71.33	61.47

1911.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Sat., June 3	98.73	98.11	98.42	98.55
Mon., June 5	98.69	98.02	98.36	98.43
	Open.		High.	Low.
	Jan. 3.		June 3.	Apr. 24.
†Year's range	91.70		98.73	94.47

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Sat., June 3	68.63	68.17	68.40	68.35
Mon., June 5	69.56	68.91	69.23	69.35
	Open.		High.	Low.
	Jan. 3.		June 5.	Apr. 24.
†Year's range	62.85		69.56	62.94

†To latest date named.

RESTRAIN SALE OF BONDS.

Trust Company About to Sell Alabama Coal and Iron Securities.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 3.—Judge Rose in the United States District Court signed an order to-day restraining the Baltimore Trust Company from selling $1,250,000 bonds of the Alabama Consolidated Coal and Iron Company held as collateral to secure notes for $330,000. The hearing was fixed for June 12.

The petition for the restraining order was filed by counsel representing the Alabama Consolidated Coal and Iron Company and Joseph H. Hoadley, Chairman of the Board of Directors.

The bonds were advertised to be sold to-day unless satisfactory arrangements were made to take care of the notes.

The bill of complaint alleges that the conversion of preferred stock, amounting to $1,250,000 for an equal amount of bonds, by holders of the preferred stock, was illegal under the laws of New Jersey, where the company was incorporated.

The complainant company, it is declared, has been forced to pay interest on $1,250,000 of bonds since May 1, 1904, which it would not have been obliged to do had the alleged illegal conversion not been made. It is shown that the company was forced to borrow money from time to time to meet the interest on these bonds, now $62,500, while the former interest charge was $29,400 annually.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Trading Limited, Except in a Few Issues and Price Movements Are Narrow on Curb.

Trading was sluggish in most of the Curb issues yesterday, and price movements were correspondingly narrow. There were general recessions from the high levels of the day, but these were small in amount. United Cigar Stores opened a point up at 229 and rose to 232. The close was at 230½ after sales of 950 shares. Lehigh Valley Coal Sales advanced 2 points to 242, and United States Lighting and Heating new common sold off from 18 to 16½ on small trading. Other industrials moved within the narrowest bounds. Braden was the only active issue among the established coppers and sold 6,500 between 6⅝ and 6⅞, closing at 6¾. Bond trading was limited to Chicago Elevated 5s, in which transactions were only $1,000.

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Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
500	*Allied Sec. Co. 8s	88	88	86	87
200	Am. Writing P.	3½	3¼	3½	3¼
3,000	Brit.-Am. Tob.	27½	27½	27	27¼
457	B. F. Goodr. Co.	83	83¼	83	83¼
9	B.F.G. Co. (new)	83½	83½	83	83⅛
500	B. F. Goodrich Co. pf., flat.	108⅝	108⅝	108⅜	108½
40	B. F. Goodrich Co. pf. (& div.)	106¾	103¾	106¾	106¾
200	Havana Tobacco	5¾	5¾	5⅝	5⅝
10	Int. Rub. T. cts.	16	16	16	16
220	J. I. Case pf.	102½	103	102½	102½
32	L. V. Coal S. Co.	240	242	240	242
200	Loose-W. B. Co.	37	37	37	37
200	L.-W. B. Co. pf.	102⅝	103	102⅝	103
3,900	Manhattan Tran.	2¼	2¼	2 1-16	2¼
2,000	Marconi of Am. New	10⅜	10½	10	10⅜
2,400	*Mays Oil	34	34	32	33
4	R. J. Reynolds	230	230	230	230
10	Stand. Oil (old)	865	865	865	865
25	Standard Oil of New Jersey	380	380	379	379
950	United Cigar S.	229	232	228	230½
200	U. S. L. & H., new	18	18	16½	16½

MINING STOCKS.

1,500	Big Four	50	50	49	49
6,500	Braden Copper	6⅝	6⅞	6⅝	6¾
1,100	Con. Arlz. Sm.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
400	Davis-Daly Cop.	2⅜	2⅜	2 5-16	2 5-16
200	Dm. Bl'k Butte	9	9	9	9
6,100	*El Paso Con.	82	83	81	83
630	Florence	1¼	1¼	1 3-16	1 3-16
500	Giroux Mining	5⅝	5½	5⅜	5½
800	Greene-Cananea	10	10	9⅝	9⅝
3,000	†Kerr Lake	2 9-16	3	2 9-16	3
250	La Rose Con.	3⅜	3½	3⅜	3½
1,000	Motherlode Gold.	15-16	15-16	15-16	15-16
500	Nevada Hills	1 15-16	2	1 15-16	2
100	Nip. Mines Co.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
200	Ohio Copper	1½	1½	1½	1½
25	So. Live Oak	3½	3½	3½	3½
1,000	So. U. M. & S.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
100	Stewart	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16
700	Ton. Ext.	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 29-32	1 15-16
350	Tuolumne Cop.	3½	3½	3⅜	3⅜
2,000	*Wettl. Sil. M.	57	59	57	58
100	Yukon Gold M.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜

BOND.

$1,000	Chi. Elev. 5s	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾

*Sells cents per share. †Ex dividend.

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The bid and asked prices of listed stocks and bonds, of which there were no sales on the Curb yesterday, make these comparisons with those of Saturday.

INDUSTRIALS.

	June 3. Bid.	June 3. Asked.	June 1. Bid.	June 1. Asked.
Am. Coal Products pf.	109¾	110	109⅝	110
Atl., Gulf & W. I.	7	8	7	8
Atl., Gulf & W. I. pf.	13	15	13	15
Baldwin Locomotive	53⅜	54⅛	53⅜	54⅛
Bay State Gas	½	⅝	½	⅝
Borden's Cond. Milk	126	128	126	128
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	108½	110	108½	110
Consol. Rubber Tire	16½	18½	16	18
Consol. Rubber Tire pf.	53	59	55	60
Havana Tobacco pf.	10	15	9	11
Houston Oil	12¾	13	12¼	13
Houston Oil pf.	66	67	66	67
International Salt	3	6	3	6
Kayser	83	90	83	90
Kayser pf.	107	109	107	109
Kolb Bakery pf.	98¼	98⅜	98½	98⅝
S. S. Kresge	50¾	51½	50⅝	51½
Porto Rican-Am. Tob.	247	250	247	250
Standard Oil subsid.	470	490	470	490
Studebaker Co.	38½	40	38½	40
Studebaker Co pf.	96	98	96	98
Sulzberger pf.	99½	101	99½	101
U. S. Lt. & Ht. pf., new	83	87	85	87
F. W. Woolworth	83½	85	83	85
F.W.Woolworth pf. flat.	116	120	116	118

RAILROADS.

Am. Lt. & Trac.	304	308	308	308
Am. Lt. & Trac. pf.	108	110	108	110

MINING STOCKS.

*Beaver Consolidated	45	46	45	47
British-Col. Copper	5	5¼	5	5⅜
Butte & New York	1-16	⅛	11-16	⅝
Caledonia Mining	70	75	70	75
*C. O. D. Consolidated	9	11	9	10
Diamond Field Daisy	12	13	12	13
First National	2⅜	2⅞	2⅜	2⅞
Gold Hill	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
Greenwater	7	8	7	8
Guggenheim Explora.	210	220	215	225
Int. Smelting & Ref.	120	123½	120	123⅝
Keystone	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝
Mason Valley	11⅝	12	11⅝	12
Mines of America	3	3½	3	3½
McKinley-Darragh	1 11-16	1⅞	1 11-16	1⅞
*New Utah M. & Sm.	7	8	7	8
Pacific Smelters	3-16	¼	3-16	¼
Preston East Dome	5	5½	5	6
Silver King Cons.	1	1⅛	1	1⅛
Tonopah Mining	7 7-16	8	15-16	7 1-16
Tri-Bullion	7-16	9-16	7-16	9-16
Union Mines	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
United Copper	¾	1¼	¾	1¼
United Copper pf.	8	20	8	20

BONDS.

Braden Copper 6s	140	145	140	145
Braden Copper 7s	140	145	140	145
Insp. Cons. cv. 6s	104	104¾	104	104¾
Jones & Laughlin 5s	100½	101¼	100½	101¼
Mason Valley 6s	120	125	120	125
Miami Copper 6s	148	155	148	153
N. Y. City 4½s (old)	101	101¼	101	101¼
N. Y. State 4s, new	100⅝	100⅝	100¾	100¾
South. Bell T. & T. 5s	100	100¾	100	100¾
Western Pacific 5s	82½	83½	82½	83½

*Sell cents per share.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Asked.
Atlantic Refining	370	380	370	380
Borne-Scrymser Co.	125	175	140	200
Buckeye Pipe Line	135	140	135	140
Chesebrough Mfg.	625	700	625	700
Colonial Oil Co.	125	150	130	160
Continental Oil Co.	800	900	800	900
Crescent Pipe Line Co.	55	60	55	60
Cumberland Pipe Line	70	80	70	80
Eureka Pipe Line	290	300	290	300
*Galena Signal Oil	225	235	225	235
*Galena Signal Oil pf.	135	145	135	145
Indiana Pipe Line	88	95	85	95
*National Transit	38	39	36	39
New York Transit	280	290	280	290
*Northern Pipe Line	110	120	105	115
Ohio Oil	93	96	92	96
*Prairie Oil & Gas	254	263	250	260
Solar Refining	450	500	400	500
Southern Pipe Line	190	195	188	193
*South Penn. Oil	575	600	550	600
S.W. Penn. Pipe Lines	142	150	142	150
Standard Oil (Cal.)	155	165	155	160
Standard Oil (Ind.)	212	220	210	220
Standard Oil (Kan.)	200	215	200	215
Standard Oil (Ky)	375	400	375	400
*Standard Oil (Neb.)	200	225	205	220
*Standard Oil (N. Y.)	391	400	392	398
Standard Oil (Ohio)	160	175	160	170
†Swan & Finch Co.	173	220	175	220
Swan & Finch war.	75	120	75	120
Union Tank Line	45	55	50	55
Vacuum Oil	154	165	150	155
Washington Oil	20	30	22	30
Waters-Pierce Oil	1,000	1,400	1,000	1,400
Anglo-American Oil	21¼	21⅝	21¼	21⅜
Standard Oil (N. J.)	378	383	380	385
Standard Oil subsid. ex vacuum, new	470	490	470	490
Standard Oil old stock, "all on"	848	873	850	875

Standard Oil subsidiaries "en bloc" quotations include all stock dividends as well as Swan & Finch warrants.

*Ex dividend. †Ex warrants.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

This list comprises those tobacco stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange:

	June 3. Bid.	June 3. Asked.	June 1. Bid.	June 1. Asked.
British-American	27	27¼	27¼	27½
Conley Foil	285	295	289	300
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	180	190	185	190
J. S. Young	173	178	173	178
MacAndrews & Forbes	173	178	175	180
Porto Rico-American	240	248	245	250
R. J. Reynolds	230	240	230	240
United Cigar Stores	230	231	228	230

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Asked.
4½s, March, 62, l'chg.	100⅞	101	100⅝	101
4½s, Sept., '60, l'chg.	101	101¼	101	101¼
4½s, Mar., '60-'66, l'chg.	101	101¼	101	101¼
4½s, Nov., '57, l'chg.	107	107¼	107	107¼
4½s, May, '57, l'chg.	107	107¼	107	107¼
4½s, Nov., '17, l'chg.	101⅜	102⅛	101⅜	102⅛
4½s, May, '17, l'chg.	101⅜	102⅛	101⅜	102⅛
4s, May, '50, l'chg.	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
4s, Nov., '58, l'chg.	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
4s, May '57, l'chg.	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
4s, Nov., '55-56, reg.	98⅛	98⅜	98⅛	98⅜
4s, Nov., '36, reg.	98¼	98⅜	98¼	98⅜
3½s, Nov., '54, l'chg.	89¾	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞
3½s, May, '54, coup.	89¾	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞
3½s, '50-'54, reg.	89¾	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞
3½s, Nov., '47, reg.	88⅝	89	88⅝	89
3½s, Nov., '25, reg.	91¾	91⅞	91⅝	92¼
4s, 18-19, l'chg.	99⅛	100⅜	99⅛	100⅛

PLANTING TREES FOR TIES.

Pennsylvania System Works a Conservation Scheme for Its Own Use.

The growing scarcity of timber suitable for manufacture into railroad ties, which has been responsible for a rapid increase in the cost of ties in recent years, has led the Pennsylvania to adopt a conservation scheme which includes the production of trees for its own use.

More than four and a half million trees have been planted by the Pennsylvania in the past ten years. Last year alone 515,703 trees were transferred from the company's nursery at Morrisville, Penn., to permanent places on railroad property. In 1908 1,000,000 young trees were set out.

At the nursery the Pennsylvania has in operation 36 acres which are kept up to practically maximum production. In 1911 483,148 forest trees were shipped from the nursery for company use, while an additional 46,358 ornamental trees and shrubs were used by the various divisions. The present stock on hand at the nursery is 2,296,833, of which 2,072,166 are forest trees, and 224,667 ornamental plants.

MOFFAT ROAD UNSETTLED.

Protective Committee Meeting Does Nothing About Construction Notes.

After an all day session in the offices of the Bankers Trust Company yesterday, it was announced by Benjamin Strong, Jr., Vice President of the trust company and Chairman of the Protective Committee formed to look after the interests of the holders of the Denver, Northwestern & Pacific road had not been settled.

Mr. Strong said that most of the time had been consumed by the conferees in going over the financial status of the properties and the prospects for the success of the road if completed. It had been expected that an arrangement would be mad eat the meeting for an extension of the construction company notes, but it was said that no decision was reached as to what action the committee would take to protect their interests.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN for April—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Av. mileage	369	309	309
Gross earnings	400,920	349,040	375,389
Net after taxes	87,137	52,586	115,873
Gross, 10 mos	3,965,012	3,774,937	3,470,547
Net 10 mos. after taxes	1,045,878	903,761	972,128

ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM & ATLANTIC for April—

Gross earnings	257,293	200,019	203,869
Net earnings	20,658	20,138	36,768
Other income	*2,050	7,158	10,056
Total income	18,608	27,296	46,824
Gross, 10 mos	2,781,614	2,281,586	2,181,596
Net, 10 mos	651,267	503,528	515,882
Other income	26,004	112,848	87,559
Total income	677,881	707,872	600,441

*Debit.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN reports to Inter-State Commerce Commission for April—

Mileage	7,951	7,774	7,635
Freight revenue	3,076,801	3,603,601	3,854,868
Passenger rev.	1,421,022	1,338,526	1,307,012
Total op. rev.	5,681,741	5,518,895	5,787,014
Mt. way & str.	619,010	760,342	675,591
Mt. of equip.	722,124	765,888	737,975
Tran. exp.	2,501,183	2,429,620	2,537,043
Total op. exp.	4,001,291	4,190,822	4,163,186
Taxes	305,000	245,000	290,000
Op. income	1,330,591	1,081,583	1,326,150

July 1-April 30:

Freight revenue	38,560,452	41,044,521	41,196,087
Passenger rev.	16,364,467	15,920,442	15,225,457
Total op. rev.	61,037,911	62,360,500	61,521,588
Mt. way & str.	7,511,924	7,978,288	8,607,188
Mt. of equip.	8,221,996	7,825,633	7,796,150
Tran. exp.	25,024,015	26,106,374	24,733,320
Total op. exp.	44,131,981	44,327,330	43,264,111
Taxes	2,810,000	2,627,000	2,404,000
Op. income	14,006,596	15,576,511	15,801,665

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS & OMAHA reports to Inter-State Commerce Commission for April—

Mileage	1,744	1,744	1,739
Freight revenue	700,277	742,044	828,730
Passenger rev.	321,554	309,187	309,416
Total op. rev.	1,170,650	1,131,479	1,225,920
Mt. way & str.	88,364	131,730	146,140
Mt. of equip.	148,514	145

The Leaders

We have issued a special letter on the execution of ODD LOT orders in Union Pacific, Reading and Steel.

Ask for Special Letter M.

John Muir & Co.
SPECIALISTS IN
Odd Lots
Members New York Stock Exchange
71 BROADWAY NEW YORK

TO YIELD OVER 6%

We are offering a First Mortgage bond of an industrial company, earning at the rate of four times interest requirements.

Last balance sheet shows net quick asset equal to more than total bonded debt.

Details on application.

Alfred Mestre & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
37 Wall Street New York

SAFE INVESTMENTS
MUNICIPAL BONDS
SUITABLE FOR
Trust Funds
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Postal Savings Banks AND
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Dividends
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Standard Oil Stocks
Write for our
Circular B 150
Showing dividends declared so far this year and market comments for May. Many of these issues are very attractive investments.
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WANTED
Porto Rican Amer. Tobacco Co.
BAMBERGER, LOEB & CO.
25 BROAD ST. 'PHONE 5500-5501 BROAD, N. Y.

New Orleans, Great Northern 5s
Douglas Fenwick & Co.
34 Wall St., New York.

BUY—SELL
U. S. MOTORS
COMMON
PREFERRED
CARL H. PFORZHEIMER
Dealer in Unlisted & Inactive Securities,
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Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co.
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LADD & WOOD,
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Wall Street, New York.

Standard Oil Co. Stocks
Subsidiaries & Fractions
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20 Broad Street. 'Phone 4735-4736 Rector.

Republic Ry. & Light Com. & Pfd.
Standard Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
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L. P. CARTIER
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Telephone 6746 Broad

SIMON BORG & CO.
BANKERS
No. 20 Nassau St., New York

INVESTMENT SECURITIES
DE RUYTER M. HOLLINS & CO.
BANKERS
RAILWAY EQUIPMENTS SECURITIES
UNITED STATES LIGHT AND HEATING CO., SINGER MANUF. CO. Bought and sold. Tel. 1610 Cort. 141 Broadway, N. Y.

Railway Equipment Issues
Freeman & Company
TEL. 5069 JOHN. 34 Pine Street, N. Y.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Monday, June 3, 1912.

Total sales June 3, 1912 276,831
From Jan. 1, 1912 62,799,472
Same period last year 45,510,643

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
⅜	1	100	Allis-Chalmers	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	— ⅛
2⅞	2¾	300	A.-C. tr. rcts. 1st pd.	2	2⅞	2	2⅞	+ ⅛
5	6	100	A.-C. pf. tr.rcts.1st pd.	5¼	5½	5¼	5½	+ ⅛
83⅛	83¼	23,700	Amalgamated Copper	82⅝	83¼	82	83¼	+ ⅛
60½	61	150	Am. Agricul. Chem.	61½	61½	61⅛	61⅛	+ ⅛
68⅝	68⅞	5,500	Am. Beet Sugar	68⅜	69⅛	68⅛	68⅝	+ ⅛
99½	101	100	Am. Beet Sugar pf.	100	100	100	100	— ⅛
35¼	35½	9,430	Am. Can	36	36⅛	35⅛	35½	+ ⅛
116¼	116⅝	400	Am. Can pf.	116⅜	116⅝	116⅜	116½	+ ⅛
57⅜	58⅛	400	Am. Car & Foundry	57⅜	57⅞	57⅜	57⅞	...
118	118⅞	25	Am. Car & Fdy. pf.	118⅞	118⅞	118⅞	118⅞	...
53¼	53⅞	300	Am. Cotton Oil	53⅝	53⅝	53¼	53¼	— ⅜
212	220	10	Am. Express	220	220	220	220	...
5	5⅜	300	Am. Hide & Leather	5	5	5	5	...
23	25	200	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	23½	23¼	22⅞	22⅞	— 1⅛
26	26¼	1,400	Am. Ice Securities	26¼	26⅛	25⅞	26	+ ⅛
14	14½	700	Am. Linseed	14	14½	13⅞	14¼	+ ⅛
36½	37½	500	Am. Linseed pf.	36	37⅜	36	36⅜	+ ⅝
40⅝	41	800	Am. Locomotive	40⅝	40⅞	40⅝	40⅝	+ ⅛
82¼	82⅞	5,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	82½	83¼	82¼	82⅞	+ ⅛
106⅝	107¼	685	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	107¼	107⅝	107	107	— ⅛
88¼	89	200	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B.	88	88½	88	88½	— ⅝
126¼	126⅝	300	Am. Sugar Refining	126	126⅝	126	126¼	+ ⅛
122½	123¼	127	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	123½	123⅞	123½	123⅝	+2
145¼	145⅞	550	Am. Teleph. & Teleg.	145½	145⅞	145⅛	145¼	— ¼
286	287	7,900	Am. Tobacco	275	287	275	286	+13¼
103½	103¾	100	Am. Tobacco pf. new	103⅜	103⅝	103⅜	103⅝	...
28	29	100	Am. Woolen	28½	28⅝	28⅜	28⅝	+ ⅛
92	93	100	Am. Woolen pf.	92¾	92¾	92¾	92¾	+ ⅝
34¼	35	400	Am. Writing Paper pf.	35	35	35	35	— ⅛
42⅞	43	7,000	Anaconda Copper Co.	42⅜	43	42½	43	— ⅝
105¼	105½	1,250	Atch., Top. & S. F.	105⅝	105½	105¼	105¼	— ⅛
103¼	103½	120	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	...
107⅛	108	400	Baltimore & Ohio	107½	108	107½	108	...
87½	88	95	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	88	88	88	88	...
35¼	36¼	800	Bethlehem Steel	35½	36½	35½	36⅜	+ ⅜
69½	70½	525	Bethlehem Steel pf.	70	70	69⅜	69⅜	— ¾
87¾	87⅞	1,465	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	86⅞	87¼	86⅞	87¼	+ ¼
126	150	34	Buf., Roch. & Pitts. pf.	137	137	137	137	...
265⅜	266¼	4,700	Canadian Pacific	266⅜	266⅝	265¾	266	— ⅛
93½	94	600	Cent. Leather Co. pf.	94½	94½	93¾	93¾	— ½
77¼	77½	1,300	Chesapeake & Ohio	77	77	76⅞	77	— ⅛
17	18½	100	Chicago Gt. Western	17	17	17	17	...
104⅜	104½	500	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul.	104¼	104⅜	104⅛	104¼	+ ⅛
135½	136¼	180	Chi. & Northwest. x d.	136¼	136¼	136¼	136¼	...
30⅛	30⅝	800	Chino Copper	30	30¼	30	30¼	+ ⅛
141	141½	900	Consolidated Gas	141	141¾	141	141⅝	+ ⅛
14⅞	15¼	600	Corn Products Ref.	14⅞	15⅛	14⅞	15⅛	+ ⅛
34½	35½	100	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	35	35	35	35	...
31½	31⅝	300	Distillers' Securities	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	+ ⅛
34⅜	34½	2,100	Erie	34⅜	34⅝	34⅜	34⅝	+ ⅛
51¼	51½	800	Erie 1st pf.	51⅜	51⅝	51⅜	51½	+ ⅛
167½	168¼	800	General Electric	167½	168¼	167½	168⅝	+ ⅛
34½	35¼	175	General Motors	34½	34¾	34½	34½	+ ⅛
73	75	200	General Motors pf.	73⅝	73⅝	73	73	—1
4¼	4⅜	4,700	Goldfield Consol.	4¼	4⅜	4¼	4⅜	...
133	133½	3,200	Great Northern pf.	133¾	133½	132½	133½	+ ⅛
41½	42¼	1,300	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	42¾	42⅝	41¼	41½	...
126	126⅝	500	Illinois Central	126	126	126	126	...
18⅜	18¼	1,400	Inspiration Con. Cop.	18⅝	18⅝	18¼	18¼	— ⅛
19⅜	19½	1,100	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	19⅜	19⅝	19⅜	19⅜	— ¼
57⅜	57⅝	1,200	Inter.-Met. pf.	57½	57⅝	57	57½	...
119½	120½	2,200	Int. Harvester	118½	120⅞	118⅞	120⅜	+3½
119¼	120	100	Int. Harvester pf.	120	120	120	120	+1
15⅝	15¾	2,150	Int. Paper	15	15⅝	14⅝	15⅝	+ ⅝
57½	59	100	Int. Paper pf.	58	58	58	58	...
25¼	26	1,050	Int. Steam Pump	26¼	26¼	24½	26	— ⅛
79½	80	400	Int. Steam Pump pf.	80	80	79⅝	79⅝	— ⅝
24	24⅜	200	Kansas City South.	24½	24⅜	24⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛
56½	57½	100	Kan. City South. pf.	56⅜	56⅝	56⅜	56⅝	+ ⅛
7	9	100	Keokuk & Des M.	7	7	7	7	—2
39	39⅝	200	Lake Erie & West pf.	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	+ ¼
170⅜	171	12,050	Lehigh Valley	171½	171⅞	170¾	170⅝	...
194½	195	1,300	Liggett & Myers	192½	195	192½	194½	+1½
111	111½	127	Liggett & Myers pf.	112	112	112	112	+1
156½	157	700	Louisville & Nash.	156¼	156⅞	156¼	156⅞	+ ⅝
77⅝	79	150	May Dept. Stores	77⅝	77⅞	77⅝	77⅝	+ ⅛
4⅜	4⅝	1,200	Mercantile Marine	4⅜	4⅝	4⅜	4⅝	...
68¾	68½	1,600	Mexican Petroleum	68	68½	67⅝	68½	+ ⅛
26½	26½	2,600	Miami Copper	25⅝	26⅛	25⅝	26⅜	+ ⅛
140⅜	141½	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	140¾	140⅝	140⅜	140⅜	+ ⅛
26½	26⅝	700	Mo., Kan. & Texas	26½	26⅝	26½	26⅝	+ ⅛
36⅜	37⅝	3,100	Missouri Pacific	36¾	37⅞	36¾	37⅝	+ ⅛
156	157	900	Nat. Biscuit Co.	157	158⅛	157	157	+1
57½	57½	700	Nat. Lead Co.	57	57½	57	57	...
107¼	109½	200	Nat. Lead Co. pf.	107¼	107½	107¼	107¼	...
31	31½	200	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	31	31	31	31	...
21⅝	21⅞	1,300	Nev. Consol. Copper	21½	21⅝	21¼	21⅝	+ ⅛
61½	63	340	N. Y. Air Brake	61¼	61⅝	61	61⅜	+ ⅛
118	118⅝	1,400	New York Central	117½	118¼	117⅝	118¼	+ ⅛
36⅞	38	200	N. Y., Ont. & West	37	37	37	37	— ⅛
110¼	110⅝	1,100	Norfolk & Western	110¼	110⅝	110¼	110⅝	+ ⅛
82	82½	100	North American	82	82	82	82	...
118½	118⅝	2,760	Northern Pacific	118⅝	119¼	118¼	118⅜	...
123⅛	123⅝	1,550	Pennsylvania R. R.	123	123¼	123	123¼	+ ⅛
112¼	112½	700	People's Gas, Chi.	112	112⅝	112	112¼	+ ⅛
101½	103	100	Philadelphia Co.	102	102	102	102	— ½
187	187	100	P. Lorillard Co.	188½	189½	188½	189½	+1½
111	112	210	P. Lorillard Co. pf.	112	112	112	112	...
107½	108	100	P., C., C. & St. Louis	107½	107¼	107¼	107¼	...
22	22¼	100	Pittsburgh Coal	22½	22¾	22¼	22¼	+ ⅛
90	90¼	300	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	90¾	90¾	90	90	...
102	103½	400	Pittsburgh Steel pf.	102	102½	101½	102½	...
33¼	33⅝	100	Pressed Steel Car	33⅜	33⅝	33⅜	33⅝	+ ⅛
159¼	160	250	Pullman Company	159⅝	159⅝	159½	159½	...
5½	6½	30	Quicksilver	5½	5½	5½	5½	...
18½	18⅝	2,000	Ray Consol. Copper	18¼	18⅞	18¼	18⅛	...
166¼	166⅝	51,000	Reading	166⅞	167⅛	166	166⅜	...
23⅞	24	1,100	Rep. Iron & Steel	22⅜	23⅞	22⅜	23⅞	+ ⅛
79⅜	80	1,400	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	78	80	78	80	+ ⅛
24⅜	24⅝	2,500	Rock Island Co.	24¼	24½	24¼	24⅝	+ ⅛
49⅜	50¼	1,400	Rock Island Co. pf.	49¾	50¼	49⅝	50¼	+ ⅛
32½	33¼	2,600	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	32⅝	36	36	36¼	+ ⅛
25¼	25⅝	200	Seaboard Air Line	25⅜	25⅞	25¼	25⅜	+ ⅛
55	55½	1,400	Seaboard Air Line pf.	55	55¼	54⅞	55	+ ⅛
189½	189¾	3,600	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	184½	189¼	184½	189¼	+6⅜
109	109¼	1,300	Southern Pacific	108⅝	109¼	108⅝	109¼	+ ¼
105	109	36	South P. R. Sugar pf.	109	109	109	109	...
27⅞	28	300	Southern R'way ext.	27⅜	27⅞	27⅜	27⅝	— ⅛
73⅞	74	200	South. R way pf., ext.	73½	73⅞	73⅜	73⅜	— ⅛
26	26¼	250	Standard Milling	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼	+ ⅛
61	61⅞	277	Standard Milling pf.	59½	61	59½	61	+ ⅝
43⅞	44	1,400	Tennessee Copper	43½	44	43⅝	43⅝	+1¼
105½	105½	1,900	Texas Co.	107½	107½	105⅛	105½	—2½
22½	23	100	Texas & Pacific	23	23	23	23	...
38	39	200	Third Avenue, new	38⅞	37½	36⅞	37½	+ ⅛
11	12	500	Union Bag & Paper	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛
167¼	167⅜	16,700	Union Pacific	167	167⅝	166¾	167⅜	+ ⅛
90	90⅝	960	Union Pacific pf.	90	90⅝	90	90⅝	+ ⅛
60½	62	700	United Cigar Mfrs.	60⅜	61⅞	60⅜	61⅞	+1⅜
30½	31	100	United Rys. Inv.	30	30	30	30	+ ⅛
59½	60	500	United Rys. Inv. pf.	60	60	59⅜	59⅜	— ⅛
20¼	20⅝	225	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	19½	20	19½	20	...
36	37⅜	100	U. S. Ind. Alcohol	37	37	37	37	— ⅛
63	63½	1,300	U. S. Rubber	63	63¼	63	63¼	+ ⅛
110⅜	111½	200	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	111¼	111⅞	111	111	— ⅜
82	82½	200	U. S. Rubber 2d pf.	82½	82½	82¼	82½	+ ⅛
67¼	67⅝	34,400	U. S. Steel	67¼	67⅝	66⅞	67⅛	+ ⅛
110⅜	111	590	U. S. Steel pf.	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜	+ ⅜
62⅞	63	3,700	Utah Copper	62⅜	63	62⅜	63	+ ⅛
118½	119	100	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf.	119	119	119	119	+ ⅛
7¼	7½	100	Wabash	7⅛	7¼	7⅛	7¼	+ ⅛
17⅝	18	300	Wabash pf.	18	18	18	18	+ ⅛
140	145	80	Wells Fargo Express	143	143	142½	142½	...
82	82¾	500	Western Union Tel.	81¾	82¼	81¾	82¼	+ ⅛
71¼	72	1,820	Westinghouse E. & M.	71	71½	71	71¼	— ⅛
190	..	100	Weyman-Bruton Co.	200½	200½	200½	200½	+ ⅛

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales June 3, 1912 ..... $1,797,500
From Jan. 1, 1912 360,783,500
Same period last year 392,433,000

Panama 3s, coup 5,000 ..... 101⅛
Jap Gov 4½s, s in 2,000 ..... 92⅝
2d Series 2,000 ..... 91⅞
N Y Canal 4s, 1961 3,000 ..... 101⅜
N Y City 3½s, 1954 1,000 ..... 80½
4s, 1957 5,000 ..... 99⅝
4s, 1958 2,000 ..... 99⅜
8,000 ..... 99½
1,000 ..... 99⅝
4s, 1959 25,000 ..... 99⅝
N Y City 4½s 1,000 ..... 101⅜
4½s, 1962, temp rcts 5,000 101
4½s, 1957, new 1,000 ..... 107⅜
Allis-Chalmers 5s 26,000 61
Tr Co ctfs of dep 2,000 60
Am Smelt Secur 6s 8,000 ..... 104⅜
5,000 ..... 104⅜
3,500 103
7,000 ..... 104⅜
Am T & T col 4s 51,000 ..... 90⅜
Am Thread 4s 10,000 94
Armour & Co 4½s 1,000 ..... 91⅞
1,000 ..... 91⅜
A, T & S F gen 4s 15,000 99
6,000 ..... 99½
adjustment 4s 2,000 ..... 90¼
conv 4s, 1955 2,000 ..... 103⅝
10,000 ..... 105½
conv 4s, 1960 10,000 102
Trans St L 4s 5,000 ..... 93¼
Atl Coast Line 4s 9,000 ..... 95½
2,000 ..... 95¼
1,000 ..... 95⅜
Lou & N col 4s 10,000 ..... 93⅜
B & O pr in 3½s 15,000 ..... 91½
1,000 ..... 91⅜
5,000 ..... 91½
gold 4s 2,000 ..... 98⅜
6,000 ..... 98¼
S W Div 3½s 2,000 91
P L E & W V 4s 26,000 ..... 91½
Beth Steel 5s 2,000 ..... 97½
Bklyn City 1st 1,000 ..... 102½
B R T ref conv 4s 1,000 ..... 88⅜
6,000 89
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s 1,000 ..... 101⅞
Bklyn Un Gas 5s 1,000 ..... 107⅜
Bush Terminal 5s 1,000 ..... 97½
5,000 97
Cal Gas & Elec 5s 11,000 86
Canada So 1st 6s 7,000 101
2d 5s 1,000 ..... 100⅝
C of Ga Ry con 5s 2,000 ..... 100⅝
Cent Leather 5s 4,000 ..... 95½
5,000 ..... 95⅝
6,000 ..... 95⅝
Cent Pac gtd 4s 1,000 ..... 95⅜
7,000 ..... 96¼
Cent Vermont 4s 3,000 ..... 91½
Ches & O gen 4½s 6,000 ..... 100½
conv 4½s 6,000 ..... 92⅞
Chi & Alton 3½s 5,000 ..... 60⅜
Chi & Alton 3s 1,000 ..... 71¼
C, B & Qy gen 4s 4,000 ..... 93⅞
1,000 ..... 93⅝
joint 4s 10,000 ..... 96⅜
26,000 ..... 96½
13,000 ..... 96⅜
41,000 ..... 96½
Chi Gt Westn 4s 18,000 ..... 79½
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4s, Ser A 1,000 ..... 98¼
conv 4½s, w i 2,000 98
18,000 102
25,000 ..... 102⅛
1,500 102
110,000 ..... 102⅛
37,000 102
Chi & N W gen 4s 5,000 ..... 97⅜
Milwauk, Sparta & N Wn 1st 4s 10,000 ..... 93⅜
2,000 ..... 93⅞
C, R I & P gen 4s 5,000 ..... 93⅝
2,000 90
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry deb 5s 1,000 94
5,000 ..... 93¼
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s 8,000 ..... 88⅝
8,000 ..... 88⅞
2,000 89
C, R I & P R R 4s 1,000 ..... 67⅞
21,000 68
9,000 ..... 68¼
2,000 68
14,000 ..... 67⅛
1,000 ..... 67⅜
5,000 68
8,000 ..... 67⅜
10,000 68
Col & So 1st 4s 5,000 ..... 95¾
ref & ext 4½s 1,000 ..... 96½
Conn Ry & Light 1st & ref 4½s 3,000 ..... 101⅞
Consol Tobacco 4s 1,000 ..... 95¼
Del & Hud conv 4s 7,000 98
25,000 ..... 98¼
Denv & Rio Gr 1st & ref 5s 15,000 ..... 85½
Dist Secur Corp 5s 2,000 ..... 74⅝
East Tenn, Va & Ga con 5s 1,000 ..... 110½
1,000 ..... 110⅝
Erie conv 4s, Ser A 7,000 86
9,000 ..... 86¼
4,000 ..... 90½
Series B 28,000 ..... 78½
Ga & Ala 1st con 5s 3,000 106
Hock Val 1st 4½s 2,000 101
H & Tex C gen 4s 4,000 ..... 94⅜
Ind Steel 5s, J P M & Co tr rcts 91,000 101
1,000 ..... 101⅛
Inter-Met 4½s 16,000 ..... 81⅝
15,000 ..... 81½
1,000 ..... 81¾
8,000 ..... 81½
1,000 ..... 81⅜
Interboro R T 5s 1,000 ..... 104⅜
3,000 ..... 104⅝
International Nav 5s 1,000 ..... 78⅜
Inter Paper 6s 10,000 ..... 103⅝
Int Stm Pump 5s 10,000 92
Kansas City So 5s 1,000 ..... 98½
Kings Co E L & P 5s 1,000 ..... 104½
Lack Steel 5s, 1915 12,000 93
L S & M So 3½s 1,000 88
4s, 1928 2,000 ..... 93¼
2,000 ..... 93½
1931 1,000 ..... 93¼
Liggett & Myers 7s, temp bonds 2,000 120
7,000 ..... 120½
Ligg & Myers 5s 20,000 ..... 94⅜
Lou & N unifd 4s 4,000 99
Atl, K & Cin 4s 4,000 ..... 92½
1,000 ..... 92⅞
Manhattan con 4s 1,000 ..... 96¼
tax exempt 12,000 ..... 97¼
3,000 97
Mer Mar col tr 4½s 5,000 ..... 64⅝
10,000 ..... 64⅝
Mich Cent deb 4s 2,000 ..... 101¼
5,000 90
Mo, K & T ext 5s 2,000 102
Mo, K & T of Tex 5s 2,000 ..... 102⅜
Mo, K & T 2d 4s 1,000 ..... 80⅜
Mo Pac conv 5s 4,000 86
8,000 ..... 86¼
Nash, Chat & St L 1st con 5s 5,000 ..... 109½
Nat R R of Mex 1st con 4s 1,000 ..... 77⅜
prior lien 4½s 10,000 90
Natl Tube 5s, J P M & Co tr rcts 1,000 ..... 100⅜
2,000 ..... 100⅜
5,000 ..... 100⅝
3,000 ..... 100⅝
N Y Air Brake 1st conv 5s 7,000 100
N Y Cent, Lake Shore col 3½s 1,000 ..... 81⅜
1,000 ..... 81⅜
N Y G, El L, H & Pow col tr 5s 1,000 ..... 103⅜
1,000 ..... 103½
N Y, Lack & Wn 1st 5s 1,000 112
N Y, N H & H conv deb 4s, 1965 10,000 92
N Y Rys temp adj 5s 1,000 ..... 51⅜
1,000 ..... 51⅝
5,000 ..... 51⅝
2,000 ..... 51⅝
temp ref 4s 2,000 ..... 78⅛
9,000 78
N Y, Tex & Mex 5,000 99
N Y, Westchester & Boston 4½s 33,000 ..... 99⅞
Norf & W, Pocah, C & C 4s 5,000 ..... 92½
Norf & W con 4s 2,000 c 93⅞
North Pac 4s 1,000 ..... 99½
500 ..... 99⅜
Ore R & N con 4s 3,000 ..... 95½
Ore S L gtd ref'g 4s 3,000 ..... 93⅝
2,000 ..... 93½
Oreg-Wash R R & Nav 1st & ref 4s 9,000 ..... 91½
Pac Tel & T 5s 1,000 ..... 100½
15,000 100
Penn cv 3½s, 1912 1,000 100
1915 5,000 ..... 97½
Penn 4s, 1948 1,000 ..... 104⅛
Penn gtd 4½s 4,000 ..... 103½
Peo G & C of Chi refdg 5s 2,000 102
P. Lorillard Co 7s temp bonds 1,000 ..... 121⅛
3,000 ..... 121⅜
P. Lorillard Co 5s 4,000 95
14,000 95
Pub Serv Corp 5s 1,000 94
Ray Consol 1st 6s 2,000 112
Reading gen 4s 5,000 ..... 97⅛
5,000 98
10,000 ..... 97⅜
Rep I & S 5s, 1940 7,000 ..... 92½
St L & S F R R gen 5s 2,000 87
St L & S F R R ref 4s 27,000 ..... 78¾
7,000 ..... 78½
St P & Kan City S Line 1st 4½s 1,000 ..... 90½
St Paul M & M 4½s 2,000 ..... 104⅜
St Paul M & M, Mon Ext 4s 1,000 97
San A & A P 4s 1,000 ..... 86⅜
Seab A L ref 4s 10,000 ..... 81¾
2,000 ..... 81½
15,000 81
gold 4s, stp 4,000 87
adjustment 5s 1,000 ..... 80½
So Pac col 4s 1,000 ..... 91⅝
4,000 ..... 91½
So Pac 1st ref 4s 5,000 ..... 94⅞
2,000 ..... 94⅝
2,000 95
8,000 ..... 94⅞
2,000 95
So Pac conv 4s 9,000 ..... 94⅞
So Ry 1st 5s 1,000 ..... 107½
9,000 ..... 107⅝
4,000 ..... 107½
So Ry gen 4s 10,000 ..... 78⅝
3,000 ..... 78½
Texas Co conv 6s 13,000 99
4,000 ..... 98½
Third Av ref 4s 1,000 82
Third Av adj 5s 10,000 ..... 72½
Un Pac 1st 4s 500 101
1,000 ..... 100⅝
Un Pac conv 4s 5,000 ..... 101¼
4,000 ..... 101⅜
Un Pac 1st & ref 4s 1,000 ..... 96⅝
United Railroads of San Fran 4s 1,000 67
U S R & Imp 5s 1,000 ..... 89½
2,000 ..... 89⅝
3,000 90
U S Rubber 6s 2,000 ..... 104⅜
1,000 ..... 104½
U S Steel Corp s f 5s 55,000 ..... 102⅛
registered 500 ..... 102¼
Va Iron, C & C 5s 12,000 ..... 95½
Va Ry & Pow 5s 2,000 96
Wabash 2d 5s 1,000 ..... 99⅝
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s 1,000 67
6,000 ..... 66⅝
51,000 67
20,000 ..... 66⅞
Wab Pitts Ter 1st, Cent tr ctfs 5,000 36
Western Elec 5s 2,000 ..... 101⅝
West Md 4s 4,000 ..... 86⅜
West Shore 4s 2,000 ..... 99⅝
registered 5,000 ..... 97½
1,000 ..... 97½
Westingh El & M 1st cv s f 5s 2,000 ..... 94½
10,000 ..... 94½
1,000 ..... 94½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100¼	101	Pan 2s, r, 1938	100¼	..
2s, c, 1930	100¾	101¼	Pan 3s, r, 1961	101½	102
2s, r, 1918	102¼	102⅜	Pan 3s, c, 1961	101⅛	102
3s, c, 1918	102¾	102⅝			
4s, r, 1925	114	114⅜			
4s, c, 1925	114¼	115			
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100¼	..			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Exp.	205	220	M & St L.	19	..
Alb & Susq.	265½	..	Do pf.	45	..
Alle & W.	130½	..	M. St P & S S M pf.	152	154
Allis-C pf.	2⅜	10	Do I.	85¾	87
A A C pf.	100	101	Mo, K & T pf.	58½	59
A B S & F.	95¾	95¾	Mor & Es.	173	178
Do pf.	136½	137	N, C & St L.	160	180
Am Coal.	70	100	Nat B pf.	127¼	131
A C O pf.	94⅝	97¼	Nat Enam.	16½	17½
Am Exp.	212	220	Do pf.	92	95
Am Loc pf.	107	108	Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	63	65
Am Malt.	12	13⅞	N O, M & C pf.	27½	50½
Do pf.	56¾	58	N Y, C & St L.	55	59
Am Snuff.	123	132	Do 1stp f.	103	112
Do pf.	100	108	Do 2d pf.	84	90
Do new.	100	103	N Y Dock.	20½	..
Am St Fd.	35	36	Do pf.	40	49
Am T & C.	77¼	80	N Y, L & W.	122	128
Am Tob pf.	105⅝	107	N Y, N H & H.	135¼	136½
Ann Arbor.	15	35	N Y State Rys.	87¾	88¾
Do pf.	60	90	N O T & L.	62	64
Assets Real.	120¼	122½	Norf South.	40	50½
Assoc Oil.	52	53½	N & W pf.	87	91
Atl C L.	138½	139

RECEIVERS' SALES.

RECEIVER'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court, the undersigned, the duly appointed Receiver of Arthur K. Hill, doing business under the name of The Kent Press, will sell at public auction, at the place of business of said Kent Press, Nos. 141-145 West 36th Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on the 10th day of June, 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, eight job printing presses, paper cutter, composing room, wire stitcher, proof press, office furniture, and all miscellaneous paper stock on hand, subject to the chattel mortgages now liens upon said property.

Dated New York, May 31, 1912.

ARTHUR K. HILL, Receiver.

CHARLES HARRIS LUSCOMB, Attorney for Receiver, No. 41 Park Row, New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CITY OF NEW YORK.

BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT.

Public notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, held May 2, 1912, the following petition was received:

TO THE BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK:

Gentlemen:

PAUL T. BRADY and WILLARD V. KING, Receivers of the South Shore Traction Company, and the Manhattan and Jamaica Railway Company, respectfully petition as follows:

I. That the contract between The City of New York and the South Shore Traction Company, dated December 31st, 1909, and the agreement between the said parties dated December 24th, 1909, both modifying a previous contract between said parties dated May 20th, 1909, be declared null and void and of no effect.

II. That the contract dated May 20th, 1909, be amended first, so that the route covered by said franchise shall be from the Manhattan Terminal of the Queensboro Bridge, over and across said Bridge and its approaches and terminals, to Jackson Avenue in the Borough of Queens, thence crossing Jackson Avenue by way of the new diagonal street and viaduct over the Sunnyside Yards and by way of Thomson Avenue and Hoffman Boulevard (Queens Boulevard) to Fulton Street or Brooklyn and Jamaica Turnpike, thence by way of Fulton Street, Rose Avenue, Cambria Avenue, Carll Street and Archer place and private property or an extension of the present Carll Street and Archer Place, to a point in private property in line with the present Guilford Street, if the same were extended, thence over a route covered by certain franchises located and described in a map commonly known as the "Jamaica Map" adopted by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York, January 31th, 1912, to-wit: Sutphin Road to Lambertville Avenue, Lambertville Avenue to Spangler Street, Spangler Street to Brinkerhoff Avenue; Brinkerhoff Avenue to Smith Street; Smith Street to Ulster Street; Ulster Street to Westchester Avenue or the present Central Avenue; Westchester Avenue or the present Central Avenue to the point where Westchester Avenue or the present Central Avenue intersects the boundary line between the City of New York and the County of Nassau, said streets as described in said map consisting at the present time of private property, Guilford Street, private property, Jay Street, private property, Rockaway Turnpike, Pacific Street, private property, Vine Street, private property, State Street, Morris Place, private property, Woodland Avenue, private property, and Central Avenue; and that the company shall be allowed until the 31st day of December to complete and put in operation that portion of the line from the Manhattan Terminal of the Queensboro Bridge to the vicinity of the new Long Island Railroad station in the Village of Jamaica, and until December 31st, 1913, for that portion of the line in the vicinity of the new Long Island Railroad station in Jamaica to the intersection of Lambertville Avenue with Spangler Street; and until December 31st, 1914, for the balance of the line; and so that various changes shall be made in regard to certain of the payments required to be made to the City by the company; and so that certain changes shall be made in regard to the conditions governing the future operation of the road; and so that the existing contract shall be modified in all ways necessary to conform to the changes above mentioned, and in such other respects as the Board deems fit and proper.

AND IT IS FURTHER ASKED that when said contract is modified, that your Honorable Board consent to the assignment and sale of said contract to the Manhattan and Jamaica Railway Company, a corporation organized for the express purpose of constructing and placing in operation a railroad along the line described in the above route.

Dated this 2nd day of May, 1912.

Respectfully submitted,

PAUL T. BRADY, WILLARD V. KING, } Receivers of South Shore Traction Company.

MANHATTAN AND JAMAICA RAILWAY COMPANY.

By ALBERT H. FLINT, President.

HAROLD B. WEAVER, Secretary.

And at the meeting of May 16, 1912, the following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, the foregoing petition from the Receivers South Shore Traction Company, Manhattan, and Jamaica Railway Company, dated May 2, 1912, was presented to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment at a meeting held May 2, 1912:

RESOLVED, That in pursuance of law this board sets Thursday, the 6th day of June, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, and Room 16, in the City Hall, Borough of Manhattan, as the time and place when and where such petition shall be first considered, and a public hearing be had thereon, at which citizens shall be entitled to appear and be heard; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Secretary is directed to cause such petition and these resolutions to be published for at least fourteen (14) days in two daily newspapers in the City of New York, to be designated by the Mayor, and for at least ten (10) days in the "City Record" immediately prior to such date of public hearing. The expense of such publication to be borne by the petitioner;

RESOLVED, That this board does not recognize any rights of the South Shore Traction Company, and the fixing of such hearing is without prejudice in the premises.

The Times and Morning Telegraph designated.

New York, May 16, 1912.

JOSEPH HAAG, Secretary.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

HELMSKY, GEORGE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE HELMSKY, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at her place of transacting business, at the office of Aronson & Kutner, No. 309 Broadway, Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of December next.—Dated New York, the 29th day of May, 1912. JOSEPHINE HELMSKY, Executrix. ARONSON & KUTNER, Attorneys for Executrix, 309 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

THAIN, MARY T.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARY T. THAIN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 38 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 6th day of December next.

Dated New York, the 31st day of May, 1912.

ALEXANDER THAIN, Executor.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SOLO GREENBERG & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, June 4th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113-115 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of power tables, machines, fixtures, &c. JOHN L. LYTTLE, Receiver, 45 Cedar St.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of IKE DON, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, June 4th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of pocketbooks, handbags, &c. SAMUEL J. PROKESCH, Trustee. BENJAMIN M. KAYE, Attorney for Trustee, 149 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL GOLDKIN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, June 12th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 140 Ludlow St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of soda water fountain, shelving, fixtures, &c. MEYER KOPLOWITZ, Receiver. GOLDSMITH, COHEN, COLE & WEISS, Attorneys for Receiver, 45 Wall St., New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NEAL & BRINKER COMPANY, All-ged Bankrupt.—No. 16,255.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Please take notice that by order of this court, dated May 28, 1912, the above matter has been referred to me as Special Master before adjudication.

Please take further notice that a meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, 45 Cedar Street, New York City, on the 14th day of June, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the bankrupt, pass upon the proposed offer of 25% cash offered by the bankrupt to its creditors, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

New York, June 1, 1912.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy, Acting as Special Master, 45 Cedar Street, N. Y. City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of RUFUS V. HILANDS, Bankrupt.—No. 16,372.

To the creditors of Rufus V. Hilands of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of December, A. D. 1911, the said Rufus V. Hilands was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 17th day of June, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated June 3d, 1912.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,626.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FRANK KAUFMAN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Frank Kaufman of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1912, the said Frank Kaufman was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 2 Rector Street, City and County of New York, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

June 3, 1912.

NO. 16,558.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LIZZIE TRINDER DALY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Lizzie Trinder Daly of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1912, the said Lizzie Trinder Daly was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of MacGrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room 1375, Hudson Terminal Building, No. 30 Church Street, City and County of New York, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1912, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

June 1st, 1912.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL GOLKIN, Bankrupt.—No. 16,499.

To the creditors of Samuel Golkin of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 6th day of May, A. D. 1912, the said Samuel Golkin was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated June 3d, 1912.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 16,604.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LENA KURZMAN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Lena Kurzman of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 21st day of May, A. D. 1912, the said Lena Kurzman was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 31st, 1912.

NO. 16,353.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM D. SHARPE, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of William D. Sharpe of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1912, the said William D. Sharpe was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 31st, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of MORRIS BEER, Bankrupt. No. 16,275.

Notice is hereby given that Morris Beer, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 13th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, July 8th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated June 3, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JOSEPH B. KISLINGER, Bankrupt. —No. 15,696.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph B. Kislinger, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 2d, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, July 8th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated June 3, 1912.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of KLEIN IRON WORKS.—No. 15,111.

Notice is hereby given that Klein Iron Works, bankrupt, has filed its petition, dated May 16th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all its debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, July 8th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated June 3d, 1912.

PARTITION SALES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK County.—HENRY W. RAYDEN, Plaintiff, against AUGUSTUS VAN CORTLANDT and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, bearing date the 16th day of May, 1912, and entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, on the 16th day of May, 1912, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction on the said premises, in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, on the 8th day of June, 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain piece, part or parcel of land belonging to the Van Cortlandt Estate, situated south of Van Cortlandt Park, between Broadway on the west and Albany Road on the east, and extending southward to the land now or formerly of Bowie Dash, said southerly line being about seventy-three and forty-four one-hundredths feet (73.44) south of West 238th Street, as measured on the east side of Broadway, and about three hundred thirty-four and ninety-four one-hundredths feet (334.94) south of West 238th Street as measured on the west side of Albany Road, except so much thereof as has been taken by the City of New York for the opening of West 238th Street, and excepting also a certain strip sixty-six feet wide (66.0") through the property which was acquired by the New York and Putnam Railway Company for a right of way, containing seventeen and one hundred fifteen one-thousands acres (17.215), more or less, of land, the whole and the several parts being as shown on a map or plan entitled Map of Property of the Van Cortlandt Estate, situated between Broadway and Sedgwick Avenue, south of Van Cortlandt Park, in the 24th Ward, Borough of the Bronx, New York City, surveyed by Earl B. Lovell, Civil Engineer and City Surveyor, March, 1911, and more specifically located and described as follows, (the bearings of the several courses referring to the Tenth Avenue meridian):

(Parcel No. 1 being designated as Parcel No. 1 on said map.)

Beginning at the point of intersection of the easterly line of Broadway with the southerly line of Van Cortlandt Park, running thence along the easterly side of Broadway south 8° 15' 20" E. five hundred eighty-one and twelve one-hundredths feet (581.12) to the north side of West 238th Street; thence along the northerly side of West 238th Street N. 81° 44' 40" E. four hundred eighty-five and forty-five one-hundredths feet (485.45) to the intersection of said northerly side with the westerly side of the right of way of the New York and Putnam Railway Company; thence along the westerly side of said right of way on a curve to the right of two thousand ninety-seven and ninety-three one hundredths (2097.93) feet radius two hundred thirty-three and sixty-one one-hundredths feet (233.61); thence still along the said right of way line, on a tangent to said curve N. 10° 35' 46" E. four hundred sixty-five and seventy-seven one hundredths feet (465.77) to the intersection of said west side of said right of way with the south line of the Van Cortlandt Park; thence along the south line of Van Cortlandt Park S. 74° 57' 43" W. seven hundred seven and forty one-hundredths feet (707.40) to the point or place of beginning, containing three hundred and thirty-one one-thousandths (.331) acres, more or less, of land.

(Parcel No. 2 being designated as Parcel No. 2 on said map.)

Beginning at the point of intersection of the south side of Van Cortlandt Park with the easterly line of the right of way of the New York and Putnam Railway Company, running thence along the east line of said right of way S. 10° 35' 46" W. four hundred ninety-seven and forty-four one-hundredths feet (497.44) to a point of curve on said right of way line; thence along a curve to the left having a radius of two thousand eight hundred thirty-one and ninety-three one-hundredths feet (2831.93) two hundred and thirty-three and thirty-seven one hundredths feet (233.37) to the intersection of the east line of said right of way with the northerly side of West 238th Street; thence along the northerly side of West 238th Street S. 79° 16' 30" E. two hundred eleven and ten one-hundredths feet (211.10) to the westerly side of Albany Road; thence along the westerly side of Albany Road N. 16° 50' 40" E. four hundred six and forty-four one hundredths feet (406.44) to a point of curve; thence still along the west side of Albany Road on a curve to the right having a radius of six hundred feet (600) three hundred seventy-nine and fourteen one-hundredths feet (379.14;) thence along a tangent to said curve N. 53° 03' 00" E. one hundred sixty-two and eighty-four one-hundredths feet to a point of curve; thence along a curve to the left having a radius of fifteen feet (15.0) forty-one and thirty-nine one hundredths feet (41.39) to a point which is eighty feet (80.0) south of Van Cortlandt Park; thence N. 74° 57' 43" E. one and twenty-two one-hundredths feet (1.22) to a point of curve; thence along a curve to the right having a radius of thirty-five and fifty-one one-hundredths feet (35.51) fifty-one and eighty-one one-hundredths feet (51.81;) thence N. 21° 26' 38" W. along a tangent to the curve one hundred twelve and twenty-five one-hundredths feet (112.25) to the point of intersection of the west side of Albany Road as legally opened with the south line of Van Cortlandt Park; thence along the south line of Van Cortlandt Park (51.81;) thence N. 74° 57' 43" W. five hundred fifty-two and forty-four one-hundredths feet (552.44) to the point or place of beginning, containing five and nine hundred forty-eight one-thousandths (5.948) acres, more or less, of land.

(Parcel No. 3, being designated as Parcel No. 3 on said map.)

Beginning at the intersection of the southerly line of the right of way of the New York and Putnam Railway Company, running thence along the southerly side of West 238th Street S. 79° 16' 30" E. one hundred ninety-nine and fifteen one-hundredths (199.15) feet to the intersection of said southerly side of West 238th Street with the easterly side of Albany Road as now legally opened; thence along the westerly side of Albany Road on a curve of one thousand four hundred ten and twenty-five one-hundredths (1410.25) feet radius 334.94 feet to the intersection of said westerly line of Albany Road with the division line between the Van Cortlandt Estate and the land now or formerly of Thomas Dash; thence along said division line N. 79° 27' 10" W. sixty-four and twenty-two one-hundredths feet (64.22;) thence N. 68° 27' 10" W. forty-one and fifty-eight one hundredths feet (41.58;) thence N. 60° 42' 10" W. seventy-six and thirty-one one-hundredths feet (76.31) to the intersection of said line with the easterly line of the sixty-six foot right of way of the New York and Putnam Railway Company; thence along said right of way line N. 4° 39' 46" E. three hundred and two and thirty-six one hundredths feet (302.36) to the point or place of beginning, containing one and three hundred and forty one-thousandths (1.340) acres, more or less, of land.

(Parcel No. 4 being designated as Parcel No. 9 on said map.)

Beginning at the intersection of the easterly side of Broadway with the southerly side of West 238th Street, running thence along the southerly side of West 238th Street N. 81° 44' 40" E. four hundred seventy (470.91) to the westerly line of the right of way of the New York and Putnam Railway Company; thence along the said right of way line on a curve to the left of two thousand eight hundred ninety-seven and ninety-three one-hundredths feet (2897.93) four hundred seventy-five one-hundredths feet (4.75;) thence along a tangent to said curve S. 4° 39' 46" W. two hundred seventy-two and forty-eight one-hundredths feet (272.48) to an angle point in said right of way line; thence N. 85° 42' 10" W. nine and forty-eight one-hundredths feet (9.48;) thence N. 77° 42' 10" W. along said right of way and land now or formerly of Bowie Dash one hundred four and ninety-four one-hundredths feet (104.94;) thence N. 58° 42' 10" W. fifty-six and seventy-six one-hundredths feet (56.76;) thence N. 44° 42' 10" W. fifty-one and forty-eight one-hundredths feet (51.48;) thence still along land of said Bowie Dash N. 84° 00' 40" W. two hundred forty-four and twenty-one one-hundredths feet (244.21) to the easterly side of Broadway; thence along the easterly side of Broadway N. 8° 15' 20" W. seventy-three and forty-four one-hundredths feet (73.44) to a point or place of beginning, containing one and five hundred nine of West one-thousandths (1.596) acres, more or less, of land.

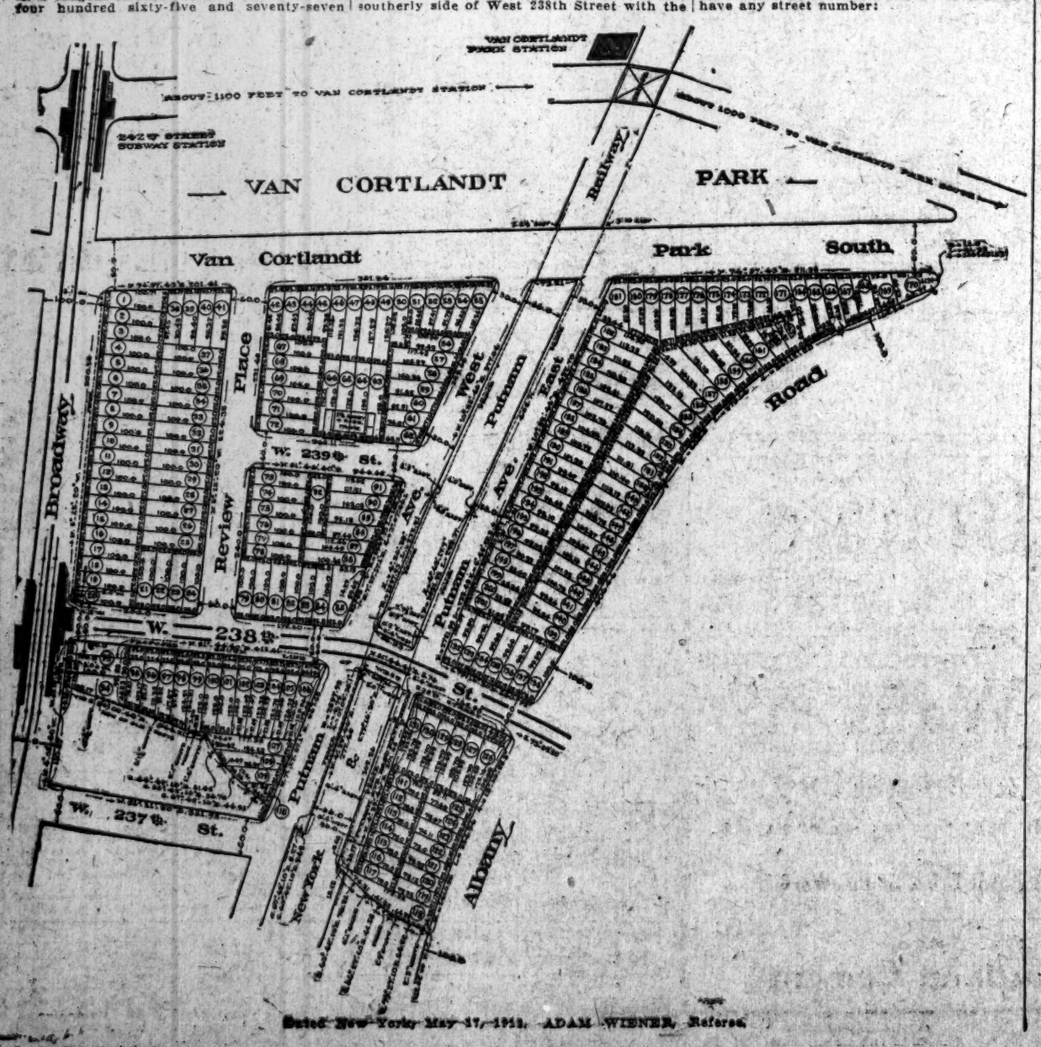
Said premises will be sold in separate lots, as shown on the annexed diagram, and as directed by said interlocutory judgment.

Dated New York, May 17, 1912.

ADAM WIENER, Referee.

PHILBIN, BEEKMAN, MENKEN & GRISCOM, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 52-54 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold, as described above. It does not have any street number:



Dated New York, May 17, 1912. ADAM WIENER, Referee.

PARTITION SALES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK County.—AUGUSTUS VAN CORTLANDT, JR., Plaintiff, against AUGUSTUS VAN CORTLANDT and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 10th day of May, 1912, and entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 14th day of May, 1912, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction on the said premises, in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, on the 8th day of June, 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain piece, part, or parcel of land belonging to the Van Cortlandt Estate situated south of Van Cortlandt Park between Albany Road on the west and Sedgwick Avenue and the westerly line of land formerly known as the Dickinson Estate on the east, and extending southward to the land acquired by the City of New York for the Jerome Park Reservoir and to West 238th Street as said street extends westward from Sedgwick Avenue for a distance of about four hundred eighty-one and eighty-tenths feet (481.8) and the northerly line of lands now or formerly of William O. Giles, except so much thereof as has been taken by the City of New York for the opening of West 238th Street, Van Cortlandt Avenue, and Sedgwick Avenue, and excepting also a certain parcel of land sold to John Olmstead by deed dated August 1st, 1877, and located, fixed, and determined by a certain boundary line agreement made by Robert C. Wood and Augustus Van Cortlandt and recorded June 1st, 1900, in Liber 14, C. P. 224, Section 12, and shown as Parcel A on a map or plan entitled Map of Property of the Van Cortlandt Estate situated between Broadway and Sedgwick Avenue, south of Van Cortlandt Park, in the 24th Ward, Borough of the Bronx, New York City, surveyed by Earl B. Lovell, Civil Engineer and City Surveyor, March, 1911, and excepting also three other parcels of land sold to James B. Woodworth and De Forest Fox by deeds dated August 1st, 1877, and designated by the letters B, C and D on said map or plan of survey made by Earl B. Lovell March, 1911, containing forty-one and eight hundred ninety-three one-thousandths (41.893) acres, more or less, of land, the whole and several parts being as shown on the above-mentioned map or plan of survey made by Earl B. Lovell March, 1911, and more specifically located and described as follows, (the bearings of the several courses referring to the Tenth Avenue meridian):

(Parcel No. 1, being designated as Parcel No. 2 on said map).

Beginning at the intersection of the easterly side of Albany Road as legally opened with the northerly side of West 238th Street, running thence along the easterly side of said Albany Road N. 16° 50' 40" E. one hundred and thirty-eight and fifty-eight one-hundredths feet (138.58) to the point of intersection of the southerly line of a parcel of land sold to James G. Woodworth by deed dated Aug. 1st, 1877, from the said east side of Albany Road, thence along the southerly line of said Woodworth parcel S. 73° 09' 20" E. one hundred sixty-four feet (164.0), thence along the easterly side of said Woodworth parcel N. 12° 16' 14" E. one hundred fifty and forty-eight one-hundredths feet (150.48), thence along the northerly side of said Woodworth parcel N. 73° 09' 20" W. one hundred fifty-two feet (152.0) to the point of intersection of the north line of the said Woodworth parcel with the easterly side of Albany Road, thence along the easterly side of Albany Road N. 16° 50' 40" E. one hundred twelve and fifty-seven one-hundredths feet to a point or curve, thence still along the easterly side of Albany Road, on a curve to the right of five hundred feet (500.0) radius three hundred fifteen and ninety-five one-hundredths (315.95) feet, thence along a tangent to the said curve and still along the easterly or southerly side of Albany Road N. 53° 03' 00" E. two hundred fifty-four and ninety-nine one-hundredths feet (254.99) to the point of intersection of the westerly line of a parcel of land sold to John Olmstead by deed dated Aug. 1st, 1877, with the said southerly side of Albany Road, thence along the westerly line of the said Olmstead parcel S. 36° 57' 00" E. ninety-two and eighty-four one-hundredths feet (92.84), thence along the division line between lots 272, 273, 274 and 275, on the north, and lot 276 on the south as said division line was fixed by a boundary line agreement recorded June 1st, 1900, in Liber 14, C. P. 224, Section 12, N. 49° 09' 00" E. one hundred sixty-nine and five one-hundredths feet (169.05) to a point in the westerly side of Van Cortlandt Avenue as legally opened, thence along the said westerly side of Van Cortlandt Avenue on a curve to the right having a radius of one hundred feet (100.0) thirty-nine and thirty-nine one-hundredths feet (39.39) to a point of reverse curve, thence along a curve to the left having a radius of three hundred sixteen feet (316.0) three hundred forty-five and two-tenths feet (345.2) to a point of reverse curve. Thence on a curve having a radius of one hundred five and thirty-five one-hundredths feet (105.35), seventy-six and eighty-two one-hundredths feet (76.82), thence along a tangent to the said curve and still along the westerly side of Van Cortlandt Avenue, 45° 57' 00" E. four hundred twenty-four and eight one-hundredths feet (424.08) to the point of tangency of the westerly side of said Van Cortlandt Avenue with the northerly side of Sedgwick Avenue as now legally opened, thence along the said northerly side of said Sedgwick Avenue and on a curve to the right of twenty-two feet (22.0) radius, thirty-seven and one one-hundredth feet (37.01) to a point of compound curve, thence along a curve of two hundred and thirty-two feet (232.0) radius, one hundred sixty-six and thirty-one one-hundredths feet (166.31) to a point of reverse curve, thence along a curve to the left of two hundred and thirty-five feet radius two hundred eighty-four and thirty-one one-hundredths feet (284.31) to a point of compound curve, thence along a curve of three thousand three hundred eighty feet (3,380) radius, four hundred ninety-six and fifty-four one-hundredths (496.54) feet to a point of compound curve, thence along a curve of four hundred sixty feet (460.0) radius, and still along the northerly or westerly side of Sedgwick Avenue one hundred sixty-eight and ninety-four one-hundredths feet (168.94) to the intersection of said westerly side of Sedgwick Avenue with the northerly side of West 238th Street, thence along the northerly side of West 238th Street N. 80° 09' 00" W. four hundred eighty-one and eighty one-hundredths feet (481.80) feet to the angle point in said West 238th Street, thence along the northerly or easterly side of West 238th Street N. 16° 52' 50" W. thirty-six and eighteen one-hundredths feet (36.18) to the point of intersection of the said northerly or easterly side of West 238th Street with the southerly line of a parcel of land sold to De Forest Fox by deed dated Aug. 1st, 1877, thence along the southerly line of said parcel N. 62° 16' 38.4" E. four hundred sixty-three and eighty one-hundredths feet (463.80) to the centre line of Stevenson Avenue as said avenue is shown on the map of Oloff Park, thence along the centre line of said Stevenson Avenue and on a curve to the right having a radius of one hundred seventeen feet (117) and whose centre is on the continuation of the south line of said Fox parcel, seventeen and thirty-two one-hundredths feet (17.32) to a point of compound curve, thence on a curve of three hundred seventeen feet (317) radius seventy and forty-eight one-hundredths feet (70.46) to the intersection of the centre line of said Stevenson Avenue with the northerly line of said Fox parcel, thence along the northerly line of said Fox parcel S. 83° 29' 37" W. four hundred twenty-six and seventy-two one-hundredths feet (426.72) to the northwesterly corner of said Fox parcel, thence along the easterly side of said Fox parcel S. 12° 16' 14" W. seventy-two and seventy-three one-hundredths feet (72.73) to a point on the easterly or northerly side of West 238th Street, thence along the said side of West 238th Street N. 15° 52' 50" W. ninety-six and five one-hundredths feet (96.05) to the point of curve, thence along a curve to the left having a radius of one hundred ten feet (110.0) one hundred nine and ninety-six one-hundredths feet (109.96), thence along a tangent to the curve and still on the northerly side of West 238th Street, N. 27° 09' 20" W. forty and eighty-one and one-hundredths feet (40.81) to the point or place of beginning, containing nineteen and six hundred twenty-eight one-thousandths (19.628) acres more or less of land.

(Parcel No. 2, being designated as Parcel No. 4 on said map.)

Beginning at the intersection of the south line of Van Cortlandt Park with the easterly side of Van Cortlandt Avenue as legally opened, running thence along the south side of Van Cortlandt Park, N. 74° 57' 43" E. one thousand three-hundred seventeen and eleven one-hundredths feet (1,317.11) to the intersection of the said south line of Van Cortlandt Park with the westerly line of the property known as the Dickinson estate, thence along said westerly line of the Dickinson Estate S. 1° 38' 02" W. eight hundred seventy-two and forty-seven one-hundredths feet (872.47) to the intersection of the said line with the northerly line of the property acquired by the City of New York for the Jerome Park Reservoir under Chapter 490, Laws 1883; thence along the said northerly line of property acquired for the Jerome Park Reservoir S. 50° 25' 05" W. two hundred eighty-five and seventy-two one-hundredths (285.72) feet, thence along the northerly side of Sedgwick Avenue as shown on the Final Map, Section 20, 24th Ward, Borough of the Bronx, N. 88° 33' 40" W. two hundred seven and eighty-one one-hundredths (207.81) feet to the intersection of said line with the easterly side of Van Cortlandt Avenue as legally opened, thence along the said easterly side of Van Cortlandt Avenue N. 45° 57' 00" W. four hundred ninety-eight and sixty-one one-hundredths (498.61) feet to a point of curve, thence on a curve to the left having a radius of one hundred eighty-five and thirty-five one-hundredths feet (185.35) one hundred thirty-five and fifteen one-hundredths (135.15) to a point of reverse curve, thence on a curve to the right of two hundred thirty-six feet (236.0) radius two hundred fifty-seven and eighty-one one-hundredths feet (257.81) to a point of reverse curve, thence on a curve to the left of one hundred eighty feet (180.0) radius one hundred thirty-nine and fifty-six one-hundredths feet (139.56) to a point of reverse curve, thence on a curve to the right of thirty-one and fifty-three one-hundredths feet (31.53) radius thirty feet (30.0), thence on a tangent to the last-mentioned curve and still along the easterly side of Van Cortlandt Avenue N. 15° 02' 17" W. sixty-one and fifty-three one-hundredths feet (61.53) to the point or place of beginning, containing eighteen and four hundred and thirty-eight one-thousandths (18.438) acres, more or less of land.

(Parcel No. 3, being designated as Parcel No. 5 on said map.)

Beginning at the intersection of the southerly or easterly side of Sedgwick Avenue with the northerly line of land acquired by the City of New York for the Jerome Park Reservoir, said point being at the point of compound curve on said side of Sedgwick Avenue, running thence along the said side of Sedgwick Avenue on a curve to the right having a radius of three thousand three hundred feet (3,300.0) four hundred eighty-four and seventy-eight one-hundredths feet (484.78) to a point of compound curve, thence on a curve of one hundred fifty-five feet (155.0) radius, one hundred eighty-seven and fifty-two one-hundredths feet (187.52) to a point of reverse curve, thence on a curve to the left of three hundred twelve feet (312.0) radius two hundred twenty-three and sixty-five one-hundredths feet (223.65) to a point of reverse curve, thence on a curve to the right of sixty-five and seventy-five one-hundredths feet radius (65.75) and still along the southerly side of Sedgwick Avenue thirty-one and sixteen one-hundredths feet (31.16), thence along an arc in continuation of said curve fifty-three and seventy-three one-hundredths feet (53.73), thence along a radial line produced to said curve N. 44° 08' 00" E. five and three one-hundredths feet (5.03), thence S. 45° 39' 00" E. forty-four and six one-hundredths feet (44.06), thence along the northerly line of land acquired by the City of New York for the Jerome Park Reservoir S. 50° 25' 05" W. seven hundred eighty-nine and sixty-two one-hundredths feet (789.62), thence S. 79° 12' 23" W. sixty-seven and fifty-three one-hundredths (67.53) feet, thence still along said northerly line of Jerome Park Reservoir N. 66° 25' 55" W. forty-four and forty-seven one-hundredths feet (44.47) to the point or place of beginning, containing three and four hundred and thirty-three one-thousandths acres, (3.433) more or less, of land.

(Parcel No. 4, being designated as Parcel No. 6 on said map.)

Beginning at the point on the westerly side of West 238th Street on the boundary lines between the properties known as the Giles Estate and the Van Cortlandt Estate, running thence along the westerly side of said West 238th Street N. 15° 52' 50" W. twenty-two and forty-two one-hundredths feet (22.42) to the southerly line of land sold to De Forest Fox by deed dated Aug. 1st, 1877, thence along the southerly line of said Fox parcel S. 62° 16' 38.4" W. thirty-three and thirteen one-hundredths feet (33.13) to the division line between the Van Cortlandt Estate and the Giles Estate, thence along the said division line S. 89° 00' 00" E. thirty-five and ninety-nine one-hundredths feet (35.99) to the point or place of beginning, containing eight one-thousandths acres, (0.008) more or less, of land.

(Parcel No. 5, being designated as Parcel No. 7 on said map.)

Beginning at the point of intersection of the easterly side of Albany Road with the southerly side of West 238th Street, running thence along the southerly side of West 238th Street, S. 73° 09' 20" E. forty and sixty-six one-hundredths feet (40.66) to a point of curve, th

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Car Barn Block on Fourth Avenue and Thirty-third Street in $2,500,000 Deal—Clients of Samuel Untermyer the Buyers—West Side Garage in Trade—Mr. Hearst Sells on Lexington Avenue.

The sale of the old Fourth Avenue car barns by the New York Railways Company to clients of Samuel Untermyer, which was announced yesterday, is the largest individual private sale of high-class property on Manhattan Island that has been recorded since the purchase of Madison Square Garden over a year ago. Joseph P. Day acted as the broker in the present deal. The property has been held at $2,500,000. It includes an entire block, fronting 197.6 feet on Fourth and Lexington Avenue and 425 feet on Thirty-second and Thirty-third Streets.

It has been rumored that the New York & New Haven Railroad desired to acquire the property for terminal facilities, and the possibility of its purchase by the Pennsylvania Road has also been rumored. The principals in the transaction declined to make any statement regarding the future disposition of the block, which is in the heart of the growing business district of the city.

West Side Garage in $300,000 Trade.

A deal on the west side involved a garage in which properties in Harlem and in Fiftieth Street, near Lexington Avenue, figured in a trade, the combined value of the various parcels aggregating about $300,000. The garage sold, which included the good will of the business, was the five-story structure at 137 and 139 West Eighty-ninth Street, 225 feet east of Amsterdam Avenue, covering a plot 50 by 100 feet. It was sold through Arnold, Byrne & Baumann for the Acton Garage Company, of which R. G. Strange is President, the property figuring at $150,000.

The buyer was Dederick Brinckmann, and he gave in part payment the two five-story flats at 151 and 153 East Fiftieth Street, between Third and Lexington Avenues, on plot 53 by 100, and a six-story apartment, with stores, at 645 and 647 Lenox Avenue, between 142d and 143d Streets, on plot 40 by 100 feet, these properties figuring in the deal at $140,000.

Broadway and John Street Sale Pending.

Negotiations are pending, it is stated, for the purchase of the property owned by the Chesebrough estate and others on the southeast corner of Broadway and John Street, including the two old structures known as 182 and 184 Broadway and 4 and 6 John Street, a plot of 41.2 on Broadway by 104.3 deep and irregular. The corner building has been for many years the home of various banking institutions, lately the home of the Oriental Bank, which was merged a few years ago with the National Reserve Bank. If the projected sale goes through it is understood that the new owners will erect a tall office building on the site.

West Forty-eighth Street Deal.

J. C. Hough & Co., in conjunction with J. B. English, have resold for Edmund K. Jordan, who recently purchased the property through the same brokers from Caroline A. J. Frederick and others, the three-story private dwelling 150 West Forty-eighth Street, to Margaret C. Magan, who owns 148, adjoining. There has been great activity in this street during the past eighteen months as two theatres have been erected and another one is being constructed, and twelve or fifteen private houses have been demolished for business purposes.

Mrs. Hearst a Seller.

Mrs. William Randolph Hearst has sold the four-story building at 123 Lexington Avenue, near Twenty-eighth Street, on plot 22.6 by 80. The sale was made by Huberth & Gabel to a client for investment.

Thompson Street Houses Sold.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has sold for Morris Weinstein and Samuel Silberman the two dwellings 132 and 134½ Thompson Street, and for Edward De Witt, trustee of the Grotz estate, the property 134 Thompson Street, each 20 by 96, to Caesar Razzetti.

Tenements for Investment.

Emanuel Simon has sold the six-story new law tenement at 214 and 216 West Twenty-first Street for a client of Samuel Fine to Mrs. Frances Cohen. It was a cash sale, the consideration being $100,000. The lot is 46.9 by 104 feet.

Harris and Maurice Mandelbaum have bought the five-story tenement at 61 West Ninety-ninth Street from Frank Sheridan. The plot is 25 by 100.11. The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company were the brokers.

Recent Buyers.

Gerald M. Livingston is the buyer of the American basement residence at 21 East Seventy-fourth Street, sold by Mrs. Edward Leverich. It was held at $80,000. Douglas L. Elliman & Co. were the brokers.

Joseph W. Cushman is the buyer of the dwelling at 57 West Fifty-first Street, recently sold by the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company.

Bronx Borough Sales.

The two four-story double flats at 887 and 891 Kelly Street, covering a plot 66.8 by 100, have been sold by H. Hornstein for the Eday Realty Company to Samuel Epstein, who buys for investment.

Mariatona C. Cullo has sold to John H. Austin 731 East 147th Street, a four-story tenement, on plot 37.6 by 79, near Robbins Avenue.

Newark Deals.

Louis Schlesinger has sold the three-story and basement brownstone building, 558 Broad Street, between Lombardy and Fulton Streets, adjoining the residence of the late Dr. Charles J. Kipp, to the Hallet & Davis Piano Company of Boston. The company will erect on the site a five-story brick structure, covering a plot 25 by 100, for occupancy.

The same broker has also sold for Charles Zeh Collins to Mary Riley the property 160 Treacy Avenue, and for Harry H. Flourney the premises 94 Chadwick Avenue.

New Jersey.

Fell & Devine have sold at East Orange a stucco house at 428 North Maple Avenue to the Northern Improvement Company; 433 North Maple Avenue to R. C. Tooker; 8 Winans Street to Albert Husteen; 169 and 171 Hillside Avenue, Glen Ridge, two two-family houses, to A. F. Kirstein.

Dwellings Leased.

Albert B. Ashforth has rented for Samuel D. McGourkey, the dwelling, 6 East Sixty-ninth Street, to Warren Thorpe of Philadelphia, for occupancy.

William Bettmann has leased for Charles Lowen the dwelling at 128 West 130th Street; also for Louise M. C. Kohler, the dwelling at 233 West 130th Street; and for D. Goodman, 247 West 130th Street.

Foley & Hughes have leased fo Mary E. Shaw the three-story dwelling, 263 West Sixteenth Street; also the three-story dwelling at 30 Seventh Avenue, for Margaret F. O'Grady to Helena Brown.

Mooyer & Marston have leased to the Comstock School the dwelling at 52 East Seventy-second Street; also, the dwelling at 248 West 121st Street to M. F. Nevins.

Commercial Leases.

Albert B. Ashforth has rented for Ernest Bocker the fourth loft at 26 West Thirty-eighth Street to Siegfried Blumenkrohn.

Percival B. Palmer & Co., one of the largest manufacturers of ladies' coats and suits in Chicago, have leased through the Cross & Brown Company a suite of offices in the Centurian Building, 1,182 Broadway.

Mooyer & Marston have leased for Henry Clews the first loft at 630 Fifth Avenue to Miss Ida M. Rusk; the fourth floor at 6 and 8 East Forty-sixth Street to Lieberman & Siegel for the McVickar, Gaillard Realty Company, and the entire building at 140 West Thirty-second Street to William B. Katz.

Country Houses Rented.

Fish & Marvin have rented a dwelling at Lawrence Park, Bronxville, for the Lawrence Park Realty Company to T. D. Richardson, Jr., of Philadelphia. The same brokers have also rented for the Jones estate at Scarsdale a dwelling to Mrs. Philip Sands.

William L. Bowman has rented in Far Rockaway and vicinity the following cottages: For Edward Roche his villa to Louis S. Stroock; for Nelson Waters his home on Oak Street to Edward Freidman; the Sapinsky cottage on Neilson Avenue to Charles Lewy and Emil Loeb; the Wellstead cottage on Gipson Place to Charles Samuels; for Mrs. Monahan her cottage on Carlton Avenue to Mrs. L. Heller.

Slawson & Hobbs, country department, have rented for Mrs. Emma Lockwood her dwelling in Main Street, Bayshore, L. I., to Mrs. Robert Gaskell.

Buy Hempstead Acreage Plots.

The auction sale of fifty acreage plots known as Meadow Brook Farms in Hempstead, L. I., held yesterday at the Vesey Street Salesroom by Bryan L. Kennelly for the estate of J. W. Barnum, was well attended and resulted in the disposal of twenty-nine plots. They contained from one to five acres each, and prices ranged from $175 to $675 per acre. Among the purchasers were C. C. Sanders, Peter J. Geraty, Jeremiah N. Grady, J. J. Drescher, Martin Pfeifer, Edward J. Bourke, William J. Fogerty, W. Van Ronk, Albert J. Adams, and Mrs. M. Shiller. On Monday, June 17, the remaining twenty-one plots will be offered.

Hastings Lots at Auction.

The continuance of the auction sale at Pinecrest, Hastings-on-Hudson, by George W. Bard, took place on the premises last Saturday, when forty-four lots were sold. Among the purchasers were A. W. Barber, A. W. Mason, M. W. Ralph, T. Cluskey, R. A. White, M. B. Clark, E. P. Karelsen, George Newman, and A. Elsasser. There will be a continuance of the sale on Saturday, June 22.

Notes.

The Paragon Mortgage Company has loaned $75,000 to August Nelson on the plot 100 by 115.6 at the southwest corner of Webster Avenue and Ford Street, the Bronx, where a new building is about to be erected.

S. Werdenschlag and Martin H. Cohen have been appointed agents for the apartment house on the northwest corner of Audubon Avenue and 169th Street.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

141st St, 309 West, n s, 150 ft w of 8th Av, 25x99.11, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, H. M. Sanders, $21,600.

7th St, 291 East, n s, 85.1 ft e of Avenue D, 20x97.7, four-story tenement and three-story rear tenement; foreclosure, to George R. Lockwood, $9,000.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

50 acreage plots of from 1 to 5 acres at Hempstead, L. I., trustees' sale, estate of J. W. Barnum, deceased; 29 plots, sold to various buyers, from $175 to $675 per acre.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

CRESCENT AV, n e corner Hughes Av, for two two-story frame stores and dwellings, 35x45.6 and 32.6x90.6; Patrick S. Treacy, 1,931 Broadway, owner; Henry Davidson, 400 West 23d St, architect, cost.....$7,000

PAULDING AV, w s, 84.61 ft s of 225th St, for a one-story frame office building, 12x15; Antonio Salzone, 966 6th Av, owner; Moore & Landseidel, 148th St and Third Av, architects, cost.....$200

27TH ST, s s, whole front between Broadway and 5th Av; for a twenty-story store and loft, 254x105.9x82.4x irregular; Johnson Kahn Company, 220 5th Av, owner; Schwartz & Gross, 347 5th Av, architects, cost.....$1,250,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, JUNE 3.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 100.11 ft n of 100th St, 50x97.1; Peters Realty Co. to Wm. Mertens, 18 Pratt St, New Rochelle, N. Y., June 5; attorneys, Webber & W., 7 Beekman St.$100

BROADWAY, e s, 75 ft s of 76th St, 52.8x100.11x51.1x114; Alicia Realty Co. to Mary E. Pinchot, 1615 Rhode Island Av, Washington, D. C., (mtg $138,000,) June 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

BROOME ST, 42 and 44, n s, 38.9x75; Hyman Rosen to Nathan Tuckman, 48 West 116th St, Feb. 15; attorney, S. N. Tuckman, 320 Broadway.....$100

EAST END AV, n w corner of 86th St, 14x40x irregular; 86th St, n s, 30 ft w of East End Av, 16x53.1x irregular; Gugy A. Irving, executor, &c., Edith M. Donald, to William H. Edith M., and Louisa R. Donald, 127 4th St, New Brighton, S. of R., being heirs of Edith M. Donald, deceased, all liens, May 28; attorneys, De Groot, R. & S., 55 Broadway.....$1

EAST END AV, n w corner of 86th St, 14x40x irregular; 86th St, n s, 30 ft w of East End Av, 16x53.1x irregular; William H. Donald and others to Henderson Estate Co., 34 Nassau St, June 3; attorneys, De Groot, R. & S., 55 Broadway.....$1

HORATIO ST, n s, 40.1 ft e of Greenwich St, 99.8x irregular; Hudson St, 629, w s, 10.7x 83.4; Josephine A. Budke and another to St. John's Park Realty Co., 50 Pine St, (mtg $21,000,) May 31; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.....$100

LENOX AV, 240, w s, 19x80; Frederic O. Virgin and another, executors, to Henry Presser, 907 Graham Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $20,000,) May 18; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Frederic O. Virgin to same, quitclaim, May 31; attorney, same.$100

SAME PROPERTY; Miriam V. Ravi to same, quitclaim, May 31; attorney, same.....$100

LENOX AV, 645-647, w s, 40x100; Anna C. M. Brinkman to Acton Garage, inc., 137-139 West 89th St, (mtg $30,000, and all liens;) May 31; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

PARK AV, s s, 100.5 ft n of 54th St, 25x90; Alice E. Schoenberger to Park Av and 54th St Co., 49 Wall St, all liens, May 20; attorneys, Hagan, G. & C., 49 Wall St.....$100

PLOT 23, Map 1,358, Fort Washington and E. V. Syndicates; B. Schackman & Co. to Emma; Realty Co., 803 West 181st St, (mtg $20,000,) and all liens, June 3; attorneys, Alexander & Ash, 22 William St.....$1

RUTGERS ST, 22, w s, 25x84.7; Eva Feifer to Lillie Simon, 37 Montgomery St, all liens, May 31; attorney, Louis Rayvid, 154 Broadway.....$100

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 724, e s, 19.6x100; Mary E. Hastings to Harry B. Davis, at Mount Vernon, N. Y., and another, June 3; attorney, H. B. Davis, 52 Broadway.....$100

WEST END AV, 521, n w corner of 85th St, 22.2x90; Elizabeth C. Pike and another to Gertrude C. Vanderbeck, 149 West 126th St, (mtg $24,000,) June 3; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

WEST END AV, w s, 22.2 ft n of 85th St, 20x90; Charles M. Werner, executor Elizabeth Werner to Gertrude A. Vanderbeck, 149 West 126th St, (mtg $16,000,) May 23; attorney, same.....$100

WEST END AV, 525, w s, 20x90; Edith M. Sergeant to Gertrude A. Vanderbeck, June 3; attorney, same.....$100

WEST END AV, 527, w s, 20x90; Frances A. Ely to Gertrude A. Vanderbeck, May 28; attorney, same.....$100

WEST END AV, 529, w s, 20x90; Henry P. Gardner to Ella L. Murphy, 19 West 26th St, Bayonne, N. J., April 25; attorney, same..$100

WEST END AV, n w corner of 85th St, 102.2x150; Gertrude A. Vanderbeck to West End-85th Co., 220 5th Av., June 3; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

1ST AV, 1,586, e s, 20x80; Wilhelmina F. Gesing to Anna Basco, 1,547 1st Av, (mtg $11,000,) June 1; attorney, F. M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row.....$1

1ST AV, 997, w s, 20x80; Max Rosen to Sam Harris, 16 Devoe St, Brooklyn, (mtg $9,000,) April 20; attorney, Nathan H. Stone, 346 Broadway.....$100

3D AV, 1,403-5, e s, 40x73; Joseph B. Rylance to Abraham J. Rongy, 154 Henry St, (mtg $20,000,) April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee Co.....$100

3D AV, 2,718-2,720, e s, 39.10x100; Adolph Riesenberg et al. to Anglesea Weeks, 360 Merrick Road, Rockville Centre, N. Y., (mtg $44,000,) May 29; attorney, Lawyers Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

8TH AV, 2,722-2,724, e s, 40x100; same to Anita Clark, 70 East 80th St, (mtg $44,000,) May 29; attorney, same.....$100

9TH AV, 805, w s, 25x100; Moritz Kraisler to Henry Baumann, 819 9th Av, (mtg $30,000,) and all liens, May 27; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

82D ST, 238, East, n s, 25.4x102.2; Louis J. Anger and others to Albert Kaufmann, 1,596 2d Av, May 28; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

85TH ST, 303 West, n s, 20x102.2; Albert R. Shattuck and another, trustees, Elizabeth C. Shattuck to Ella L. Murphy, 19 West 26th St, Bayonne, N. J., April 10; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$1

85TH ST, 305-7 West, n s, 40x102.2; Francis B. Hoffman to Ella L. Murphy, Bayonne, N. J., April 10; attorney, same.....$1

85TH ST, 303 West, n s, 20x102.2; 85th St, 305-7 West, n s, 40x102.2; West End Av, 529, w s, 20x90; Ella L. Murphy to Gertrude A. Vanderbeck, 149 West 126th St, June 30; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

89TH ST, w s, 225 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 60x 100.8; Acton Garage, inc., to Diedrich Brinkman, 330 East 87th St, (mtg $95,000,) May 31; attorneys, Cannon & Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

103D ST, 215 East, n s, 37.6x100.11; Charles B. Squier to Isaac and Morris Lipschitz, 1,439 East 9th St, Brooklyn, June 3; attorneys, Shepard & H., 111 Broadway.....$100

118TH ST, 344 East, s w s, 25x100.10; E. Mortimer Boyle, referee, to Elmer E. Whittaker, 1,963 Broadway, May 7; attorney, P. S. Dudley, 26 Liberty St.....$26,000

118TH ST, s s, 175.5 ft e of 3d Av, 37.6x100.5; Jennie Jacobs to Realty Remodeling and Reconstructing Co., 32 Broadway, (mtg $17,500,) June 3; attorney, Sigmund Wechsler, 32 Broadway.....$100

119TH ST, 118 East, s s, 25x100.10; John J. Graeber to William M. Graeber, 268 Hemlock St, Brooklyn, (mtg $16,000,) March 1; attorney, Sigmund Solomon, 309 Broadway.....$1

119TH ST, 118 East, 25x100.10; William M. Graeber to Bertha Hirschfeld, 17 East 107th St, and Abraham Liebhoff, 1,531 Avenue A, (mtg $16,000,) June 1; attorney, Sigmund Solomon, 309 Broadway.....$1

122D ST, s s, 115 ft w of 7th Av, 15x100.11, (foreclosure May 16;) Nicholas Danforth, referee, to Mary S. Maddock, at Fishkill-on-Hudson, N. Y, May 17; attorneys, Thompson, K. & W., 256 Broadway.....$11,000

124TH ST, 150 East, s s, 15.6x100.11; Sarah C. Jaeger et al. to Sophia R. E. Genties, 178 East 124th St, June 3; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$6,500

142D ST, n s, 100 ft w of Broadway, 100x99.11; Skaap Realty Co. to Anna Mossa, Dumont, N. J., (mtg $153,612.89, and all liens,) June 1; attorney, James A. Turley, 31 Nassau St...$1

147TH ST, 460 West, s s, 122x99.11; Harry E. Davis to Mary E. Hastings, at Rhinebeck, N. Y., (mtg $160,000,) June 3; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

Bronx.

BOONE ST, w s, 123 ft s of 172d St, 25x100; Erastus C. Parsons, referee, to Edith M. Ewen and another, 23d St and Spuyten Duyvil Parkway, May 29; attorneys, Wilder, E. & P., 45 Cedar St.....$6,000

FOREST AV, e s, 100 ft n of Cedar Place, 25x135; A. Wells Stamp, referee, to J. Henry Alexander, and others, trustee, 723 Carlton Av, Brooklyn, Feb. 2; attorney, Ronald K. Brown.....$8,000

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, s e corner of 187th St, 18.8x51.1; Ida A. Holland, executrix, to Ida A. Holland, 521 West 125th St, June 3.....Nom

LONGWOOD AV, n e corner Hewitt Place, 163.9 to Dawson St, x irregular, Howard C. Lake, referee, to George F. Johnson, Hanover Township, N. J., (mtg $141,000,) May 29; attorneys, Ferris R. & S., 165 Broadway.....$60,000

LOTS 124 and 125, map of M. Morgenthau; Frederick Van Wyck to Minnie R. Griffen, 255 West 90th St, (mtg $3,000,) May 28; attorneys, Todd & St. John, 258 Broadway...$100

LOTS 32 to 35, 40 and 41, Map 1,273 of 369 lots of Hunt's Point Realty Co.; Mary E. Hastings to Harry B. Davis and William Samuels, both at Mount Vernon, N. Y., all liens, June 3; attorney, H. B. Davis, 52 Broadway.....$100

LOTS 147 and 148, map of 370 lots of McGraw estate; William J. Gray to Wilhelmina C. Buttner, 401 East 142d St, mtg $3,000, June 1; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LOT 537, map Van Nest Park Henrietta De Rose to Fannie Newman, 57 East 122d St, May 29; attorney, Morris Cooper, 20 Vesey St.....$100

SAME property, and also plot begins 100 ft w of White Plains Road, 520 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x45; Annie Rennington to Henrietta De Rose, 57 East 122d St, Sept. 16, 1911; attorney, Morris Cooper, 20 Vesey St.....$100

MACLAY AV, n s, 148.11 ft e of Zerega Av, 25x101.2; Annie A. Horton to Mary Pojar, 2,423 Maclay Av, and another, May 31; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$3,000

MORRIS AV, n e s, at s s of 161st St, 60x33; Henry Levey to Bertha Solomon, 112 West 72d St, 1-3 part, May 27; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

PARKER AV, w s, Lot 57, Map 277, St. Raymond's Park, 25x100; Parker Av, n w corner of Glebe Av, 25x100; Lot 58, same map, except parts for Parker and Glebe Avs; Elias A. Hartman to Sidney B. Hickox, 2,246 Gleason Av, mtg $2,700, May 15; attorney, Frank Gass, Westchester.....$100

SIMPSON ST, 981, w s, 42x108.8; Podgin Realty Co. to Morris A. Rosenbaum, 108 West 44th St, mtg $35,000 and all liens, June 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 144.5 ft n of 186th St, 57.9x94.11x50x123.10; 187th St, s s, 80.5 ft e of Southern Boulevard, 50x100; Millard F. Johnson to William C. Hebberd, Mount Vernon, N. Y., B. & S. and C. A. G., all liens, May 25; attorney, Harold Swain, 170 Broadway.....$100

TELLER AV, 1,356, e s, 25x80.9; Rosa Feinstein to Philip Weinstein and another, 1,397 Stebbins Av, (mtg $9,250,) April 3; attorney, Isaac Steinhaus, 261 Broadway.....Nom

WALLACE AV, Lots 152 and 153, amended map 1,131, Adee Park; Albert N. Tunstall to John Bussing, Jr., and Amanda, his wife, 205 East Lincoln Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., as joint tenants, all liens, May 17; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

WASHINGTON AV, n s, 100 ft w of Main St, 80x100, City Island; John C. Brinkman to Louis E. Knupfer, 1225 Morton St, City Island, May 31; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

WASHINGTON AV, n s, 180 ft w of Main St, 80x100; Frank C. J. Becker to Charles L. Sanial, 114 Horton St, May 31; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

WESTCHESTER AV, s s, 235.2 ft w of Wales Av, 50x107.2; Brener Realty Co. to North American Wall Paper Co., 786 East 152d St, June 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

238TH ST., n s, 300 ft e of Kepler Av, 60x100; Frederick H. Seacord executor, to Martin J. Mulligan, 283 East 238th St, May 31; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.$5,700

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 100.11 ft n of 100th St, 50x98.1; William Mertens to Peters Realty Co, 50 John St, June 3, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St..$63,000

BROADWAY, s w corner of 163d St, 101.1x 157.5; John F. Moroney to Sol Friedlander, 86 East 80th St, demand, 6 p. c., June 1; attorney, Wolf & H., 203 Broadway....$50,000

BROADWAY, s w corner of 42d St, 51.3x irregular, leasehold; Godair Wimmer Building Co. to New York Trust Co., trustee, 26 Broad St, May 23, 5 years; attorneys, Candler & Cobb, 59 Wall St.....$220,000

HORATIO ST, n s, 59.8 ft w of Hudson St, 31.7x irregular; St. Johns Park Realty Co. to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St, June 3, 1 year; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.....$15,000

HUDSON ST, 659, w s, 19.7x63.4; St. Johns Park Realty Co. to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St, June 3, 1 year; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.....$8,500

LENOX AV, 249, w s, 19x80; Henry Presser to James J. Wilson, 509 West 135th St, prior mtg $22,000, June 1, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$2,000

LEXINGTON AV, 521, e s, 20x70; Patrick Mc-Keogh to Sanders B. Altmayer, 150 West 79th St, and another, executor, June 3, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Henry Erdman, 35 Nassau St.....$5,000

PARK AV, 1,710, w s, 24.10x90; Elise D. Pennock, 1,715 Jackson Av, to Guy P. Davison, Dallas, Texas, prior mtg $20,000, March 1, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, William R. Hill, 141 Broadway.....$4,000

PLOT 23, map of 55 lots of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates; Emmay Realty Co. to B. Shackman & Co., 812 Broadway; prior mtg $20,000, June 3, due as per bond; attorneys, Aronson & S., 34 Pine St....$10,000

WASHINGTON TERRACE, s w corner of 186th St, 17.9x62.6; Adolphine E. Becker and another to Lawyers Mortgage Co, 59 Liberty St, June 3, due June 3, 1917; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway.....$6,000

WEST END AV, n w corner of 85th St, 102.2x150; West End and Eighty-fifth Co. to Gertrude A. Vanderbeck, 149 West 126th St, June 3, due Jan. 1, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Co 160 Broadway...$285,000

1ST AV, e s, 77.2 ft s of 83d St, 25x80; Anna Basso to Dry Dock Savings Institution, 341 Bowery, June 3, due as per bond; attorney, F. M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row.....$15,000

1ST AV, 1,586, e s, 25x80; Anna Basco to Wilhelmina F. Gesing, 234 East 197th St, prior mtg $1,500, June 1, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Peter Cook, 158 Broadway...$5,000

3D AV, n w corner of 85th St, 102.2x112.6; S. Charles Welsh and others, trustees to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery, March 29, due Sept 15, 1916, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Strong & C., 49 Wall St.....$15,000

4TH AV, e s, 100 ft n of 54th St, 25x90; Park Avenue and 54th Street Co. to Alice E. Shoenberger, 18 East 62d St, May 20, due as per bond; attorneys, Daly, H. & M., 15 William St.....$40,000

9TH AV, w s, 98.9 ft n of 40th St, 24.8x100; Carroll Cunneen to Hulbert Peck, 154 West 92d St, (prior mtg $8,000,) June 1, due June 1, 1922, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. Peck, 268 West 34th St.....$1,000

9TH AV, 805, w s, 25x100; Henry Baumann to Moritz Kraisler, 788 9th Av, June 1, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Wolf & K., 203 Broadway.....$3,500

3D ST, 318 East, s s, 19x irregular; Maud B. Barclay to Lawrence Degnan, 211 Carleton Av, Brooklyn, June 1, prior mtg $38,000, 4 years, 6 p. c.....$6,000

12TH ST, 217 East, n s, 25x103.3; Isaac Storch to Hannah S. V. B. Dean, Orange, N. J., May 28, 5 years; attorney, William C. Orr, 51 Chambers St.....$14,000

12TH ST, 217 East, n s, 25x103.3; Isaac Storch to Joseph Bierman, 219 East 12th St, (prior mtg $14,000,) June 3, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. Cohen, 19 Avenue A.....$4,750

15TH ST, 153 to 159 West, n s, 80x103.3; Aitson Co. to Chelsea Realty Co., 135 Broadway, May 31, 3 years; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$125,000

15TH ST, 153 to 159 West, n s, 80x103.3; Aitson Co. to Robert McGill, Hoboken, N. J., (prior mtg $125,000,) May 31, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$11,000

17TH ST, n e s, 39.1 ft n w of 2d Av, 15x92; George Kilian to Lydia B. Froment, 52 East 74th St, May 27, 2 years; attorney, Robert J. Mahon, 154 Nassau St.....$10,000

21ST ST, 214 and 216 West, s s, 46.8x104.5; Franco Cohn to Samson Lachman, 318 West 106th St, and another, (prior mtg $62,500,) May 31, due Dec. 1, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lachman & G., 35 Nassau St.....$13,500

21ST ST, 48 to 52 East, s s, 25x irregular; Roscorn Realty Co. to Lawyers' Realty Co., 160 Broadway, prior mtg $450,000, June 3, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$50,000

37TH ST, 541 and 543 West, n s, 50x98.9; 210 West 56th St Co. to Marion B. Kohlman, 2 West 72d St, June 1, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Elsman, L. C. & L., 135 Broadway.....$9,000

49TH ST, 420 West, s s, 25x100; Wm. Mertens to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, May 29, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Meyer Auerbach, 42 Broadway.....$13,500

49TH ST, n s, 195.10 ft w of 6th Av, 20.10x 100; Catherine McCarthy to New York Savings Bank, 81 5th Av, June 1, due, &c, as per bond; attorneys, Webber & W., 7 Beekman.....$5,000

62D ST, 36 East, s s, 20x100.5; Lillian W. Porter to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St, June 1, prior mtg $18,000, 3 years, 5½ and 6 p. c.; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.....$10,000

67TH ST, 229 East, n s, 25x100.5; George A. Dunstadter to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, June 3, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, A. H. Mosle, 30 Broad St.....$16,000

77TH ST, 161 East, n s, 17.6x102.2; Helen W. Dillon to Charles Schollhuss, 161 West 77th St, June 1, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, A. S. Gilbert, 43 Exchange Place.....$15,000

78TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of 1st Av, 25x75.1; Joseph Herman to May Turner, 650 East 182d St, (prior mtg $9,000,) July 14, 1911, 3 years, 6 p. c.; address, 650 East 182d St.....$9,000

82D ST, s s, 153.5 ft w of 2d Av, 25.4x102.2; Albert Kauffman to Barbara Greve, 111 East 83d St, June 1, due, &c, as per bond; attorneys, Steiner & P., 309 Broadway..$20,000

89TH ST, n w s, 137 to 139 West, 50x 100.8; Acton Garage, Inc., to William C. Strange, Jr., Sound Beach, Conn., prior mtg $50,000, Jan. 6, 1908, due Jan. 6, 1911; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway.....$50,000

101ST ST, s s, 226 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 20x100.11; Henry Wittenberg to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, June 3, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St.....$11,000

103D ST, 215 East, n s, 37.6x100.11; Isaac Lipschitz and another to Charles B. Squier, 140 West 69th St, June 3, 5 years; attorneys, Shepard & H., 111 Broadway.....$35,000

162D ST, 556 West, s s, 18x99.11; Harriet C. Bailey to Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway, June 6, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$10,000

Bronx.

BELMONT AV, n e corner of 187th St, 19.10x irregular; Giuseppe Carozza to Daniel McLean, 1,141 Havemeyer Av, June 1, prior mtg $4,500, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Arthur Knox, 198 Broadway.....$3,500

CHARLOTTE ST, e s, 164.6 ft n of Jennings St; Regina Construction Co. to Whitley P. Westervelt, Tenafly, N. J, June 3, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$40,000

CONCORD AV, s w corner of 132d St, 70.11x 46; Westchester Av, s s, 233.9 ft w of Wales Av, 50x107.2x55.9x131.11; North American Wall Paper Co. to Emanuel Glauber, 100 West 121st St, June 1, due Sept. 1, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$12,000

FREEMAN ST, s w corner of Simpson St, 60x 40; John J. Tonnuch to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, June 3, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$22,000

HUGHES AV, e s, 216.11 ft n of 179th St, 50.2x80; Earl Eichhorst to Sophie E. Semer, 10 West 126th St, June 3, 5 years; attorneys, Arrowsmith & D., 261 Broadway.....$17,000

LOT 147, map of 370 lots of McGraw estate; Wilhelmina C. Buttner to William J. Gray, 1,363 Thierlot Av, prior mtg $3,000, June 1, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LOTS 124 and 125, map M. Morgenthau; Minnie R. Griffen to Frederick Van Wyck, Fenimore Road, Scarsdale, N. Y., May 28, 3 years; attorney, Ralph C. Brush, 32 Nassau St.....$1,000

MACLAY AV, n s, 148.11 ft e of Zerega Av, 25x101.2; Annie A. Horton to Mary Pojar, 2,423 Maclay Av, and another, May 31; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$3,000

MORRIS AV, n e s, at s s of 161st St, 60x33; Henry Levey to Bertha Solomon, 112 West 72d St, 1-3 part, May 27; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

PARKER AV, w s, Lot 57, Map 277, St. Raymond's Park, 25x100; Parker Av, n w corner of Glebe Av, 25x100; Lot 58, same map, except parts for Parker and Glebe Avs; Elias A. Hartman to Sidney B. Hickox, 2,246 Gleason Av, mtg $2,700, May 15; attorney, Frank Gass, Westchester.....$100

SIMPSON ST, 981, w s, 42x108.8; Podgin Realty Co. to Morris A. Rosenbaum, 108 West 44th St, mtg $35,000 and all liens, June 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 40.8 ft n of 185th St, 45.6x106.11x45x113.11; Cioffi Company to Charles Lopard, 822 Jennings St, prior mtg $31,000, May 29, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway.....$4,500

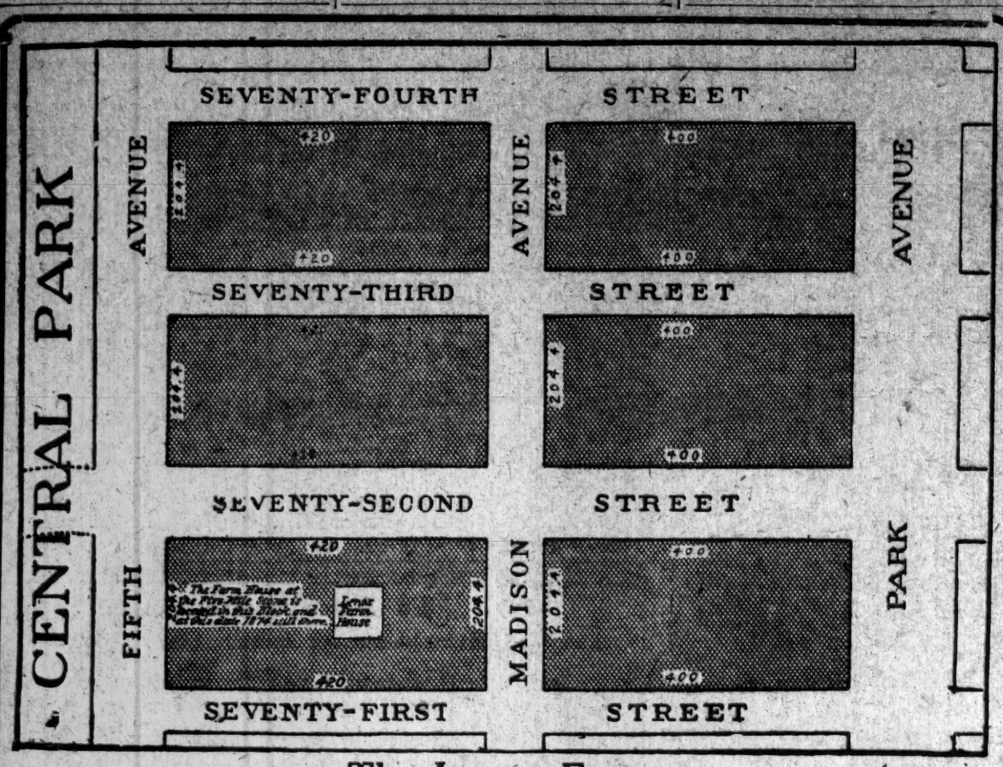
WASHINGTON AV, 1,636, e s, 30x109.10; L. & S. Construction Co. to Republic of Panama, at Panama, June 3, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway..$37,500

WEBSTER AV, s w corner of Ford St, 115.5x 100x111.5x100; August Nelson to Paragon Mortgage Co., 507 East Tremont Av, May 31, 1 year, 6 p. c.; address, 507 East Tremont Av.....$75,000

144TH ST, s s, 139.6 ft e of Railroad Av, 25.4x92.2; Mary Clear to Otto A. Spangenberg, 897 Crotona Av, May 31, due July 1, 1915, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Charles Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St.....$1,000

166TH ST, n s, 127.11 ft e of Park Av, 95.11x irregular, Magdalena Walter to John G. Dolson, trustee, 556 Scotland Road, South Orange, N. J., prior mtg $38,000, March 21, due as per bond; attorne

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.



The Lenox Farm

Mr. Henry C. Frick has presented the Lenox Library building to the City of New York. He purchased part of the site of the Library for his home at a cost said to be $2,000,000.

The Lenox Farm, Six Blocks as shown above, was bought by Robert Lenox from the city for $500, believing it would be the site of a village in the future.

It is now estimated to be worth $30,000,000

This is what Central Park did for this property
What is Van Cortlandt Park going to do for the

Van Cortlandt Estate
of 719 Lots

on Broadway, between 238th and 240th Streets, Van Cortlandt Park South, Mosholu Parkway, Jerome Park Reservoir and adjacent avenues and streets?
(Subway Station at Broadway and 238th Street.)

To Be Sold at Auction on the Premises

Saturday, June 8th, at 10:30 A. M.

Continuing Monday and Thereafter Until Every Lot Is Sold

75% may remain on mortgage

Savings bank books taken as deposits on purchase of Lots

Titles guaranteed by Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co.

Every lot must be sold to the highest bidder

Adam Wiener, Esq., Referee

Philbin, Beekman, Menken & Griscom, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

For Maps and particulars apply to

Joseph P. Day
Auctioneer
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or

J. Clarence Davies
149th St. & 3rd Avenue
Bronx

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STONE VILLA FOR SALE
EDGEHILL TERRACES PARK
At Spuyten Duyvil on Hudson
Within N. Y. City limits.
A beautiful, artistic, fireproof stone house, hardwood floors, electric lights, hot-water heat, large porches, 7 rooms, tiled bathroom, high ceiling, studio room with massive open fireplace.

EVERY CITY CONVENIENCE. ALL COUNTRY COMFORTS.

A choice property, high, healthy; extensive views in a delightful, restricted community of homes of the better class. 25 Minutes by New York Central (electrified) or Broadway Subway Express at 231st Street.
Price $13,500. Little cash. Terms to suit. DON'T WAIT FOR A BOOM YEAR. BUY NOW AT YOUR OWN TERMS in a residential section where values are increasing rapidly.
Ask for booklet, photos, terms now.
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Will sacrifice my beautiful seven-room bungalow, just completed this Spring, of artistic design and superior construction throughout; delightfully situated amid large shade trees. Roomy porch, 12½ feet broad, and extra large living room, 28x14, with fireplace. Panel dining room; beam ceilings and appointments; first-class in every respect. Must be seen to be appreciated. Will sacrifice at $6,500. Box W 24 Times.

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The best in location, design and construction.
Modern improvements and conveniences. Ideal surroundings. Only 50 minutes from Grand Central, right on the Hudson.
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75 ACRE FARM.
Beautiful country and lake views; finest orchard in county; 15 acres apples, pears, peaches, cherries; woodland; balance cultivated; residence, 14 rooms, bath; open fireplaces; cottage, four rooms; two large barns; poultry runs; excellent water supply.
BARGAIN AT $15,000.
FARM, H 24 TIMES.

"FIELDSTON"
RIVERDALE-ON-HUDSON
Residence plots on highest land in New York City.
Reached in 25 minutes from 42d Street by Broadway Subway to Van Cortlandt.
DELAFIELD ESTATE, INC.,
31 Cedar Street, New York.

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AN EXCEEDINGLY ATTRACTIVE
Gentleman's Country Home
Close to Bronxville and Mount Vernon. Large new stone mansion and garage, complete in every detail. Several acres, surrounded by macadamized streets; magnificent vistas. A surprising bargain. Cheaper than renting. Only $10,000 cash. Balance mortgage 5%. One of the show places of lower Westchester County. Seen by appointment with agents. ANDERSON REALTY CO., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

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NEAR BRIARCLIFF.
Fifty acres; mostly tillable; orchard; fine stream and pond; modern dwelling; 10 rooms, bath; excellent condition; barns, outbuildings; high elevation; extensive Hudson River and country view; price $20,000; must be sold. Attorney, 42 Times.

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Plots 50x100 and larger at $1,000 up; in best section; only spot in select portion where nice people with $5,000 or more to spend on home can locate. Angell, 16 East 42d.

Yonkers.
Client wishing to dispose of home will sell for $1,000 cash a very well-situated ten-room house on St. James Terrace, Yonkers; only 5 minutes' walk west of the Mount Vernon Station on the Harlem Railroad; house has all modern improvements; price, $7,500.
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12 West 40th St.

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On Belgrade Lake, Me.
Gentleman's Country Place of 80 acres, handsomely furnished house of 10 rooms and bath. Price $10,000; rent $1,000.
E. E. SLOCUM, 141 Broadway.

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my Summer home, water-front bungalow; moderate price; suitable small family; modern conveniences. Open, inspection. G. H. Seward, Sound Beach, Conn., or Address, Room 504, 20 Vesey St., N. Y.

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Pittsfield section; 120 acres; big barns; attractive house, 8 rooms; great views; 2 trout streams. Buildings worth $5,000. Price $4,000; $1,500 cash, balance at 5 per cent. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

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"THE CAMBRIA"
347 West 55th St.
To sublet, finely furnished apartment; two rooms and bath, for the months of July and August; can be seen any day from 3 to 6 P. M., except Saturday and Sunday; references required. Address E. A., (Apartment 5A.)

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Nicely furnished apartment of two rooms and bath; southern exposure; to Oct. 1.

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Nearly one acre of ground, located directly on shore; 11 rooms, 2 baths; beautifully situated; worth $15,000. Owner will sacrifice for $12,000. Attorney, P. O. Box 1431.

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S. E. Cor. Grand & Wooster Sts.
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All improvements, including sprinkler system, electric elevators.
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OR YOUR OWN BROKER.
Booklet sent on request.

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15 Minutes from Herald Square.

One block from Roosevelt Ave. Subway extension to be operated jointly by the Interborough and B. R. T. Five-cent fare to Manhattan now and to any part of the city when this line is built. Do you realize what this means as to future values?

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Homes Overlooking the Glorious Hudson,
or back from the river in the beautiful parklike, woody section with views unsurpassed.

Spuyten Duyvil-on-Hudson, N. Y.
A charming all-year restricted residential community of the best class in N. Y. City.
All City Conveniences—Every Country Comfort
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NEVER AGAIN will such choice properties be so reasonable **AS THIS YEAR**
DON'T WAIT FOR A BOOM YEAR. YOUR OWN TERMS NOW.

Artistic 7-room hewn-stone fireproof studio villa (valley views)..... $13,500
Beautiful 9-room hollow tile, stucco home, every convenience..... 14,000
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Little Cash; unusually attractive prices; terms like rent.
We will build for you; payments to suit approved persons.
Photos, plans, booklet, payment plans, etc.

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Sixty miles macadamized roads, shaded drives and bridle paths, surrounded by five miles of sandy beaches.

Two-story and basement, stucco frame and shingles, natural cobble stone piers. Basement, concrete walls and floor, wash tubs in laundry. Stained hardwood finish floors and interior trim; brick open fireplace; butler's pantry; range and hot-water reservoir in kitchen. Linen closets. French doors and casement windows. Running water and electric light. Plot landscaped and planted.

Will rent furnished with option of purchase.
Golf, tennis, yachting, bathing and a $300,000 club house at your door.

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Managers for BELLE TERRE and ROSLYN ESTATES,
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$4500 BUYS A $5900 HOUSE
Will rent, with option of buying; easy terms.
THIS IS A GREAT BARGAIN; beautiful new house on large plot, specially built, in a restricted private residence park; refined surroundings and high class people; one block from depot; 27 minutes from Manhattan on main electrified line, 120 trains daily; fine trains and trolleys to all points; all improvements; large return veranda; excellent closets; hardwood trim throughout; large living room; panelled dining room; beamed ceilings; parquet floors; steam heat; tiled vestibule and bath; electric lights and gas; up-to-date fixtures; open fireplace, curbs, sidewalks, trees, flowering shrubs, spacious cellar of solid cement; excellent schools and churches; pure air and running water. Call, phone or write immediately for photo and particulars; inspect this rare bargain at my expense. M'NEECE, Suite 403, 354 5th Av., Cambridge Bldg.; Tel. 8425 Madison Square.

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Every essential and possible feature which makes a country home on the water front attractive is found at "WAMPAGE SHORES"—nothing is left to promise—and there are no objectionable features.
The location, in the midst of famous old homesteads, is unsurpassed, and the scenery is of a charm that cannot be described. Plots of 1-3 acre and larger.
Come as our guest and look over this ideally located and splendidly developed property.
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20,000 square feet rich soil, 100 peach trees with each acre; high and dry; title guaranteed; artistic bungalow, $275. Also riverside farms; boating, bathing and fishing; 35 minutes on Lackawanna; one minute from express station; commutation, 13c.; $10 down.
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AT SHORT HILLS.—Five new houses for sale, severally designed by prominent architects of National reputation and most carefully constructed after their specifications; three to five bathrooms each and other most modern comforts, including sleeping porches, maids' dining rooms, etc.; prices ranging from $9,500 to $15,000; will arrange satisfactory terms; within three to fifteen minutes' walk of station; gas, water, electric light, telephone, sewer, macadamized roads.
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$500 cash, balance like rent, will buy this charming house in select Bergen County suburb, high up in the hills, short distance from city; 7 rooms and bath; open plumbing, large attic, concrete cellar, steam heat, gas and electric fixtures, stationary tubs, combination gas and coal range, beam ceiling in dining room, built-in bookcases and sideboard. Builder, 185 Times Downtown.

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In the mountains or on the lake.
"Summer" or "all-year-homes" within 35 minutes of the city.
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$4,750.—The best six-room Semi-Bungalow ever offered for this money; finished in hardwood; large open fireplace and all city improvements. On a large plot with beautiful shade; near station, at Fanwood, N. J. Sold on easy terms. Picture and floor plans sent you free. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

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Are you looking for an investment that will bring you a handsome profit in the near future? Let us send you particulars of a business lot we have for sale at Fanwood, N. J. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

ON account of moving to Boston, will sacrifice my $7,500 house for $6,000. Liberal terms. Address Opportunity, Post Office Box 1,481.

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Beautiful illustrated booklet sent free on application. GORDON & FORMAN.

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NEWARK, N. J.
Fronting on Weequahic Park

Lehigh Valley Station at Property. Lehigh Valley Railroad to build new station at Elizabeth and Meeker Aves. at once. All Lehigh Valley trains to stop at this station.

Handsome houses and beautifully located building plots for sale. The opportunity for a profitable investment is the best ever offered in this city. Now is the time to buy. Come and see for yourself.

Title guaranteed by Fidelity Trust Co.

Take McAdoo Tubes to Newark and Mt. Prospect cars to property.

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FRANK J. BOCK, Manager,
Firemen's Building, Broad and Market Sts., Newark, N. J.

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Owner will sacrifice 14-room all-the-year-round modern country home, with large plot of ground. Within one hour of New York City. Convenient to trolley and express station on D., L. & W. R. R. Write for photograph and floor plans.
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Farms, suburban real estate. List Free. Paul F. Williams, New Brunswick, N. J.

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Will sacrifice for immediate sale artistic seven-room house, delightfully situated on the western slope of the Palisades; three minutes from railroad station; one minute from trolley; contains extra large rooms, including four pleasant bedrooms; ample closets; open fireplace; parquet floors; beam ceilings; porcelain bath and washstands; open plumbing; kitchen range; splendid cellar; furnace; gas and electric light. Will sell at cost. Some cash required, balance on easy terms. Box W 25 Times.

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RUDOLF
Ocean front; every appointment for comfort and luxury; sea water in all baths; no charge for use of baths; American and European. A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr.; JOEL HILLMAN, Pres.

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Monmouth Beach, N. J.
Annex on ocean front. Cottages. Luxurious pool and ocean bathing.
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The NEW MONMOUTH
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Will open for the Season June 15.
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275 ROOMS. 200 BATHS.
Booking representative now in attendance.
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SPRING LAKE BEACH, NEW JERSEY.
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BERMUDA.
Hamilton HOTEL Bermuda
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Lower St. Lawrence River.
Manoir Richelieu; MURRAY BAY, P. Q.
Tadousac Hotel, TADOUSAC, P. Q.
Season June 19th to Sept. 17th.
Immunity from Hay Fever and Malaria.

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noted for picturesque and romantic scenery. The glorious air, the magnificent views and comfortable accommodations are a great attraction in this mountain region, which is a paradise for children and a sanitarium for everybody.

THE ULSTER & DELAWARE R. R. in connection with West Shore Railroad form the only all rail through car line between New York and all points in this famous mountain region.

Also Direct Connection with DAY LINE STEAMERS at KINGSTON POINT.

THE RIP VAN WINKLE FLYER leaves New York via West Shore R. R., Cortlandt St. Ferry, 12:40 P. M. daily except Sunday.

The summer time schedule for season of 1912 will go in effect Sunday, June 23rd.

An illustrated Book with map of the Catskills and list of hotels and boarding houses will be sent free on receipt of 6 cents postage.

N. A. SIMS,
General Passenger Agent,
Kingston, N. Y.

"A Summer Outing Above the Clouds."

Hotel Kaaterskill

Altitude 3,000 feet. Opens June 27.
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Catskill Mountains.

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Dean House

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The Resort Beautiful
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All modern improvements, including elevator. Long-distance 'phone in every room. Private baths. Bathing. Golf. Garage. E. S. MARSHALL, Prop.

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OLD ORCHARD, ME.

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SUPERB VIEW OF ATLANTIC OCEAN

Seashore and country combined. Garage. Booklet and terms on request. BAKER & BAKER.

Dirigo House, Long Island, Casco Bay, Me.

MRS. J. PERRY, Prop. Booklet.

BAR HARBOR, MAINE,
THE LOUISBURG.

NEW ENGLAND—Massachusetts.

IN THE BERKSHIRES,

Red Lion Inn,

STOCKBRIDGE, MASS.

NOW OPEN.
Good road, fine golf, tennis, attractive drives.
N. Y. Office, Hotel Flanders, W. 47th St.

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The Hotel With The Coolest Location

THE KITTATINNY

Leading Hotel at Delaware Water Gap, Pa.

Capacity 500. Every convenience, large airy rooms en suite with private baths and running water. Own farm and dairies. Bell 'Phone 92. Telegraph Offices, Orchestra. Social diversions, golf, tennis, boating, bathing, fishing, canoeing on hotel grounds. Livery, garage, saddle horses. Hotel half mile from station, coaches meet trains. Write for booklet of views and auto maps over new macadam road. Special June and season rates. American Plan. Cafe and Grill.

G. FRANK COPE.

The Hotel of Delaware Water Gap, Pa.

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THE MOUNTAIN PARADISE.

Now open, extensively improved. The most modern and finest located hotel in this region. Cuisine of the highest standard; white service. Orchestra; social diversions; every out-of-door amusement. New beautiful Palm Court and Cafe. Special early season rates. Booklet and auto maps mailed. 6th season. JOHN PURDY COPE.

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Delaware Water Gap, Pa.
QUEEN OF MONROE COUNTY'S MOUNTAIN RESORT.

The Bellevue

Up-to-date in every respect. Excellent table; the popular house for young people; capacity 150; 3 minutes to station; $8 to $15. Booklet. Dancing, golf, and tennis. CONWAY & BLAIR.

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Select location; all amusements; special Spring rates; garage; booklet. GEORGE L. LA BAR.

PENNSYLVANIA—Mt. Pocono.

Mt. Pleasant House

Finest location on Pocono Mountains; steam heat, baths. Special early season rates $10 and up. Write for handsomely illustrated booklet. W. T. & H. M. LEECH.

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DEVONSHIRE PINES

New modern house, on Knob Park; Cap., 150; Special Spring rates; bklt. S. T. CORNISH.

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SAWKILL PINE HOTEL

MILFORD, Pike Co., Pa.

An ideal country, among the pines; entirely new; all improvements; electric lights, running water; private lake; own dairy and farm; auto service; camping and rousching it. Particulars of S. Phillips, 56 W. 21 St., N. Y.

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See Special Advertisement Sunday, N. Y. Times.

PENNSYLVANIA—Canadensis.

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AND FIVE COTTAGES.
Refitted and refurnished under new management.
REOPENS JUNE 30TH.
North Scituate, (South Shore,) Mass.
P. O. Address, Minot, Mass.

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MOUNT CLEMENS, MICHIGAN,

World famous for its curative baths.

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Resumption of Passenger Service Monday, June 10, 1912

ALL-the-WAY-by-WATER

DIRECT BETWEEN **NEW YORK and BOSTON**

Metropolitan Steamship Line

The Great Twin Screw Steel Steamships MASSACHUSETTS and BUNKER HILL.

Metropolitan Steamship Line
Fare, New York to Boston, $4.00
Two-Berth Outside Rooms . . $2.00
Inside Rooms $1.00
Electric Fans in Inside Rooms.

THE EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION is pleased to announce that its Metropolitan Steamship Line direct All-the-Way-by-Water Service between New York and Boston will be inaugurated for the Summer Season of 1912 on Monday, June 10th.

SCHEDULE. (Beginning Monday, June 10th.) Leave New York Week Days and Sundays from Pier 14, North River, foot of Fulton Street, at 5 P.M. Running time between the Cities about 15 hours. THE MASSACHUSETTS AND BUNKER HILL are notable examples of marine architecture; they are equipped with Wireless Telegraphy, Submarine Signal Service, and all facilities to insure the Security and Comfort of passengers. During the past Winter nearly Half a Million Dollars has been invested in providing additional equipment for and general improvement of these vessels. These changes provide for the burning of Oil as Fuel; the addition of many attractive staterooms; the installation of Electric Fans in inside rooms; an outside Dining-room on the Main Deck; a Hurricane Deck Cafe, etc.

MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE Direct All-the-Way-by-Water between **NEW YORK and PORTLAND, ME.**

A DELIGHTFUL LONG ISLAND SOUND & ATLANTIC OCEAN TRIP OF 290 MILES.

SCHEDULE. Leave New York from Pier 15, North River, foot of Vesey St., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 5 P. M.; leave Portland same days at 6:30 P. M. Time between New York and Portland about 22 hours. DAY TRIPS, leaving New York and Portland 10:30 A. M., Mondays, June 24th to Sept. 9th, inclusive.

THE COAST AND INTERIOR OF MAINE AND THE MARITIME PROVINCES are the Greatest Summer Vacation Lands in the World. Thousands of miles of picturesque Sea Coast, Lofty Mountains, Rivers, Lakes, and the Great Pine Woods lure one to this wondrous Outing Land for health and pleasure.

Tickets and all information at Wharf Offices, at 290 Broadway, also at N. Y. Transfer Co. and Tourist Offices generally throughout the city. Address Passenger Traffic Dept., Pier 14, N. R., New York, for Literature and Hotel List.

The Ideal routes are those provided by the All-the-Way-by-Water Service of the

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"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED"

TAKE COLONIAL LINE TO BOSTON, PROVIDENCE

AND NEW ENGLAND SUMMER RESORTS

FARE Boat and Rail BOSTON, $2.65 — PROVIDENCE Direct, $1.75—WORCESTER, Boat and Rail, $2.65.

First-class service, palatial steamers, excellent cuisine, clean, comfortable staterooms (all outside rooms). The only independent line between New York and New England.

Leave Week Days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St.

Write for Booklet. 'Phones, Spring 9491 and 9492.
Uptown Office Broadway and 23d St.

Study Your Comfort and Plan Your Trips by This Route.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M. for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

NEW HIGH CLASS
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
Ready about June 15.
Manhattan Avenue, 122d to 123d St.
Convenient to Subway, 6th and 9th Av. "L" and all street car lines.
Private Residential Section.
2-3-4 Rooms and Bath, Kitchens and Kitchenettes.
5 to 7 large closets in each apartment. Southern exposure; floods of sunlight.
Rents $30 to $50
Large Restaurant
TO LEASE UNFURNISHED.
THE IRADELL
420 WEST 119TH ST.
3 and 5 Large Rooms and Bath
Rents $45 to $60

THE MIDLOTHIAN
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3 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

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Comfortable Apartments in a Fine Neighborhood at moderate prices
Lasanno Court
307 West 79th Street
Elevator, Driveway Entrance
Vacuum Cleaner, Roof Service
6 Rooms $1200.00 to $1500.00
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Under new management
George Rosenfeld
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25 Liberty St.

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250 West 107th St., off Broadway.
To sublet to October 1st, 1913,
One six-room apartment;
One seven-room apartment;
Southern exposure; large, bright rooms; unusual closets; first-class elevator apartment house; modern improvements. Will rent at a sacrifice.

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Handsome, extra large light apartments of eight rooms and bath, with all modern improvements; rents reasonable; possession October 1st. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

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NEAR MADISON AVE.
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High Class Modern Apartments, 8 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished, Hotel Service.
FOR RENTS, ETC.,
See Superintendent on Premises.

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Apartments of 2 rooms, ample closets, etc.

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Plan to go — they'll post you at 171 B'way.

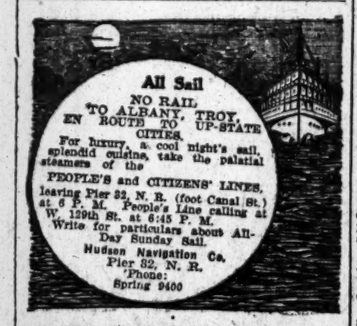
Lve. New York, Pier 19, N. R., ft. of Warren St., 5:30 P. M. Arrive Boston 7 A. M. or 8 A. M.

Fare to Boston, $4

City Ticket Office, 171 B'way, Phone 5121 Cort.

Iron Steamboat Co
CONEY ISLAND
LEAVE WEST 129TH STREET
9:40, 10:40, 11:40 A. M.; 12:40, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:20, 7:30, 8:40 P. M.
LEAVE PIER 1, NORTH RIVER
10:20, 11:25 A. M.; 12:25, 1:25, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 7:00, 8:20, 9:30 P. M.
LEAVE STEEPLECHASE PARK
11:20 A. M.; 12:25, 1:25, 2:25, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:55, 8:25, 9:25, 10:40 P. M.
Round Trip Tickets { From 129th St., 50 Cents. From Pier 1, N. R., 40 Cents.

Fishing Banks, Str. "Taurus"
Leaves 129th St., N.R., 7:20 A.M.; Pier (new) 1, N.R., 8:20 A.M. Bait and tackle on board. Fare: Gentlemen, 75c.; Ladies, 50c.; Children, 25c.



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50 ¢
The most economical way is via Steamers { FRANK JONES / KAATERSKILL of the CAPITAL CITY LINE, 'Phone 507-508 Spring, which leave Pier 46, North River, at 5:30 P. M.; W. 129th Street at 6 P. M. daily, including Sunday. Fare 50 cents. For particulars apply to CAPITAL CITY LINE, Pier 46, N. R. Phone 507-508 Spring.

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Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
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For Newburgh, Po'keepsie, Kingston, from ft. Franklin St., week days, except Saturday, 4 p. m.; West 129th St. at 4.30 p. m. Saturdays 1 p. m. West 129th St., 1.30 p. m.
For Newburgh and lower landings, week days, except Saturday, Franklin St., 5 p. m. Saturdays 3 p. m.; West 129th St., 3.30 p. m.

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For Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie and Way Landings steel steamers Clermont (new) and Cornelia leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., 6:30 P. M. Yonkers (City Dock) 7:30 P. M. Daily except Sunday. See time tables at all hotels and railway offices for full information. Telephone 1097 Spring.

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Steamboats leave foot of West Houston Street, 5.30 P. M.; foot of West 129th Street, 6 P. M. Phone 9226 Harlem.

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LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
S.S. VICTORIA LUISE
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Largest S. S. Co in the World
Over 400 SHIPS 1,210,000 TONS

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Pres. Lincoln...June 8, 11 AM
Amerika.....June 13, 9 AM
†Pretoria.....June 15, 9 AM
‡Second Cabin only. §Will call at Boulogne. *First cabin only.

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Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa.
S. S. MOLTKE
July 6, 10 A. M.
S. S. Moltke August 20, 11 A. M.

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Nov. 9, 1912. (From New York) | Feb. 27, 1913, (From San Fran.)
By the S. S. CLEVELAND (17,000 Tons.)
DURATION EACH CRUISE 110 DAYS | COST $650 UP
including all necessary expenses aboard and ashore, railway, hotel, shore excursions, carriages, guides, fees, etc.

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SPECIAL SUMMER RATES TO
JAMAICA and the PANAMA CANAL
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JUNE TO OCTOBER
WEEKLY SAILINGS
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11 to 18 Days $75
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—NEXT SAILING—
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February 15 to April 25, 1913
Seventy-two Glorious Days of Cruising; by the
NEW CUNARDER "LACONIA" 18,200 Tons
Cost $400 up, including hotels, drives, guides, etc.
VISITING: Madeira, Spain, Algiers, Malta, Athens, Constantinople, 10 days in Palestine and Egypt, Rome, Riviera, etc. Stopover in Europe and return by swift S. S. "Mauretania" and "Lusitania." Send for program.
Tours to Europe, So. America, Round World.
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FOOT WEST 23D ST. ALL CARS TRANSFER.
10:30 A. M. Sailing around N. Y. Lecturer & Steamer 2:30 P. M. for chairs aboard. Phone 4189 Greeley.

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Sight-Seeing Yacht Clifton
Around Manhattan Island. Lecturer aboard. Daily, 10:30 A. M. & 2:30 P. M. Foot West 42d St. Office, Flatiron Building. Tel. 5461 Gram.

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Hudson River Day Line

Steamer HENDRICK HUDSON, ROBERT FULTON or ALBANY leaves Desbrosses St. 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M. Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Daily except Sunday. Direct rail connections. Music, Restaurant.

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Afternoon boat for Rondout and way landings leaves Deab. St. 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by boat or rail.

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DAVIDSON VACATION SCHOOL
Coolbaugh, Pa., Blue Ridge Mountain.
Write for Catalogue.
Dr. D. Davidson, 1,190 Madison Av., New York. 'Phone 3488 Lenox.

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INGLESIDE—A School for Girls
Founded by Mrs. Wm. D. Black.
New Milford, Litchfield Co., Conn.
School year opens Tuesday, October 1st, 1912.
MRS. WILLIAM BLACK PELL, Patroness.

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Camp Champlain For Boys, Mallett's Bay, Lake Champlain, Vt.
For full particulars address J. Clark Read, Berkeley School, 72d St. and West End Av., N.Y.

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WINTERROTH PIANOS,
105 East 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.
Pianos for seashore, country; uprights, $75; squares, $10; easy payments; player pianos, $250 up.

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We will pay highest cash price for your furniture, pianos, paintings, bric-a-brac, rugs; can't sell until you receive our offer. Flat, 115 University Place. Telephone 2298 Stuyvesant.

A telephone call to The New York Times, Bryant 1000, will enable you to insert a Help Wanted advertisement in the next day's Times.

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LONDON — PARIS — BREMEN
SAILINGS AT 10 A. M.

Kronprinzessin Cecilie	June 11	July 9	Aug. 6	Sept. 10	
George Washington	June 15	July 13	Aug. 10	Sept. 5	
Kronprinz Wilhelm	June 18	July 16	Aug. 20	Sept. 17	
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm	June 20	July 27	Aug. 24	Sept. 21	
Kaiser Wilhelm II	June 25	July 23	Aug. 27	Sept. 24	
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse	July 2	July 30	Sept. 3	Oct. 1	
Berlin	July 6	Aug. 17			

TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE

Koenigin Luise	June 8	July 25
Grosser Kurfuerst	July 2	Sept. 12
Koenig Albert	July 4	
Friedrich der Grosse	Aug. 13	Sept. 19
Bremen	Aug. 31	

THE MEDITERRANEAN

Prinzess Irene	June 15	Sept. 7
Friedrich der Grosse	July 6	
Koenig Albert	Aug. 17	Sept. 21

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Quickest Route—6 Ships a Week
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ATLANTA—MACON—AUGUSTA BIRMINGHAM—MONTGOMERY
All points South and Southeast, via
Clyde Steamship Company
Ticket Offices { 290 Broadway, cor. Reade St. / 958 Broadway, cor. 23d St. / Pier 36, North River, New York.

Sea Trip for Summer Vacation
New York to
Havana and back $65
including all expenses. Eight-day outing, allowing seven days on the water and one day for brief visit on shore. Other attractive trips, including ten-day trip to
Bahamas and back $50
and a special trip to
Mexico and back $84.60
for school teachers. Sixteen days at sea, allowing attractive shore visits. Write for literature, itineraries and further particulars.
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General Office, Pier 14, East River, N.Y.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

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Fortnightly Sailings
BERMUDA
Sailings every 5 Days in connection with Quebec S. S. Co. Tickets Interchangeable.
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The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
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EXPRESS SERVICE TO AND FROM PANAMA BY MODERN TWIN-SCREW MAIL STEAMERS UP TO 11,000 TONS REGISTER. 16 DAYS NEW YORK TO CALLAO. 23 DAYS NEW YORK TO VALPARAISO. SERVICES TO
COLOMBIA AND ECUADOR
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OR ANY STEAMSHIP TICKET AGENT.

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The CONTINENTAL HOTEL
First class. Facing Cent. Station. No carriage needed. App. and single rooms with bath and toilet. Position unique and very quiet.
BEAUTIFUL GARDEN.
This hotel can be confidently recommended to American families.
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Facing 3 Alster Lakes. Winter 1911 entirely rebuilt. Rooms with bath and running water. Every possible comfort. Moderate charges.

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CITY HOTEL
New first-class house, near the Central Station. Running hot and cold water in each room. Rooms with private baths. Moderate Charges.
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FRANCE'S GREATEST RAILWAY.
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Leading hotels, magnificent situation. 250 Rooms, 100 Bathrooms.
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In Fashionable and Healthy Locality.
Reduced Inclusive Terms during August and September.

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CUNARD

Express Steamers' Temporary Change of Sailing Date

For the convenience and comfort of its passengers to London and beyond, The Cunard Line has decided to sail its Express Steamers (Wednesday Service) at 5 P. M. Tuesday so long as they continue on the present extreme southerly track. The change of sailing hour becomes effective with the sailing of the Mauretania on June 11th.

The Fastest Steamers in the World

Mauretania June 11, 5 P.M. July 23
July 2, 5 P.M.
Lusitania June 18, 5 P.M. Aug. 6
July 9, 5 P.M. Aug. 27

CAMPANIA JUNE 5, 1 A.M. July 16 | **CARONIA** June 29, 10 A. M. Aug. 24 | **CARMANIA** Aug. 10, 10 A. M.
June 25, 5 P.M. Aug. 13 | July 31 10 A. M. Sept. 21 | Sept. 7, 10 A. M.

LIVERPOOL, LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
VIA QUEENSTOWN AND FISHGUARD
Mauretania and Lusitania do not stop at Queenstown, eastbound.

New York-Mediterranean-Adriatic Service
Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume.
Write for Itinerary. Sailing hour noon.

CARPATHIA	SAXONIA	PANNONIA	IVERNIA
a June 4	June 12	a b June 20	July 3
a July 18	Aug. 1	a b Aug. 8	Aug 22

a Omits Madeira. b Omits Genoa. Quotations furnished for any Tours.
Round the World Trips $600. Special through rates to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, South America.
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THE LARGEST STEAMER IN THE WORLD
New 45,324 Ton **OLYMPIC** Sails from NEW YORK **JUNE 15** 10:00 A.M.
JULY 6 AUG. 17
JULY 27 SEPT. 7

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BALTIC.....June 6, 12 noon
PHILADELPHIA.....June 8, 9:30 A. M.
OCEANIC.....June 8, 12 noon
MINNEAPOLIS.....June 8, 11 A. M.
VADERLAND.....June 8, 10 A. M.
CEDRIC.....June 13, 12 noon

AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 10:00 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Philadelphia ...June 8 | New York .....June 22
St. Louis .....June 15 | St. Paul .....June 29

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct. Pr. 58, N.R.
Min'polis, June 8, 11 AM | Minnetonka .....June 29
Minnehaha, June 22, 11AM | Minneapolis .....July 6

RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
Vaderland .....June 8 | Kroonland .....June 22
Lapland .....June 15 | Zeeland .....June 29

WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Oceanic....June 8, noon | Majestic .....June 22
Olympic (nw). Je.15,10AM | Oceanic .....June 29
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Baltic.....June 6, noon | Celtic .....June 20
Cedric.....June 13, noon | Adriatic .....June 27

BOSTON-MEDITERRANEAN PORTS
Canopic.....June 8, 4 P.M. | Cretic .....June 29

CANADIAN SERVICE
LARGEST STEAMERS from CANADA
Montreal via Quebec to Liverpool.
Megantic .....June 8 | Laurentic .....June 22
*Teutonic .....June 15 | Canada .....June 29
*Only One Class of Cabin (II) Passengers.

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Tours, Inc. Hotels, Shore Excursions, Lowest Rates. Twin Screw S. S. "BERMUDIAN," 10,518 tons displacement. Sails every 10 days.
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To Quebec
via Halifax, N. S., most delightful cruise of 1500 miles. Magnificent scenery; Northumberland Strait. Gulf and River St. Lawrence and far-famed Saguenay River. S. S. "Trinidad" from New York July 6th and 20th, August 3d and 17th. From Quebec July 13th and 26th, August 9th and 23d.
For full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 and 2389 Broadway, 264 and 583 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or QUEBEC S. S. Co., Ltd., Quebec.

BERMUDA
SHORT OCEAN TOURS to these delightful Islands, now in full floral beauty.
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8 DAY TOUR | Inclusive Fares | $39.00
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SOUTH AMERICA
THE WORLD'S GREAT GARDEN
BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AYRES & ROSARIO.
By the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
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From New York 5th and 20th of each month.
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents, or BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents, 301 Produce Exchange, New York.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
Paris—London—Rotterdam.
Twin-screw sailings Tues. 10 A. M.
*Potsdam .....June 4
†New Amsterdam.....June 11
*Noordam.....June 18
*Ryndam .....June 25
*VIA BOULOGNE SUR M.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.
Office 39 B'way, N. Y.

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DAILY SERVICE.
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 25, N. R., foot of North Moore St. every week day at 3 P. M.
W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

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FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA
AZORES, LISBON, NAPLES, MARSEILLES, etc.
Weekly Sailings (approx.) Write for literature.
1st class rate, $75.00 & up. 2nd class, $55.00.
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Russian Imperial Mail Steamers
8 Days to Rotterdam
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New Twin Screw Passenger Steamers

KURSK	CZAR	RUSSIA
June 6th	June 15th	June 29th
To Rotterdam		To Libau
$65 upw.	First Cabin	$75 upw.
$48 upw.	Second Cabin	$50 upw.

Rail Connections to Paris, London, Berlin, Vienna, St. Petersburg, Moscow. Finest First and Second Cabin Accommodations. Wireless Telegraphy.
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22-DAY CRUISE FROM NEW YORK EVERY WEDNESDAY; 24-DAY CRUISE EVERY SATURDAY IN BIG, COOL STEAMERS, SPECIALLY BUILT FOR TROPICAL TRAVEL.
Low Summer Rates
Steamer is your hotel for entire cruise. Air-cooled staterooms and every modern comfort. Meteorological summary gives maximum Summer temperature at Colon on the Atlantic as 84°, and 81° on Pacific side; minimum 74°. Jamaica about the same. Write for illustrated booklet.
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Or Any Tourist or Steamship Agency. 9

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS (France).
Sailing Every Thursday at 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.
*La Provence.....June 6 | *La Provence.....June 27
*La Savoie.....June 13 | *La Lorraine.....July 4
†France (new).....June 20 | †France (new).....July 11
*Twin-screw steamer. †Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3 P. M.
One class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
*Chicago.....June 8
General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y.

*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA †LA VELOCE. ‡ITALIA Societa di

ITALIAN LINES 21-24 State St., N. Y.
Navigazione a Vapore.
To Naples & Genoa Direct.
‡Ancona..June 11, 11 AM
*America..June 26, 11 AM
†Oceania..June 29, 11 AM
*D. D'Aosta..Je. 30—11 AM
New, large, Twin Screw Steamers, all outside rooms.
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., General Agents.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via Moville LONDONDERRY
Columbia..June 8, 1 PM | Cameronian..June 22, 1 PM
California..June 15, 9 AM | Caledonia..June 29, 9 AM
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
For new Illustrated Book of Tours apply HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.
Sun rises..4:30 | Sun sets..7:26 | Moon rises..11:39

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:28	10:35	4:26	4:50
Governors Island	10:51	10:58	5:16	4:56
Hell Gate	12:41	12:48	6:55	6:36

Arrived—Monday, June 3.

SS Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam, May 25.
SS Chicago, Havre, May 26.
SS Montevideo, Havana, May 29.
SS Esperanza, Vera Cruz, May 25.
SS Altai, Kingston, May 27.
SS Obidense, Fort Antonio, May 28.
SS Orotava, Bermuda, June 1.
SS La Flandre, Antwerp, May 14.
SS Helen, Baracoa, May 29.
SS Meissen, Glasgow, May 22.
SS Stephano, St. John's, May 29.
SS Creole, New Orleans, May 29.
SS El Oriente, Galveston, May 28.
SS Knight of Garter, Philadelphia, June 2.
SS San Juan, San Juan, May 28.
SS Huron, Jacksonville, May 31.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah, June 1.
SS Aymeric, Rio Janeiro, May 4.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Yumuri	Manzanillo	May 28
Cheyenne	Liverpool	May 17
Welsh Prince	Gibraltar	May 20
St. Laurent	Havre	May 30
Matanzas	Tampico	May 25
Vaderland	Antwerp	May 23
Minneapolis	London	May 25
Ancona	Gibraltar	May 23
Kronprinzessin Cecilie	Cherbourg	May 29
Carrillo	Kingston	May 29
Brazos	Galveston	May 29

DUE TO-MORROW.

Oceanic	Southampton	May 29
Athinai	Patras	May 22
City of Manchester	Dunkirk	May 24
Koenigin Luise	Bremen	May 25
Thames	Kingston	May 31
Saxonia	Naples	May 22
P. de Piemonte	Palermo	May 25
Curityba	Nipe	May 31
Havana	Havana	June 2
Prinz Eitel Friedrich	Kingston	May 31
El Dia	Galveston	May 30

DUE THURSDAY.

Buffalo	Hull	May 18
Clothilde Cuneo	Jamaica	June 1
Comus	New Orleans	June 1
Eastern Prince	Port Spain	May 28
Ida Cuneo	Santa Marta	May 31
Santa Marta	Kingston	June 1
Voltaire	Barbados	May 31
Exeter City	Swansea	May 25
Lux	Santander	May 22
Sant' Anna	Gibraltar	May 28

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
K. Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Carpathia, Naples	——	12:00 M.
Potsdam, Rotterdam	——	10:00 A.M.
Tennyson, Rio Janeiro	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Portuguese Prince, Montevideo	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Montoso, Ponce	——	12:00 M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Cid, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

*Campania, Liverpool	——	1:00 A.M.
Orotava, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Philadelphia, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Almirante, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Cherokee, Turks Island	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Christopher, Barbados	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Antilles, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
Huron, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
San Marcos, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.

*Mail closes 9:30 P. M. Tuesday; no supplementary mail on pier.

SAIL THURSDAY.

Victoria Luise, Hamburg	6:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Provence, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Baltic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Esperanza, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Altai, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Volturno, Rotterdam	——	3:00 P.M.
Kurak, Libau	——	3:00 P.M.
Heilig Olav, Christiansand	——	2:00 P.M.
Venezia, Naples	——	3:00 P.M.
Chippewa, Brunswick	——	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Norte, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

By Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JUNE 3, (MARCONI.)
SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Bremen to New York, 650 miles E. at 10:10 A. M.; due 4th, 3 P. M. North German Lloyd.
SS Vaderland, Antwerp to New York, 835 miles E. at 5 A. M.; due 4th, 9 A. M. Red Star Line.
SS Ancona, Naples to New York, 925 miles E. at noon 1st; due 4th, 9 A. M. Italian Line.
SS Curityba, Kingston to New York, 430 miles S. at 9 A. M.
SS Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Kingston to New York, 355 miles S. at 6 P. M. Hamburg-American Line.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The barometric pressure continues low along the north border from Minnesota to Maine, where the weather has been unsettled with scattered rains.

Showers have also fallen within the last twenty-four hours over the Atlantic seaboard and in the Gulf States. In all other parts of the country fair weather continued.

Temperature is considerably lower in the Middle Atlantic States and New England, the Upper Mississippi Valley, and the Northwest. Unseasonable warm weather continues on the Pacific slope.

Temperatures were also over 100 degrees Monday afternoon in the interior of California and Southern Arizona, the highest reading reported being 112 degrees at Yuma.

The indications are that there will be showers Tuesday in Northern New England, Northern New York, and Tuesday and Wednesday in the South Atlantic and Gulf States. In all other parts of the country fair weather will continue for the next forty-eight hours.

Temperatures will be somewhat lower by Wednesday in the North Atlantic States.

Winds along the New England Coast will be moderate west; Middle Atlantic Coast, light to moderate southwest and west; South Atlantic Coast, light variable, mostly south and southeast.

Steamships departing Tuesday for European ports will have moderate to brisk winds, with fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair Tuesday, probably preceded by showers in extreme north portion; Wednesday fair, slightly cooler; moderate west winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Probably fair Tuesday and Wednesday, not much change in temperature, moderate west winds.

Southern New England—Fair Tuesday and probably Wednesday, slightly cooler Wednesday; moderate winds.

Northern New England—Unsettled Tuesday, probably local showers; Wednesday fair and cooler; moderate west winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
3 A. M.	67	68	4 P. M.	66	79
6 A. M.	68	68	6 P. M.	65	79
9 A. M.	68	74	9 P. M.	63	75
12 M.	65	76	12 M.	64	70

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 74; for the corresponding date last year it was 65; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 65.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 70; at 8 P. M. it was 76. Maximum temperature 80 degrees at 4:30 P. M.; minimum 67 degrees at 12:30 A. M. Humidity 70 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 55 per cent. at 8 P. M.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.

3:50—12 E. 182d St.; M. Greenberg..Unknown
4:50—208 8th Av.; Abraham Tork.....Trifling
4:57—1,439 Rosedale Av.; Mrs. Rutler....$50
5:50—1,794 Lexington Av.; Louis Patterson.. Slight
6:55—12 White St.; Ireland Brothers and others $100,000
7:45—364 7th Av.; N. Y. Edison Co....Trifling
9:00—247 and 249 E. 119th St.; Harry Cohen.. Slight
9:10—157 and 159 Suffolk St.; Jacob Schneider .....Slight
9:10—185 Rivington St.; Philip Goldstein..$200
9:45—341 E. 24th St.; Jacob Miller....Slight
11:50—343 E. 6th St.; Samuel Mandeel.....$10

P. M.

12:01—428 W. 17th St.; Theodore Schultz..Slight
1:55—Central Park West and Sixtieth St.; not given .....Trifling
2:05—1,978 2d Av.; Abraham Korn.....Trifling
2:50—320 W. 25th St.; Western Electric Co.. Trifling
3:00—22 St. Mark's Place; Nathan Haussman $50
3:15—626 Water St.; John Doon.....Trifling
6:05—1,334 Herschel St., Bronx; Albert Berrian $300
6:55—31 E. 21st St.; Schwartzkoff & Sammore $200
7:20—79 Murray St.; Neidlinger Bros..$15,000
7:40—400 Manhattan Av.; H. Strauss..Trifling
8:15—10 and 12 Vandewater St.; Lewis Roberts.....$100,000
8:15—68 East 109th St.; M. Bellinger..Trifling
8:25—25 Spielanecy St.; M. Feldman..Trifling
10:00—988 Simpson St., the Bronx; Arthur Medelansky.....Trifling

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

PHILIP H. ADEE, (died May 26;) left more than $10,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty; to William T. Adee, nephew, $500, and one-eighth residue; to Geraldine F. Adee, Jr., niece, same; to George T. Adee, nephew, $5,500, and one-twelfth residue; to Ellen L. Adee, niece, $500 and one-twelfth residue; to Juliet Adee Townsend, niece, same; to Clara T. A. Collier, sister, one-fourth residue; to Edwin M. Adee, brother, same; to John B. Mills, $500; to Georgette C. Dana, $500; to Philip E. Connell, $2,500; to George A. Braisted, $100, and to Hamilton Ingersoll, $5,000.

MATILDA WYNKOOP, (died May 15;) left $50 realty and $5,000 personalty; $2,525 each to Harvey H. Wynkoop, brother, and Anna E. Terry, sister.

EDWARD E. SLUMUSKY, (died May 2;) left more than $10,000 personalty; legacies of unestimated value to Emma Slumsky, wife; Bluma Slumusky, sister, and Juliet Moses, Isabel F. Basset, Nellie Wineman, Alma Rosenberg, Jessie Leeds, Blanche Weller, and Agnes Abrahams, nieces.

GEORGE E. PAULMANN, (died March 9;) left more than $10,000 realty and $100 personalty to Augusta Paulmann, wife.

EUPHEMIA HENRIQUES, (died May 22;) left more than $1,000 realty and more than $1,000 personalty; about $100 each to Clarence A., Alfred A., Frederic A., Edgar, Arthur J., Leon, and Harry A. Henriques, nephews, and Nina Louise, Eugenia, and Estelle Henriques and Emily Aida Rowe and Emily Myers, nieces.

JOHANNA SULLIVAN, (died May 16;) left $5,000 personalty; legacies of unestimated value to eight nieces and nephews.

ISRAEL ZELEWSKY, (died May 1;) left $1,000 personalty to Betsy Zelewsky, wife.

HANNA J. HULL, (died May 16;) left $21,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty; to George Raymond, $5; Chester H. Hull, grandson, one-half residue; Argall Le Roy Hull, grandson, one-half residue; John Darling, $6,000; Helen Darling, $4,000; Edna C. Bloss, unknown; Mary Gallagher, $300.

THOMAS O'BRIEN, (died May 7;) left $1,900 personalty to John Walsh, friend.

BERNARD JOSEPH KELLY, (died April 30;) left $10,000 personalty; to Susan Kelly, wife, $4,500, and $1,000 each to John Kelly, brother; Selleck J. Scofield, son, and Benard Kelly, nephew.

ADAM NICKEL, (died May 18;) left more than $10,000 personalty; legacies of unestimated value to Selma Nickel, wife; Henry A. Nickel, son, and Emma Schurr, Katherine Kopp, Harriet Prosser, and Beatrice Nickel, daughters.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser transmitted the following appraisals under the inheritance tax law yesterday to Anthony J. Barrett, Chief Clerk of the Transfer Tax Office of the Surrogates' Court:

Estate of CHARLES J. HEINSHEIMER, (died Dec. 22, 1910;) net New York personalty, $828,253.10, including membership in New York Stock Exchange, $70,000; New York City bonds, $204,872.82; Woodstock Iron and Steel Corporation, $4,550; Milner Coal & Railroad Company, $1,000; Harmonic Club, $1,000; Criterion Club, $300; 76 shares Alabama Mineral Land Company, $7,600; 48 shares American Speaking Telephone Company, $2,880; 85 shares The Bradstreet Company, $14,875; 25 shares 27 and 29 Pine Street Company, $1,000.

Estate of EMILY MASON DAWES, (died Nov. 18, 1910;) net personalty, $3,559.14.

Estate of ELIZABETH MONAHAN, (died June 6, 1910;) net personalty, $18,997.05.

Estate of FREDERICK HOFER, (died March 27, 1911;) net personalty, $428.23.

Estate of JOHN P. BLACKINGTON, (died Nov. 11, 1910;) net personalty, $13,470.89, including 37 shares National Park Bank, $12,973.13; 10 shares American Express Company, $2,350.

Estate of MATILDA L. PIRSSON, (died Oct. 28, 1911;) net personalty, $6,768.98.

CHANGES OF NAME.

ADAM SCHMULEWITZ of 480 East 171st Street, to ADAM HART; assumed the name of Hart three years ago because he found that the name of Schmulewitz was too difficult to pronounce. City Court Judge Smith.

HENRY GEORGE WOEHL of 991 Union Avenue, the Bronx, to HENRY GEORGE TOWNSEND; desires to assume the name of his stepfather, whose name he has borne since he was three years old. City Court Judge Smith.

ABRAHAM MOSICK, a traveling salesman living at 2,226 Adams Place, the Bronx, to ALBERT MORSE; because the pronunciation of his name is like the word "moresick," he is frequently subjected to derision and annoyance and he desires to assume one which will eliminate this. City Court Judge Smith.

MORRIS NECHANKUS, a painter and decorator, living at 17 East 118th Street, to MORRIS NATHANSON; has done work under contracts using the name of Nathanson, and he believes that he ought to assume that name legally. His name was difficult to pronounce and he assumed the name of Nathanson several years ago. Supreme Court, Justice Blanchard.

EDUCATION NOTES.

District Supt. Edward W. Stitt has left town to attend the meeting of the Recreation Congress at Cleveland, Ohio. It opens to-morrow. He will deliver an address before it on Saturday. His expenses will be paid by the Department of Education.

The Women Principals Eligible List Association will hold a meeting on Friday afternoon.

Games by 200 kindergarten pupils will be played in the gymnasium of the Brooklyn Training School for Teachers, Park Place, near Nostrand Avenue, to-morrow afternoon.

Associate City Supts. Edward B. Shallow and Thomas S. O'Brien will be among the speakers at the commencement exercises of the College of Mount St. Mary at Plainfield, N. J., on June 12.

The Parents' Association of Public School 4, Fulton and Third Avenues, the Bronx, held a meeting in the school building last evening.

It is probable that at the next meeting of the Board of Education a report will be received from the Committee on Studies and Textbooks on the resolution offered by Commissioner Thomas W. Churchill a little more than three months ago relative to the simplification, revision, and elasticity of certain subjects in the course of study.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Probationary doorman qualified as patrolman, appointed and assigned as indicated—Frank G. Whiteside, 276th Precinct.

Transfers—Patrolmen N. Capobianco, 43d to 153d Precinct; J. J. Gannon, 148th Precinct to B. B. H. Squad.

Mutual transfers—Patrolmen H. W. Puck, Jr., 31st to 146th Precinct, and W. F. Long, 146th to 31st.

Assignments—Patrolmen J. J. Gannon, B. B. H. Squad, to Assistant Property Clerk's office; D. O'Kane, 5th Precinct, and T. Flannery, 276th, as acting doormen in their respective precincts.

Temporary assignment—Lieut. Edward I. Walsh, 18th Precinct, to command 26th Precinct during absence of Captain Day for twenty days from Aug. 3.

Assignment discontinued—Patrolman James M. Wolfe, 5th Precinct, as acting doorman.

Fire Department.

Chaplain appointed—The Rev. Joseph H. Ivie, with honorary rank of Chief of Battalion.

Chaplain's resignation accepted—The Rev. Edward H. M. Knapp.

Inspector of Combustibles appointed—K. Sellers Kennard.

Inspector of Blasting appointed—James C. Redmond.

Appointed after three months' probation and assigned as indicated: Firemen—D. J. Sullivan, Engine 7; J. F. King, No. 2, Engine 13; J. W. McMahon, Engine 20; B. J. Varga, Engine 30; J. J. Skelly, Jr., Engine 31; J. A. Coffey, Engine 33; H. Monsky, Engine 72; I. W. Upton, Engine 102; W. L. Berger, Engine 103; William M. Geary, Engine 105; G. F. Molloy, Engine 107; B. Schumacher, Engine 124; G. Schell, Engine 126; W. S. Thompson, Hook and Ladder 3; H. D. Bell, Hook and Ladder 20; J. L. Melody, Hook and Ladder 24; J. J. Marshall, Hook and Ladder 39; E. J. Cassidy, Hook and Ladder 58; T. H. McQuillan, Hook and Ladder 68; F. J. Murray, Engine 2.

Pensioned after more than twenty years' service, on his own application—Edward S. Root, Chief of Twenty-first Battalion, at $1,650 per annum.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

At the fifth annual meeting of the National Assembly of Civil Service Commissions, which will be held at Spokane, Wash., on June 21 and 22, Thomas C. Murray, who is Assistant Chief Examiner of the Municipal Civil Service Commission of New York City, will speak about "What is New on Broadway."

The closing medical test in the examination of the male applicants for Inspector in the Bureau of Fire Prevention will be held on June 6, 7, and 8. There are 2,695 applicants.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved the following:

Request of the Commissioner of Parks, Brooklyn, for authority to extend the temporary appointment of Daniel McLaughlin, gardener, for an additional fifteen days.

Request of the Secretary of the Armory Board for authority to employ James L. Bergen, H. S. Stegman, and Edmund Schoonmaker as watchmen for fifteen days, pending a selection from the eligible list.

Request of the Board of Water Supply for approval of the employment of Robert L. Fairbairn as rodman; compensation $960 a year.

Request of Deputy and Acting Controller Mathewson for approval of the emergency appointment of Augustus S. Dominick as searcher.

Requisition from the Secretary of the Department of Correction for names from which to apoint two stationary engineers for a temporary period of twelve weeks. Certification of six names approved.

Requisition of the Commissioner of Public Works, Manhattan, for additional names from which to make one appointment to the position of steam roller engineman. Certification of ten names approved.

Request of the Secretary of the Commissioner of Public Works for approval of the reassignment of Annie E. Morrisey, attendant, who has been absent since June 6, 1911, on account of illness.

Request of the Supervisor of The City Record for approval of the emergency appointment of George W. Mitchell as stationer for an additional fifteen days.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an examination on June 29 to fill a vacancy in the position of Supervisor of Athletics under the Bureau of Education, Manila, Philippine Islands, at a salary of $1,500 a year. It will not be necessary for applicants to appear at any place for examination. Their eligibility will be determined upon the evidence furnished in connection with application and examination forms, concerning their training, experience, and fitness, which papers may be obtained from H. C. Coles, Secretary of the United States Civil Service Commission, New York Custom House. It is desired to obtain for this position a man whose training and experience qualify him to supervise general athletic work, including the training of men for all kinds of athletic games. He should be primarily a teacher of such sports and have an inspiring and enthusiastic personality. It will be necessary for him to establish schedules and supervise general meets and to give advice to those teachers who are directly in charge of provincial and other athletic teams. He should be able to handle his work from the planning to the obtaining of results. Applicants must be willing to enter into a contract requiring at least two years' residence in the Philippine Islands. The age limit is eighteen to forty years on the date of the examination.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Each of the following officers will proceed to Fort Riley, Kansas: Capt. D. H. Currie, Third Field Artillery; First Lieut. H. Pfeil, First Field Artillery; First Lieut. A. E. King, Jr., Sixth Field Artillery.

Capt. E. Davis, Thirteenth Cavalry, will report to the commandant Mounted Service School, Fort Riley, Kansas.

Leave for two months granted Col. C. H. Clark, Ordnance.

First Lieut. W. H. Smith, Medical Corps, is detailed as a member of the Board of Officers of the Medical Corps at Fort Sheridan, Illinois.

Major G. M. D. Van Poole and First Lieut. J. R. Mount, Medical Corps, appointed to meet at Fort Sheridan, Illinois.

Capt. E. D. Powers, Coast Artillery, detailed in the Quartermaster's Department July 2, and will proceed to New London, Conn.

Leave granted Major G. C. Suffrans, Seventeenth Infantry, for three months.

Leave of absence for three months granted First Lieut. Marion W. Howze, Third Field Artillery.

Leave for three months, to take effect about July 1, is granted First Lieut. W. St. J. Gervey, Jr., Infantry.

Leave of absence for two months, to take effect about June 30, granted Capt. A. U. Faulkner, First Field Artillery.

Leave granted First Lieut. P. D. Glassford, First Field Artillery.

The Navy.

Lieut. Commander R. D. White, detailed office Naval Intelligence, to Naval Attache, Rome, Italy, and Vienna, Austria.

Lieut. W. E. Eberle to Naval War College, Summer conference.

Lieut. R. A. Koch to Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department.

Lieut. J. J. Hanigan, detached South Dakota, to Asiatic station.

Lieut. H. B. Riebe, detached California, to Colorado.

Lieut. Thomas Withers, Jr., detached Glacier, to Colorado.

Lieut. J. B. Rhodes, detached California, to Glacier.

Lieut. A. S. Rees, detached South Dakota, to Colorado.

Lieut. H. Campbell, detached Panther, to New Hampshire.

Lieut. D. S. H. Howard, detached Iowa, and resignation accepted.

Lieut. S. A. Taffinger, detached Buffalo; home; wait orders.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Justin at Tiburon, Petrel at Lake Providence, Potomac at Boston, Solace at Key West, Abarenda at Shanghai, Flusser at New London, Perkins, Sterret, and Walke at Newport; North Dakota at Hampton Roads, Fortune, A3, and A5 at Santa Barbara; Potomac at Rockland, Me.; Ammen and Trippe at Newport; Florida, Utah, and Delaware at Hampton Roads; Whipple, Hull, Preble, and Stewart at Mare Island; Rainbow at Chingwangtao, Eagle at Guantanamo.

Sailed—Justin from Mare Island to Tiburon; Petrel, from Greenville, Miss., for Lake Providence, La.; Potomac, from Boston for Rockland, Me.; Nebraska, from Key West to assistance of Mars; Patuxent and Osceola, from Key West to assistance of Mars; Fortune, A3, and A5, from San Pedro for Santa Barbara; Utah, from navy yard, New York, for Hampton Roads; Florida, from navy yard, New York, for Hampton Roads; Delaware, from New York city, for Hampton Roads; Montgomery, from Norfolk for Newport; Foote, from Wilmington, N. C., for Southport, N. C.; Flusser, frm Newport, for New London; Perkins, Sterret, Walke, from navy yard, New York, for Newport; Ammen and Trippe, from Boston for Newport; Whipple, Hull, Preble, and Stewart, from Santa Barbara for Mare Island; Lebanon, from Key West to assistance of Mars; Petrel, from Lake Providence, La., for New Orleans; Maryland from Santa Barbara for San Francisco; Rainbow, from Taku for Chingwangtao; Rainbow, from Chingwangtao for Chefoo; Mayflower, from Washington for Hampton Roads.

Every telephone is a branch agency for The New York Times Want advertisements. They may be telephoned from any telephone in New York or its suburbs.

Lost and Found

LOST.—At Holy Cross Cemetery, on Tuesday afternoon, lady's black handbag, containing 3 diamond rings and money. Liberal reward if returned to Mrs. G. Robertson, 434 45th St., Brooklyn. Telephone 4584 Sunset.

LOST.—Southern Pacific Company Common Stock Certificate No. A37912 for 25 shares in the name of "Joseph C. Widmer"; notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicate should not be issued. Joseph C. Widmer.

LOST—An onyx breastpin, having a centre gold leaf with small pearls and two bands of gold around leaf, on 120th St., between Amsterdam and Riverside Drive. Return to 400 West 118th, Apartment 25, and receive reward.

LOST—Monday morning, between 72d and 18th Sts., brown leather wallet, containing money and papers; will finder kindly return wallet and papers and retain money? H. R. Levy, tenth floor, 215 4th Av.

LOST.—Keep the money, but return by mail black leather pocketbook, with papers; gold monogram, "M. D. R." on corner. Mont. D. Rogers, 315 4th Av., New York City.

LOST—Gold penknife and cigar clipper, engraved "D. W. L."; reward. D. W. Levy, 33 West 84th St.

LOST—Black enamel gold-lined bracelet, between 54 West 94th and 95th, on Columbus Av. Return to Clarke, 54 West 94th.

LOST—In Gimbel's, gold open-face Tiffany watch; reward and no questions asked. O. Kress, 148 West 72d St.

LOST—Reward for return of small leather case containing papers and books; at Polo Grounds Saturday. F. M. Harris, 124 East 28th St.

LOST—Gray plaid trousers, or left by mistake of errand boy, near 137th St. and Broadway; reward. Sugerman, tailor, 3,345 Broadway.

LOST—Brooch, Broadway Subway, between 145th, 33d, Monday, 1 to 2 P. M. X., 3,525 Broadway.

LOST—Bryant Park Bank stock certificate 230, 1908. Ida Stroh, 4,282 Katonah Av.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

LOST—In vicinity of 142d St. and Broadway, on Monday morning, a white and black St. Charles spaniel, answering to name of Togo. Telephone Orchard 3136 before returning. Liberal reward if returned. C. Meisel, 458 West 142d St., New York City.

LOST—Sealeyham terrier, Harsat's Pride; long white body, gray and tan head, coat wire hair, short legs; disappeared from Bench 415, Long Island Kennel Club show on Decoration Day; $25 reward for return of this dog to August Belmont, Jr., 43 Exchange Place.

STRAYED from 63 West 52d St., a male brindle and white Boston bull terrier; liberal reward if returned to Georgeune, 17 West 46th.

Found

FOUND, June 3—POLICE DEPARTMENT. 240 Centre St.—1 bracket, quantity of whistles, man's straw hat, purse containing a small amount of money, umbrella, boy's jacket.

FOUND, June 1 and 2—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—HUDSON TUBES. Apply Concourse, 30 Church St.: Photograph, book, overcoat, pants, oat, chain, collars, spectacles, gloves, 3 packages.

FOUND, June 2.—NEW YORK CENTRAL and N. Y., N. H. & H. R.R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station—Russet case, cardcase, overcoat, three boxes.

FOUND, June 2.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City—Two dress suit cases, four packages, two umbrellas.

FOUND, June 2.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.—Four umbrellas, seven packages, one pocketbook.

FOUND, June 2.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City—One raincoat, overcoat, small package.

FOUND, June 2.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City—Two coats, package, laundry, four umbrellas, one pair gloves, two photos, two books, satchel, trimming, cane.

FOUND, June 2.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT, Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.—String of beads, umbrellas, keys, chain, books; Long Island Division—Beads, memo book, box and contents, nightgown, silk kimono, pillow, lady's picture, hairpin, silver cup, soft hat, cap, hatpin, comb, scissors, shoes, gold cigarette case, pocketbook, doll, ring, watch, safety pin, case, scarfpin, collar box, coat, nightshirt, lady's comb, two canes, umbrellas, stickpin, book, derby hat, straw hat, pen, lady's umbrella, three nightshirts, gloves, umbrella, scarf, book, barrette, book.

Business Opportunities

FOR SALE

COMPLETELY EQUIPPED WOOLEN MILL LOCATED IN WACO, TEXAS, WITH AMPLE GROUND, TENANT HOUSES, AND SO FORTH. FOR FULL PARTICULARS ADDRESS FRED. W. CATTERALL, CHAIRMAN, GALVESTON, TEXAS.

FOR SALE.—COMPLETELY EQUIPPED WOOLEN MILL LOCATED IN WACO, TEXAS. WITH AMPLE GROUND, TENANT HOUSES, AND SO FORTH. FOR FULL PARTICULARS ADDRESS FRED W. CATTERALL, CHAIRMAN, GALVESTON, TEXAS.

The reorganization of a successful company located in New York City affords an unusual opportunity to invest $6,000, (no more will be accepted;) the closest scrutiny is invited, and an investigation will satisfy you that the investment will pay at least 10% annually; (principals only.) L 261 Times Downtown.

A manufacturer of essential products now used and approved by express, railroad, and electric companies the past year, wants a bright young partner to invest $600 and services; can earn $25 weekly; demand established; immediate returns assured; unquestionable future; money secured through bills receivable. Reliable. 135 Times Downtown.

A chance of a lifetime for a man or men who can raise $40 cash and active service in an old-established manufacturing business; repair trade alone amounting to about $25,000 annually; good selling also; at least 6 per cent. on your investment; reasons. For particulars, address P 164 Times.

Business men whose success has brought the need of larger cultivation and more thorough knowledge of the English language are effectively helped by my system of educational training. Address Bachelor of Philosophy, 121 Times.

Am looking for exactly the right partnership opening, manufacturing preferred. A live, prosperous business with a present and a future where my ability and experience are needed more than my money. L 245 Times Downtown.

GENUINE bargain, five-story house, filled with paying guests; fine west side locality; sell practically cost of furnishing; more than pay for itself in a year; reason for selling leaving city. 625 West 113th St.

Panama Canal Opportunity.—Large concessions, oil, coal, gold, timer lands; engineer, who made good, will take partner with $10,000; references required and given. Write Colombia, 109 West 54th St.

Want party with few hundred dollars; investment guaranteed; established dividend-paying proposition; particulars sent. Apply letter only, Farley, 240 West 42d St.

Never-failing guaranteed pocket cigar lighter, to retail for 10 cents; large seller; hundreds-thousand lot orders solicited. Importer, D 112 Times.

Very valuable patent for sale; a fortune to be made to the right party; price reasonable; principals only. Rogon, 61 East 11th St.

Would like to meet business man or iron worker with means to introduce a new needed device. R 240 Times.

Young man, 26, needs $1,000 to open a drug store in a country town; capital secured by chattel mortgage. W 90 Times.

You can make money in mail order business with my plans; sent on approval. Expert, Box 1,615, New York.

Will sacrifice half interest in patent granted May 10; worth thousands; need $500. Room 410, 25 West 42d St.

Bookstore, established 8 years, for sale, or will take partner. D 261 Times.

Business Notices

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN OLD MEXICO'S TRADE?

For fifty cents we will furnish you with the names and addresses of fifty of the leading dealers in any goods and in any city of that country. Write to-day to Latin American Trading Co., 1 Madison Av., New York.

EXPERT SPANISH TRANSLATOR.

Have your correspondence written in good commercial Spanish to succeed in your export trade; commercial correspondence our specialty; 15 years' experience. A. Miranda, 1 Madison Av., New York.

Let us write your ads, circulars, and booklets, make your illustrations, plan your campaign. Solger Advertising Agency, 501 5th Av.

Purchase and Exchange

Furniture, carpets, pianos, books, antiques bought for cash. Dawson, 120 University Place, Stuyvesant—1870.

Cash paid for furs; must be cheap. Call 3-5. Rosenberg, 151 West 23d.

Pianos and Organs

Player piano, 88-note; standard make; bench, music; sell at sacrifice. 318 West 42d.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Large and small rooms; gentlemen, couple; table guests accommodated; references.

12TH ST., 23 WEST.—Rooms with board for gentlemen or married couples.

16TH, 20-22-33 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

39TH, 40 WEST, (5th Av.)—Heart new retail shopping district; walking distance theatres; large, small airy rooms; high-class home cooking; parlor dining; private tables; Summer rates; transients.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $10 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting of parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 768 Bryant.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Three desirable rooms; closets, telephone; quiet; good, wholesome cooking; reasonable.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private bath; house, table strictly first-class; references.

49TH, 68 WEST.—Established 24 years; rooms and suites; baths, telephone; half rates Summer.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for one or two; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 56 WEST.—Beautiful large room, private bath, electric light, handsomely furnished, in house with owner; Southern cooking; attentive service.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Second-story room; private bath; hot water supply; room telephone; references

269 WEST 76TH ST.
Attractive rooms; phone; Subway; board optional.

120 WEST 71ST ST.
Two large rooms; parlor floor; other rooms.

72D ST., 134 WEST.—Attractive, large, medium, single rooms; private baths; cuisine excellent; table guests.

73D ST., 102 WEST.—Attractive rooms; exceptional meals; Summer rates; table guests; Subway, "L"; Jewish.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.
Seventeenth year; Summer rates; large, small rooms; private baths; parlor dining; excellent table; references.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Attractive rooms, excellent table; Summer rates; table guests; Subway, "L"; references.

76TH ST., 287 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.) large, small, clean, cool rooms, bath; excellent table; table guests; telephone; Summer rates; Southerners desired.

76TH ST., 139 WEST.—Second floor, front; excellent table; transients; 'Phone 7726 Schuyler; table guests.

76TH ST., 232-234 WEST.—Large and small rooms; Summer rates; table guests; references.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Small room, adjoining bath; table guests; references.

79TH ST., 114 WEST.
Unusual, different.
Superior accommodations.

80TH ST., 144 WEST.—Beautiful single rooms; private house; running water; also two-room suites with private baths; Southern cooking; attentive service.

80TH ST., 121-123 WEST.—Delightful, cool rooms for Summer; board optional; table boarders.

82D, 55 WEST.—Hall room with hot, cold water; closet, bath adjoining; private family.

84TH, 53 WEST.—Beautiful, cool, large, small rooms; private bath; Summer prices; excellent table.

92D, 54 WEST.—Rooms, large, small; private bath; excellent table; moderate. Telephone 9939 Riverside.

93D, 25 WEST.—Large and small rooms, newly decorated; excellent table; parlor dining; Summer rates; table guests.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable, large room; also single; southern exposure; good board; references.

93D, 252 WEST.
Desirable rooms; excellent meals; table guests; references.

93D ST., 304 WEST.—Newly decorated, beautifully furnished double and single rooms; table a specialty.

93D ST., 31 WEST.—Large and small newly decorated rooms; board optional; 'phone.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Large rooms, with board; table guests; telephone; cool location; transients accommodated.

94TH ST., 36 WEST.—Large room with all conveniences; excellent board; Jewish family; telephone.

96TH ST., 54 West.—Large room; desirable Summer neighborhood; near Central Park.

101ST ST., 331 WEST.—Airy room, lavatory; or suite; river view; elevator; Summer rates.

103D, (879 West End Av.)—Attractive, bright room, with lavatory; excellent cuisine; Subway; moderate.

105TH, 76 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; exceptionally good table; tourists or permanent guests; reasonable; Southerners.

625 WEST 113TH ST.
Adjoining Riverside Drive; large front rooms; southern exposure; lavatory; board optional; telephone Morningside 8136.

114TH ST., 526 WEST.—Delightfully situated large and small rooms, overlooking Columbia; table guests.

113TH ST., 560 WEST.—Handsome large rooms, single or en suite; also small rooms; excellent table.

118TH ST., 490 WEST.—Attractive corner rooms on Morningside Heights overlooking Park; glorious view; delightfully cool; celebrated restaurant; liberal Summer rates) references.

121ST ST., 509 WEST.—Finest Summer location in city; close to Broadway, parks, and Drive; beautiful front room with kitchenette; single room also; meals deliciously cooked and served in elegant, modern restaurant; low weekly rates.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Delightful location for Summer; large rooms; electricity; unexcelled cuisine; homelike; references.

142D ST., 512 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Pleasant front room; telephone; excellent table board; moderate.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptionally clean; desirable accommodations; excellent table board; reasonable rates.

BEAUTIFUL Convent Avenue, near 144th, in handsome private house; attractive, medium-sized room; excellent meals and service; a real home; permanent; references exchanged. 'Phone 7605 Audubon.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 371.—Breathe pure air from Central Park by living at the Conneaut; modern, cool, all outside rooms; Park view; dining room top floor.

LA PORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—First-class apartment hotel; elegant rooms, single, en suite, newly decorated; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; home cooking.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855 (Woodbury.)—An ideal Summer home; 2 blocks north 157th St. Subway; rooms; veranda; grounds command uninterrupted view of Hudson.

WEST END AV., 240.—Large, medium, small rooms, with board; table guests; Summer rates; cool, airy house; near 72d Subway express.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th Subway.)—Attractive, large, small rooms; unexceptionable table; tables guests.

East Side.

54TH ST., 15 EAST.—Splendid inducements; Summer rates; unexcelled residential block; cuisine and service; references.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Newly furnished, large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large parlor floor, bath; family or gentlemen; board optional; other rooms.

MADISON AV., 69.—Hotel appointments; homelike; Summer attractions; Southerners solicited; board optional.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE HEIGHTS, 5 and 9.—Overlooking river; delightful Summer home; Subway five minutes Wall St., seaside, bridge, ferry; apartments, baths, large, cool rooms, furnished, unfurnished; neighborhood, house, table high class; Summer rates. 905 Main.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

5TH AV., 25, (9th.)—Refined surroundings; large room for two; running water; bath; breakfast.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; delightfully cool rooms; bachelors; electricity, telephone; home comforts; references.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms, suitable for either one or two persons.

11TH, 35 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; running water; clean; 'phone; reference.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Large, cool room, adjoining bath; large closet; telephone; also single room; $3.

21ST ST., 352 WEST.—A specially desirable chance for a young business man or woman to secure accommodations in a strictly private family; references essential.

31ST ST., 28 WEST.—Well furnished room, near modern bath, for bachelor.

37TH ST., 62 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; private bath; gentleman only.

42D, 322 WEST.—Cool, clean, furnished rooms, tiled bath, $2 up; men only. Hughes.

47TH ST., 16 WEST.—Very desirable front room; medium-sized; good neighborhood; moderate rental; references.

47TH ST., 20 WEST.—Comfortable large and small rooms; desirable, well-kept house.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; private bath; exclusive.

48TH ST., 107 WEST.—Large, small room; water; married couple; gentlemen; strictly first-class house.

55TH, 313 WEST.—Large, airy room; running water; sunny front basement room; $4-$5.

56TH ST., 338 WEST.—Pleasant front rooms, bath adjoining; private family; near Subway, "L." Warner.

56TH ST., 55 WEST.—Large and small furnished rooms to rent; reasonable; gentlemen only.

58TH ST., 120 WEST.—Nicely furnished, newly decorated, cool, quiet; all improvements; breakfast optional; telephone.

59TH ST., 208 WEST, facing Central Park.—Furnished rooms; all conveniences; electric light; telephone; $4 up; room suitable for studio or two or three gentlemen; Summer rates.

59TH, 129 EAST.—Light, cool, cozy, central; porcelain bath; $2 week; gentlemen exclusively. Stevens.

61ST ST., 28 WEST.—Prettily furnished room for Summer; board optional.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Light, airy rooms; private bath; Summer rates; board optional; telephone; references.

69TH ST., 129 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room; private bath; smaller rooms; running water; Summer rates.

69TH ST., 135 WEST.—Elegantly furnished double parlor; four doors from Broadway; telephone Columbus 2229.

70TH ST., 105 WEST.—Parlor floor; running water; other rooms; board optional; table guests; telephone.

70TH ST., 267 WEST.—Desirable rooms with dressing rooms; clean; electricity, telephone; board optional.

70TH ST., 103 WEST.—Double room; lavatory; 'phone; convenient to "L" and Subway; single room.

70TH, 128 WEST.—Two desirable rooms, with hot and cold running water; references exchanged.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Third-story room, bath adjoining; hot water supply; telephone; references.

70TH ST., 307 WEST.—Newly furnished room, running water; 'phone; private house; gentleman only.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath; steam heat; gentleman only.

71ST, 118 WEST.—Well-furnished large room, suitable for 2; all conveniences; Summer rates.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive single room; large closet; moderate. Telephone 7049 Columbus.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Rooms suitable one, two; phone; elevated, Subway; refined surroundings; references.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Large, desirable room, attractive neighborhood. 'Phone 8124 Schuyler.

76TH, 119

FOURTH AV. CAR BARNS SOLD.

Block Has Been Held at $2,500,000 by New York Railways Co.

The old Fourth Avenue car barns, occupying the entire block from Fourth to Lexington Avenue, Thirty-second to Thirty-third Streets, were sold yesterday to clients of Samuel Untermyer. The block has been held at $2,500,000 by the New York Railways Company. Joseph P. Day acted as the broker in the deal, which is the largest real estate transaction in New York since the sale of Madison Square Garden more than a year ago for nearly $3,500,000.

Neither Mr. Day nor any of the principals in the sale would make any statement regarding the buyers. It has been rumored for some time, however, that the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railway has been quietly negotiating for the property as a site for its contemplated new terminal facilities in Manhattan. Several weeks ago it was reported that the Pennsylvania Road was endeavoring to acquire it for a great local terminal centre for Long Island and city traffic.

Borough President McAneny, in speaking recently of the local terminal needs of the city, called attention to this block as ideally situated for a great local terminal, giving access to the Long Island Railway system and East River tubes, with connections with the Fourth Avenue Subway on one side and the new Lexington Avenue Subway on the other. For transit facilities it has access to the leading surface and subway lines, and is in the centre of a rapidly growing commercial district.

The block has frontages of 197.6 feet on both Fourth and Lexington Avenues and 425 feet on Thirty-second and Thirty-third Streets. Directly opposite the Fourth Avenue side of the block is the Park Avenue Hotel, and on the block to the North is the new Vanderbilt Hotel. Just above the property on the same side of Fourth Avenue is the Seventy-first Regiment Armory.

The sale of the block forecasts some important improvement which in the opinion of realty experts will give an added stimulus to Lexington Avenue development, and this, in view of the Subway work there, has already begun to show signs of renewed activity.

NO IMMUNITY FOR SEASHORE GRAFTERS

Gov. Wilson Indicates That Atlantic City Councilmen Who Confessed Will Be Tried.

FOUR HAVE RESIGNED OFFICE

Mayor Appoints Councilmen to Take Their Places—He Denies Burns Was Watching Him.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 3.—Gov. Wilson, who arrived here to-night for the purpose of being on hand early to-morrow morning to address the delegates of the American Medical Association, shattered any hopes that may have been entertained by the grafting members of the City Council of immunity in connection with the scandal that has been exposed by Detective William J. Burns. The Governor was interviewed as he stepped from the New York train shortly after 6 o'clock.

"It is not at all unlikely that Supreme Court Justice Kalisch, who had charge of the recent Atlantic City and County cases in connection with ballot debauchery, will appoint Attorney General Wilson to prosecute the case against the Councilmen who have confessed their part in accepting graft in connection with the passage of the concrete boardwalk ordinance," he said. "At the present time I am not in a position to make more definite statements, but may be after my return to Trenton to-morrow."

Two more of the Councilmen, James W. Lane and Gustav Kessler, handed their resignations to Mayor Bacharach this afternoon. At the adjourned meeting of the City Council to-night the Mayor said that he had received the resignations of Phoebus, Malia, Lane, and Kessler, and he had appointed to succeed them Harry B. Cook, one of the proprietors of the Seaside House; Charles D. White of the Marlborough-Blenheim, and Judge John J. White; John Blake Slack, a lawyer, and Dr. John W. Hughes.

Mr. Slack is to succeed Lane as representative of the Fourth Ward. He succeeded in upsetting the $100,000 contract for paving which had been awarded to the United Paving Company, a concern in which Boss Louis Kuehnle was financially interested, and which has since failed and caused Kuehnle to lose more than $75,000.

Concerning the appointments, Mayor Bacharach said to-night that he had made them with total disregard for his candidacy for Commissioner under the new commission form of government which was recently adopted by the voters of the city.

Alderman George W. Carmany, who has been accused by the Burns men of duplicity in connection with the Boardwalk ordinance, and who has declared the whole thing a "frame-up" for the purpose of defeating him in his effort to be elected a Commissioner, presided at the meeting of the Council, of which he is President. He said to the new Councilmen:

"I extend a hearty welcome to you, gentlemen. I am sure the city will benefit by the choice of such worthy men to succeed those who have resigned. You will be assigned to the committees of those whose places you have taken."

The balance of power in City Council is now in the hands of the anti-organization element, of which Bacharach is the head. This means that the "machine" is now powerless.

The Mayor ridiculed the statement made in a Philadelphia evening newspaper to the effect that Burns had placed a dictagraph in his office. He said he would begin suit immediately for damages if the newspaper did not retract publicly.

There was a report to-day that the Burns men had placed fourteen dictagraphs in the City Hall, but this had been denied.

It is believed that nothing whatever will be done in the way of presenting the grafting charges to the present Grand Jury to-morrow. It is generally believed that a new Grand Jury will be drawn by elisors appointed by Supreme Court Justice Kalisch.

BELMONT PRIZE DOG GONE.

Stolen from Kennel Club Show, or Mischievously Released.

LOST.—Sealyham terrier, Harsat's Pride; long, white body; gray and tan head; wire hair coat, short legs. Disappeared from Bench 415, Long Island Kennel Club Show, on Decoration Day; $25 reward for return of this dog to August Belmont, Jr., 43 Exchange Place.

The above advertisement, which appears in the Lost and Found Column of this morning's TIMES, was the first word to the public that Harsat's Pride, a terrier of purest lineage, with a pedigree longer than himself, had been either stolen or mischievously set free by some malicious person from his bench kennel at the exclusive Long Island Kennel Club Show last Thursday.

How the dog could have escaped or have been stolen under the lynx-like eyes of the attendants and scores of visitors is a puzzle to the officials of the club, none of whom was willing to discuss the case last night beyond admitting that the dog was missing and could not be accounted for.

Efforts to interview Mr. Belmont at his home, 46 East Thirty-fourth Street, were unavailing last night, and no one there was able to throw any light upon the history of the terrier or its record as a bench winner. It was learned, however, that Harsat's Pride is valued at several thousand dollars, but it was pointed out that any effort to dispose of him, supposing the animal to have been stolen, would prove disastrous to the person in whose possession he happened to be, as any authority on dogs who might be expected to pay even a reasonable price for the animal would recognize the terrier as one of exceptionally fine breeding and unusually valuable. It was further pointed out that it would be difficult for any person to conceal the dog for a great length of time, as his markings are unique and not easily disguised.

$10,000 TO CAPT. ROSTRON.

Public Subscription Presented to Titanic Rescuer on Carpathia's Deck.

In recognition of his services to the Titanic survivors Capt. Arthur Henry Rostron of the Carpathia received a check yesterday for $10,000 which had been subscribed through The New York American for that purpose. The presentation was made at 11 o'clock on the deck of the Cunarder by John Temple Graves, editor of The American, in the presence of the officers, engineers and crew of the ship. That Capt. Rostron might take the money with him to England it was changed into a draft on the London County and Westminster Bank for 2,052 pounds 8 shillings sterling.

The largest contributors to the fund were Mrs. George W. Widener of Philadelphia, who gave $2,500; the New York Hippodrome, which contributed $1,000, and George M. Cohan, whose theatre gave $1,000. In his speech Mr. Graves said that Capt. Rostron had received the greatest honor of any living Englishman in having extended to him the privilege of the floor in both houses of Congress and that to him and his crew went the thanks of the American people for their gallant work in rescuing the distressed passengers from the Titanic.

In a brief speech of thanks for the gift which he said would enable him to send his sons to college, Capt. Rostron said that anything he had been enabled to do for the survivors of the Titanic was solely owing to the loyal support and aid of his officers, engineers and crew of the Carpathia.

ASK to see the splendid new patterns in GOTHAM Outing, Field and Town SHIRTS in fine Madras, Linen or Silk. $1.00 to $7.50. Gotham Book de Luxe on request.
GOTHAM MFG. CO., 5th Ave. Bldg., New York
GOTHAM

BUY EW MARK TRADE or RED-MAN Collars
They outwear the ordinary collar.
EARL & WILSON
Teakwood—2 for 25 cents.

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St.
Athletic Underwear
A Third Saved
Nainsook 29c, worth 50c
Mercerized 55c, " $1.00
Soisette 98c, " $1.50
Aertex 98c, " $1.50
Pure Silk Shirts $3.49
Soft Cuffs, Fancy Stripes Regular $5.00 value.
Chrystal Madras Shirts $1.75 (soft cuffs)
A rich, lustrous Madras, usually $2.50
$2.00 Madras Shirts, Starched Cuffs, $1.19

"A NATIONAL INSTITUTION"
Browning, King & Co
CLOTHING, FURNISHINGS AND HATS FOR MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN
Smart, Seasonable Attire That Will Give Satisfaction
Blue Serge Suits, $15 to $40
We have been making the right kind of Clothes for more than Sixty Years and have been selling them directly to the best Retail Trade. Manufacturing our own goods and conducting Seventeen Retail Stores give us advantages that are unique and which will particularly interest the man who must get the most value for his money.
CLOTHING SPECIALTIES
Two-Piece Summer Suits—Serges, Flannels and Tropical Worsteds ..... $15.00 to $30.00
White Duck and Khaki Trousers ..... $1.50 to $2.50
Flannel Trousers, White and Fancy Stripes $4.50 to $7.00
Blazers in College Stripes for Men and Boys $5.75 to $7.50
Blazers in Norfolk Style for Misses $8.00
THE BETTER SORT OF FURNISHINGS
An extraordinary sale of $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 Knitted Four-in-Hands—Broken Lines from our Regular Stock where there are only one or two of a pattern left 85c
Bathing Suits ..... $3.00 to $15.00
An Unusual Silk Shirt Bargain, $3.50 Value $2.35
50c. Washable Four-in-Hands, Fast Colors 25c
$2.50 Pongee Soft Cuff Shirts $1.65
BROWNING-KING STRAW HATS
Our Straw Hats of the Best Qualities with our name in them will cost you no more than the grades that the low-priced hatters sell ..... $2.00 to $15.00
THREE NEW YORK STORES
Broadway at 32nd Street—Cooper Square at 5th Street
Brooklyn: Fulton at DeKalb

The Yorke Shirt Shop
Make your selection of shirts from the
Manufacturer's
complete line.
Hundreds of styles.
Exclusive patterns, exclusive fabrics.
Prices $1.50 to $8.50.
YORKE SHIRTS
for
Big men or little men.
Every size and sleeve length,
AND MADE WITH BUTTONS THAT STAY ON.
If our shirts fade don't blame the laundry, blame us.
THE YORKE SHIRT SHOP,
1272 Broadway,
Bet. 32d and 33d Streets.
Factories, Glens Falls, N. Y.
Wholesale Salesroom, 29 Union Square, N. Y.

Situations Wanted

Female.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Intelligent, refined; hard work, long hours no objection; moderate salary. 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Phone 660 E. N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, desires position; 12 years' experience; capable; good references. L 230 Times Downtown.

CARETAKER.—Refined elderly woman, housework, cook, serve; good baker; no washing; adults' apartment; would take position caretaker; reference. Address M. Leonard, 200 East 23d St.

CARETAKER.—Couple, childless, seek care private dwelling, city; ten years' reference. Joseph, 1,364 Broadway.

COMPANION.—Young lady desires position as companion to elderly lady. R 180 Times.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER, makes ladies', children's dresses reasonable. Mme. Juliet, 126 East 12th St. 408 Stuyvesant.

COMPETENT STENOGRAPHER.—Accustomed to medical and literary dictation, good systematizer, card indexing, desires position as secretary, visiting or permanent. P 107 Times.

FAMILIES spending the Summer at the seashore or country may obtain reliable nurse girls and governesses by applying at the Clara de Hirsch Home, 225 East 63d St.

GOVERNESS.—Companion to child or elderly lady; languages, French, German, English. Address Miss L. Louise, 125 East 30th St.

LAUNDRESS.—Ladies', children's clothes, fine house linens; special care on gentlemen's silk shirts; work done home; few select customers who will appreciate not having their clothes torn up in laundry; inspection invited. 409 Amity St., Flushing, L. I.

MASSAGE.—Scientific treatment, $1 hour. Ladies' residences; lady, professional. Address Ostco, 64 West 109th St.

NURSE.—German; competent, trustworthy; entire charge of children; references. D., 306 East 57th St.

NURSE to baby or walking child; English, Protestant; $25. 101 West 52d St. Moran.

SEAMSTRESS, first class, wishes a position; country preferred. D 106 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, hard worker; conscientious girl; will begin low where there is chance for advancement. Mary Ryan, 308 West 58th St.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER, (17;) clerical, figuring; bright girl; beginner; good penman; rapid, accurate; neat appearance; no agency; $7. L 262 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, desires position; 8 years' experience; college education; exceptional testimonials; $20. L 254 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—7 years' experience; familiar office routine; assist books; competent, accurate, conscientious, rapid; $16; highest references. Capable, L 252 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER. — Intelligent, energetic young lady; best references; terms moderate. Typist, 91 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Accurate and hard worker; small salary. Room 7, 1,508 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Accurate and hard worker; small salary. Room 7, 1,598 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, neat, experienced; excellent reference; $12. L., 400 West 145th St. Aud. 3365.

TRAINED ATTENDANT desires position; city or country; first-class references. Miss Lundquist, 274 8th Av., Brooklyn.

WOMAN with little daughter, 8 years old, wishes position as good plain cook or general houseworker in city or country; personal city reference. Address Mrs. A. Braun, care Mrs. Dilg, 305 East 61st St.

Situations Wanted, Male

ACCOUNTANT.
Chartered accountant desires position as Controller or Treasurer with corporation; is eminently efficient for such post. Accountant, 107 West 78th St.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, adjusts, writes up books, $5 monthly up; financial statements, systems; reasonable. Mitchell, 25 East 14th St. Telephone 1807 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeeper; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 512, 621 Broadway. Phone 6626 Spring.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up, keep part time; reasonable, Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly up; trial balances, financial statements furnished. Friedlander, 878 Broadway. 4375 Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, balanced, written up, systematized, kept part time. Accountant, L 237 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, SYSTEMATIZER, VARIED LINES OF BUSINESS; MODERATE CHARGES. ADDRESS D 101 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT.—Long, varied experience all lines, desires additional work. P. O. Box 225 Madison Square.

ACCOUNTANT. — Books opened, systematized, audited, kept part time, $5 up monthly. D 107 Times.

A GENTLEMAN now in charge of statistical department of one of the largest corporations, would like statistical work to do during his own time; terms reasonable; A1 references. L 270 Times Downtown.

AMERICAN, 24, COLLEGE GRAD. ('09,) wants to connect; some experience as secretary, and has written good advertising matter; if looking for grit, coupled with ability, write D 104 Times.

AMERICAN, CONNECTED
with finest private school in city, would accept position as tutor; excellent references. D 103 Times.

AN EDUCATED, dependable young man, (30,) with extensive business training; experienced stenographer and correspondent; possessing executive ability and initiative seeks responsible or secretarial position; excellent references. W 88 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, systematizer, manager, 26; splendid commercial education; expert linguist; correspondent; conversant purchasing, selling, foreign exchange; recommended present employer. D. E., 46 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — HIGH-GRADE BUSINESS MAN, EXPERT ACCOUNTANT AND OFFICE MANAGER; WIDE EXPERIENCE; BEST REFERENCES. "ANGLO-SAXON," BOX 101, 617 SIXTH AVENUE.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, expert; can open, close, disentangle books; good correspondent; executive ability; well educated; desires position; 3-6 P. M. daily; moderate salary. G. P. O. 2,058.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Young man, 24; two years under public accountant; moderate salary to commence; references. D 99 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, (37,) thoroughly competent office man; executive ability; highest credentials; $23. D 110 Times.

BUILDERS.—A young man, 25, carpenter by trade, having knowledge general building construction, wishes position as assistant Superintendent on anything in building line. William Piel, 284 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn.

BUSINESS MAN requiring trustworthy assistance in sharing burdens can secure thoroughly experienced college graduate, 25, of excellent character; could work into and take financial interest later if advisable. H. M., 337 East 18th St.

BUTLER.—Thoroughly experienced; 6 years' references. McDonough, 219 East 120th St.

BOY, 18, ambitious, desires position with a reliable concern; best references. W 85 Times.

CARPENTER, cabinetmaker, general mechanic; sober, reliable; Swede; wants steady position in hotel, hospital, factory, or janitor in apartment; city or country; best reference. Address A. T., 203 East 48th.

CHAUFFEUR, Swede, do repairs; six years' practical experience; two years last employer; careful; city, country; single; 37; moderate salary; country preferred, and lots of work. D 111 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, (26,) desires position; city or country; drives and repairs any car; references from last employer. Address Chauffeur, 650 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic, 26, desires position; city or country; drive, repair any car; references from last employer. Address Chauffeur, 650 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored; reference; four years' experience; 18 months last employer; private or commercial. Blocker. Telephone 0361 Schuyler.

CHAUFFEUR.—Four years' experience; private; city or country; does own repairing. Rowne, 309 West 50th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Sober man wants position; country preferred; A1 references. Sullivan, 455 West 57th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married; 31; mechanic; experienced; reference. Paul Tupack, 107 Payntar Av., L. I. City.

CHAUFFEUR.—Seven years' experience; careful driver; competent mechanic; Packard preferred. W 82 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, licensed, steady, sober, desires position in private family. Green, 76 East 113th St.

EXPERIENCED shipping, stock, order, and receiving clerk, waists, dresses; will consider any position. A. Feinstein, 2 East 118th St.

GARDENER.—German, 31, wants permanent position on private place by June 6; experienced in all branches. Address Otto Roeske, Greenfield Hill, Fairfield, Conn.

GOOD position required with builder (portable buildings preferred,) where tact, ability, and energy is necessary; 11 years manager for large British firm; highest references. W 86 Times.

HIGH GRADE man desires connection with good concern; several years' experience finance, credits, accounting, systems, important trust positions; references gilt-edged; salary, $2,500. Address D 102 Times.

JANITOR, small family, German-American, wife good caretaker, wishes uptown house with or without hot water. Write W. W., 104 East 14th St.

Massage and osteopathic treatment given by efficient graduate at gentlemen's residences. Morrell, 997 Bryant.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER.—Young man, (21,) experienced, desires position; excellent references. H. L. Malcolm, 424 East 139th St.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKEEPER (21) as private secretary to important financial man. H. M., 90 8th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—22 years, 5 years' experience; competent, rapid, accurate; best credentials. L 253 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; good grammarian; conscientious. C. Slack, 439 East 135th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Well educated, reliable, painstaking, experienced; bookkeeper, correspondent. G., Box 1, 185 East 7th St.

STEWARD.—Japanese steward desires position, yacht or club; over 15 years' experience; unquestionable references. J. M. Tanley, 2 West 17th St.

TEACHER, in exclusive boys' school, will tutor one or two boys during Summer. Address T. B., 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Upholstery and drapery work; limousines reupholstered by first-class upholsterer. A. J. Rostte, 330 West 47th, care Flyn.

WANTED BY ST. LOUIS RESIDENT SALESMAN, REPRESENTATIVE LINE FOR JOBBERS, MANUFACTURERS, AND LARGE RETAILERS. Z 7 TIMES.

VALET OR ATTENDANT, proficient in all duties; best references. S. C., 500 Madison Av.

YOUNG MAN, 19 years, high school graduate, wishes position at anything. Schiller, 1,367 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) refined, seeking opportunity, will start at bottom; excellent references. L 276 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, wishes position assistant bookkeeper; two years' experience. R., 1,418 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN, horseshoer by trade, wishes position, anything. Hale, 418 East 73d St.

$12,000 MAN
WANTS EXECUTIVE POSITION.
My merchandising ability and knowledge of advertising can be capitalized by some manufacturer who is seeking national distribution for his wares.
I can meet the most rigid tests touching upon the handling of salesmen and expenditures for advertising.
I am an analytical student of sales conditions.
Only a firm having a big sales problem to solve can pay my price. Address D. A. L., Box D 264 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS. High-Grade Office Helpers, BOOKKEEPERS. Office Service Co., (Agency) STENOGRAPHERS. 149 B'way. Tel. 3499 Cort.

Domestic.

A. A. HOFMAYER, Reed & Barton Building, 320-322 5th Av., 9th floor. Telephone 4527 Madison Square; agency for superior domestic help.

AT MISS CURRY'S AGENCY, 25 West 42d, are registered excellent servants for private families.

BOND, $1,000.—Old Dominion Agency, 88 West 134th St.; guaranteed A1 colored help. 1119 Harlem.

BROADWAY EXCHANGE AGENCY supply first-class help; all nationalities; references investigated. 601 West 111th St.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, (thoroughly investigated,) want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 214 West 59th St. Phone 4780 Columbus. Established 1899.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th St. Riverside 1538.

COOK.—First-class, $30; chambermaid-waitress, $22. Flaherty's Agency, 485 Columbus Av. Schuyler 4298.

COOKS, WAITRESSES, houseworkers, elevator boys; city, country. Porter's Agency, 142 West 133d St. 94 Morningside.

COUPLES, cooks, general workers, colored; city, country. Instant Relief Employment Agency. Phone 7288 Morning.

HOUSEWORKER.—By neat young girl, experienced; $25; references. Flaherty's Agency, 485 Columbus Av. Schuyler 4298.

NURSE.—Competent, experienced; $25; best references. Flaherty's Agency, 485 Columbus Av. Schuyler 4298.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied; day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. 6916 Morningside.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

14TH ST., 322 WEST, (between 8th and 9th Avs.)—Rare chance for boarding or furnished (24) room house, long established, now decorating; can be seen any time. Apply HUGH KING, owner, 15 William St.

Country Houses Wanted

Wanted—Furnished cottage for season; unusually acceptable tenants; nine or more rooms; on water with barn or garage; real country wanted; accessibility not so important; will pay $500 up; brokers or owners answer; mention available outing opportunities; describe fully. W 91 Times.

Unfurnished Rooms

122d St., 500 West.—Large front, smaller; board or housekeeping; electricity; telephone, elevator apartment. Superintendent.

For Sale

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, multigraphs, filing cabinets, neostyles, addressograph, wardrobes. Nathan's 102 Worth, near Broadway.

Bedstead, linens, tables, mirrors, Steinway piano, and housefurnishings; call any morning. 1,131 Madison Av. 'Phone 2071 Lenox.

Furniture.—Clean second-hand furnishings; buy and sell. Creamer, 916 6th Av. Tel. 6261 Fiz.

Yachts and Vessels

Wanted—30 to 35 feet beamy cabin sloop or yawl in first-class condition for week-end charter by responsible party; must have plenty of cabin room and be fully equipped for cruising; preferably L. I. Sound easily accessible from N. Y.; rates must be reasonable. Write full particulars, with picture if possible, P 169 Times.

Other Want Advertisements on preceding page.

Here's
The Road to Comfort
A vanished thirst—a cool body and a refreshed one; the sure way—the *only* way is via a glass of
Coca-Cola
Ideally delicious—pure as purity—crisp and sparkling as frost.
Delicious—Refreshing
Thirst-Quenching
Demand the Genuine as made by
THE COCA-COLA CO.
ATLANTA, GA.
Free Our new booklet, telling of Coca-Cola vindication at Chattanooga, for the asking.
Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

WINTER GARDEN
B'way & 50th St. Tel. 411 Columbus
MAT. TO-DAY 50c, 75c & Best Seats $1.00
New Summer Edition of WHIRL OF SOCIETY
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Matinee To-morrow $1.50.
4 WEEKS ONLY. STAR REVIVAL OF THE PIRATES OF PENZANCE
LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow $1.50.
JAS. T. POWERS "TWO LITTLE BRIDES."
PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w, Thurs. & Sat. 2:10.
BOUGHT AND PAID FOR
39TH ST. Thea., 39th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow $1.50.
A BUTTERFLY ON THE WHEEL
William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:15.
BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS
Broadway Thea., Cor. 41st. Every night, Inc. Sunday 8:30. Mat. To-morrow 2:30.
Prices 25c., 50c. CARNEGIE EXPEDITION. Thrills from the North Pole. Wonderful Motion Pictures.—N. Y. Herald.
MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE. MANHATTAN STOCK CO. 34th & 8th Ave. Matinee Daily.
THE WOLF 10c, 20c, 30c

B. F. KEITH'S UNION SQ. Theatre, B'way & 14 St. Tel. 1926 Stuy. Daily Mats. 25c.
Back to the Old Policy of High-Class Vaudeville.
Gus Edwards and his Song Revue, Isabel D'Armond & Frank Carter, Edmund Hayes & Co., Lyons & Yosco and 6 other Big Acts.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. MABEL HITE and Her Clowns, Mme. Besson & Co., Barnes & Crawford, others.
ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. NAT M. WILLS, Master Gabriel & Co., "A Son of Solomon," La Titcomb, &c.
WEST END MATINEE DAILY 10, 20, 30c
CORSE PAYTON STOCK CO. IN THE BLUE MOUSE
PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK Opposite W. 130th St.
Airship Ascensions Daily. Fireworks Thurs.
Columbia B'way & 47th. Burlesque
Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25c-$1. Bowery Burlesquers Texas Tommy Dancers
Smoking Matinee To-day 15c. 25c. & 50c.
HAMMERSTEIN'S ROOF & Daily Mats. in Theatre. Fanny Brice, Belle Blanche, Trovato, Ben Welch, 15 others.
Academy of Music. Mat. Daily. Pop. Prices THE FATAL CARD.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES
New Amsterdam 42d St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:10. Mat. To-m'w & Sat. 2:10. The DE KOVEN OPERA COMPANY in THE NATION'S LIGHT OPERA,
Robin Hood
GREAT CAST OF GRAND OPERA STARS.
LIBERTY 42d St., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow Best Seats $1.50.
LAST 7 TIMES HENRY MILLER in THE RAINBOW by A. E. THOMAS.
ZIEGFELD MOULIN ROUGE FORMERLY NEW THEATRE—SMOKING.
MATINEE TO-MORROW 400 Seats at $1.00.
A WINSOME WIDOW
GAIETY Broadway and 46th. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-morrow & Sat. 2:30.
Another Cohan & Harris Success.
"The Crook Outwits the Copper."
OFFICER 666
With George Nash & Wallace Eddinger
LYCEUM 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. 25c. to $1. To-day Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
PAUL J. RAINEY'S AFRICAN HUNT
GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-morrow (Pop. Prices) & Sat. 2:15.
THE ROSE MAID Souvenir Mat. To-m'w. Beauty Rose Bouquet to Every Lady.

LUNA NOTHING LIKE IT UNDER THE SUN
STEEPLECHASE CONEY'S FUNNY PLACE NOW
Brighton Beach. NEW—Daily Matinee 25c. OLGA PETROVA
Jos. E. Howard & Mabel McCane, 8 English Roses, 4 Huntings, Raymond & Caverly, Carl McCullough, others.
F. F. PROCTOR'S THEATRES
5th AVE. B'way, 28th St. Mat. 25c. Ev. 25c-$1. Hale Hamilton & Co., Belle Baker, Chas. Hart & Rosamond Johnson, others.
23RD STR. nr. 6th Av. 58TH ST. & 3d Av. 125TH ST. Lex. Av.
3 SOLID HOURS OF EXCELLENT VAUDEVILLE INTERSPERSED with Latest FILM PORTRAYALS. 4 Times Daily, 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Change of Bill Mon. & Thurs. Aft. 5, 10, 15; Eves. 10 to 25. Come any time.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.
ORPHEUM BROOKLYN. Mats. Daily. 25c.
IRENE FRANKLIN, JESSIE BUSLEY & CO., JONES & DEELEY, KENO & GREEN, 6 BROWN BROS.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.
BUSINESS GOING ON AS USUAL AT THE
Hofbräu-Haus
THE FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT
Quaintest Place in America
Broadway & 30th St. Tel. Madison Sq.—3207-3208
CHARMING MUSIC—VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL
BEEFSTEAK PARTIES IN OUR QUAINT BANQUET ROOMS
Our rosy hued Steaks and Chops. Rice-fed Squabs, Milk-fed Chickens—hot and jucy—from the charcoal broiler to the table. Simply wonderful.

LUCHOWS'
109 to 113 East 14th St. Tel. 1480—Stuyvesant.
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.
WURZBURGER HOFBRAU
Pilsner Genossenschafts-Brau
GRAND PRIX—Brussels Exposition, 1910
NORTH BEACH
RESTAURANTS AT CITY PRICES
Boats from East 99th and 134th Sts. Queensboro Bridge Trolley Also Direct.
FREE FIREWORKS Thursdays
STADT KELLER Broadway and Chambers St.

Staying in New York City During the Summer?
We offer cool, quiet, modern rooms, all with shower and tub baths. Situated near 6th-9th Av. Elevated and Subway at 66th St. station.
HOTEL
MONTICELLO
25-37 West 64th St., N. Y.
Just off Broadway, between the river and near Central Park.
FOR SUMMER BACHELORS
Rooms $1.50 Day, $8.00 weekly and upward.
ALSO
Large Double Room, Private Bath, $2 day $12 weekly
For 1 or 2 ..... and upward.
Parlor and Bedroom, private bath, for 1 or 2 $2.50 day $15.00 weekly
Restaurant at moderate prices.
Club Breakfast. Table d'Hote Dinners.
J. A. JEPSON, Mgr.
'Phone Columbus 1390.